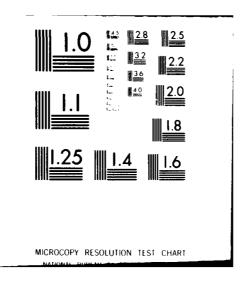
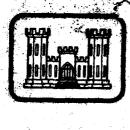
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RATIONAL DESIGN OF TUNNEL SUPPORTS: AN INTERACTIVE GRAPHICS BASED ANALYSIS OF THE SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS OF EXCAVATIONS IN JOINTED ROCK MASSES

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September 1979 Final Report

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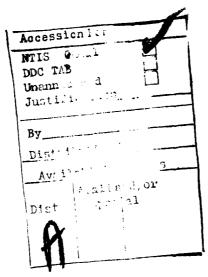
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O. ABSTRACT (Continued)

the realization that the observed behavior of a jointed mass is different from the behavior of a continuum.

Chapter III is devoted to providing numerical verification of the Distinct Element method. In particular, several comparisons to limit equilibrium solutions are presented. The comparisons are favorable

The other chapters are concerned with the behavior of a jointed rock mass when disturbed by an excavation The discussion covers two broad topics:
(a) excavations that are stable without external support, and (b) excavations that require external support. The behavior of the jointed mass is typically illustrated by means of contact force distributions within the mass and through the development of arching. For those excavations requiring support, computergenerated ground reaction curves are presented.



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PREFACE

This is the final report of a study performed by the University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minnesota, under Contract No. DACW45-74-C-0066 with the U. S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station (WES), Vicksburg, Mississippi. This work was sponsored by the Office, Chief of Engineers, U. S. Army. This study, which was originally funded under the Civil Works Investigation Study (CWIS) Program, "Materials-Structures," by the Missouri River Division, Corps of Engineers, resulted in a report entitled "Rational Design of Tunnel Supports: A Computer Model for Rock Mass Behavior Using Interactive Graphics for the Input and Output of Geometrical Data." Following this preliminary study with its emphasis on rock mass behavior, the WES continued the contract under the CWIS Program, "Materials-Rock."

The study was conducted by Dr. M. D. Voegele, Department of Civil and Mineral Engineering, University of Minnesota, under the supervision of Professor Charles Fairhurst, Department Chairman. Technical contract monitor for the WES was Mr. J. B. Palmerton, Research Civil Engineer, Engineering Geology and Rock Mechanics Division (EG&RMD), WES. Dr. D. C. Banks, Chief, EG&RMD, was the Contracting Officer's Representative.

During the period of this contract and preparation of the report, the Directors of the WES were COL J. L. Cannon, CE, and COL N. P. Conover, CE. Technical Director was Mr. F. R. Brown.

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CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

The goal of engineering analysis is intelligent design. This is true for disciplines which are based upon theoretical concepts discovered literally centuries ago as well as for more recently recognized disciplines such as Rock Mechanics engineering. Whereas the researcher in most fields of engineering has at his disposal analytical techniques which have been proven through decades of use and sound analytical development, the Rock Mechanics researcher has a limited number of analytical techniques at his disposal. Many of the problems encountered in the field of Engineering Geology and Mining engineering require the specification of the response behavior characteristics of a jointed rock mass. Foundation design requires a knowledge of the stiffness of the rock mass so that settlements and forces can be predicted accurately. Highway cuts in rock must be designed so as to be completely safe from slope failures. Mines, shafts and tunnels must all be designed with a knowledge of the behavior of the rock mass. The economic design of open pit mines relies heavily on the pit slope angle; a change of only a few degrees in the slope angle has a significant effect on the stripping ratio and thus the economic success of the mining venture. The design of dam foundations or abutments is particularly sensitive to the behavior of the rock mass. Settlements which can be tolerated by dam foundations are quite small. The failure to consider all of the response characteristics of a rock mass in such situations has in the past led to catastropic failures and the attendant loss of life. In all of these problems the role of mass jointing can play a significant role

in the mass response, but all too frequently the exact behavior of the joints is poorly understood. Intelligent design requires an understanding of this behavior.

The analytic techniques at the disposal of the Rock Mechanics engineer upon which the design must be based are quite limited, and typically have been borrowed from other fields. The principles of classical mechanics are often used as an aid in analysis but it is frequently observed that the behavior of a rock mass cannot be characterized by the assumptions inherent in these classical methods. The fundamental assumptions of a continuum characterization, homogeneity and linearly elastic response, are often seen to be too limited in scope to characterize adequately the behavior of a rock mass. That group of materials which we classify as rock is typically non-homogeneous, anisotropic, and often discontinuous; of these characteristics the discontinuous nature of the rock mass is certainly the most influential in governing the ultimate behavior of the mass when subjected to some external stimulus. Constitutive relations can be generalized to include the effects of anisotropic structure; for example, a recent paper by Singh (1973) describes the development of an anisotropic continuum model in which the average influence of planar features can be taken into account.

Finite Element methods provide an accurate, approximate, method of solving problems in elasticity. The formulation of a "joint" element by Goodman et al. (1968) greatly increased the potential of the Finite Element methods in Rock Mechanics problems. However, Finite Element methods still strictly model a continuum and thus

large displacements are not possible except through iteration with each new iteration utilizing parameters derived from the previous iteration.

To portray adequately the response of a jointed rock mass requires the correct modeling of the discontinuities present, that is, the joints must have both normal and shear stiffness, they must obey some type of failure law and, most important, the blocks defined by the joints must be free to undergo large displacements and rotations if conditions so dictate. A computer model which satisfies all of these criteria was presented by Cundall (1971b).

The computer model for simulating progressive large scale movements in blocky rock systems which has since become known as the Distinct Element method utilizes semi-rigid rock blocks to characterize the behavior of a discontinuous rock mass. The interaction between the blocks is governed by realistic friction laws and simple stiffness parameters. There are no arbitrary limits on the amount of displacement and rotation allowed to each block and any block is permitted to touch any other block. True progressive failure is thus modeled and the mode of failure is automatically selected by the program since the system fails by that mode with the lowest stability. The program allows individual study of the effects of joint geometry, joint parameters, loading conditions and excavation procedure.

The Distinct Element method portrays a rock mass as a two dimensional assemblage of discrete blocks. There are no restrictions on block shapes or magnitudes of displacements and rotations. In the configuration used in this dissertation, the program is interfaced

with a graphics terminal so that movements of the blocks can be observed as the computer calculates them.

The equation governing the behavior of the blocks is solved in an explicit rather than implicit manner. Because the jointed rock mass may fail in such a way that the movement of the blocks leads to a new equilibrium position, an adequate block model must take this into consideration. An implicit solution assumes path independence; that is, the final answer must be the same no matter how the blocks move to get there. It seems safe to assume that path dependent phenomena such as separation along joints, stick-slip behavior of joint surfaces and block interlocking could not be modeled adequately except by an iterative procedure using very small time increments. It should be recognized that by using this approach, one would simply be using an implicit solution to model the solution that would have been obtained directly by an explicit approach.

The major approximation inherent in the Distinct Element method is that deformations occur along the surfaces of the rock blocks. This is accomplished by modeling each block as being rigid with what amounts to a thin elastic region around the perimeter. A consequence of this is that the program should produce the best solutions in situations where deformation is governed by movement along joint surfaces. On the other hand, those situations where elastic deformations of the rock mass are of the same order of magnitude as the movement along the joint surfaces are perhaps best modeled by elastic solutions of the Finite Element type or by a continuum characterization.

Joint inclination and confining pressure play a significant role in the determination of the failure mode. The combination of the conditions of low confining pressures and favorable (or unfavorable dependent on viewpoint) joint orientation can lead to failure modes that are joint controlled. When viewed in terms of overall mass stiffness (i.e., deformation resulting from the application of external load), it can be seen intuitively that those failures in situations of low overall stiffness are probably joint controlled while the higher stiffness models exhibit failures that are essentially independent of jointing.

The research described in this dissertation has as its basis two main goals. First, owing to the relative newness of the Distinct Element method, a verification study has been undertaken to determine whether or not the Distinct Element method calculates solutions similar to other methods commonly used to analyze jointed rock masses. The second goal of the research is to apply the Distinct Element method to an engineering problem; in this particular case to the design of supports and the behavior of the rock mass surrounding an underground excavation. Underlying these two main research goals are several attendant yet equally important goals. One underlying theme concerns the application of computer interactive graphics to engineering analysis. Another underlying theme concerns the potential perspective of the Distinct Element method.

To introduce the investigations of the behavior of jointed rock masses performed with the Distinct Element method, a brief survey of the methods commonly used to analyze the behavior of jointed media is

presented. Common to those methods surveyed is the realization that the observed behavior of a jointed mass is different than the behavior of a continuum. Several of the methods adopt the approach that the behavior of the jointed mass is fundamentally similar to that of a continuum; the same basic equations are assumed to govern both models but the constitutive relations are modified for the jointed models to simulate the presence of jointing. Other methods typically propound the fact that the jointing governs the mass behavior and thus postulate governing equations based upon assumed or observed behavior. This introductory section concludes with a brief overview of the Distinct Element formulation and presents several examples illustrating applications of the Distinct Element program.

Confidence in the use of approximate numerical techniques such as the Distinct Element method can best be developed by comparing calculated results to known solutions. However, for the particular case of the behavior of a jointed rock mass, comprehensive analytical solutions do not exist. The second major portion of this dissertation summarizes the results of numerous analyses, the sole purpose of which was to demonstrate the validity of solutions calculated by the Distinct Element method. The models chosen for comparison are typically simple and care was exercised to ensure that the behavior of the chosen model was described adequately by its solution. Most of the models chosen for the comparisons were based upon Limit Equilibrium principles, and the Distinct Element calculated solutions were seen to agree quite well with the Limit Equilibrium solutions in all cases. This general theme of comparison to existing solutions is not limited to this portion of the dissertation,

however. Wherever possible in the later portions of the dissertation, every attempt is made to compare Distinct Element calculated solutions to other solutions.

The remainder of the dissertation is concerned with the behavior of a jointed mass when disturbed by an excavation. The discussion covers two broad topics: excavations which are stable without external support; and, excavations which depend upon externally applied support for stability. The interactive capabilities of the graphics terminal are fully utilized in these studies, both to observe the behavior of the mass and to modify the model while the program is running.

Chapter 4 presents the results of analysis of stable excavations in jointed rock. The behavior is illustrated by means of contact force distributions within the mass and interpreted as being governed by the development of arches within the mass. The mechanisms responsible for the development of the arching behavior are investigated and an interpretation utilizing arching theories is presented.

Chapter 5 presents the results of analyses of excavations in jointed rock which are not stable unless an external support is provided. The behavior is described quantitatively by ground reaction curves, relating the deflection of the excavation roof to the magnitude of the required support force. These curves reflect the interaction between the rock mass and the support system in an attempt to guide the research along paths of investigation that are consistent with current thought regarding rational modeling of tunnel behavior. The results of these analyses are then compared to several methods, primarily of an observational nature, commonly used to design support

systems for excavations in jointed rock. The rationale governing these comparisons is an attempt to provide some manner of analytic support for these routinely used design schemes.

The dissertation concludes with a summary of pertinent results and a critical assessment of the potential of the method in engineering analyses and design. The assessment of the potential emphasizes the limitation of the model in its present configuration with particular reference to the mini-computer based configuration. Suggestions for further development of the model are also presented, outlining areas of potentially fruitful research.

THE ANALYSIS OF THE BEHAVIOR OF A ROCK MASS CONTAINING PLANES OF DISCONTINUITY

2.1 Introduction

Before introducing the concepts underlying the Distinct Element model, a brief, historical review of the methods of analysis commonly used when dealing with the behavior of a discontinuous rock mass is presented. An exhaustive bibliography on jointed rock has been avoided, since a significant portion of all publications dealing with Rock Mechanics would need to be included. Rather, this chapter presents an overview of the methods of analysis used when dealing with jointed rock, concentrating on those methods that are accepted by engineers involved in actual design. The overview is relatively complete, including examples of all methods recognized to be in use at the present time.

A general survey of the response characteristics of a jointed rock mass is presented first, to enumerate those behavior mechanisms which must be incorporated in any analysis of a jointed rock mass if it is to portray accurately the behavior of the mass.

An overview of the methods of analysis is then presented. The methods lend themselves nicely to categorization in the following groups:

- Direct application of the principles of Soil Mechanics to the behavior of rock masses;
- 2) application of elastic theory, both in the classical

sense and by use of Finite Elements;

- 3) behavior models including direct physical modeling as well as models based on observed behavior; and,
- 4) methods of analysis utilizing Limit Equilibrium theories as developed in the fields of plasticity and soil mechanics.

The chapter concludes with a brief introduction to the Distinct Element method of calculating the behavior of a mass separated into distinct blocks by jointing or other discontinuity surfaces. The applicability of the model is discussed by way of a short presentation of worked examples. It is hoped that the examples selected give some insight into the scope and power of the method as well as demonstrating typical problems which can be analyzed by the method.

2.2 The Response Characteristics of a Rock Mass

The obvious trend in the past several decades has been to excavations, both in mining ventures and the construction of civil works projects, on a scale never before attempted. The mining of vein type deposits frequently takes place in poor quality rock; in the case of the civil works projects, the best sites in terms of rock quality have already been selected for previous construction. Since it was no longer possible to ignore the rock behavior, the traditional concept of the soundness and stability of a rock mass had to be re-evaluated. In recognition of this requirement, a study group, the International Study Group for Geomechanics, was founded in Salzburg, Austria in 1951. The goal of this study group was to develop relations among all workers dealing with construction in rock and to develop a practical approach to the mechanics of rock masses.

The findings of the study group, which was succeeded by the International Society of Rock Mechanics in 1962, were presented by John (1962), and the following few paragraphs, quoted directly from John's paper, attempt to summarize the philosophy of the Salzburg group.

"Because the particular properties of rock as foundation and construction material deviate, in many respects, from those of other foundation materials, rock mechanics is compelled to follow its own course. The continuity of soil masses ... resulted in methods for analyzing a continuum, thus defining the concept of soil mechanics. In situ rock, however, contrary to the wide spread assumption in foundation engineering, is rarely homogeneous; rarely without mechanical discontinuities. Therefore, rock mechanics is, in most cases, to be a study of a jointed structure, of a discontinuum."

The philosophy of the Salzburg group emphasizes the collaboration between civil and mineral engineers and geologists.

The interrelation of engineers and geologists is readily apparent in the fundamental concepts of Rock Mechanics as outlined by John:

- "For most engineering problems, the technical properties of a rock mass depend far more on the system of geological separations within the mass than on the strength of the rock material itself. Therefore, rock mechanics is to be a mechanics of a discontinuum, that is, a jointed medium"
- 2) "The strength of a rock mass is considered to be a residual strength that, together with its anisotropy, is governed by the interlocking bond of the unit rock blocks representing the rock mass"
- 3) "The deformability of a rock mass and its anisotropy result predominately from the internal displacements of the unit blocks within the structure of a rock mass."
- C. Jaeger (1964) presented a similar philosophy to that of John and noted that engineering calculations should take a far more detailed view of the actual state of the rock mass. Recognizing the inadequacy of the (then) present state of the art, he outlined a program of suggested research, emphasizing model tests and investigations of stress distributions in jointed media.

Fairhurst (1967), in assessing the influence of defects and discontinuities on the behavior of a rock mass noted that failure in a rock mass always begins at some structural defect and that the analysis of the behavior of the mass must consider: the orientation and distribution as well as the magnitude of the applied forces; the distribution and orientation of structural defects with respect to the applied forces; and the energy available to cause continuing movement in the mass.

One final requirement of any method used to calculate the response of a jointed mass is that it should incorporate all of the kinematically possible failure modes. In addition to sliding on discontinuity planes, rotation of individual blocks about their centroids is also kinematically possible as reported in field exposures by Muller (1964) and DeFreitas and Watters (1973) and on a laboratory scale by Hoffman (1970). An analysis incorporating only force equilibrium and ignoring moment equilibrium could easily result in the neglect of an important response of the mass.

2.3 Direct Application of Soil Mechanics Theories

Recognizing that large displacements preclude the use of elastic theory, Seldenrath (1951) idealized the strata comprising European coal measures as masses of loose structure, and attempted to apply Soil Mechanics principles to the problems of calculating fracture planes due to subsidence and calculating loads on props at a working longwall face. To the extent that he assumed reasonable values for friction coefficients, he was able to generate results that were confirmed in practice.

Morrison and Coates (1955) presented a method for the estimation of stresses surrounding a circular vertical shaft by means of plastic flow relationships deduced from Mohr's circle of stress. They questioned the utility of their method for practical design and concluded that although the approach was better than a simple elastic analysis, the actual material behavior was still more complex.

Wilson (1959) applied general Soil Mechanics principles to the problem of slope stability in open pit mines. He concluded that failures of cut slopes in fractured and fissured rock were often the result of uplift pressures in the water behind the slope face. Observing that the strength of granular material appeared to be independent of particle size provided that a constant degree of compactness was maintained, Wilson extrapolated this result to the analysis of the behavior of broken and fissured rock. Since the scale of the jointing relative to the size of the pit was small, Wilson analyzed the stability of cut slopes using the principles

of Soil Mechanics.

Jaeger (1970) analyzed highly jointed and broken rock by regarding the jointing as random and applying the laws of Soil Mechanics to its behavior. His analysis suggested that values of Youngs' modulus measured by plate bearing tests on jointed material for which the plate covered several joints were in reasonable agreement with laboratory values measured on actual specimens of the material containing many joints.

2.4 Elastic Theories Applied to Rock Masses

Elastic analyses of discontinuous or jointed masses can be conveniently grouped into two classes although the difference between the methods is one of application rather than fundamental difference in the theory. The first class comprises methods of analysis which directly utilize classical elastic theory; frequently the input parameters are modified to reflect different behavior modes due to the presence of discontinuities. The second class comprises Finite Element type analyses wherein the continuum is discretized and a stiffness relationship is formulated for applied forces and nodal point displacements. This latter class is obviously well suited to the situation of varying material properties throughout the mass.

2.4.1 Classical continuum elastic theories

Obert, Duvall, and Merrill (1960) restricted their analysis of the design of underground openings to competent rock but included horizontally stratified rock provided that the bond between layers was weak.

Beam and Plate theory were used for the analysis but it was noted that requirements of an elastically perfect, homogeneous, isotropic mass precluded the possibility of any fracturing in the roof unless it was parallel to the span direction.

Barla (1970) presented constitutive relations for the nonlinear and time dependent behavior of rock masses but did not present relations for discontinuous masses. Smart (1970) developed a continuum model consisting of rigid cubical blocks set in a clay matrix and found good agreement with field data.

Singh (1973a, 1973b) used strain energy principles to derive general constitutive equations for a rock mass containing an arbitrarily oriented set of orthogonal, discontinuous joints in terms of a "stress concentration factor" matrix (which he computed by Finite Element analysis). His model gave good results for regions of low stress gradient but was found to give poorer results in regions of high stress gradient.

2.4.2 Finite Element analyses

One particular type of elastic analysis has gained acceptance since its inception. The Finite Element analysis, particularly in light of the modifications described below, has become a routinely used tool in Rock Mechanics problems.

Zienkiewicz et al. (1968) noted that linear elastic solutions indicating regions of tension in a rock mass were probably unrealistic for the general case of a cracked and fissured mass. Using a Finite Element formulation with an included "stress transfer" iteration they were able to calculate a solution with no tension present in the mass. They also demonstrated that the solution provided a lower bound to the load at failure.

Goodman, Taylor, and Brekke (1968) succeeded in incorporating a zero thickness element with normal and shear stiffnesses within the Finite Element formulation. With this special "joint element" they modeled failure in tension and shear, rotation, arch develop-

ment and collapse patterns in jointed rock.

Hoffman (1970) compared the results of model tests with the results of Finite Element analyses and found that the large deformations and geometric changes in the jointed mass were not compatible with the assumptions inherent in the Finite Element method.

St. John (1972) analyzed the behavior of rock slopes in open pit mines using Finite Element models incorporating joint behavior. He concluded that the technique provided acceptable results provided small displacement theory was relevant but stressed the need for field data to verify the constitutive laws used in the program.

Chappell (1974 a; 1974 b), and Burman, Trollope, and Philp (1975) related the behavior of a jointed medium to rigid body displacements of block centroids. The modified Finite Element formulation replaced the elastic blocks with rigid ones and connected the block centroids with "joint" elements capable of modeling the combined block and joint responses of stress versus strain and moment versus rotation. Appropriate moduli were obtained by physical experiments.

Wang and Sun (1970 a, b) and Wang, Sun, and Ropchan (1972) used Finite Element analyses to determine stresses in gravity loaded open pit slopes. These stresses were then incorporated in a Limit Equilibrium analysis to determine the safety factor of the slope with respect to sliding on a preselected failure plane.

Manfredini, Martinetti, and Ribacchi (1975) used Finite
Element analyses of slopes to demonstrate the inadequacy of Limit
Equilibrium methods in design. One interesting, though not
unexpected, conclusion from their study was that the intact
properties of the rock mass played very little part in the
behavior of the jointed medium.

2.5 Jointed Mass Behavior Models

The jointed mass behavior models have been arbitrarily separated into three groups. The first comprises true physical models including both those models where similitude requirements are met and those whose purpose is simply to demonstrate the kinematics of failure. The second group, photoelastic modeling, is a sub group of the first group but owing to the special type of information it yields, is considered separately. The third group comprises theories of behavior which are primarily based upon either empirical data and the results of model tests or postulated behavior mechanisms.

2.5.1 Physical models

Lang (1964) used physical models for assistance in understanding the behavior of underground power stations. The most significant result of this research was aid in visualizing deformation behavior of jointed media.

Krsmanovic and Milic (1964) undertook a comprehensive series of tests to determine pressure distribution in a discontinuum subjected to external loads. Their results demonstrated that the pressure distribution was most sensitive to the original state of stress of the mass.

Trollope (1966) examined the behavior of a trapezoidal opening in a jointed rock mass. His work indicated two zones above the opening: a triangular "suspended zone" above the opening and a stable region outside of the "suspended zone".

Goldstein et al. (1966) investigated the behavior of models of jointed slopes by using a centrifuge. The goal of their research was to investigate the different failure conditions of slopes cut in jointed rock.

Fumagalli (1968) outlined the general principles of mechanical similitude including the incorporation of discontinuity surfaces for the proper physical scale modeling of problems in rock.

Edwards (1968) constructed a model of an open pit slope with wooden blocks as an aid to the interpretation of deformation measurements obtained in the field. An important conclusion of his work was that even though the models were not truly scaled they reproduced the measured phenomena better than an elastic analysis.

Gaziev and Erlikman (1971) embedded strain gauges in plaster blocks and built models to examine pressure distributions in discontinuous masses. They concluded that the state of stress is characterized by two "streams" of stresses following the directions of the principal joint sets.

Erguvanli and Goodman (1972) stressed the importance of kinematic models to observe possible failure modes, as well as scale models which could more accurately predict true behavior patterns.

Goodman (1972) outlined the use of the base friction model to observe the kinematic behavior of rock masses containing discontinuities.

Barton (1974) examined the deformation of discontinuous models consisting of approximately 40,000 blocks. Cut slopes were

excavated in the model after consolidation. The outcome of the experiments was compared to Finite Element analyses and photoelastic studies reported in the literature at that time. In all cases the "reasonable" behavior as predicted by theory failed to materialize.

2.5.2 Photoelastic models

Lang (1961) used photoelastic models to study the effects of the presence of joints in the roof of an underground opening. He also presented some guidelines for rock bolting based upon patterns of stress transfer observed in bolted photoelastic models.

Maury (1970) examined the distribution of stresses in horizontally stratified masses by means of photoelastic models. He noted that the observed behavior was fundamentally different from that predicted by continuum theory.

Brcic and Nesovic (1970) analyzed detailed two dimensional models of dam foundations by photoelastic models. Their results suggested that the presence of discontinuities was a most significant parameter in the definition of the foundation bearing capacity.

Ergun (1970) performed a photoelastic analysis of a biaxially loaded plate with orthogonal joints and noted that the stress distribution was affected by: voids in the joints, the ratio of applied pressure, the joint inclination, and the stress history.

Chappell (1973) investigated the interactions of underground openings in jointed media photoelastically. His conclusion was that the mechanisms of slip, rotation, and interlock controlled

the load distribution. Furthermore, he noted that the interaction between a number of openings tended to accentuate these mechanisms.

2.5.3 Observational models

The observation of the behavior of discontinuous masses as well as the behavior of laboratory models has led to several theories of behavior which for lack of a better name are herein termed observational models. These observational models attempt to predict behavior in light of stress disruption/or redistribution across planes of discontinuity such as joints, or, in the case of soils, grain contact. They often utilize the information gained from model experiments or collected from real situations and extract response patterns which are postulated to hold for a large class of problems.

Terzaghi (1946) carried out tests in railroad tunnels in the eastern Alps by inserting wooden blocks of known strength properties in timber sets. On the basis of the results of these tests, he postulated the expected loads on tunnel supports as a function of the degree of jointing of the rock mass under consideration.

Trollope (1957, 1961) developed an arching theory of force distribution within granular masses by a statical equilibrium analysis of a mass consisting of systematically packed, smooth, rigid spheres. He applied this theory to block jointed models to deduce general design principles. The same approach was used by Trollope and Brown (1965) to develop general equations for the

distribution of pressure in a discontinuous mass beneath a strip loaded foundation.

Hyashi (1966) formulated an approach to determine the distribution of stresses in a fissured foundation in terms of the combined Pascal distribution. The effects of cohesion and frictional resistance were incorporated by means of an iterative application of Bousinesq's equation. His model recognizes a transient depth below which slip no longer occurs along joint planes. In the absence of cohesion or frictional resistance his model reduces to that postulated by Froelich (1933) who idealized the contact stresses in stacked cylinders as an assemblage of tiered, simple beams.

Lane (1961) and Lutton (1970) presented empirical charts relating slope height to inclination. Their data indicated trends, but they recognized that adverse geologic structure could invalidate the use of the charts.

Abel (1966) constructed a statistical model for the estimation of support loads in a tunnel from measured steel set loads, geologic and construction factors. He noted that although the principles of analysis were general, every tunnel must be considered as a separate problem.

Ross-Brown (1973) collected data concerning the stability of cut slopes in open pit mines throughout North America. He concluded that stability problems were too complex to be summarized by statistical relationships and that each mine needed to be considered as a separate entity in light of the experience obtained

in other mines.

More recently, Wickham, Tiedemann, and Skinner (1972),
Bieniawski (1973), and Barton, Lien, and Lunde (1974) have presented
empirically derived rock mass classification schemes for predicting
loads on tunnel supports. The classification schemes result from
the statistical manipulation of data collected during construction
in rock and consider parameters such as joint spacing, orientation,
infilling, and the presence of water.

2.6 Limit Equilibrium Analyses

The basic principles of Limit Equilibrium applied to jointed rock masses are basically not different from the principles of the analysis of soil slopes as advocated by Fellenius (1936) or Bishop (1955). Owing to the degree of indeterminacy in the problem, assumptions must be made regarding the magnitude of some forces as well as their point of application.

A large portion of the literature on the stability of rock slopes comprises work on the analysis of the sliding behavior of tetrahedral wedges of rock by means of stereographic projection (e.g. John, 1968). Although two dimensional problems can be handled by this method, the amount of work required in the calculation as opposed to a simple graphical solution hardly merits the effort. Limit Equilibrium of three dimensional wedges is not considered in this review.

John (1962) presented a graphical analysis of the stability of a wedge of rock defined by joint planes and a cut surface. To determine the magnitude of rock anchor forces, he utilized conditions of limiting equilibrium by assuming that full frictional resistance would be developed along the plane of sliding - effectively allowing him to specify the force polygon.

Bray (1966, 1967 a, b) substituted the equations for principle stress in the Mohr-Coulomb-Navier relation to develop the ratio of principle stresses at failure by sliding in a jointed mass as a function of the orientation of the principle stresses and the friction coefficient. An interesting outcome of this analysis

comes by superposing a system of multiple fractures; in this model the value of the stress ratio approaches that of the active pressure coefficient as used in soil mechanics.

Jennings (1970) noted that failure in rock slopes did not necessarily follow a single plane. Rather, the failure surface that developed was often stepped. Utilizing Limit principles, the equations he presented incorporated sliding on a discontinuity as well as failure through intact rock.

Calder (1970) used Limit principles to analyze the stability of slopes in jointed rock. His analysis demonstrated that contrary to the case of slope failure in soils, significant changes in cut slope angle in jointed masses often have no effect on the degree of stability.

Hoek (1970) presented design charts, based on Limit Equilibrium principles, for the rapid assessment of the stability of slopes excavated in jointed rock. The assumptions necessary to produce the charts are conceded to be severe but are common to all analyses of this type.

Rosengren (1971) presented the results of a comprehensive analysis of the stability of blocks and wedges formed by the joint systems. Whereas the factor of safety as used by most investigators relates total driving force to total resisting force, Rosengren's definition of factor of safety contains one term relating available friction to required friction and another term relating required cohesion to available cohesion.

Pentz (1971) investigated the situation where the failure criterion was not linear; a simple power law was used to relate normal stress to shear stress in place of the commonly used Mohr-Coulomb-Navier relationship.

Gaziev and Rechitski (1974) used Limit Equilibrium principles to analyze a rock slope with multiple slip modes possible. Their analysis located the layer with the minimum stability factor. The overall stability of the mass was then related to the individual layer stabilities.

Statistically based modifications of Limit Equilibrium methods have also been presented by several authors.

McMahon (1971) introduced design procedures that determine the probability that a rock slope will be undercut by joints that lie in unstable orientations. On the basis of these assumptions, and utilizing Limit Equilibrium principles, he arrived at curves relating probability of failure to slope angle.

Serrano and Castillo (1974) introduced probability density functions for the strength of discontinuities and the matrix as well as for block size and combined them with Limit Equilibrium principles to generate a stability curve for a rock slope in terms of probability of failure.

2.7 An Evaluation of the Techniques Commonly used in Jointed Mass Modeling

The preceding literature survey dealt with the numerous methods commonly used to predict the behavior of rock masses containing planes of weakness. It is of interest to present a brief summary of this survey that emphasizes what, in particular, advantages each of the methods offer.

The observational type methods are typically the first "analytical" method associated with engineering analyses. It is to the credit of men like Terzaghi that they recognized that the degree of jointing present in a rock mass could be the most significant factor to be considered in a design. However, most investigators pursuing this method noted that although the method usually worked quite well for a given problem, the information gained was generally not of use at other sites. Most recent investigators have tried to overcome this shortcoming by statistical manipulation of a large amount of data.

Elastic solutions, and in particular, modified elastic solutions are recognized as having shortcomings, but are usually conceded to be fairly accurate in those cases where the jointing is homogeneous throughout the rock mass. The modified solutions usually attempt to account for the jointing by anisotropic mass behavior. It is interesting to note that one of the leading proponents of this method of solution "... has now abandoned his earlier view ... that an 'equivalent orthotropic medium' can be constructed to fairly represent the deformability of regularly

jointed rock ..." (Goodman, 1974). Goodman makes this statement on the basis of dilatancy and stress dependent behavior of the joints and suggests that the more influential discontinuities should be treated as individual rock mass components.

The application of soil mechanics theories to the analysis of the behavior of jointed rock masses has been successful in those cases where the scale of the jointing relative to the problem was sufficiently small. However, if detailed analysis, on the scale of the jointing, is required, the method lacks validity.

The use of Limit Equilibrium principles holds much promise if it is possible to reduce the intricacies of the problem to the point where a "handleable" number of equilibrium equations can be written, and if the joint behavior may be represented as simply as is done in Limit Equilibrium methods. The main problem with this type of approach is that the necessary assumptions often tend to oversimplify the problem – if too many assumptions need to be made to reduce the indeterminacy, then the model may no longer be representative of the problem to be solved.

Physical modeling seems to offer the best solution to modeling the behavior of jointed rock masses, since the behavior is exactly modeled if similitude requirements are met. However, it is virtually impossible to set up the identical physical models which are necessary for parametric variation, and the cost of a detailed model can be prohibitive.

The Distinct Element method offers a combination of the capabilities required to predict the behavior of jointed rock

masses. The joints are modeled as the most significant components of the problem. There is no need to oversimplify the problem and the data structures can be stored permitting a given geometry to be analyzed as many times as desired.

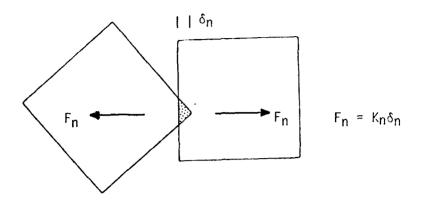
It is in the context of a reproducible "physical" model that the Distinct Element method is used in this dissertation.

2.8 The Distinct Element Method

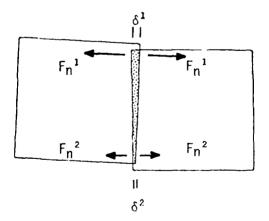
The Distinct Element method introduced by Cundall (1971 a, b) is a computer based analysis that simulates the behavior of a system of discrete, semi-rigid rock blocks. Block interactions are governed by realistic friction and stiffness laws. Each block may undergo unlimited displacement and rotation while progressive failure is modeled. In its present formulation the program is run in an interactive mode on a dedicated mini-computer coupled to a cathode ray tube (CRT) graphic output device. The CRT is used both for the input of geometric and material information as well as for the output data which consists of drawing the movements of the blocks as a function of time. The description presented follows Cundall (1971 b).

The program calculation cycle comprises force-displacement relations for the block contacts and laws of motion for the block centroids. Very simple relationships are used to relate normal force to normal displacement and shear force to shear displacement.

The normal force-displacement relationship owes its simplicity to the assumption that the normal stiffness of a joint plays a very small role in the failure process of the rock mass and that shear force does not affect normal force. Thus normal force is assumed proportional to the overlap between two blocks. Diagramatically,

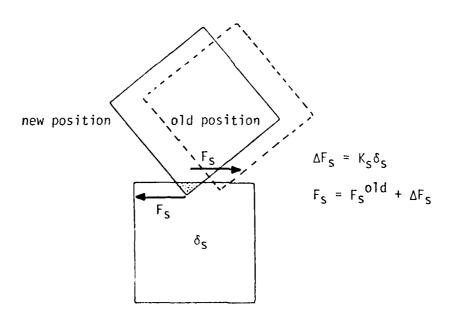


where constant of proportionality K_n is the joint normal stiffness and the resultant force acts upon both blocks. In the more likely case where two faces together form a joint, equilibrium is maintained by two point contacts, thus:



Cundall argues for the validity of representing a joint by two point contacts by noting that owing to irregularities present on a real joint, contact will occur only at discrete points, quite possibly only two.

The shear force-displacement relationship cannot be described by such a simple formulation because the shear force depends upon the past history of movement of the blocks as well as the amount of normal force. To account for this, the shear force must be calculated incrementally with the incremental amount of shearing force assumed proportional to the relative movement of a block corner along another block face. The incremental shear force is then added, noting the sense of movement, to the shear force already existing between the two blocks. Diagramatically:



where the proportionality constant $\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{S}}$ is the joint shear stiffness.

Although not strictly necessary from a physical standpoint, the normal force is also calculated incrementally in the program

so that all forces are derived from incremental displacements.

This formulation does, however, simplify the task of incorporating nonlinear phenomena, such as dilatation, associated with the normal stress.

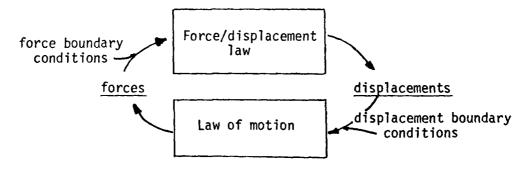
Two failure laws are incorporated in the program. Since it is probably unrealistic to have tensional resistance across a joint, a "no tension" criterion is adopted at each time step, by simply setting normal forces that become negative to zero. The criterion governing shear failure is the Mohr-Coulomb-Navier law. At every time step, the shear force at each contact point is tested and limited to a maximum force, which is dependent upon the normal force.

The force-displacement relations are thus used to calculate the set of forces acting on each block solely due to the geometric position of each block relative to its neighbors. The forces acting on each block may be resolved into an equivalent force vector and a moment acting on the block centroid. If a law of motion is now implemented (in this case Newtons second law) the linear acceleration vector can be calculated as the quotient of the resultant force and the mass of the block. Similarly, the rotational acceleration is the quotient of the resultant moment and the rotational moment of inertia of the block. By choosing a suitable time step, these accelerations may be numerically integrated twice to give the displacement of the block. For example, in the x direction:

$$v_x^{\text{new}} = v_x^{\text{old}} + \frac{F_x}{m} \cdot \Delta t$$
 $v = \text{velocity}$ $u = \text{displacement}$ $v = \text{velocity}$ $v = \text{veloci$

with similar equations for the y direction and rotation. The time step cannot be made arbitrarily large, or rapid geometric changes would not be modeled accurately. However, a more subtle reason for the limit on the time step is that owing to numerical instabilities in the solution of the equations, there is a limit to the maximum time step. This is discussed in more detail by Cundall (1971 a) along with the damping requirements of the equations.

The complete calculation cycle can be summarized as:



In addition to the main calculation cycle, routines are needed to keep track of the coordinates of contacts; the use of arbitrarily large displacements and the attendant large number of possible contact points requires the implementation of a dynamic memory allocation scheme. This scheme is discussed in Appendix B along with a more complete listing of the equations comprising the main calculation cycle. A complete discussion of the fundamental algorithm of the program is given by Cundall (1974).

2.9 Applications of the Distinct Element Method

As a conclusion to this chapter, several examples illustrating the application of the Distinct Element method to problems involving the response behavior of jointed rock masses are presented. The problems range in complexity from modeling a rock slope as a single block bounded by a joint plane and a tension crack at the crest, to examining the behavior, as failure progresses, of a jointed mass being mined by caving techniques. The examples chosen illustrate most of the salient features and capabilities of the Distinct Element method; however, the potential of the method extends much farther. Particular examples of extended applications could include true blasting analysis, coupled fluid flow behavior and incorporation of elastic stresses and strains.

The problem of the correctness of the solutions obtained by the Distinct Element method will be addressed in the next chapter; for the present time the correctness of the solutions should be accepted. Alternatively, the examples can be viewed in light of kinematics only with calculated displacement modes and forces interpreted in light of experience and intuition.

Example 1 - Stabilization of a Failing Rock Slope

The rock slope illustrated in Figure 2.1(a) consists of a single block bounded by a joint plane dipping approximately 25° out of the face of the slope and a vertical tension crack at the crest of the slope. The friction coefficient of the joint plane is .15,

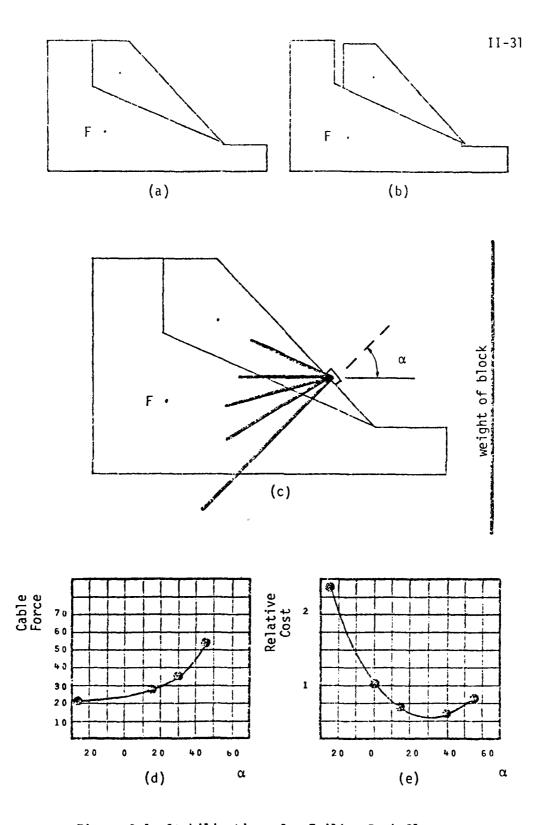


Figure 2.1 Stabilization of a Failing Rock Slope

corresponding to an angle of 8.5°; thus the block should be unstable and is seen to move on the screen as illustrated in Figure 2.1(b). Note that the block centroids are identified by a dot and that an "F" at a centroid means that the block is fixed in space, that is, not free to move.

To investigate the affect of inclination of an applied stabilizing force, a small block is placed on the slope and forces are applied at various angles. As can be seen in Figures 2.1(c) and (d), the smallest force required to stabilize the slope corresponds to an angle of inclination equal to the dip of the joint. Also, the required stabilization force increases as the bolt inclination becomes perpendicular to the joint plane. However, the length of bolt or cable required for stabilization is a minimum when this length is normal to the joint. By assuming a simple relationship governing bolting costs, it is possible to determine the optimum inclination for installation of stabilizing forces. A simple, yet reasonable estimate of relative cost is obtained by assuming that cost increases linearly with length and force relative to some base cost (in this case the horizontal bolt was chosen), this can be expressed as:

Cost
$$i = Cost_H \left(\frac{1_i}{1_H} \cdot \frac{F_i}{F_H}\right)$$

Assigning an arbitrary figure of 1 to the cost of the horizontal bolt, Figure 2.1(e) which relates the bolt cost to inclination, can be plotted. From this figure it can be seen that based upon the

assumed cost relationship, the optimum angle of inclination of the stabilizing force is approximately 30° .

Realistic cost data can be used to refine the cost relationship and much more complicated slope geometries can be modeled with the Distinct Element method.

Example 2 - Horizontally Stratified Mine Roof

Figure 2.2 illustrates a horizontally stratified mine roof; there are no joints exposed within the span of the roof. The only information that can be obtained by using the Distinct Element method in a problem such as this is the weight distribution on the pillars which in this case could readily have been obtained by inspection. The Distinct Element method in its present formulation does not incorporate elastic behavior of the elements; all deformations occur on joint surfaces. For problems where elastic deformations are important an elastic analysis such as Finite Element analysis should be used. For this particular problem however, beam theory could have been used to determine the bending moments and deflections (see, for example, Obert, Duvall, and Merrill 1960).

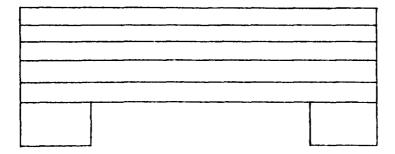


Figure 2.2 A Horizontally Stratified Rock Mass

Example 3 - A Gravity Retaining Wall

Illustrated in Figure 2.3(a) is a retaining structure which is required to prevent movement of the jointed mass to its left. Three friction coefficients are involved in a problem such as this: φ , the friction angle of the joints within the mass; φ_b , the friction angle for sliding on the base of the wall; and, φ_w , the friction angle for sliding of the rock mass along the wall. By selectively varying these parameters it is possible to illustrate several aspects of the behavior of the wall in response to loading. Figure 2.3(b) illustrates the behavior of the wall when $\varphi=26^\circ$ and $\varphi_b=\varphi_w=45^\circ$; as the blocks begin to move outward, the wall cannot slide along its base and thus begins to rotate as evidenced by the single contact vector at the lower right hand corner of the wall. The lower left hand corner of the retaining wall is actually lifted off the plane of sliding. The situation is, however, stable.

In Figure 2.3(c) another stable situation is illustrated. In this case, $\phi = \phi_b = 19^\circ$ while $\phi_w = 45^\circ$. The "9" printed on a surface indicates that that surface is assigned the friction behavior specified for material type 9. This analysis indicated that as the rock mass moved outward the base of the retaining wall moved until sufficient frictional resistance to maintain stability was generated along the base. Some rotation of the retaining wall has occurred and is indicated by the differing lengths of the contact vectors along the base of the retaining wall.

As a final variation of this example, illustrated in Figure 2.3(d), an analysis with $\phi_W = \phi_b = \phi = 19^\circ$ is presented. This

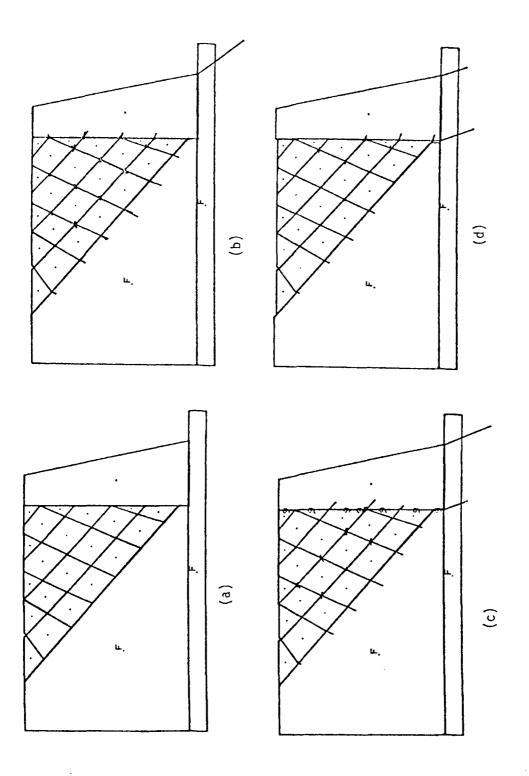
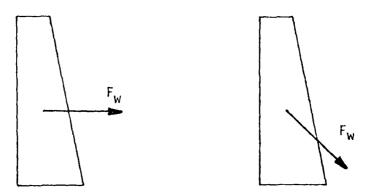


Figure 2.3 A gravity retaining wall

case is not stable - note the settlement of the mass and the gap at the lower left hand corner of the wall. Failure has occurred because sufficient resistance could not be developed along the base of the retaining wall. Also, the reduction of the frictional resistance between the mass and the wall reduced the overturning moment on the wall which in the previous cases had acted to increase the shearing resistance along the base of the wall. This is easily understood in terms of a simple analogy - trying to move the retaining wall by a single force acting through its centroid.



The two sketches represent the extremes in terms of orientation of contact forces along the wall. In the first sketch, representing the case $\phi_{\rm W}$ = 0, the force exerted by the mass on the retaining wall, $F_{\rm W}$, has no vertical component while in the second sketch, representing the case $\phi_{\rm W}$ = 45°, the force exerted by the mass on the retaining wall, $F_{\rm W}$, has a vertical component. The vertical

component of F_W acts to increase the normal force on the base of the retaining wall, thus increasing resistance to sliding movement. The effect of increasing the coefficient of friction ϕ_W is thus to stabilize the retaining wall against translational sliding.

Example 4 - A Rock Slope Which Fails by Toppling

The assessment of the stability of a cut slope in light of translational kinematics often makes use of the fact that if the major joint set dips into the slope, failure by sliding is not possible. Although this statement is true, the fact that a rock mass meets this criterion does not automatically ensure the stability of the cut slope as this example illustrates.

Presented in Figure 2.4 are several stages of the progressive failure of a cut slope where the major joint set dips into the slope face. Figure 2.4(a) represents the case before running the program while Figure 2.4(b) illustrates the situation just as failure begins; as can be seen from the figure, the toe block must move before the mass can fail. Thus the toe block represents a "keystone" and in the absence of fracturing, the behavior of the entire mass depends upon the behavior of this block. Any remedial action designed for a cut such as this must be based upon knowledge of which blocks or sections of the slope act as keystones. With the Distinct Element method it is a simple matter to determine which blocks can best be utilized to stabilize the mass.

Figure 2.4(d) illustrates another physically observed feature which is accurately modeled by the Distinct Element method. After

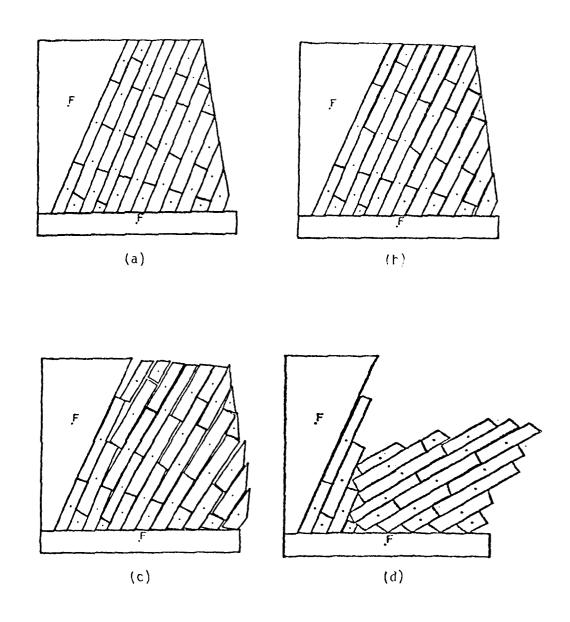


Figure 2.4 A rock slope which fails by toppling

a significant amount of movement has occurred, stable equilibrium of the mass is reached. (Blocks which moved away from the mass were erased as the program progressed).

Example 5 - Anchoring a Large Force in Rock Mass

This example presents a comparison of the failure loads calculated when a large external force, such as an anchorage force for a transmission tower, is applied to a jointed mass in two different directions. The rock mass in question and the two loading directions are illustrated in Figures 2.5(a) and 2.5(c). The force vectors which cause failure, drawn to a common scale, are also illustrated; the deformed geometries are illustrated in Figures 2.5(b) and 2.5(d).

If the scale of the problem is such that the bedding planes are spaced at three feet, the visible jointing is spaced at six feet, the jointing parallel to the plane of projection is spaced at five feet, and the mass density is 160 pcf; then the failure loads are approximately 160 kips for the case where loading parallels the jointing, and 230 kips for the case where loading crosses the jointing.

The modes of failure are also markedly different in the two cases. In the case where the loading parallels the jointing, failure of the mass occurs essentially by slip along the joints. However, in the situation where the loading crosses the jointing, failure encompasses a larger volume of the rock mass and is more of a rotational failure than a slippage failure.

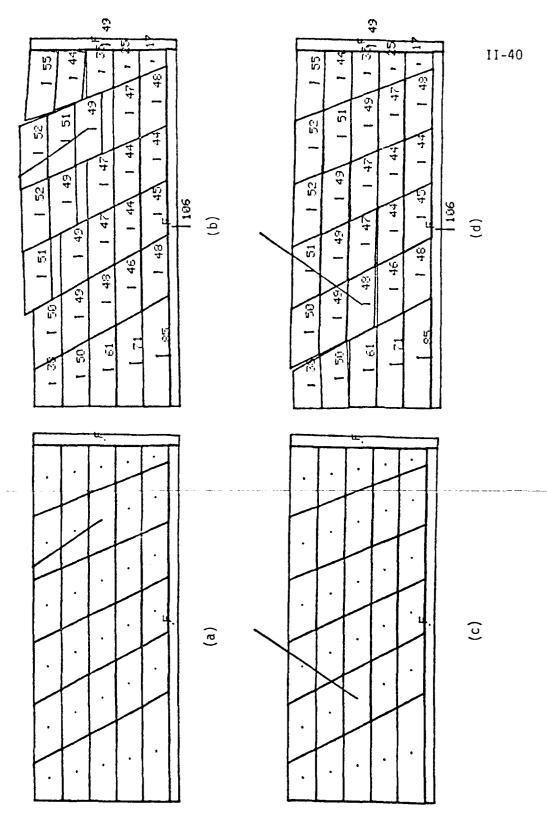


Figure 2.5 Anchoring a large force in a rock mass

Example 6 - A Pressure Tunnel Near a Free Surface

This example examines a hypothetical situation where a pressure tunnel is located near a free surface. A situation such as this could be encountered, for example, in a diversion tunnel for a dam.

The failure of the rock mass in this particular case depends upon the penetration of water into the joints at fairly high pressures. Hopefully, in a real situation, water pressure testing would have been performed to assess the permeability of the mass and appropriate remedial action such as grouting and lining undertaken to prevent water loss. Nevertheless, the example is instructive and is presented in spite of its lack of realism.

Figure 2.6(a) illustrates the tunnel under consideration; the diameter of the tunnel is 20 feet and the internal pressure, which is assumed to penetrate all joints intersecting the tunnel, is 100 psi. The initial failure with the friction angle equal to 22 degrees on the joint planes is illustrated in Figure 2.6(b). In this type of problem the water pressure does not decrease as the joints open, for there is a practically unlimited supply of water to move out into the joints as they open.

Figure 2.6(c) shows a later stage of the progressive failure while Figure 2.6(d) illustrates the pressure distribution in the joints as indicated by an asterisk on those joints where water pressure is applied. The water pressure units illustrated are internal computer units and are seen to follow a parabolic trend, decreasing in intensity from the tunnel to the free surfaces. The

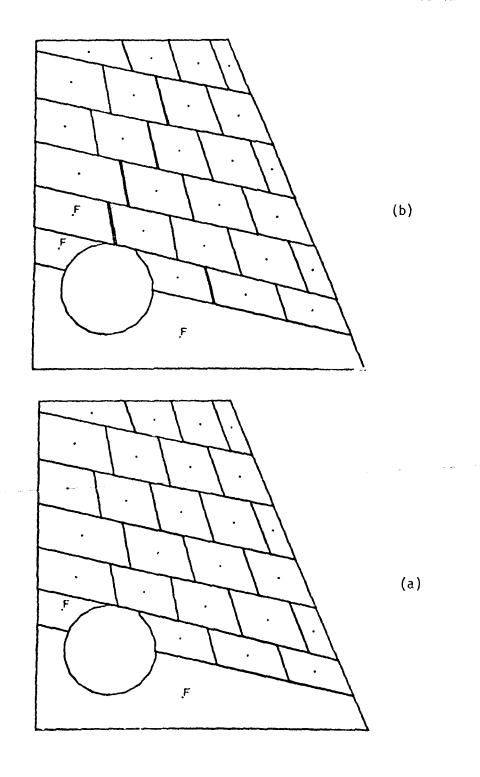


Figure 2.6 A pressure tunnel near a free surface

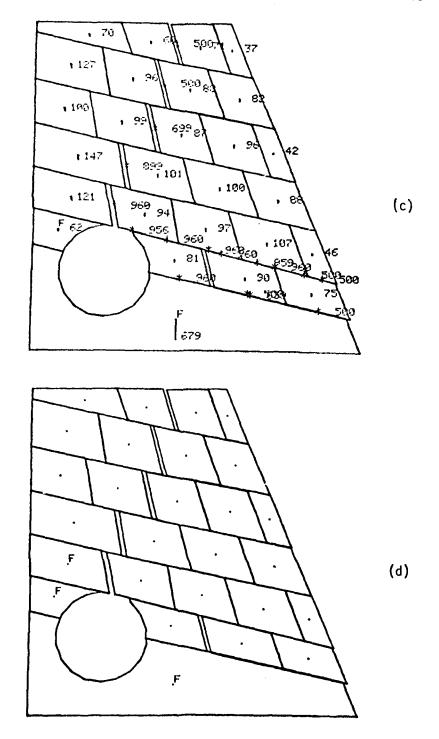


Figure 2.6 Continued

chosen pressure distribution has led to an unexpected displacement field as evidenced by the open joint one block away from the tunnel in the first row of blocks. Evidently, the effects of the free surface and the water pressure were sufficient to cause movement of the two righthand blocks in the first row of strata but, owing to the increased overburden load, the block nearest the tunnel remained stable.

Example 7 - A Shear Zone in a Tunnel Roof

Example 7 is concerned with a problem of roof stability in a tunnel intersected by a plane of weakness having a noticeably lower friction coefficient than the rest of the mass and dipping at a less favorable orientation than the main joint set. In addition, the plane directly above the main failure plane was also assigned a low friction coefficient to better model a shear zone.

The tunnel under consideration has a width of 24 feet and is illustrated in Figure 2.7(a); the planes considered as the boundaries of the shear zone are assigned friction type 5 ($\phi = 5^{\circ}$) as indicated in Figure 2.7(d). The mode of failure, which can be compared to squeezing material into the excavation by movement along the planes defining the shear zone, is illustrated in Figure 2.7(b) and 2.7(c). The disruption of the integrity of the roof defines a volume of rock which must be restrained by the support system. At a unit weight of rock of 160 pcf, the weight of this volume of rock is approximately 100 kips per foot of tunnel length.

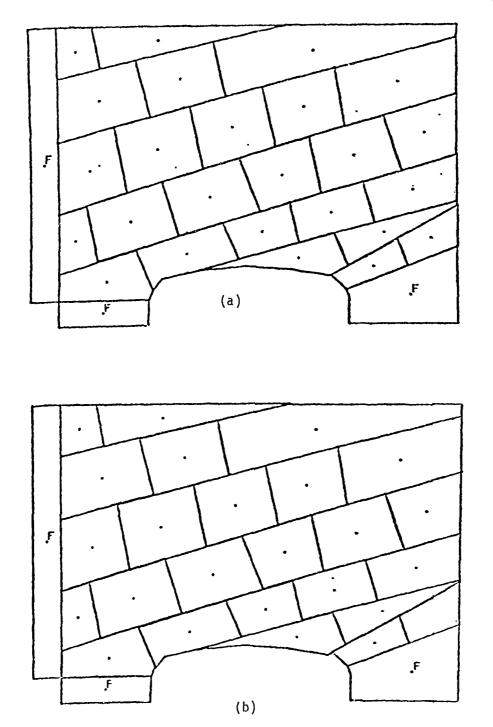


Figure 2.7 A shear zone in a tunnel roof

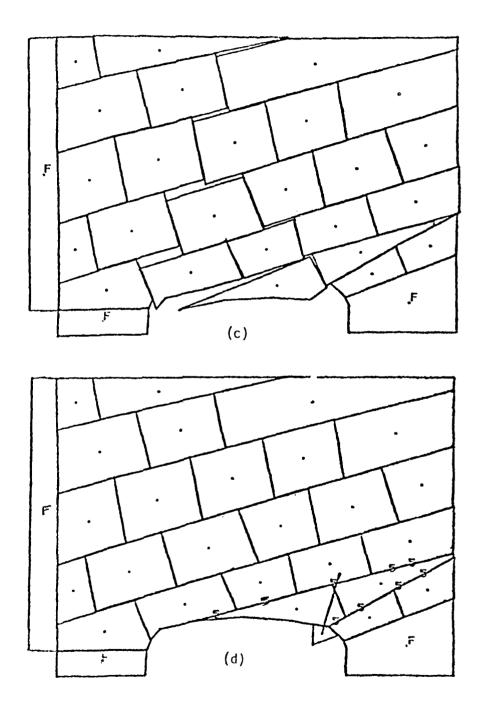


Figure 2.7 Continued

Recognizing that the block exposed in the upper right hand corner of the tunnel acts as a keystone upon which the behavior of the roof depends, the force necessary to stabilize this block (and thus the entire system) was determined. By placing a small block in contact with the desired block and applying various forces it is possible to determine the force that will maintain equilibrium of the mass. The forces could equally have been applied at the centroid of one of the failing blocks, but by utilizing a small block acting along the edge of one of the failirg blocks the effects of rotation due to eccentric loading are better modeled. One such force is shown in Figure 2.7(d). This force, which has a magnitude of approximately 20 kips per foot of tunnel length demonstrates that it is possible to keep masses in equilibrium with forces that are small when compared to the weight of the mass which is failing.

Example 8 - Behavior of a Jointed Mass During Mining by Caving

The final example presented in this section illustrates the movements of blocks and the forces developed during these movements as progressive failure occurs in a large, jointed mass being mined by caving techniques. The block configurations as mining progresses are illustrated sequentially in Figures 2.8(a) through 2.8(j). The figures present the situation beginning some time after mining had commenced; in addition, as soon as individual blocks had moved sufficiently far from the mass so that they no longer influenced the behavior of the mass, they were erased. In

other words, the problem of jamming or arching at the draw point was not considered.

After the first two introductory illustrations (Figures 2.8(a) and 2.8(b)) alternate illustrations show only the contact forces, for the block outlines would only make the drawing more difficult to interpret.

The factors that influence the behavior of the mass include a relatively low friction angle on the joint planes ($\phi = 17^{\circ}$) and rigid boundaries. The four independent, intersecting joint sets are not claimed to be representative of conditions at a particular mine site. Rather, they were selected solely to give the mass more freedom to move, as two intersecting joint sets were found to have a tendency to lock and stabilize as the individual blocks moved.

Examination of Figures 2.8(a), 2.8(b), and 2.8(c) illustrate the expected movement of the lower unconfined blocks. Figure 2.8(d) illustrates that two separate arches have developed, indicating that the blocks in the lower part of the mass are failing as a unit and, judging from the magnitude of the forces in the upper part of the mass, providing enough resistance to keep the upper part of the mass stable.

This conclusion is reinforced by Figure 2.8(e) where it can be seen that the lower blocks are separating significantly from the mass. Figure 2.8(f) shows the continued development of two separate arches. The thrusts developed in the lower arch are not of sufficient magnitude to stabilize the mass, as evidenced by the progression of raveling up into the mass as illustrated in

Figure 2.8(g) and the collapse of the lower arch as shown in Figure 2.8(h). Figure 2.8(i) illustrates the continued movement of the mass toward the draw point. The uppermost layer is still maintaining its integrity due to the slight confining effect at the arch abutments. The lower arch has completely failed as can be seen in Figure 2.8(j). Although not illustrated, the upper arch eventually collapsed when a sufficient movement of the lower mass blocks caused a loosening at the arch abutments.

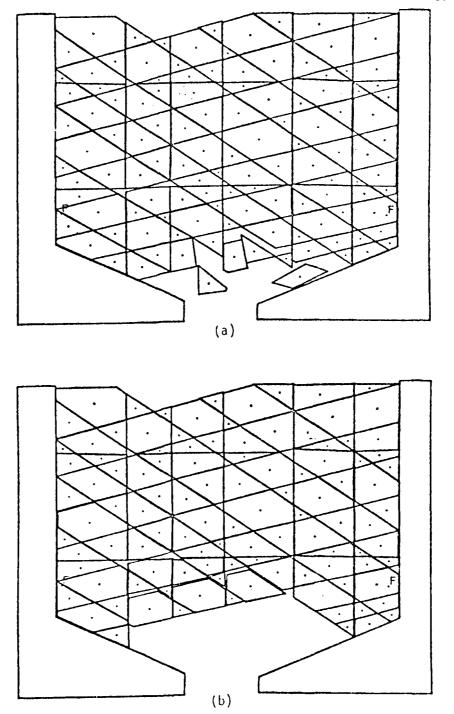


Figure 2.8 Behavior of a jointed mass during mining by caving

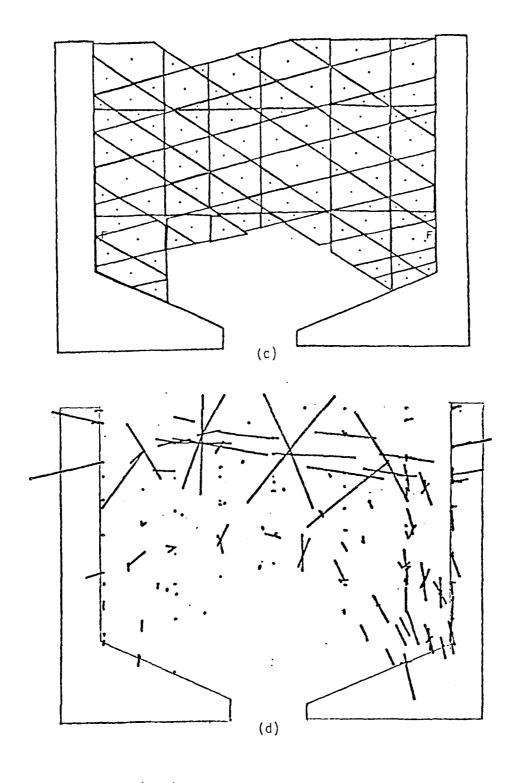


Figure 2.8 Continued

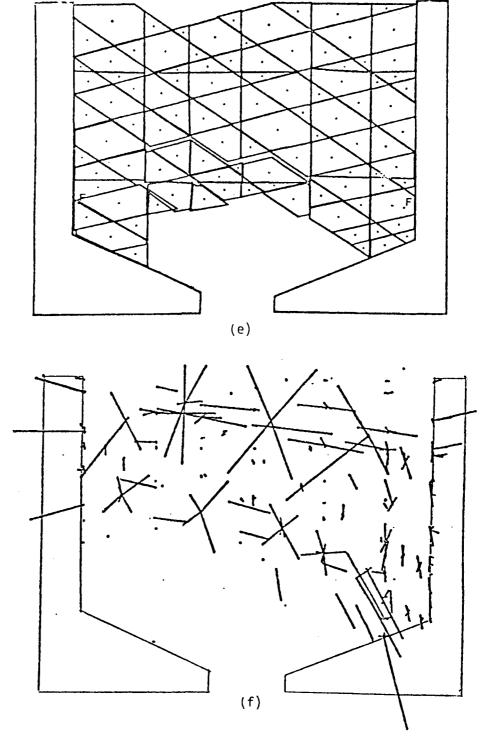


Figure 2.8 Continued

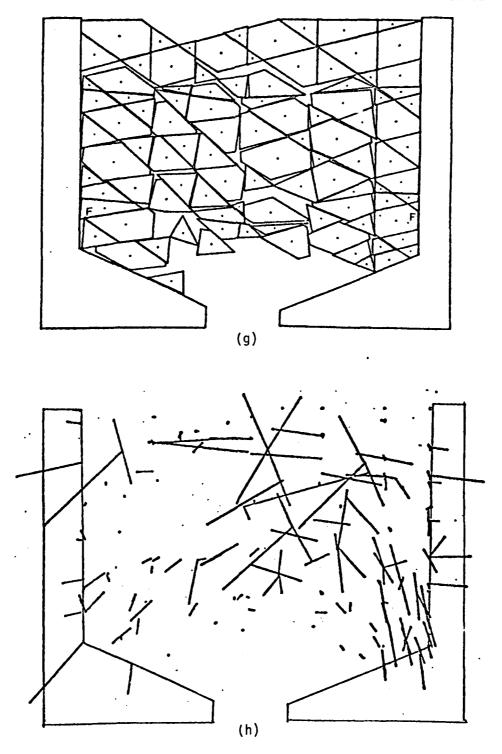


Figure 2.8 Continued

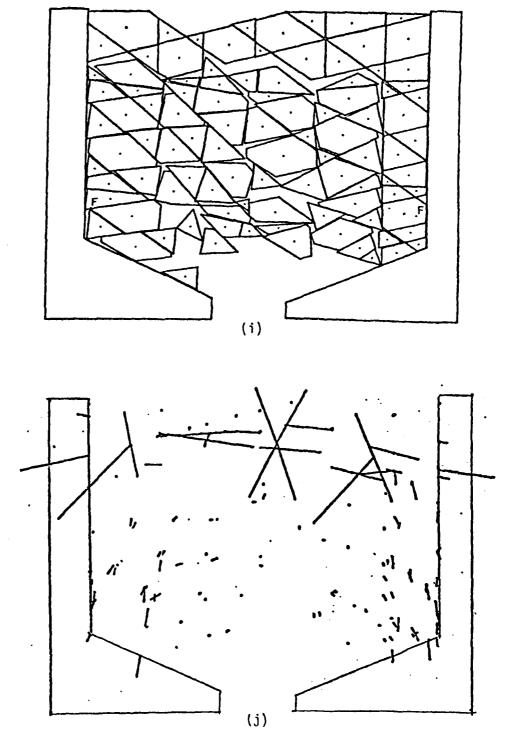


Figure 2.8 Continued

CHAPTER III

VERIFICATION OF THE ACCURACY OF RESULTS CALCULATED BY THE DISTINCT ELEMENT METHOD

3.1 Introduction

As the Distinct Element method is, in fact, an approximate method to obtain the response behavior of a block jointed system, an attempt must be made to verify that the calculations performed in the method yield results that are acceptable. What is required of a solution to a problem involving the inclusion of joints in a rock mass is that it incorporate and assign most influence to the significant parameters affecting the behavior of the mass. If in doing so, some small elastic strain is overlooked, the solution cannot be classified as exact but, needless to say, if the important responses of the block system are modeled correctly, the solution certainly must be classified as acceptable.

Confidence in the use of an approximate numerical technique such as the Distinct Element method can best be developed through comparison to existing solutions to problems which include the significant parameters which the numerical technique models. A high degree of confidence is obtained if the numerical model duplicates the results of proven analytical solutions. Somewhat less confidence in the model is developed if the comparisons are made to approximate solutions, although the degree of confidence in the approximate solutions, as evidenced by their level of acceptance by practicing engineers and designers, obviously must

be considered in the comparisons.

The problem of verifying the accuracy of solutions calculated by the Distinct Element method is compounded by the lack of analytical solutions that describe the behavior of a jointed rock mass. Instead, when dealing with the behavior of a jointed mass, most analytical solutions invoke approximations which draw upon empirically observed behavior models, soil mechanics theories and classical elastic solutions with the elastic parameters modified to reflect joint behavior. These types of models are severely limited in their applicability; for example, the elastic analyses are probably most valid for the case of very close jointing and the case of a very regular degree of jointing that can be characterized as an anisotropy. More general models for calculating the behavior of a jointed mass typically attack the problem by assuming simplified relationships between the parameters selected to typify the behavior. This type of model suffers in that the full implications of the roles these parameters play in the behavior of the mass are not yet fully understood.

What is needed then to perform a truly accurate comparison unfortunately does not exist. Rather, the very nature of the problem dictates that a choice be made between approximate techniques of analysis which often contain vastly simplified, empirically adjusted assumptions regarding the overall mass behavior which could possibly only be valid for a distinctly limited range of material properties.

One group of approximate techniques, which is limited in its

scope to geometrically ideal problems, is acceptable for a comparison of this type. Limit Equilibrium solutions are concerned with the static equilibrium of bodies at the point of failure. Under this assumption, the frictional forces are assumed to be fully developed and thus force diagrams can be drawn and equilibrium equations written. This method requires the knowledge of the location of the failure surface and a minimal number of interacting blocks. Provided that the geometry of the mass can be represented simply, Limit Equilibrium principles are routinely used to calculate the response of a jointed mass.

In the sections that follow, five simple approximate models for the behavior of jointed masses are presented and the calculated responses are compared to that generated by the Distinct Element method. Included in these models are Limit Equilibrium analyses of: one block on an inclined plane with sliding and rotation possible; two interacting blocks, one in an active state, the other in a passive state; and, multiple interacting blocks both with and without the possibility of rotation. Also included are comparisons to physical models examined with a base friction apparatus, presented primarily for qualitative observations on the kinematics of large displacements, as well as a simple pressure distribution in a jointed mass where simplifying assumptions regarding material behavior have reduced the problem to an application of the principles of static equilibrium.

Common to the models chosen for comparison to the Distinct Element model are simple geometric properties and minimal assumptions regarding material behavior. As a result of this the models possess the additional feature that an intuitive insight into the ultimate response behavior is often possible. If it is possible to demonstrate that the simple models give the correct response, then it is much more meaningful if the Distinct Element model gives the same response.

3.2 The Base Friction Method

The base friction or base shear modeling technique is a physical, scale modeling technique described by Goodman (1972) that developed from the suggestion that the effect of gravity on a jointed rock slope could be simulated by shear forces on the base of the model as it was pushed over a plane surface. Alternatively, as in demonstrations attributed to Dr. E. Hoek (Goodman, 1976) the base may be moved while the model is restrained. The advantage of a horizontal assemblage of blocks lies in the fact that complex, unstable models may be constructed and failure observed as gravity is suddenly "switched on". Disadvantages arise due to the fact that accurate modeling of a real situation requires that a model material having the exact frictional properties of the real material must be found. In practice, exotic mixtures of flour, sand, salt and cooking oil are used to make a cuttable, semi-rigid modeling material. A material of this type has the advantage that discontinuities may be cut into it at arbitrary orientations; for the purposes of this investigation, however, as rigidity was of prime importance, 1 cm cubes of commercially available plexiglass were used to construct the models. The inability to orient discontinuities at arbitrary angles was not considered a severe liability in this investigation as the end result was simply to demonstrate qualitatively that the Distinct Element method would reproduce the expected modes of failure in several models where the failure modes were obvious. Figure 3.1 illustrates the small base friction apparatus used to study the behavior of the jointed models.

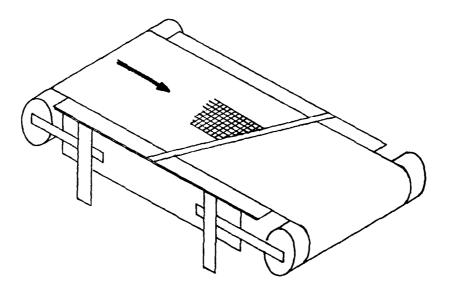


Figure 3.1 Diagramatic sketch of base friction apparatus used in comparison

Modeling techniques such as base shear are typically kinematic in that they reproduce the geometric features of the geologic structure and the excavation to a sufficient degree to establish possible modes of failure. However, they are not exactly scaled dynamically. For example, the base shear method does not give the correct response when a moving body acquires lateral momentum since in the base friction model, real accelerations are proportional to the driving belt velocity (Goodman 1976).

The implication of this is that in the absence of block to block contact, the only accelerations permitted in the model would be in the direction of the belt velocity as indicated in Figure 3.2. The Distinct Element model of this situation is included to demonstrate that momentum is indeed properly modeled.

However, several qualitative observations of a kinematic nature can be made: blocks which receive no supporting resistance must move downward under the effect of gravity; unconfined, geometrically unstable blocks must rotate and topple; and confined, geometrically unstable blocks must induce sliding in neighboring blocks as they rotate and topple. These three behavioral features of jointed systems can readily be simulated on a base shear apparatus by a laterally unsupported mine roof, an overhanging cliff and a cut slope in a jointed mass, respectively. These three failure models were chosen because, due to their simplicity, the kinematics of the failure are obvious. This makes them ideal for comparison with the Distinct Element method for it demonstrates that the Distinct Element method can calculate the proper failure mode for several situations for which the failure modes can be envisioned.

Figures 3.3, 3.4, and 3.5 illustrate a comparison of each of the three above mentioned failure modes by the base shear technique and the Distinct Element method. Little, if any, comment appears necessary other than to point out the similarity of the developing failure in all three cases.

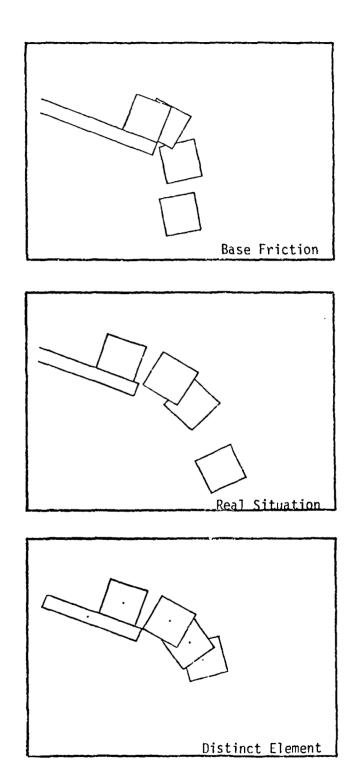


Figure 3.2 Dissimilarity of base friction model and Distinct Element method and real situation where momentum is not negligible.

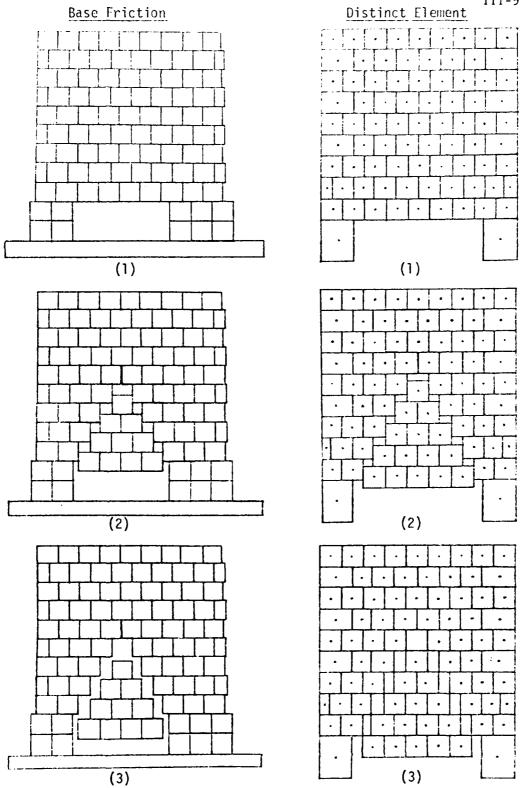


Figure 3.3 Comparison of base friction analysis and Distinct Element method for case of unrestricted, gravity induced block displacement.

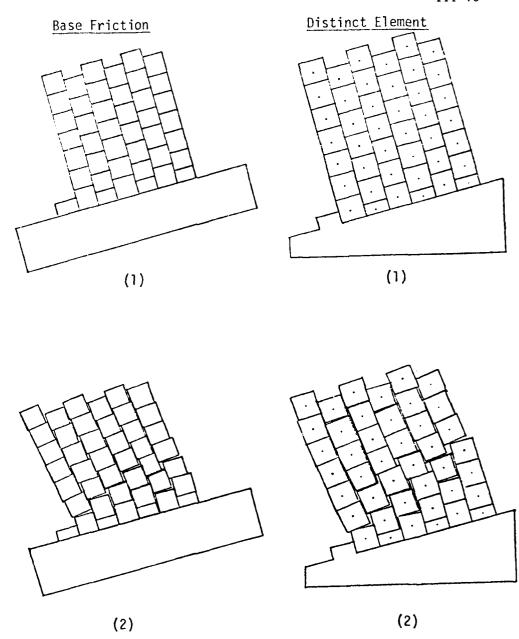


Figure 3.4 Comparison of base friction analysis and Distinct Element method for case of unconfined geometrically unstable blocks.

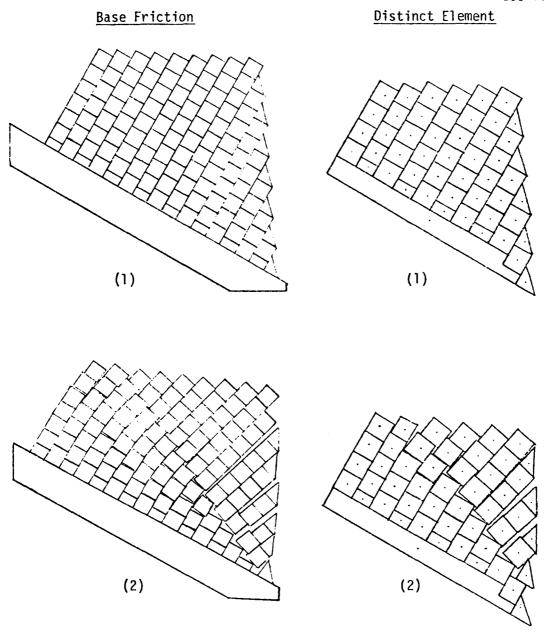


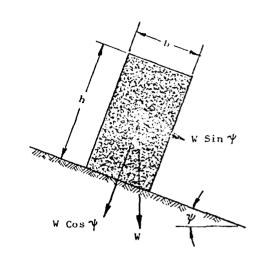
Figure 3.5 Comparison of base friction analysis and Distinct Element method for case of confined, geometrically unstable blocks.

3.3 Limit Equilibrium of a Single Block

The simplest and most obvious quantitative test of the validity of the Distinct Element method is whether or not it can adequately model the behavior of a single block on an inclined surface. The laws of static equilibrium furnish two important aspects of the behavior of such a block: first, it will not slide unless the angle of friction is less than the angle of inclination of the surface upon which it rests; and second, when the direction of the weight vector falls outside of the base of the block, overturning of the block must occur. This toppling stability is related to the geometry of the block as illustrated in Figure 3.6. When the ratio of the width of the base to the height of the block is less than the tangent of the angle of inclination, overturning of the block occurs.

Thus, the limiting stability condition of a single block on an inclined plane is a function of the angle of friction (ϕ) , the shape (ratio h/b) and the inclination of the sliding plane (ψ) . The interrelationship of these parameters has been presented graphically by Hoek and Bray (1974) and is reproduced in Figure 3.6. This diagram delineates the four behavioral characteristics of a single block on an inclined plane: stable, sliding, toppling, and a combination of sliding and toppling. Note that the line $\phi = \psi$ is not fixed on the diagram – it is moved laterally to specify the boundary for a given ϕ situation.

The line $\phi = \psi$ and the line h/b = cot ψ , representing limiting conditions for any specific block under consideration, suggest an



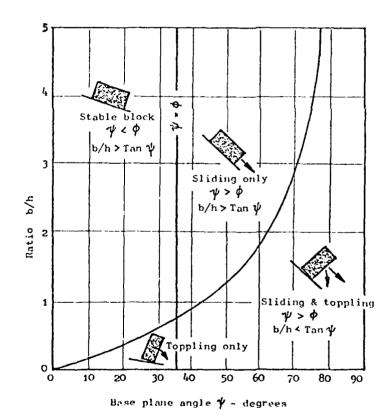
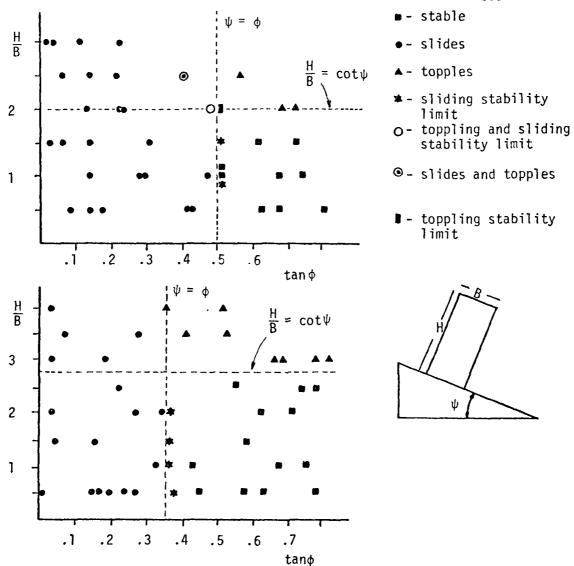


Figure 3.6 Conditions for sliding and toppling of a block on an inclined plane (from Hoek and Bray, 1974).

alternate method of plotting this data. For a given base plane inclination ψ , the geometric ratio (h/b) and the friction angle (ϕ) are plotted as the ordinate and abscissa respectively. The line h/b = cot ψ separates the plot into two regions in which toppling will or will not occur; the line ψ = ϕ similarly divides the plot with respect to sliding. The only advantage of such a plot, an example of which can be seen in Figure 3.7, is that the four regions are more nearly equal in area than on the Hoek and Bray plot. It suffers from the disadvantage that two lines must be drawn for each specific case whereas the Hoek and Bray diagram only requires that one line be redrawn.

As a test of the ability of the Distinct Element method to calculate the proper response of a single block on an inclined plane, paired values of ϕ and h/b were randomly generated for several different values of the base plan inclination (ψ) and the observed behavior of the block plotted on the described diagram. The results for two values of ψ are presented in Figure 3.7. In addition, several limit values were plotted whenever possible. For example, in the case $\psi = 26.6^{\circ}$ the value of ϕ at which sliding just began was also noted. Also in the case $\psi = 26.6^{\circ}$, as the limiting condition for toppling was h/b = 2.0, limit conditions at which toppling just began were investigated.

The results presented in Figure 3.7 show that the Distinct Element method is capable of accurately predicting the behavior of a single block on an inclined surface with respect to sliding or toppling failures. However, close examination of the left side,



Notes

1) $\psi = \phi$ represents limit equilibrium for sliding
2) $H = B \cot \psi$ represents limit equilibrium for toppling

Figure 3.7 Limit Equilibrium conditions for a single block on a plane surface: ϕ , H/B pairs randomly generated for constant ψ .

uppermost quadrant, indicates that most failures in this region were of a sliding nature rather than a combination of sliding and toppling. The reason for this is easily understood in light of the true meaning of the diagram.

The behavior of a sliding block is indeterminate except at conditions of limiting equilibrium; that is, the theory that has been used to predict the behavior of a block is only valid along the line $h/b = \cot \psi$ and along the line $\phi = \psi$. In three of the quadrants, the fact that either one or both of the failure criteria are not met still allows the determination of the behavior. Consider, as an example, the right side, uppermost quadrant: if a block cannot slide, rotational behavior can be deduced from moment equilibrium.

In the lefthand, uppermost quadrant however, neither of these stability criteria is met and the problem is highly statically indeterminate. Intuitively, it must be true that a block sliding on a frictionless surface cannot topple due to the inability of the system to develop an overturning couple. On the other hand, a block sliding on a plane inclined at an angle slightly greater than the friction angle experiences an overturning couple due to the frictional resistance acting on the sliding surface. If, additionally, the block geometry is conducive to toppling, then intuitively, the fact that the block is sliding should introduce an additional toppling moment. An analysis as simple as that illustrated in Figure 3.6 cannot predict the dynamic behavior just described as it is only concerned with limiting cases.

Examination of the plots in Figure 3.7 indicates that combined toppling and sliding was infrequently observed and only occurred near the limiting conditions. The line that delineates that area of the graph corresponding to simultaneous sliding and toppling behavior is not deducible from a simple Limit Equilibrium analysis. The fact that this coupled behavior is not determinable does not detract from the comparison in the least for the true test of the Distinct Element method lies in its ability to produce accurate results along the lines $\psi \approx \phi$ and $h/b = \cot \psi$ which, as Figure 3.7 indicates, it has done.

3.4 Two Block Limiting Equilibrium Model

Goodman (1976) presents a method by which a Limit Equilibrium analysis of two interacting blocks can be performed with the aid of a stereonet. Figure 3.8 illustrates the general nature of the problem; a rock slide consists of two free blocks, one of which is in an active or loading state, the other is in a passive or resisting state. Sliding of the passive wedge is initiated by load transfer from the active wedge which, by definition cannot be sustained by friction alone along its base planes; moment equilibrium is not considered.

The procedure consists of three steps:

- 1. analyze active block with plane 3 as a free face: find $F_{\rm p}$ required
- 2. analyze passive block with plane 3 as a free face, and with load F_n
- 3. system is safe if resultant or passive block falls within the friction cone to the normal to plane 2 Note that if the angle that the resultant on plane 2 makes with the normal to plane 2 is taken as the friction angle on plane 2, then limiting equilibrium conditions exist throughout the mass.

Several different geometries were analyzed by this method for comparison with the Distinct Element method. Care was taken to ensure that the geometries chosen for analysis would fail with a minimal amount of rotation and with full frictional resistance developing on all planes in accordance with the basic theory. The results of several of the test cases are presented in Table 3.1,

some of the geometries and the associated stereographic projections are presented if Figure 3.8.

The difference in the friction coefficient for stability on Plane 2 as calculated by two block Limit Equilibrium as compared to that calculated by the Distinct Element method was found typically to be on the order of one percent.

	Limit Equilibrium		Distinct Element		Relative Difference
Case	φ	μ	ф	μ	in μ
1	23.0°	0.425	23.3°	0.430	1.2%
2	25.5°	0.477	25.7°	0.482	1.0%
3	30.6°	0.597	30.8°	0.597	1.0%
4	33.0°	0.649	33.1°	0.652	0.5%
5	37.6°	0.770	37.5°	0.767	-0.4%

Table 3.1 Comparison of the coefficient of friction required for stability as calculated by Limit Equilibrium and by the Distinct Element method.

Other geometries, in which rotation played a major part in the failure, were analyzed and compared by the two methods. A typical geometry investigated is illustrated in Figure 3.10. The friction coefficient calculated by two block Limit Equilibrium for this geometry was found to be 0.554; the friction coefficient calculated by the Distinct Element method was found to be 0.490. The resulting difference in the friction coefficient was thus eleven percent. If, however, a Limit Equilibrium analysis

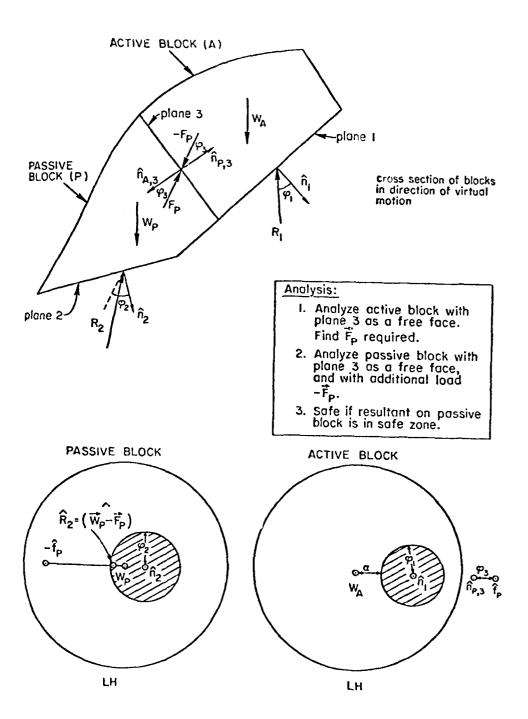


Figure 3.8 Parameters for two dimensional, two block Limit Equilibrium analysis (from Goodman, 1976)

incorporating rotation is performed, the friction coefficient for stability of the passive block is found to be 0.477 with a resulting difference in the friction coefficient of 2.7%. The geometry, stereographic solution and idealized force distribution are shown in Figure 3.10.

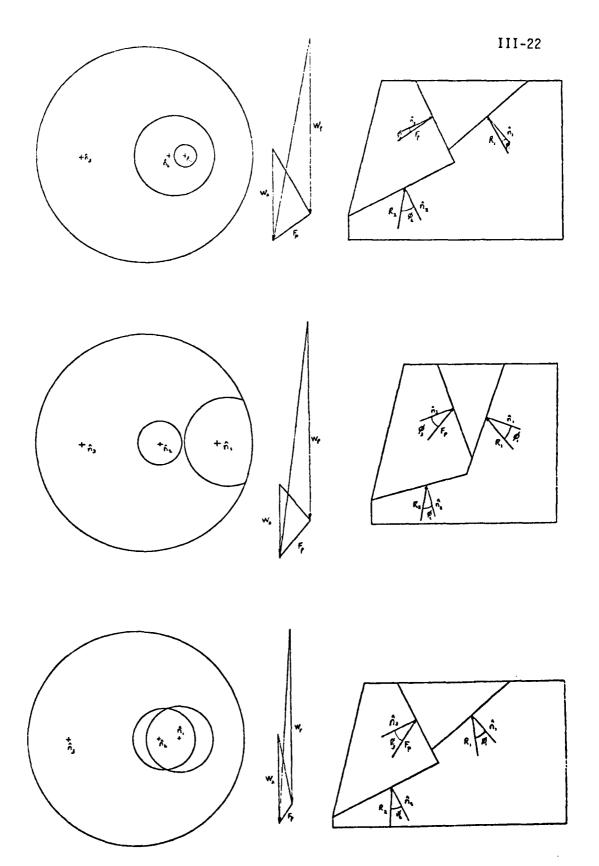


Figure 3.9 Geometries, force polygons and stereographic solutions for representative two block cases analyzed by Limit Equilibrium.

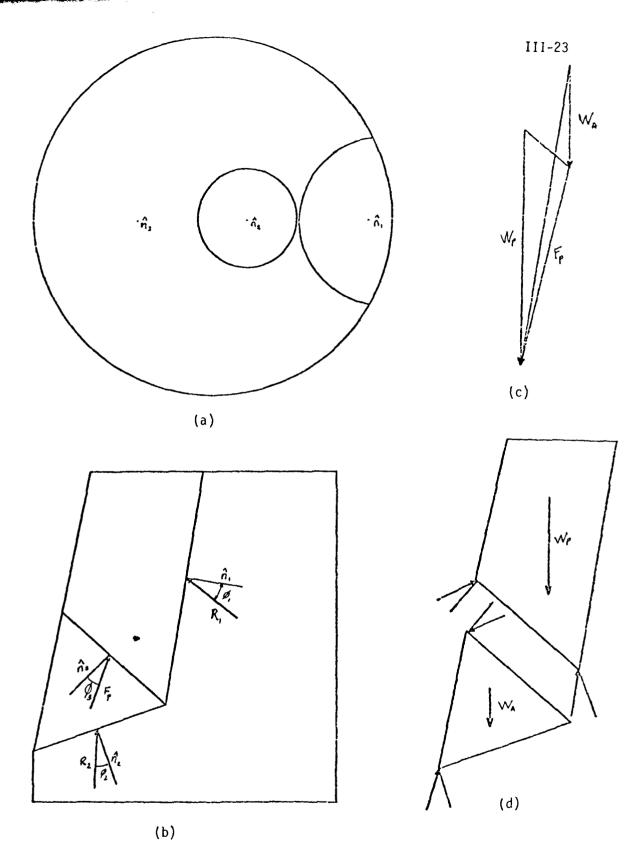


Figure 3.10 (a) (b) (c) Limit Equilibrium analysis of a two block model where toppling is an expected failure mode; (d) Alternative force distribution for consideration of moment equilibrium.

3.5 Embankment Stability Utilizing Equilibrium of Slices

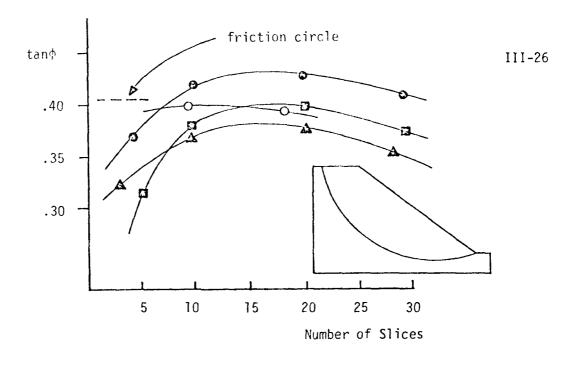
An interesting test of the ability of the Distinct Element method to calculate a comparable solution arises in a comparison to the method of slices approach commonly used to assess the stability of a soil slope. Although the intent of the method of slices approach is to model a soil slope as failing plastically at all points simultaneously, equilibrium is calculated for a number of vertical slices whose behavior can best be described as that of a rigid block. There are a number of approaches to the solution of this problem, but they all have in common the fact that an idealization is made in the true force distribution on a slice to make the solution statically determinate. Examples of idealizations which can be solved by hand calculations are the Fellenius and simplified Bishop techniques (Lambe and Whitman, 1969) which assume zero force resultant in the direction normal to the failure arc and zero force resultant in the vertical direction, respectively. More complex lateral force distribution schemes exist, and are typified by the method of Morganstern and Price (1965), which assumes the lateral force distribution parallels an originally unknown but determinable function, and the method of Spencer (1967, 1973), which assumes that the lateral forces are inclined at a constant and determinable yet originally unknown angle. The solution of these more complex schemes is typically highly iterative and best handled by a computer.

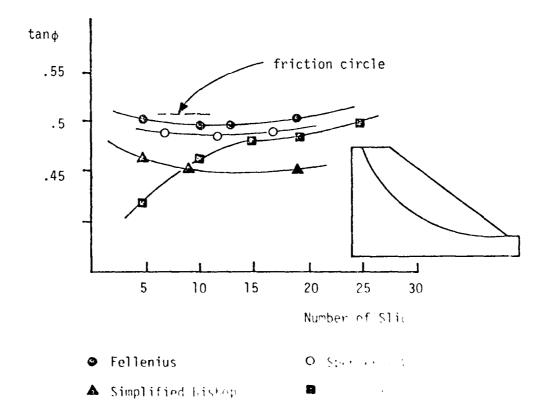
To keep a proper perspective it must be noted that Fellenius chose to ignore the side forces in his method since the error introduced was on the order of five percent and that Beichmann in

1937 used 13 different and reasonable assumptions about the side forces to demonstrate that the maximum difference among the methods was only four percent (Golder, 1972). In addition, Spencer (1967, 1973) was able to demonstrate the insensitivity of the moment equation to the slope of the interslice forces. The inclusion of a constant side force inclination led to a significant reduction in required computational time as there was no longer any need to calculate the thrust position function as in the method of Morganstern and Price.

For purposes of comparison to the Distinct Element method, four commonly encountered method-of-slices analysis were used. The friction circle technique, Taylor (1937), although not a slice type analysis, was also used. With the normal stress concentrated at a single point, this equilibrium solution establishes a lower bound safety factor for all method-of-slices solutions which satisfy statics. The Fellenius and simplified Bishop methods (Lambe and Whitman, 1969) were used because of their simplicity and tendency to bracket the other methods (Whitman and Moore, 1963). Wright's modification of Spencer's method (Major, et al., 1976) was chosen as representative of the methods that include lateral forces, primarily due to its superiority in computational speed.

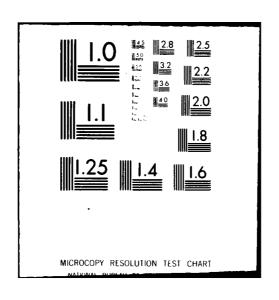
The results of the comparisons for two slope configurations are presented in Figure 3.11; the significant difference between the cases is that case B is more nearly planar owing to the larger radius of the failure surface. Inspection of the figure illustrates several interesting points as outlined in the following





Experience

MINNESOTA UNIV MINNEAPOLIS DEPT OF CIVIL AND MINING --ETC F/6 13/2
RATIONAL DESIGN OF TUNNEL SUPPORTS: AN INTERACTIVE GRAPHICS BAS--ETC(U)
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paragraph.

Firstly, the variation in the friction coefficient required for Limit Equilibrium conditions is a function of the number of slices; the fact that Spencer's method, which utilizes lateral forces, is less sensitive to this parameter probably indicates the reason for this. As the blocks get thinner, they become rotationally unstable and lateral forces are required to maintain equilibrium. On the other hand as the number of slices becomes smaller, the system begins to act as an active/passive block system and once again, lateral forces are required for equilibrium to be reached. In practice, it is recognized that these problems are avoided if the number of slices is in the range of from ten to twenty. Within this range the friction coefficient as calculated by the Distinct Element method is within two percent of the method incorporating side forces (Spencer-Wright) and typically within five to seven percent of that given by either Fellenius or Bishop. Secondly, the friction coefficient calculated by the Distinct Element method diverges from that calculated by the other methods for a small number of slices. This is probably due to the fact that the Distinct Element method approximates the circular failure arc by a series of straight line segments and the possibility that any given segment could have an unwarranted influence on the sliding behavior. A given line segment could lower the inclination of the failure surface at any point along the slope with a corresponding decrease in the resultant friction coefficient required for stability. In contrast to this is the case where the

failure arc is approximated by a larger number of slices; in this case the average slope of the failure arc is correctly represented. These two cases are illustrated in Figure 3.12.

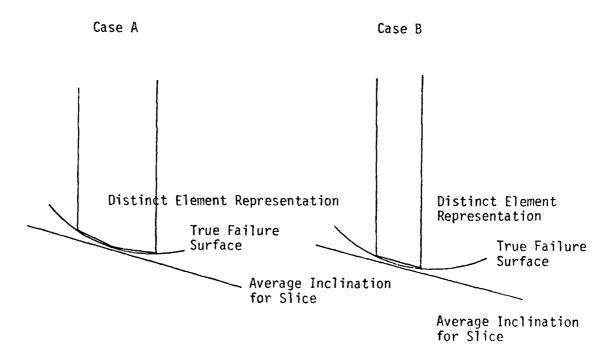


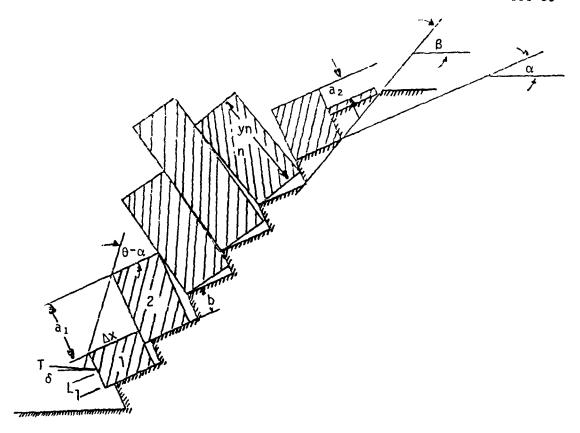
Figure 3.12 Possible mechanism (exagerated view) for divergence of Distinct Element method from slice methods as slice thickness increases. Note that in case A, sliding can occur on a line segment which has a higher inclination than the average for that section of the arc while this does not occur in case B.

3.6 Multi-Block Limiting Equilibrium with Toppling

Goodman and Bray (1976) demonstrated that block toppling can easily be analyzed by Limit Equilibrium methods for the special case of blocks resting on a positively stepped base as shown in Figure 3.13(a). Sliding and toppling modes of failure are analyzed for each block according to the failing configurations illustrated in Figure 3.13(b). The indeterminacy in the equilibrium equation for each block is resolved by assuming that full frictional resistance develops at each contact point. The other major assumption in the method is the position of the points of contact.

Beginning with the uppermost block, the force to prevent toppling and the force to prevent sliding are calculated. The larger of these two numbers dictates whether toppling or sliding will occur; however, if both forces are negative, the block is stable. For the analysis of the next block down the slope, the larger of the two forces (or zero if the block is stable) is applied to the downslope block and the stability of that block determined. The method continues down the slope until the toe block is reached. The force required to maintain equilibrium of the toe block is the cable force required to stabilize the entire slope since all excess driving forces have been transferred to the toe block by the calculation method. The method is general enough to handle any location and orientation of the cable force.

Two of the geometries chosen for analysis are illustrated in Figure 3.14; although similar in appearance, they differ in that the toe block will fail by sliding in one case and by toppling in the other case.



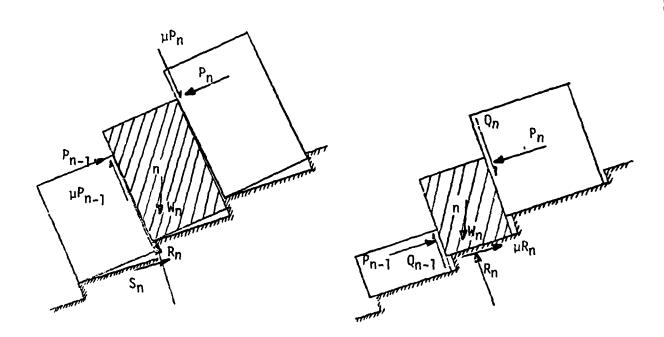


Figure 3.13 Conditions for toppling and for sliding of a given block under limiting conditions (after Goodman and Bray, 1976).

One additional point must be considered when the mode of failure is dominated by toppling. Whereas the stability of a system of sliding blocks may be analyzed with the Distinct Element method by beginning with a condition that is stable with respect to frictional sliding and reducing the friction coefficient until failure occurs, the situation that exists when toppling modes of failure are present is more complex. On the one hand, frictional resistance on the sides of the block and at the corner about which rotation is occurring cannot be fully developed unless rotation induced lateral movement has been allowed to occur between blocks. But on the other hand, once some rotation has occurred, the geometric configuration of the blocks is such that a higher force is required to maintain stability with respect to toppling.

In a comparison of the Distinct Element method and the Goodman and Bray Limit Equilibrium method, this fact must be taken into consideration. Since the significant coordinates are always available during the running of the Distinct Element program, the amount of rotation of an individual block can always be calculated at any time during the running of the program. In addition, a sensitivity analysis relating cable force to base plane inclination was performed using the Goodman and Bray Limit Equilibrium method.

The variation of the step inclination illustrated in the figure does not represent an actual change in the geometry of the model but reflects the actual displacement of the blocks due to rotational movements in the Distinct Element model. The value of the cable

force determined by the Distinct Element method for several values of block rotation is illustrated. The corresponding values as determined by Goodman and Bray's method are also plotted for equivalent rotations. By comparing the data in this manner, there is assurance that the difference in calculated values is not due to a failure to compare equivalent models.

The results of the two comparisons are presented in Figure 3.14; part A illustrates the case of the toe block toppling and part B illustrates the case of the toe block sliding. Inspection of Figure 3.14 shows that the response of the Distinct Element model is similar to that of the Goodman and Bray Limit Equilibrium model; the cable force calculated is also similar for both models.

The relative difference in the calculated cable forces is approximately ten percent for the case of toe block sliding and approximately twenty percent for the case involving toe block rotation. Examination of Figure 3.15 illustrates several discrepancies between the contact force distribution assumed by Goodman and Bray and that calculated by the Distinct Element model. These discrepancies all have a direct bearing on the magnitude of the required cable force and help to explain the difference in the value of the cable force as calculated by the two methods.

The contact forces indicated by the number 1 in the figure indicate "elastic" compression of the block system due to the applied bolt force and result in an increased value of the bolt force required for stability. The contact force indicated by the

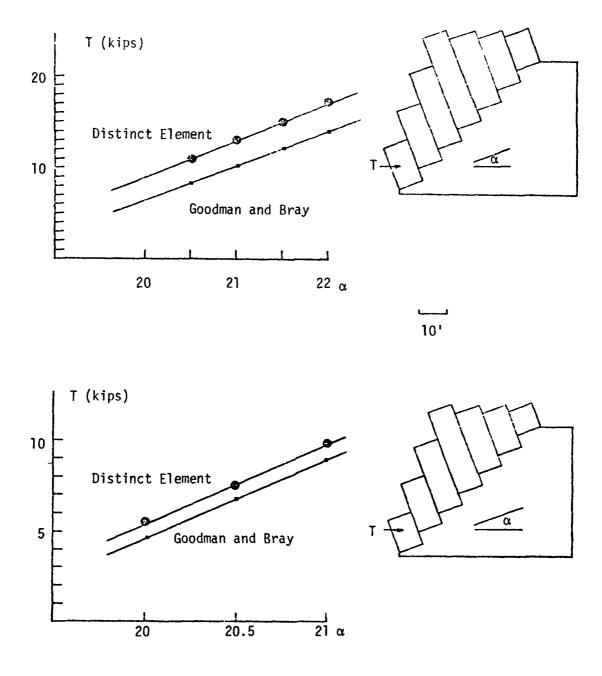


Figure 3.14 Comparison of Distinct Element calculated response of multi-block Limit Equilibrium and response as calculated by the method of Goodman and Bray (1976).

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number 2 also reflects the tendency of the cable force to compact the system; as rotation begins, shearing resistance develops. This force however, acts to stabilize the block and thus, indirectly, reduce the required value of the cable force. The contact forces indicated by the number 3 directly contradict the basic assumption of Goodman and Bray - the development of full frictional resistance at all sliding contacts. Forces of this type acting at less than full frictional development increase the rotational moment on a block and thus increase the required value of the cable force.

In spite of these discrepancies, agreement of the models is still quite good indicating that the effect of the additional contact forces and the failure to mobilize full frictional resistance at all sliding contacts is slight. Additionally, rotational failure is very unstable and dynamic as opposed to simple frictional sliding which is essentially static. In light of this it is felt that the agreement between the Goodman and Bray model and the Distinct Element model is quite good.

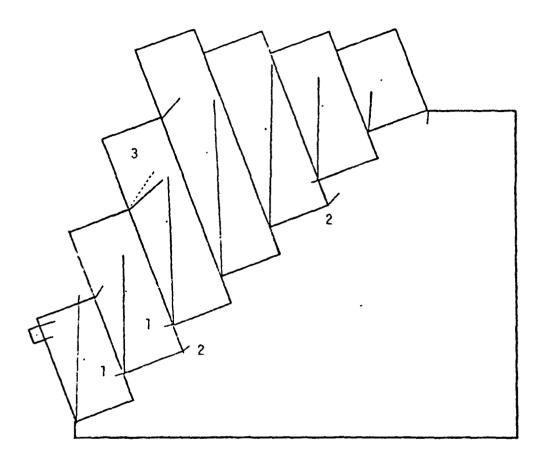


Figure 3.15 Observed discrepancies in the contact force distribution assumed by Goodman and Bray (1976).

3.7 Pressure Distribution in a Jointed Foundation

Several authors, notably Krsmanovic and Milic (1964), Trollope and Brown (1965), and Hayashi (1966) have investigated the distribution of pressure in a fissured or jointed mass loaded by a strip footing. Krsmanovic and Milic used physical, scale models incorporating pressure measuring transducers to examine behavior beneath the foundation, while Trollope and Brown and Hayashi deduced geometrically progressing load transfer factors that were used to predict the pressure distribution within the jointed mass. Of the three models, Hayashi's was used in a comparison with the Distinct Element method because the tests Krsmanovic and Milic performed were limited in scope and involved rupture of the blocks while Trollope and Brown's model relied upon the development of arching in the load transfer and was judged to be more applicable to the analysis of the behavior of a jointed mass on a settling foundation than to a strip loaded foundation (Trollope, 1968). Hayashi presents three approximations, each successively more complex in computational effort, to the distribution of pressures in a jointed, strip loaded foundation. The first approximation, which actually appears earlier in Froehlich (1933), approximates the jointed mass as a tiered assemblage of point loaded simple beams; the resultant pressure distribution for the case of no cohesion or frictional resistance reduces to the combined Pascal distribution as illustrated in Figure 3.16. The second approximation determines the elasticplastic boundary below which slip no longer occurs by means of the

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Note:

Vertical load acting on block is determined by combined Pascal distribution factor (indicated within block) miltiplied by one-half of total load acting on strip (0.5Tq)

Figure 3.16 Hayashi's first approximation to the vertical, normal stress distribution in a fissured foundation combined Pascal distribution.

Boussinesq equations and the third approximation attempts to correct for the conversion of strain energy to heat as slipping occurs. As the second and third approximations introduce additional simplifying assumptions concerning the material behavior, the first approximation was chosen for the comparison with the Distinct Element method.

One of the resulting comparison plots is illustrated in Figure 3.17. Even plotted to an exagerated scale, the similarity is obvious. The maximum discrepancy in the two methods, relative to the total load, is seen to be only four percent. The dissimilarity in the two methods arises in Hayashi's failure to include rotational terms in his analysis. Examining the first row of blocks beneath the strip load shown in Figure 3.16 suggests that the central block, owing to a larger load, will undergo a slightly larger deflection than will the blocks on either side. This will result in an inward rotation of the two side blocks and a corresponding increase of load in the region beneath the central blocks. Following this line of reasoning it is easy to see that had Hayashi considered rotations in his model, the resulting pressure distribution would have been, from a qualitative viewpoint, slightly higher in the central region and lower on the sides bringing it more in line with the pressure distribution calculated by the Distinct Element method.

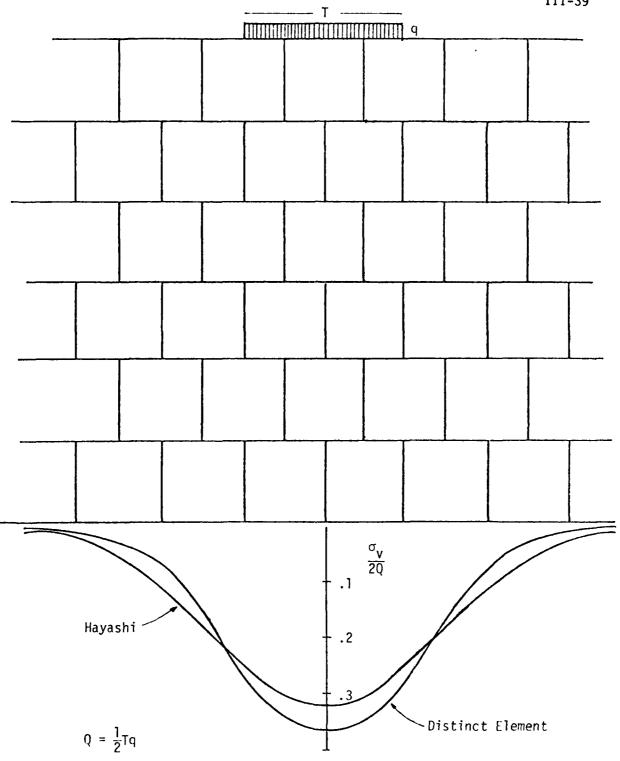


Figure 3.17 Vertical stress on a horizontal plane in a fissured foundation by the Distinct Element method and Hayashi's (1966) method.

3.8 Summary

It seems appropriate to conclude with a brief summary of the comparisons just presented, for the credibility of the remainder of this dissertation depends in part upon the acceptance of the validity of the Distinct Element method on the basis of the simple comparisons presented. Using a base shear apparatus, it was demonstrated qualitatively that the Distinct Element method calculated kinematically correct responses for several classes of complex problems where intuitive projections of the resultant mass deformational response were possible. For those Limit Equilibrium analyses of block models which represented essentially static situations, agreement was typically within one or two percent; even for the more dynamic situation involving multiblock rotations, agreement was on the order of ten percent. Finally, for that situation where it was possible to duplicate all of the assumptions regarding mass behavior, the Distinct Element method was observed to calculate a pressure distribution beneath a strip loaded foundation that was essentially similar to that calculated by Hayashi's (1966) theory.

Confidence in the method depends upon extending this credibility in the Distinct Element obtained solutions to problems where analytical solutions are not possible and where intuitive observations pertain to the mass deformational response are often not practical owing to the complex nature of the jointing.

There are no readily apparent reasons why extending the Distinct Element method to models which are more complicated

geometrically should result in answers that are any less acceptable than those generated for the preceding comparisons. The Distinct Element formulation contains no underlying requirements to dictate where failure surfaces should develop nor does it require that the failure mode must somehow be reducible to idealized mechanisms of arching, toppling, or sliding. No mass elastic response equations with empirically modified parameters are incorporated in the model; no "joint elements" need be formulated. In fact, owing to the explicit nature of the formulation there is not even a need to form a stiffness matrix relating block deformations to interblock loads.

The Distinct Element formulation is oriented toward the behavior of each block as an individual mass. The kinematic behavior of each block is independently calculated using Newton's law of motion; each block senses the blocks surrounding it only as boundary conditions. If the movement of a block leads to penetration or relative movement along the surface of another block then the normal and shear stiffness will lead to interblock contact forces by a simple application of Hooke's law with an upper limit to the forces set by the Mohr-Coulomb relation. These forces are simply treated as boundary conditions for the first block. When a contact is broken by a relative displacement between the two blocks involved, there is no longer a need to consider the effect that these blocks have upon each other.

In light of this single block orientation of the Distinct
Element formulation there is no readily apparent reason why the
only difference between a problem involving only a few blocks and

one involving tens or hundreds of blocks should be anything more than the extended time required to perform the calculations.

It should be noted, however, that the time step used in the calculation cycle is sensitive to the number of contact points a single block experiences at a given time. An increasing number of contact points can lead to numerical instabilities; this simply necessitates a reduction in the time step and is not an indication that the Distinct Element formulation is incapable of solving problems where single blocks simultaneously experience multiple contact points. In the present configuration, the equations are stable up to a maximum of eight points per block.

Additional verification comparisons of Distinct Element calculated responses are presented in the remaining chapters whenever it is possible to express quantitatively the behavior of the block jointed mass under consideration. The high degree of correlation exhibited by the comparisons presented in this chapter is also found to be true for the comparisons presented in the later chapters.

THE STABILITY OF UNDERGROUND EXCAVATIONS IN JOINTED ROCK

4.1 Introduction

The first step in a rational support design method must logically be to predict whether or not a need for support actually exists. Rather than categorically stating that an excavation will or will not be stable if unsupported, it is more realistic to analyze a given situation by varying the values of the input parameters to determine those parameters to which the given excavation will be most sensitive. Using realistic values of the design parameters it can be determined if the excavation can be expected to stand unsupported or if support will be required. This type of investigation is typically found to be very sensitive to the input parameters, particularly those such as joint orientation and spacing, and the magnitude of the pre-existing stress field. Within the context of the expected variation of the parameters in the real situation it is then possible to make a qualitative statement about the stability of the excavation. This typically could be expressed in one of three ways: (1) within the expected variation of the input parameters the proposed excavation should be stable; (2) the expected variation in the input parameters indicates that the excavation may or may not be stable, suggesting a possible need for light supports; or (3), realistic variation of the input parameters indicates that the excavation will not stand unsupported, suggesting the need for heavier supports.

This chapter presents the results of numerous analyses of the

behavior of excavations in jointed rock in an attempt to determine which parameters had the greatest effect on the stability of the excavation. The models chosen for analyses are characterized by simple joint configurations and the behavior examined through the contact forces that exist between the blocks. This behavior is then interpreted in light of arching theory.

The term arch usually conveys the concept of a vaulted opening so that arching seems to describe the process by which the vaulted opening is formed. As used by Woodruff (1966), the term arching refers to the natural process by which a fractured material acquires a certain ability to support itself through the resolution of the vertical component of its weight into diagonal thrust.

Arching theories examine the processes by which this stress transfer is accomplished.

Arching theories are based upon an analysis of beam behavior such as that presented by Woodruff (1966) which is illustrated in Figure 4.1(a). The analysis indicates that zones of tension and compression exist in the strata above the opening. In recognition of the fact that rock is relatively weak in tension, the lower row of the strata above the excavation is represented as being comprised of two independent blocks. The compressive forces which act to maintain the stability of the two blocks above the excavation are illustrated in Figure 4.1(b). The similarity of this force distribution to that of a three hinged structural arch is obvious; an analysis of excavation roofs in this manner is often termed linear arch analysis. As noted in Figure 4.1(b) no vertical force transmittal to the two roof blocks is assumed to occur. Thus

linear arch analysis, in this simple form at least, is an analysis of the lower row of strata only.

A significant portion of the results of this chapter are based upon the recognition of arching patterns in the Distinct Element calculated contact force distributions in the jointed rock surrounding an excavation. It is worthwhile then to briefly describe the origin of the contact forces and the manner in which the arches are recognized.

The contact forces represent the interaction between the blocks. A simple illustration is presented in Figure 4.1(c) where one block is shown on top of another; it is the upper block that is of interest. The weight of the block, shown as w in the figure is the force tending to cause movement. The interaction with the lower block leads to two contact forces which equilibrate the upper block weight. The contact forces are calculated from the overlap or interpenetration of the blocks as described in Chapter 2.8 and represent an equilibrium condition. The contact forces in more complex models are calculated exactly the same way.

The recognition of arching in the contact force distributions is based upon two observations. First, the arching phenomenon is indicated by the presence of relatively high magnitude contact forces. Arching involves diagonal thrust, but the vertical component of this thrust must be at least equal to the weight of the blocks being supported by the arch action. Since the arch thrusts typically form at low angles, the horizontal component of the thrust is usually large. The recognition of arching also is based upon the necessary

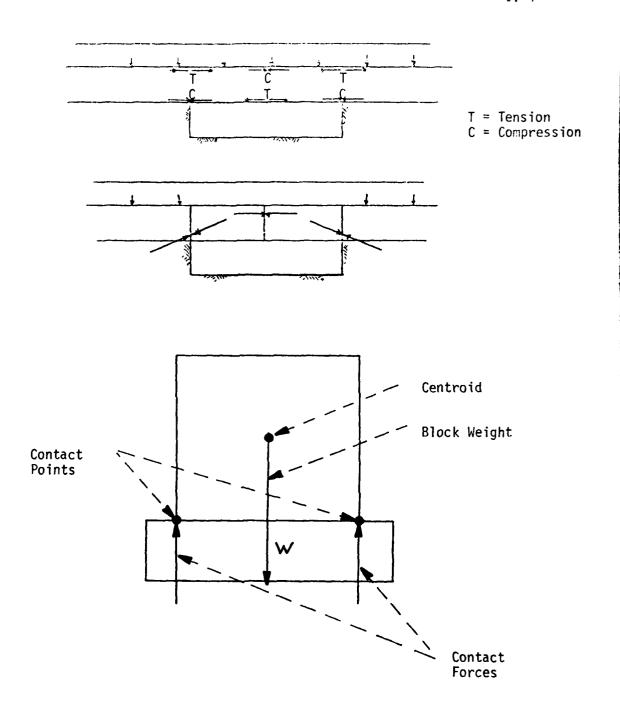


Figure 4.1 (a) General distribution of stress in a beam over an opening; (b) self supporting linear arch model; and (c) contact forces due to weight of block.

continuity of the force distributions. In particular, a block which is in equilibrium can have no unbalanced forces acting on it. Thus, the occurance of high contact forces in a region of low contact forces can only be possible if some mechanism is acting to transfer these forces to a high stressed region.

The analyses presented in this chapter indicate interactions exist within the mass which are typically neglected by arching theory. The analyses also indicate trends suggesting which input parameters have the most effect on the stability of an excavation in jointed rock.

4.2 <u>General Observations on Force Distribution Around Excavations</u> in Jointed Rock

An elastic analysis of the behavior of the rock surrounding an excavation invariably leads to the conclusion that the vertical stress component is transferred to the rock on either side of the excavation resulting in a region of relatively low stress immediately above the excavation. This fact has been demonstrated many times in the past by using photo elastic models and recently by using Finite Element analysis. A typical plot of stresses surrounding an opening in an elastic medium is presented in Figure 4.2(a). Note that a zone of tension exists at the crown.

The Distinct Element method can be used to study the redistribution of stress due to an excavation in a jointed medium. As an example, consider the model of the roof of an excavation presented in Figure 4.2(b). Owing to the discontinuous nature of the vertical jointing, only blocks in the lower four rows are able, from a kinematic standpoint, to move into the excavation. The weights of all of the blocks, drawn to a common scale, are illustrated in Figure 4.2(c). All of the contact vector distributions for the jointed models illustrated in Figure 4.2 utilize the same force scale. Figure 4.2(d) illustrates the redistribution of forces that occurs as the room is excavated. Analogous to the elastic model, the bulk of the stress is transferred to the material on either side of the excavation and a destressed, triangular zone is seen directly above the opening. The lower portion of the

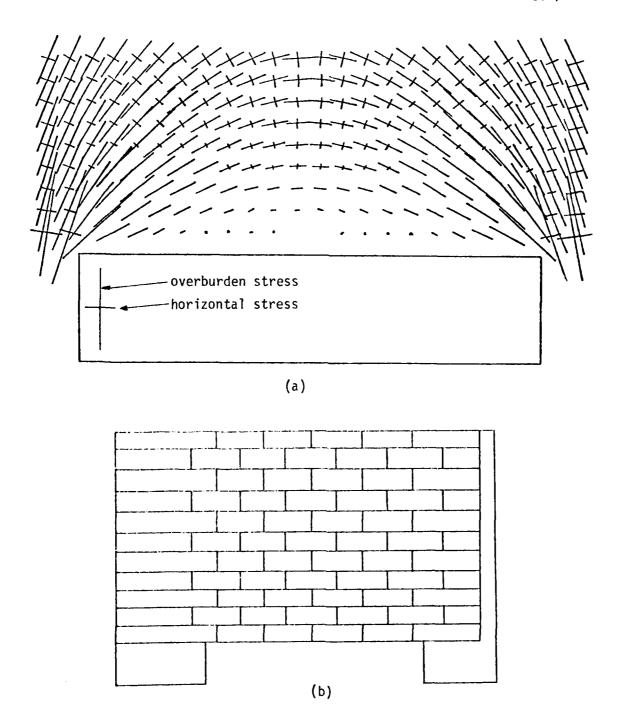


Figure 4.2 (a) stress distribution in roof of opening in elastic medium; (b) model for behavior of jointed roof.

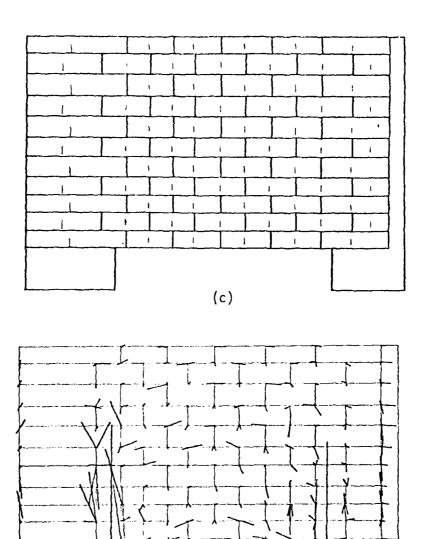
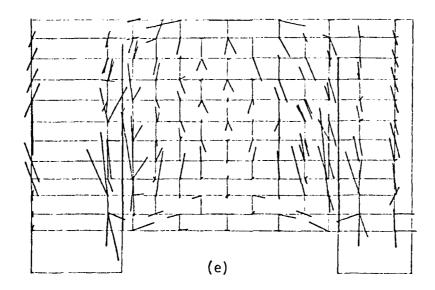


Figure 4.2 (continued): (c) block weights for jointed roof model; (d) force distribution in roof following excavation (overburden due solely to block weight).

(d)



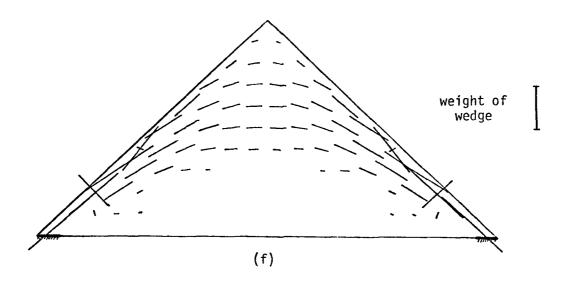


Figure 4.2 (continued: (e) force distribution in roof due to block weight and additional load to simulate greater depth: (f) stress distribution in triangular wedge supported at lower corners.

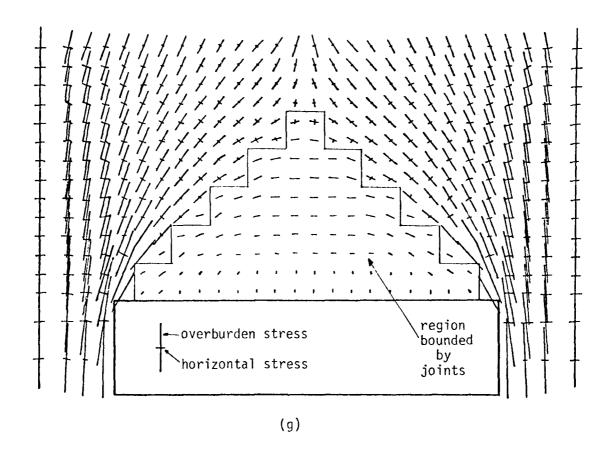


Figure 4.2 (continued): (g) stress distribution in jointed roof by Finite Element analysis.

triangular zone is seen to be in tension in the elastic case, whereas in the jointed model the absence of contact forces at the center of the bottom row of blocks indicates that the response of the jointed model is characterized by opening of joints.

Furthermore, the pattern of compressional contact forces in the lower portion of the traingular zone indicates that an arch is forming and supporting the weight of the blocks within the triangular zone. The formation of this arch is discussed in section 4.3.3.

To investigate the effects of greater depth of the excavation, a uniform force was applied to the upper row of blocks in the model. Figure 4.2(e) is a plot of the stress distribution for the case where the applied forces correspond to a depth of excavation approximately ten times that illustrated in Figure 4.2(b). The same relaxed triangular zone characteristic of the low stress problem can be seen in Figure 4.2(e).

Comparison of the force distributions in the jointed models with that for the elastic case indicates that although arches are developing in both cases the support afforded by the formation of the arch is fundamentally different in the two cases. In the elastic case a single arch forms relatively high in the roof and the weight of the material in the destressed zone is supported through the development of tensional forces. The jointed models on the other hand develop two arches, one relatively high in the roof which delineates the destressed zone; and one that acts to support the lower strata.

This observation indicates a significant difference between the behavior predicted by elastic analyses and by the Distinct Element method. To determine to what extent the elastic behavior depended upon the continuity of the mass, several idealized models of roof behavior were analyzed, two of which are described here.

Figure 4.2(f) presents the results of a typical elastic analysis wherein the destressed zone was analyzed independently of the surrounding rock mass. The arch is still seen to form in the upper portion of the wedge of material and the material in the lower part of the wedge is in tension. This is in direct contrast to the behavior of the jointed masses analyzed by the Distinct Element method.

Figure 4.2(g) presents the results of a Finite Element analysis where the destressed zone was bounded approximately by a series of joint elements. Once again, the resultant behavior is characterized by a high arch and tensional forces; no evidence of arching action in the lower portion of the destressed zone is seen.

The behavior of the roof above an excavation in an elastic medium is thus seen to be fundamentally different than the behavior of a similar excavation in a jointed medium. The next portion of this chapter presents the results of an investigation to determine the causes of this fundamental difference.

4.3 A Model for the Behavior of Jointed Mine Roofs

The analyses discussed in this chapter deal with the behavior of the roofs of excavations in a medium where jointing is vertical and horizontal. The models have been kept simple deliberately so as to gain insight into relationships among the various parameters. As the overall goal of this study is to demonstrate the usefulness of the Distinct Element method in the analysis of excavation in jointed rock, more effort has been expended on demonstrating the effect of varying the significant parameters than on developing a single, all encompassing equation purported to describe the behavior of mine roofs.

The majority of the analyses to be discussed utilize similar jointed models, but although the chosen models are realistic the limitations were not imposed by the Distinct Element method as such; the techniques presented in this chapter are equally applicable to any model configuration. Although outside the scope of this study it is easy to envision an eventual compendium of various model geometries that portrays graphically the differences in the behavior of models.

4.3.1 The basic model

The basic model used for analysis consists of a rectangular opening in a rock mass with continuous horizontal jointing and discontinuous jointing in the vertical direction as shown in Figure 4.3. This model does not consider the effect of joint inclination but does allow for variation of the span aspect ratio of the blocks and friction angle of the joint surfaces.

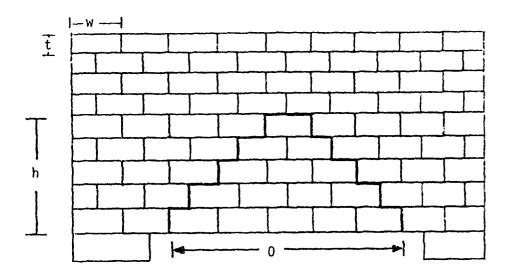


Figure 4.3 Jointed model upon which analysis was based. (O is span width, w is block width, t is block thickness and h is height of the triangular wedge.

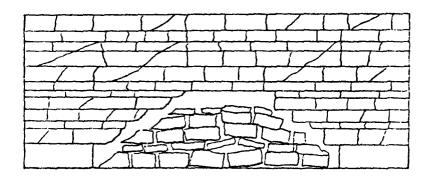


Figure 4.4 Diagramatic section of a roof fall (After Jones and Davies, 1929).

As justification for the use of the model a brief summary is given of four previous studies comprising theoretical calculations, laboratory as well as field observations and measurements, which utilized a similar model or support the model.

1) Behavior of Coal Mine Roofs

Jones and Davies (1929) presented a summary of their observations of roof behavior in British coal mines. They found that roof falls were invariably limited in height, the majority of the falls extending from 3 to 10 feet upward; falls exceeding 15 feet in height were considered exceptional. Judging from their description of the mining methods, the drifts were from 12 to 18 feet wide. They also concluded that the canopy of the fall was typically stepped along the sides "in the manner of a stairway viewed from below". A diagramatic section from their paper is reproduced in Figure 4.4.

2) Loads on Tunnel Supports

On the basis of observations and measurements of timber crushing in railway tunnels, Terzaghi (1946) proposed a classification scheme for the estimation of the maximum probable load on tunnel supports. Figure 4.5 presents one of the models used by Terzaghi to illustrate his concept that in relatively thin strata with many joints a peaked roof will develop. According to Terzaghi a constant load with a height equal to the height of the peaked roof acts to load the tunnel supports.

3) Laboratory Investigation of Arching

Trollope (1966) utilized a physical model with continuous joints parallel to the roof and discontinuous jointing in the

perpendicular direction to demonstrate the behavior of an excavation roof. Like Terzaghi he concluded that in general, two zones may be identified within the immediate roof.

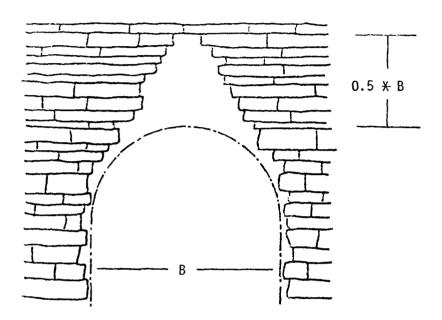


Figure 4.5 Maximum probable overbreak if no support furnished (Terzaghi, 1946)

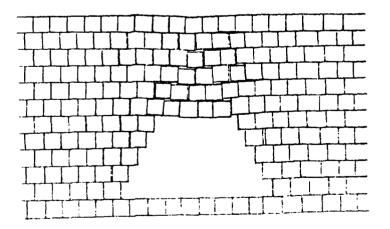


Figure 4.6 Trollope's Block Jointed Model (Trollope, 1966)

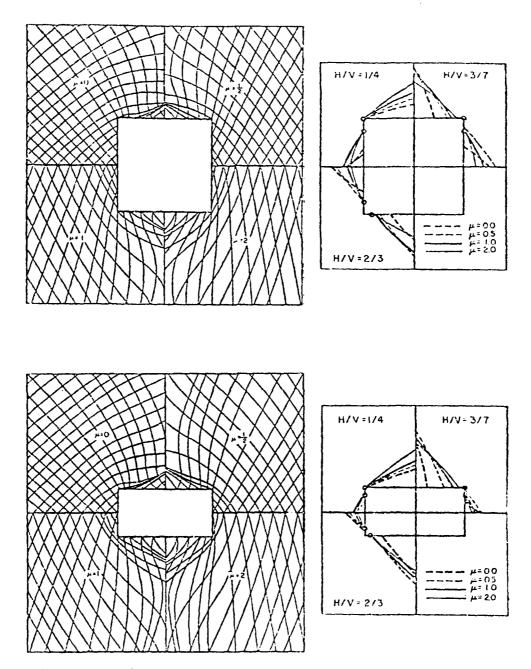
The first is inherently stable; the other zone which he referred to as the suspended zone, corresponds roughly with Terzaghi's triangular zone. Whereas Terzaghi concluded that the material within the zone would load the tunnel supports, Trollope was more concerned with the development of arching and stability within the suspended zone. Trollope's model is shown diagramatically in Figure 4.6.

Wang, Panek and Sun (1971) utilized Finite Element analysis techniques to determine the stress distribution surrounding excavations in a homogeneous medium. The maximum shearing stresses so calculated were then utilized in a Limit Equilibrium analysis to determine potential fracture surfaces. If the potential fracture surfaces were found to be unstable, they were termed critical. Although not directly applicable to problems of jointed rock, their results nevertheless indicate that the critical fracture surfaces define triangular wedges above the excavation. Possible and critical fracture surfaces calculated by their method for square and rectangular openings are illustrated in Figure 4.7. These plots indicate an expected maximum height of the triangular wedge of from 0.15 to 0.5 times the excavation width depending upon Poisson's ratio and the

4.3.2 <u>Properties of the basic model</u>

coefficient of internal friction.

Referring once again to Figure 4.3 it can be seen that, by kinematic considerations, a triangular wedge of material is free to



H/V = ratio of horizontal to vertical stress μ = coefficient of internal friction

Figure 4.7 Possible and critical fracture surfaces for square and rectangular openings. (Wang, Panek and Sun, 1971)

move into the excavation. The height of this triangular wedge (referred to by Terzaghi as overbreak and by Trollope as the height of the suspended zone) is easily calculated in terms of the excavation span and the thickness and width of the blocks defined by the jointing pattern.

The number of blocks (b) in the bottom row of the roof strata is given by:

b = 0/w

O is the true span of the excavation

w is the block width

(Note that span is defined as illustrated in Figure 4.3)

Restricting the analyses to the case where all blocks are identical, it is easily verified that the height of the triangular wedge is given by:

$$h = b \cdot t 4.1$$

where: t is the block thickness

In terms of the aspect ratio of the blocks (A = t/w)

$$h = 0 . A$$
 4.2

Equation 4.2 is plotted in Figure 4.8 as a family of curves representing the wedge height as a function of span for various aspect ratios; the block shapes are also illustrated for several values of the aspect ratio. The curves represent kinematic considerations only and indicate that increasing the aspect ratio of the blocks has the effect of increasing the height of the traingular wedge and thus, for a constant block width, the volume of material that tends to move into

the excavation. The curve corresponding to an aspect ratio of 0.5 is plotted more boldly since this is the equation for the height of the arch in stratified rock according to Terzaghi.

The graph is presented without units since the axes are consistent; that is, if the span is measured in meters, then the height of the wedge will be in meters.

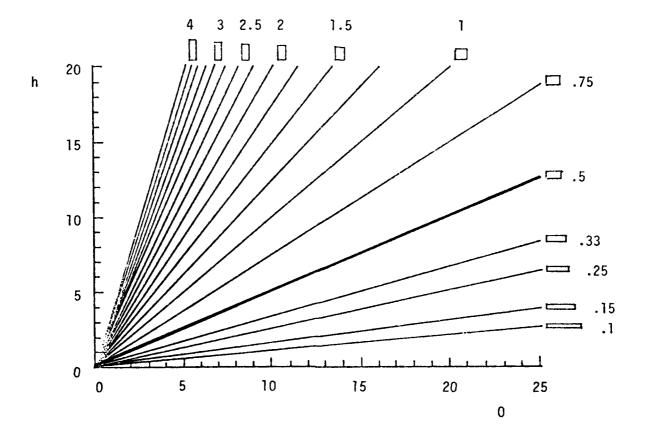


Figure 4.8 Relationship between span width (0), and height of suspended zone (h) for various values of the aspect ratio (t/w) of the model illustrated in Figure 4.3. The aspect ratio of the blocks is graphically portrayed.

4.4 The Stability of Roofs in the Absence of Arch Development

The simplest model of roof behavior considered comprises excavations where the roof strata form a monolithic block and resistance to downward movement of the roof strata is provided only by frictional resistance acting along the vertical sides of the block. Owing to the complete absence of flexural deformation in this model, arching behavior is unable to develop. Typical geometries of the roof block are illustrated in Figure 4.9.

In models of this type, Limit Equilibrium principles are often used to develop the governing equation (see for instance, Szechy, 1970). The idealized force distributions shown in Figure 4.9 were used to derive a relationship between the horizontal thrust (H), the total weight of the roof block (\dot{W}) and the friction angle ($\dot{\phi}$). In order to derive this relationship, an assumption regarding the relative magnitudes of the frictional reaction (R₁, etc.) must be made. To make the models illustrated in Figure 4.9 statically determinate two assumptions must be made: first, it is assumed that full frictional resistance is mobilized at all points of contact; and, second, it is assumed that the frictional resistance vectors are symmetric about the block. Under these assumptions, equilibrium principles can be used to derive the equation relating horizontal force to block weight and friction angle. This relationship is:

$$H = 1/2 W \cot \phi \qquad 4.3$$

A number of monolithic roof geometries were analyzed by the Distinct Element method for purposes of comparison to equation 4.3. The results of these analyses are presented in Figure 4.10 where the joint plane angle of friction required for stability is plotted as

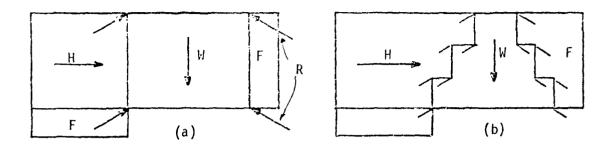


Figure 4.9 Limit Equilibrium models for roof behavior under frictional suspension.

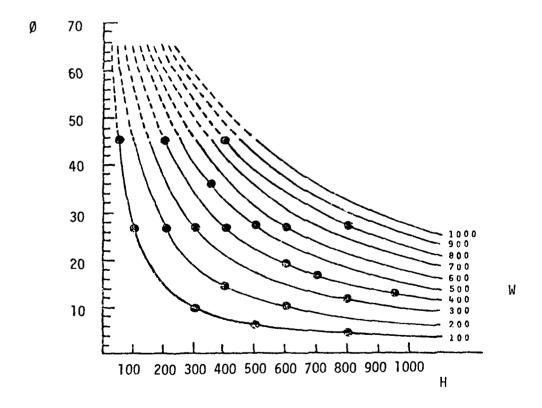
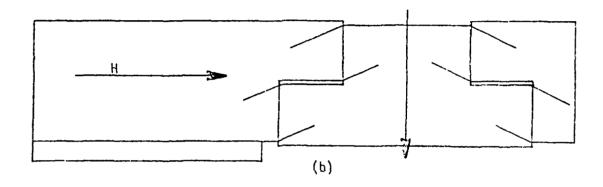


Figure 4.10 Friction angle (3) required for stability as a function of horizontal force (H) and roof weight (W) in a non arching model.

a function of the applied horizontal force and the roof weight. The family of curves plotted in Figure 4.10 was generated using equation 4.3; it is readily apparent upon inspection of the figure that there is a high degree of correllation between the horizontal force required for stability as calculated by equation 4.3 and that calculated by the Distinct Element method.

In the derivation of equation 4.3 it was assumed that full frictional resistance was developed at sliding contacts and that the frictional resistance developed symmetrically. Figure 4.11 illustrates that this is indeed the case; the three representative geometries presented in the figure have fully developed frictional resistances and the symmetry is obvious. The reason that some of the contact forces point away from the sliding block and that some point toward it is due to the plotting convention of the distinct Element program. Since each contact point comprises two blocks, there must be a force acting on each block. The convention adopted is to plot the force corresponding to the edge upon which sliding is occuring.



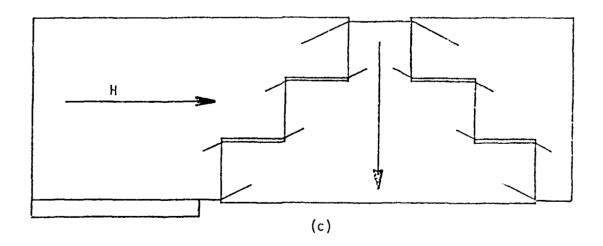


Figure 4.11 Frictional resistance developed in no-arching models at onset of sliding failure.

4.5 An Examination of the Stability of Jointed Roofs

4.5.1 The Voussoir arch

The concept of an arch is of fundamental importance in the study of the way in which loads are transfered to the sides of an opening. Relatively large, unsupported spans in jointed rock can only be obtained if the major portion of the load due to the overlying strata is carried to the abutments through arches forming in the jointed rock immediately above an excavation. As an aid in visualizing the way in which an arch develops in jointed media, it is instructive to examine a particular type of masonry structure which utilizes arch principles to transfer gravity loads to abutments. This structure is known as the Voussoir arch and examples of this type of arch can be seen in the ancient Roman aquiducts and in the vaulted ceilings of European cathedrals. The Voussoir arch is still in common use today for purposes such as relieving the loads on a lintel over a window or for bridging the span of a road.

Despite the widespread usage of the Voussoir arch in masonry construction, the first rational attempts to quantify the behavior of the Voussoir arch did not appear until Pippard, Tranter and Chitty (1936) and Pippard and Ashby (1938) published the results of an extensive experimental study of the mechanics of the Voussoir arch. A significant outcome of their research was the observation that a Voussoir arch could be analyzed as a three hinged, and thus statically determinate, arch.

The analyses performed by Pippard, Tranter and Chitty and Pippard and Ashby are significant to this present study for at least three

reasons:

- the analysis was an attempt to quantify the behavior of a jointed medium;
- 2) the results of the theoretical studies were compared to physical models; and
- 3) the method of analysis introduces the general calculation techniques of linear arch analysis.

It would seem worthwhile, therefore, to devote some detail to the above mentioned work.

Figure 4.12 illustrates a Voussoir arch as it might occur as a structural element of a small bridge. Descriptive terminology for the various components of the arch is identified in the figure. The wedge shaped blocks which comprise the arch are individually known as voussoirs; they are usually disposed symmetrically about a central voussoir known as the keystone. Pippard and Baker (1948) summarized the earlier work of Pippard, Tranter and Chitty (1936) and Pippard and Ashby (1938) and noted that no single voussoir is more important structurally than any other and that a keystone is not an essential feature of the arch. The keystone is an aesthetic and traditional feature rather than a structural requirement; thus a Voussoir arch can be stable even with a central joint present.

As previously mentioned, the research of Pippard and his coworkers indicated that the force distribution in a Voussoir arch would be statically determinate, in the absence of fixity at the abutments, owing to the development of three hinges. For a symmetrically loaded Voussoir arch two of the hinges were seen to be loacted at the

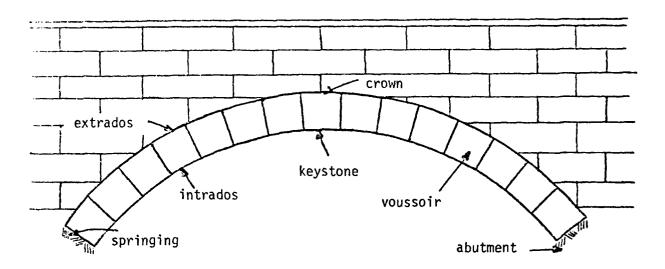


Figure 4.12 A typical Voussoir arch application with component parts identified.

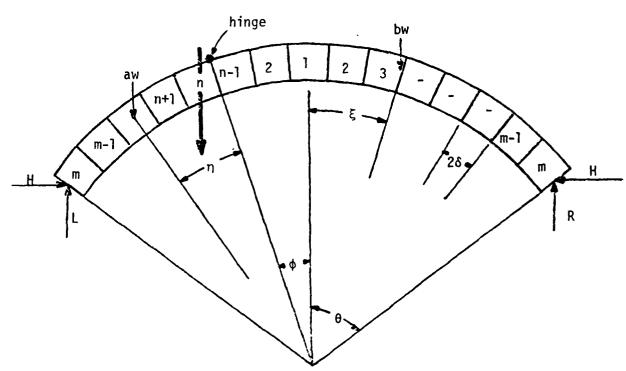


Figure 4.13 Nomenclature used in analysis of a non-symmetrically loaded Voussoir arch. For a description of identified variables see the text.

abutments with the third hinge at midspan if a central joint existed or on one of the faces of the keystone if it were present. For the case of non-symmetrical point loading the two abutment hinges developed as in the symmetrical case, but the position of the third hinge was initially variable, typically located somewhere on the extrados between midspan and the loaded voussoir. Increased load or abutment movement caused the position of the variable hinge to move closer to the loaded voussoir; when the hinge reached the joint next to the loaded voussoir on the midspan side, it did not change its position again until failure had occured.

The observations concerning the formation of hinges, coupled with the results of the other analytical and experimental studies performed by Pippard and his co-workers provide good data for checking the accuracy of the Distinct Element method as well as introducing the techniques of linear arch analysis which will be used extensively in this chapter.

The idealized model used in the present study is illustrated in Figure 4.13. The model arch is circular in shape and the abutments subtend an angle of 20. Hinges are assumed to develop at the abutments and at the extrados of the joint nearest the point of application of the external load W on the side nearest the crown. Each individual voussoir subtends an angle of 26 and has a weight w. The voussoirs are numbered consecutively from 1 at the keystone to m at the abutment; thus the total number of voussoirs in the arch is 2m-1. In addition to the external load, the arch is also loaded by

its self weight. With respect to the non-abutment hinge, self weights of magnitude aw and bw act on the shorter and longer spans respectively, as illustrated in Figure 4.13. The points of application of the loads are located as follows: the external load W is applied at the centroid of voussoir number n; the longer span load is located at an angle ξ clockwise from the vertical; the shorter span load is located at an angle n counter clockwise from the hinge which in turn is located at an angle φ counter clockwise from the vertical. It is easily shown that for an odd number of voussoirs;

$$\eta = \xi = (m - n + 1) \delta;$$
 $\phi = (2n - 3) \delta;$
 $\theta = (2m - 1) \delta;$
 $a = m - n + 1;$ and
 $b = m + n - 2$

For a Voussoir arch with an even number of voussoirs a slight modification must be introduced; the voussouirs are numbered consecutively from the crown joint starting with 1 and ending with m. Thus, these are 2m voussoirs in the arch. The corresponding parameters are given by:

$$n = \xi = (m - n + 1) \delta;$$
 $\phi = 2(n - 1) \delta;$
 $\theta = 2 m \delta;$
 $a = m - n + 1;$ and
 $b = m + n - 2$

The analytical approach used by Pippard, Tranter and Chitty (1937) involved the determination of strain energies and application of Castigliano's theorems. This approach was necessary because they

were interested in displacements as well as forces and because they analyzed indeterminate as well as determinate arches. Since the present study is limited to three hinged arches which are statically determinate, a simpler analytical method has been adopted. Equilibrium principles provide the means to determine the force

Equilibrium principles provide the means to determine the force distribution in a statically determinate structure and have been used to derive the following equations.

The horizontal force H induced by a point load of magnitude W applied at the centroid of voussoir n subject to the development of hinges in the manner previously described is found by the superposition of the horizontal force H_W due to the external load and the horizontal force H_S due to the self load. These horizontal forces are calculated by taking moments about the midspan hinge and using an equation expressing vertical equilibrium.

The horizontal thrust due to the self weight of the arch is given by:

$$H_{S} = ((\sin\theta - \sin\phi) L_{S} - aw (\sin (\phi + \eta) - \sin\phi)) \frac{1}{\cos\phi - \cos\theta}$$
 4.5

The quantity L_s represents the vertical abutment reaction on the shorter span due to the self weight of the arch and is given by:

$$L_{s} = ((\sin\phi + \sin(\theta + \eta)) \text{ aw } + (\sin\theta - \sin\eta) \text{ bw}) \frac{1}{2 \sin\theta}$$
 4.6

The horizontal thrust due the applied point load is given by:

$$H_{W} = \left(L_{W} \left(\sin\theta - \sin\left(\phi + \delta\right) - W\left(\sin(\phi + \delta) - \sin\phi\right)\right) \frac{1}{\cos\phi - \cos\theta}$$
 4.7

The quantity L_{W} represents the vertical abutment reaction on the shorter span due to the point load and is given by:

$$L_{W} = \frac{W}{2} \left(1 + \frac{\sin(\phi + \delta)}{\sin \theta} \right)$$
 4.8

To demonstrate the validity of the above equations, several data points from Pippard and Baker (1948) are plotted in Figure 4.14a with the plotted curve representing the ratio of horizontal force to applied load, neglecting the self weight of the arch, given by equations 4.7 and 4.8. Since Pippard and Baker did not present their analytical expressions for the ratio of horizontal thrust to applied load, the parameters used in equations 4.7 and 4.8 were scaled from drawings in their paper. In light of this limitation, the fit of the data points to the theoretical expression can be described as quite good.

The Distinct Element method was used to analyze several Voussoir arches. The results of one of these series of tests are presented in Figure 4.14b. The theoretical curve presented in the figure represents the horizontal force due to an applied point load, incorporating the horizontal force due to the self weight of the arch, as given by equations 4.5 through 4.8. In this case, as in other Voussoir arches analyzed by the Distinct Element method, the test points fit the theoretical curve quite well, and suggest that the Distinct Element method is capable of reproducing the results of the physical model tests performed by Pippard and his co-workers.

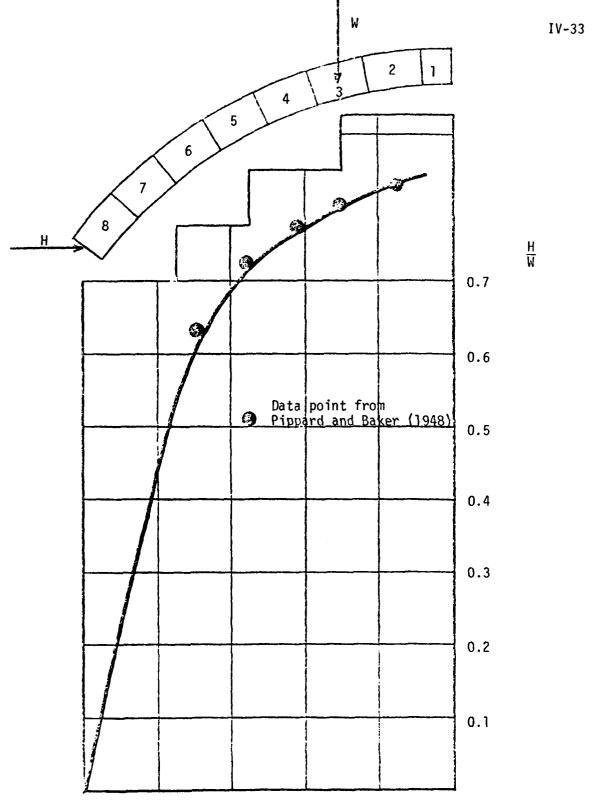


Figure 4.14(a) Horizontal thrust developed due to an applied point load neglecting the self weight of the arch.

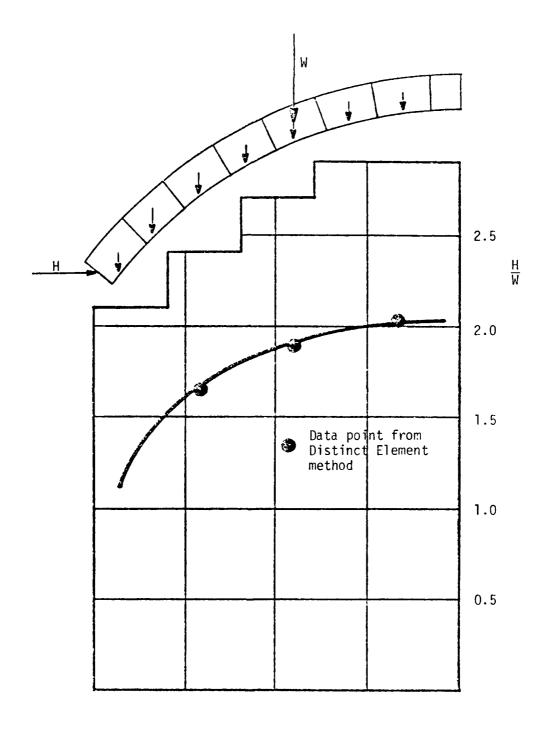


Figure 4.14(b) Horizontal thrust due to an applied point load incorporating the self weight of the arch.

To complete the discussion on Voussoir arches it is instructive to examine the force distribution in the arches for several cases as calculated by the Distinct Element method. The geometry of the arch and two force distributions for different positions of the applied point load are presented in Figure 4.15; also shown in the figure is the geometry of the arch at failure in response to increased load. Immediately apparent in both force distributions is the formation of the midspan hinge as evidenced by absence of contact force on one corner of the loaded block. Pippard and Ashby (1938) concluded that the position of this hinge was invariable once finite displacement of the abutments or sufficient loading had occured. As previously noted, the hinge always formed on the extrados of the arch on the midspan side of the block to which the point load had been applied; in all of the arches analyzed by the Distinct Element method the midspan hinge was seen to develop in the manner described by Pippard and Ashby.

The force distribution in the arch is also indicative of the way in which the failure of the arch ultimately occurs in response to increased loading. Examination of the force distributions in Figure 4.15 (b) and (c) show that in both cases the longer span is experiencing far less compressive force on the extrados than on the intrados. As the externally applied load is increased to induce failure, the geometry shown in Figure 4.15(d) develops. The increased load leads to the development of a fourth hinge on the arch at which point the arch collapses. The position of the fourth

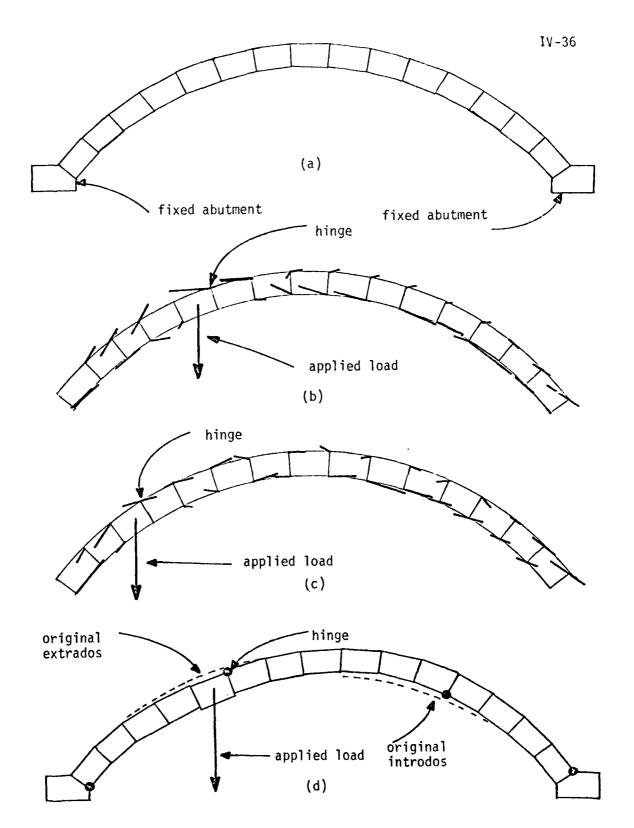


Figure 4.15 Variation in force distribution with the position of the applied load, and the ultimate collapse of a Voussoir Arch.

hinge is not as predictable as the other three, and is complicated by the fact that slippage may occur along the sides of the voussoirs. The method of calculation of the critical external load, which involves trial and error procedures and is beyond the scope of this brief introduction to Voussoir arches, is discussed by Pippard and Baker (1948).

4.5.2 Arching conditions in jointed roofs

As early as 1885 (Jones and Davies, 1929) Fayol demonstrated that an arching action could occur in bedded roofs and would act to shield the immediate roof from the full weight of the overlaying material. The fact that the height of the dome formed when a mine roof failed was limited was taken by Jones and Davies as further evidence that arching action was occurring and acting to transfer the bulk of the vertical load to the adjacent pillars. At a later date, Evans (1941) proposed that arching was also occurring within the immediate roof in the manner of a Voussoir Arch.

Evans characterized the behavior of the lower strata in a mine roof as a jointed beam within which the stresses were distributed in the manner of a modified three hinged arch. As downward displacement of the beam occurs, the central joint opens in response to "bending" induced tension and the compressive forces are increased at the upper contact. The analogy to a three hinged arch is clearly seen in the postulated pressure distribution which is illustrated in Figure 4.1. Because the manner in which the forces are distributed

resembles the classical Voussoir arch, this type of analysis is often referred to as Voussoir beam analysis.

Evans' research, and that which followed, was concerned with the stress state and subsequent fracture of the strata within the immediate roof above the excavation and is not directly applicable to the present study. The concept of two separate pressure arches in the roof strata is, however, of interest.

In the discussions that follow, the pressure arch that carries the weight of the superincumbent strata to the sides of the excavation will be termed the ground arch; the lower arch that forms within the wedge of failing material will be termed the roof arch.

The analyses that form the basis for the discussion presented in this chapter indicate clearly that the stability of the roof of an excavation in jointed material is dependent upon the formation of the roof arch. In fact, the general pattern of force distribution in the basic model of this study is that illustrated in Figure 4.2(d). Most of the weight due to the overlaying strata is transferred to the abutments through the ground arch; the stability of the resulting destressed zone is maintained through the development of the roof arch in the lower strata. Specific departures from this general pattern were observed in those instances where the horizontal stress field was greater than that required for stability and in those instances where the block thicknesses exceeded some critical thickness. Both of these occurrences inhibit block rotations and thus the development of arching.

Although it may be argued that the geometry of the basic model forces the development of the ground arch in the manner of a corbel, the following examples demonstrate the formation of both arches even in those cases where the geometry of the blocks does not act to aid the formation of the ground arch.

Before proceeding with the discussion it is appropriate to mention a factor common to all of the Distinct Element models presented in this chapter. The horizontal stress field is modeled by means of loads applied at the centroids of the outermost blocks. Additionally, these blocks are modeled as having no frictional resistance to lateral movement. The result of this approach is that the horizontal stress thus has the characteristics of a "following load"; the horizontal stress field always remains constant and is independent of lateral displacement. This simplification was necessary because the rigid blocks of the Distinct Element formulation do not allow blocks peripheral to the excavation to accomodate movement through elastic strain. If this approximation is not made, the modeled geometries are so stiff that failure does not occur. The analyses therefore cannot model the effects of varying the joint stiffness or of the dilatant properties of real joints. The analyses do, however, closely approximate the conditions modeled by linear arch analysis and are considered to be valid, though rudimentary, approaches to modeling the behavior of excavation roofs.

Figure 4.16(a) illustrates an example of the basic model; if complete failure were to take place, blocks from the lower six

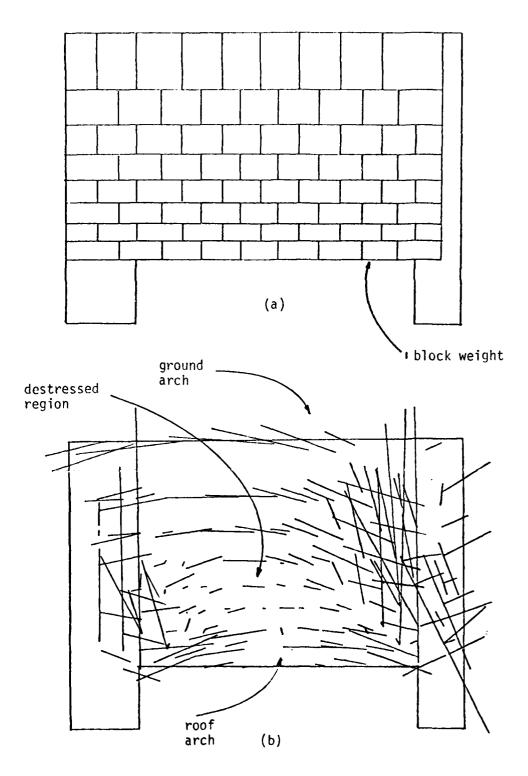


Figure 4.16 Formation of the ground and roof arches in a vertically discontinuous jointed model.

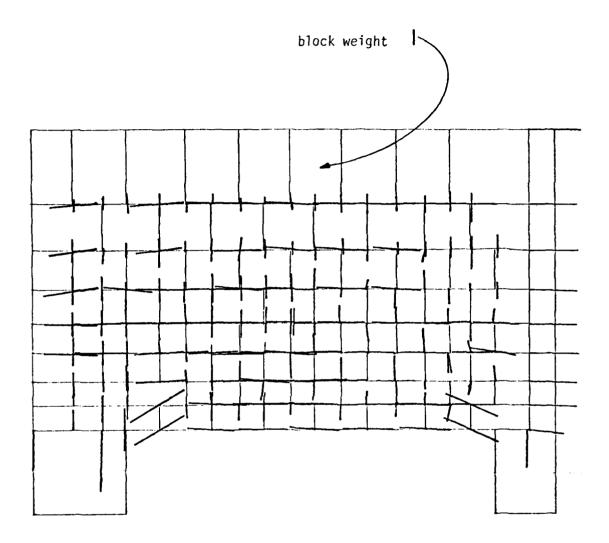


Figure 4.17 Roof and ground arch development inhibited due to high horizontal forces.

rows would move into the excavation. However, sufficient horizontal pressure is present so that the configuration is just stable. The distribution of contact forces is as illustrated in Figure 4.16(b).

Although examination of Figure 4.16(b) indicates that the middle joint in the lowest row of blocks has opened at its lower contact, the configuration of blocks is, nevertheless stable. The mechanism that is responsible for this stability is the development of the roof arch. The relaxed or suspended zone can be seen to extend upward roughly four-fifths of the span distance.

The magnitude of the horizontal force has a significant effect upon the behavior of the blocks in the lower roof. Figure 4.17 illustrates the same geometry as Figure 4.16(a) but in this case the horizontal force has a greater magnitude. The force distribution indicates that full contact is maintained across the central joint of the immediate roof and that stability of the roof is due solely to frictional support at the abutments in the manner of a monolithic roof.

Significant arching has not developed in this model but the amount of horizontal force necessary to prevent arch formation and thus support the roof by frictional resistance alone is approximately twice as large as that required for stability under conditions where the roof arch develops. It should be noted that if the lower roof comprised a single block, the amount of force required to stabilize the configuration by frictional resistance would be less than the case where arching develops.

Two examples where the jointing pattern does not involve

the development of both the roof and ground arch in two instances where the geometry of the rock mass does not necessarily act to force the development of two arches. Figure 4.18(a) illustrates a model with continuous jointing in the horizontal and vertical directions subjected to a horizontal force just sufficient to maintain equilibrium. The resulting force distribution is illustrated in Figure 4.18(b); the behavior of the roof is again characterized by a relaxed zone extending upwards roughly two-thirds the width of the span. This zone is supported by the roof arch. The ground arch is clearly developed but not to the same degree as would be expected in the previous model, where the geometry of the model aids the development of the ground arch.

Figure 4.19(a) illustrates a model geometry with continuous vertical jointing but discontinuous jointing horizontally; as with the model shown in Figure 4.18, the continuity of the vertical jointing was expected to inhibit the formation of the ground arch and allow the mass to fail monolithically. The force distribution, however, indicates that once again, both the ground arch and the pressure arch have formed and led to the characteristic relaxed zone, although in this case the height of the relaxed zone extends only one-third of the span upwards into the roof.

The block movements that lead to the development of arches are primarily of a rotational nature. The rotations arise as the unequal forces on opposite sides of a block, which arise as the blocks move,

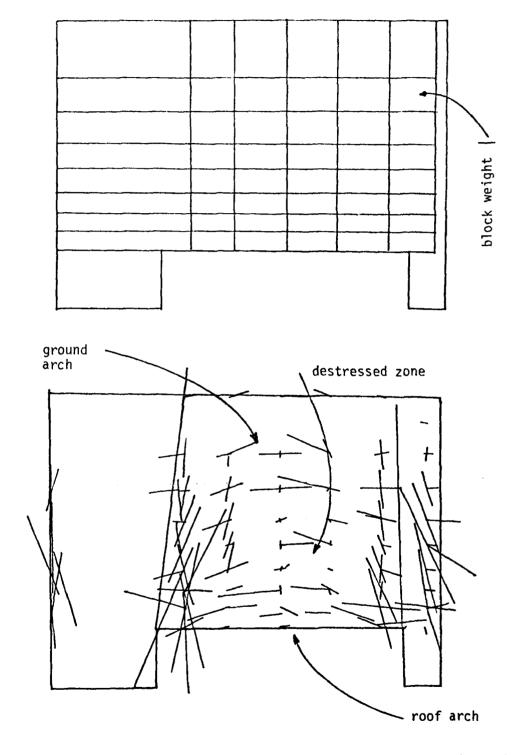
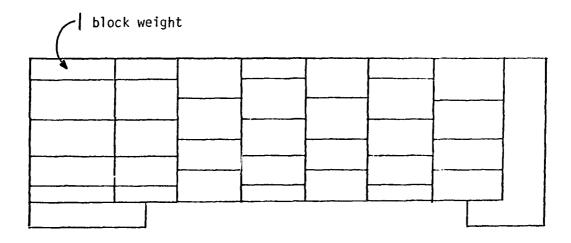


Figure 4.18 Formation of ground and roof arches in a continuously jointed model.



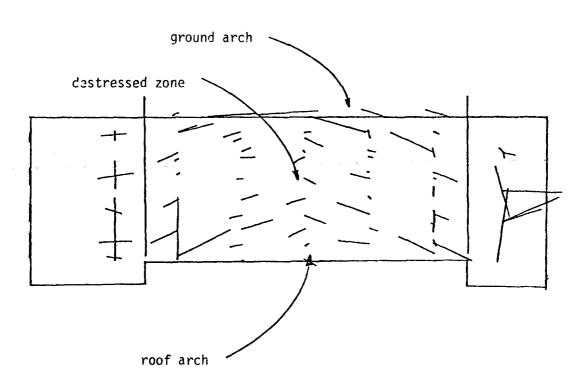


Figure 4.19 Formation of the ground and roof arches in a horizontally discontinuous jointed model.

cause a moment imbalance about the centroid of the block. case of a stable configuration, equilibrium is maintained through horizontal thrust whereas in an unstable configuration, the rotation can continue since sufficient equilibrating forces cannot be developed. Figure 4.20 illustrates a block geometry (a), the contact force distribution (b) and the block rotations (c) corresponding to the contact force distribution. Comparison of (b) and (c) indicates that: all significant rotation is occurring within the suspended zone; the magnitude of the rotational movement decreases with depth into the roof; and, contact forces within the suspended zone are primarily normal to joint surfaces even though this is where the most significant rotation has occurred. The development of the ground arch as seen in Figure 4.20(b) indicates that the suspended zone extends approximately four rows of blocks into the roof. The development of the roof arch can also be seen. Considering the relative magnitudes of the rotations of the blocks maintaining these arches, it is interesting to note that larger forces are developed in the ground arch even though the rotations are smaller. This is probably a reflection of the higher degree of confinement of the blocks maintaining the ground arch. The blocks adjacent to the excavation are free to rotate somewhat into the excavation. The next row of blocks upward thus has the freedom to rotate toward the excavation although not as much as the lower row. Successively less rotation is permitted until at the limit of the suspended zone, minimal rotation is occurring.

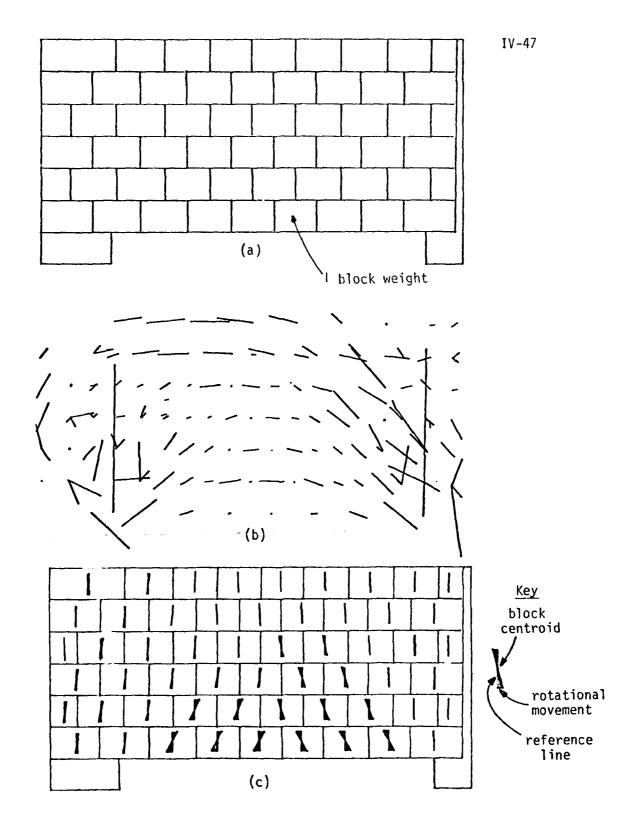
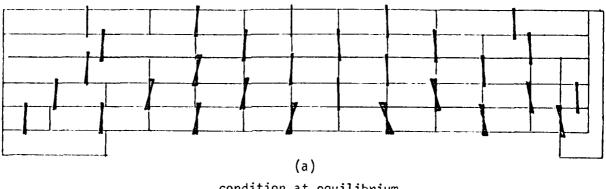
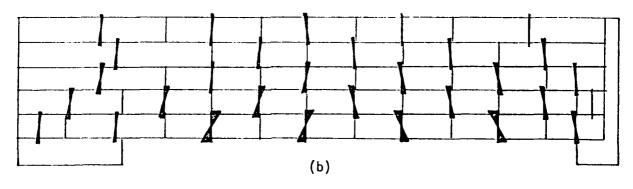


Figure 4.20 Contact forces and corresponding block rotations.



condition at equilibrium



condition at failure

Figure 4.21 Development of block rotation as failure initiates.

As failure conditions develop, further rotation occurs as can be seen in Figure 4.21. The most significant change in rotation occurs in the lowermost row where the magnitude of the rotations of the inner two blocks of the lower row remain constant but those of the outer two blocks increase to a value greater than that of the inner blocks. This deflection then allows the blocks in the next row upward to deflect and rotate, effectively moving the loosened or suspended zone upward.

4.5.3 The development of arching in single layer models

The development of arches in mine roofs is often explained by recourse to simple models from linear arch theory (e.g. Woodruff, 1966) such as those illustrated in Figure 4.23. The force distribution in this type of model is that of a three hinged arch and can be readily deduced as the model is statically determinate. Consider the left hand side of the symmetric model as illustrated in Figure 4.22, vertical equilibrium shows V = W, and moment equilibrium about point a shows:

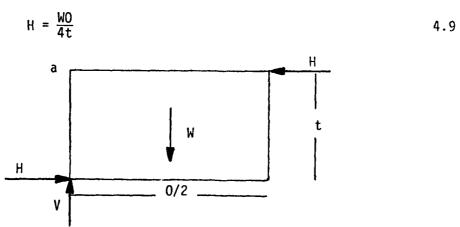


Figure 4.22 The Linear Arch Model

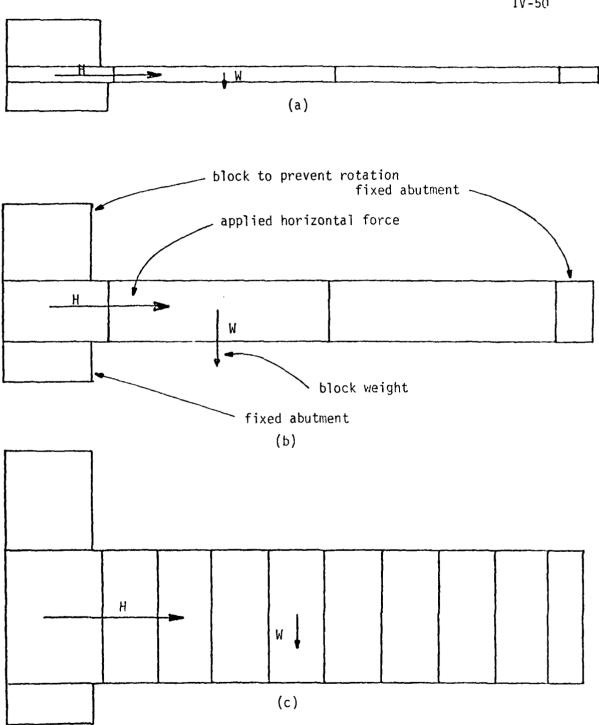


Figure 4.23 Typical block models for linear arching study.

This force distribution represents a limiting condition; as vertical deflection of the beam causes the contact at the lower face to be broken, the value of the lever arm t decreases and thus an increasing value of H is required for stability.

Analyses by the Distinct Element method of several linear arch models is summarized in Table 4.1 and indicates that Equation 4.9 may be used to predict the horizontal thrust required for stability in certain instances. These data show that equation 4.9 is correct for low aspect ratios of the blocks but loses validity as block thicknesses increase and friction coefficients of the joints decrease. For larger block thicknesses and lower friction coefficients, the horizontal thrust required for stability is found accurately by equation 4.3 which is repeated here for convenience:

$$H = W/2 \cot \phi \qquad 4.3$$

Analysis of the force distribution at failure provides insight into this discrepancy. Figure 4.24 illustrates the force distribution at failure in models C, A and D. Figure 4.23(a) illustrates conditions at failure for model C with μ = 0.5. Full frictional resistance is mobilized on the abutment joints and compression is transmitted across the lower contact of the mid span joint. Although arching is developing, failure is by sliding along the abutment joints. Figure 4.24(b) illustrates the force distribution for model A with μ = 1.0. Arching is fully developed as evidenced by the absence of force transmittal at the lower mid span joint contact. An important distinction in this case is the fact that frictional resistance is

Table 4.1 Summary of Linear Arch Models

	Friction Coefficient	Predicted Load		Observed	Observed		
Model	μ	Arching ⁴	Sliding	Side Load at Failure	Observed Failure Mode		
	.25	500	280	500 2	Arching		
Αl	.5	500	140	500	Arching		
	1.0	500	70	500	Arching		
В	.25	500	550	550 3	Sliding		
	.5	500	280	500	Arching		
	1.0	500	140	500	Arching		
	.25	500	1120	1110	Sliding		
С	.5	500	560	550	Sliding		
	1.0	500	280	490	Arching		
	.25	500	2580	2550	Sliding		
D	.5	500	650	650	Sliding		

Notes: 1 Geometry of models

Model A t = 25, 0 = 700, 2 block linear arch model Model B t = 50, 0 = 700, 2 block linear arch model Model C t = 100, 0 = 700, 2 block linear arch model Model D t = 225, 0 = 700, 8 block, voussior beam

- 2 Difference in calculated side load for arching models is typically less than 2%.
- 3 Difference in calculated load for sliding models is typically less than 1%.
- 4 Equation 4.1 may be rewritten by recognizing that W is a function of t and 0 ($W = t \times \frac{0}{2} \times d$); substitution leads to (density, d = 1) $H = \frac{0^2}{8}$ and thrust is thus independent of block thickness.

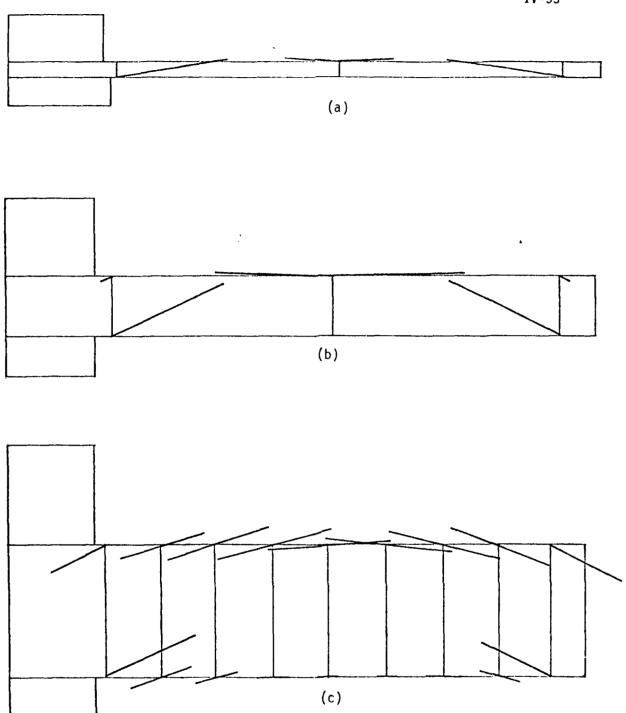


Figure 4.24 Force distributions in linear arch model (force scale from Figure 4.23).

not fully developed along the abutment joints. The vertical component of the abutment reaction is equal to the weight of the roof block while the horizontal component is equal to the horizontal thrust required to maintain stability against arching (equation 4.9).

This fact permits the calculation of the critical friction coefficient that delineates arching failure from frictional sliding in the linear arch model. Consider an opening of span O, with the roof blocks having thickness t, and weight W per block. From linear arch theory, the thrust developed during arching is:

$$H = \frac{WO}{4t}$$
 4.9

The critical friction angle (ϕ crit) is the inverse tangent of the ratio of the block weight and the thrust force:

$$\phi \text{ crit} = \tan^{-1}(\frac{4t}{0})$$
 4.10

If the friction angle of the joints is greater than this critical value, sliding cannot occur and failure, if it occurs, will be by true arching. On the other hand, if the friction coefficient on the joints is less than this critical value, sufficient frictional resistance cannot be developed and failure occurs by sliding.

Equation 4.10 is plotted in Figure 4.25; this figure may be used to determine if, for a given span and block thickness, failure will be by true arching or by slippage with only partial development of arching conditions. The equation has been found to be correct for all linear arch models analyzed.

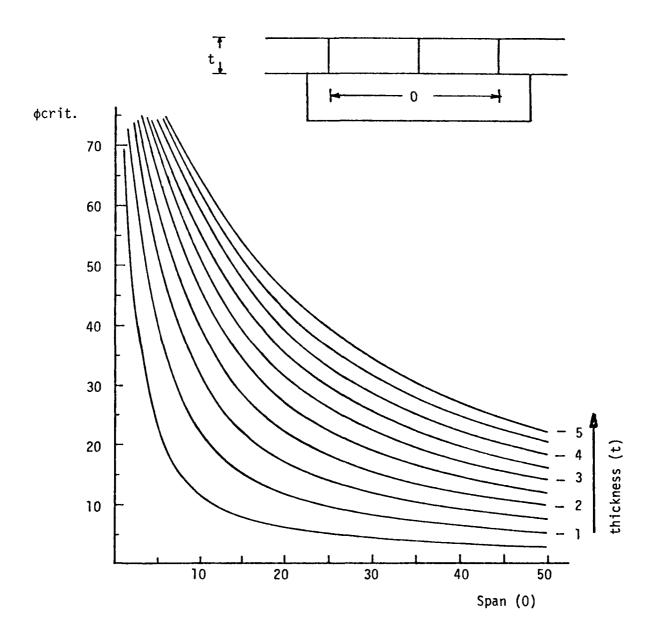


Figure 4.25 Critical friction angle as a function of excavation span and block thickness (span and thickness must be in consistent units).

4.5.4 Arching in multilayered models

In the preceeding section relationships were developed that were found to predict accurately the horizontal thrust required for stability and the failure mode for the single layer, linear arch or Voussoir beam model. The application of these relationships to multilayered models has not been as successful. Figure 4.26 illustrates a summary of stability conditions for a number of tests of the basic model geometry. Whereas in the linear arch model, comprising a single layer of blocks, errors in the predicted failure load were less than 2% for arching failure and less than 1% for sliding failure, the corresponding errors for the multilayer cases were as much as 40% for arching cases but still less than 1% for sliding cases. Pertinent data of the multilayer tests are summarized in Table 4.2.

It is prudent at this time to digress momentarily to discuss the origin of the data presented in Table 4.2. In a typical stress analysis the relationship between the parameters can be expressed as an equation and a unique answer obtained by some solution technique (viz. inverting the stiffness matrix in a Finite Element analysis). In the Distinct Element method, as in other nonlinear explicit methods, the problem geometry is defined, the boundary conditions are specified and subsequent motion of the blocks is observed; equilibrium occurs as the force distribution converges to a situation where the relative accelerations of the blocks approaches zero. In terms of the problem at hand this means that a set of

Table 4.2
Summary of Multilayer Arching Tests

				Predicte	ed Side I	Loads (H) at Fai	ure 2	Observed Side toads (H) at Failure					Observed 5
0 1	<u>t</u>	<u>_b</u>	<u>w</u> _	Arching	0.1 <u>-u</u>	<u>μ=0.5</u>	<u>µ≈0.3</u>	<u>u=0.25</u>	o crit 3	p=1.0	μ=0.5	μ=0.3	$\mu = 0.25$	Failure Mode
700	20	1	106	460	53	106	176	-	0.11	5 5	105	175	•	\$,\$,\$
700	20	2	106	460	53	106	-	212	0.11	385	425	-	465	A,A,A
700	20	3	110	480	55	110	185	-	0.11	440	470	515	-	A,A,A
700	20	4	110	480	-	110	193	-	0.11	-	540	650	-	-,A,A
750	20	6	120	560	60	120	-	240	0.11	650	725	-	800	A,A,A
700	40	2	230	500	115	230	-	460	0.23	300	315	•	415	A,A,A
700	50	4	290	420	-	290	-	-	0.29	-	575	-	-	-,A,-
700	50	2	285	500	143	285	-	570	0.29	475	560	-	600	A,A,A
600	50	2	230	345	115	230	-	-	0.33	300	350	-	-	A,A,-
600	40	4	196	360	-	196	-	-	0.25	-	300	-	-	-,A,-
500	50	2	180	225	9 0	180	-	•	0.40	200	225	-	-	A,A,-
450	25	4	85	190	43	85	-	170	0.22	150	175	-	200	A,A,A
800	100	2	610	570	305	610	-	1220	0.50	325	625	-	1225	\$,\$,\$
800	100	1	610	570	3 05	600	•	1220	0.50	305	615	0	1210	5,5,5

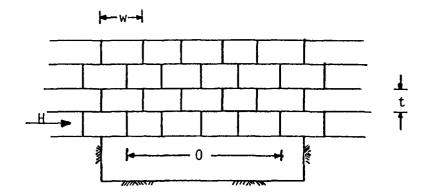
Notes: 1 0 is the true span, t is block thickness, b is number of blocks in lower row of strata and W is total weight of blocks in lower row. All dimensions are consistent computer units.

² Predicted side loads (H): Arching failure load from equation 4.9, Sliding failure loads, for various values of friction coefficient μ from equation 4.6.

³ Critical friction angle delineating sliding and arching, equation 4.10.

⁴ Load (H) observed at failure in Distinct Element model for several tests of same geometry.

⁵ Observed mode of failure (S - sliding, A - arching) for each of the tests of same geometry. Columns correspond to high, medium and low value of joint friction coefficient. "-" indicate, no test data for that value of μ .



- failure by arching
- failure by sliding

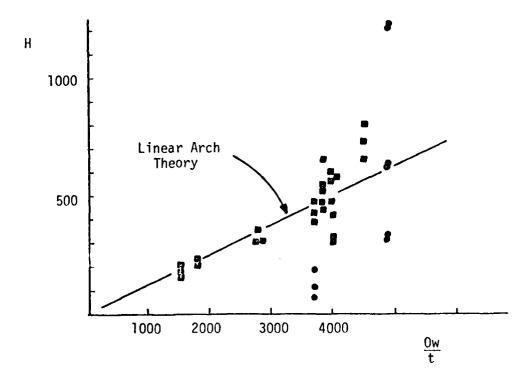


Figure 4.26 Summary of multilayer arching tests (all dimensions in computer units).

boundary conditions is applied and the program allowed to run until it is determined that the geometry is stable. The boundary conditions are then incrementally modified and again the program is allowed to run. This iteration is then continued until failure occurs. Thus, each data point on Figure 4.26 represents a limiting condition deduced by a minimum of four or five computer runs.

The problem of determining equilibrium conditions is discussed further in Appendix B.

Tabulated in Table 4.2 are predicted side loads for stability obtained by Equation 4.9 for arching conditions and by Equation 4.6 for sliding conditions. The observed loads at failure are also tabulated and comparison indicates a general divergence from the predicted values. Nine of the tests developed sliding failure modes and are indicated by a circular symbol in the plot of Figure 4.26; the remainder of the tests developed full arching failure modes and the data points are seen to follow the general trend of the linear arch model as represented on Figure 4.26 by the square symbols.

In those tests where failure was by frictional slippage, the side loads were typically within 2% of the value predicted by Equation 4.6; the indication being that in those cases where full arching does not develop, Equation 4.6 may be used to assess the stability of a mine roof. For those tests where stability is dependent upon full development of the roof arch however, the error relative to the predicted side loads ranges from about 5% to 40% with the average error equal to approximately 17%. The only consistent trends in the errors are that the error increases with

the number of blocks in the lower row and that for a fixed geometry the error either increases or moves from negative to positive as the friction angle increases.

Analysis of the linear arch, single row models led to the calculation of a critical friction angle (Equation 4.10) that was found to predict accurately the dividing line between failure by arching and failure by sliding along the abutment joints. The tangent of the critical friction angle for each of the multilayered block tests is also tabulated in Table 4.2; several instances can be found in the table which illustrate discrepancies between actual and predicted failure modes with arching failure modes developing in several instances where the critical friction angle concept predicted a sliding failure mode.

Examination of the data indicates that failure by full development of the roof arch is more likely to occur than failure by sliding along the abutment joints. Exceptions to this observation were found only in those is cances where the development of the arch was somehow constrained. Specific conditions that lead to failure by slippage were the expected case where the main roof was monolithic and arching could not develop, and cases where the block thickness was relatively large and the main roof comprised only two blocks. In these instances the horizontal load at failure could be predicted accurately in terms of the block weights by the use of Equation 4.3:

The most noticeable departure from the observed behavior of the single layer linear arch models was concerned with contact force distribution along the lower row of blocks. In the single layer models, failure always initiated as the central contact along the lower face opened; as noted earlier, this was the expected behavior since the deflection of the blocks reduced the moment arm of the horizontal stabilizing force resulting in increasingly unstable conditions. This phenomonon is, however, not indicative of the behavior of the multilayer models.

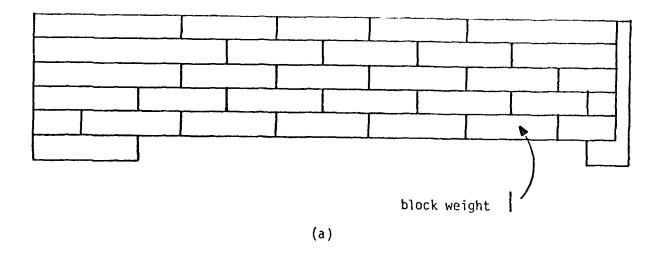
The conditions preceeding failure in the multilayer models are characterized by two common features. First, loss of force transmittal across the lower contact of the midspan joint is not indicative of failure. Frequently, significant horizontal force reduction after the joint opens is required before failure occurs. The second general behavior pattern that was recognized concerns the distribution of contact forces in the immediate roof. Figure 4.27 presents a typical multilayer model and a section of its contact force distribution. The blocks are in equilibrium but a reduction in the horizontal thrust of approximately 10% would lead to failure; this is a typical force distribution of a multilayer model at stress conditions slightly greater than those at which failure occurs. Three characteristics of the force distribution in multilayer models have been noted in all models tested and are indicated in Figure 4.27 by the letters A, B, and C. The characteristics are:

A) absence of force transmittal across the lower contact of the mid span joint

- B) minimal vertical transmittal within the suspended zone, especially to the lower row of blocks
- C) the development of an additional contact force where the blocks adjacent to the abutment rotate into the next upward level of blocks

The second characteristic is to be expected in light of the model; the corbelling effect of the blocks outside of the suspended zone acts to lessen the span over which the next row of blocks must be supported. In this particular case, the span is decreased by 25%, the weight to be supported is decreased by 25% and the required horizontal force to just maintain equilibrium is 45% of that which is actually being applied. This simple calculation neglects the vertical force transmittal which is occuring to the second row of blocks, but the fact that the thrust applied to the second row of blocks is almost twice that required for stability indicates why the deflection of the second row is small compared to that of the lower row and thus why no vertical force transmittal occurs to the lower row.

The other two observations, A and C, are closely related and provide a reasonable explanation as to why the behavior of the multilayer models depart from the linear arch model. Figure 4.28 is a schematic representation of the two blocks on the left hand side of the lower row of blocks in Figure 4.27(a) based on the contact force distribution of Figure 4.27(b). The linear arch model is based upon the contact force distribution illustrated in Figure 4.22; comparison of these two figures indicates that the model used



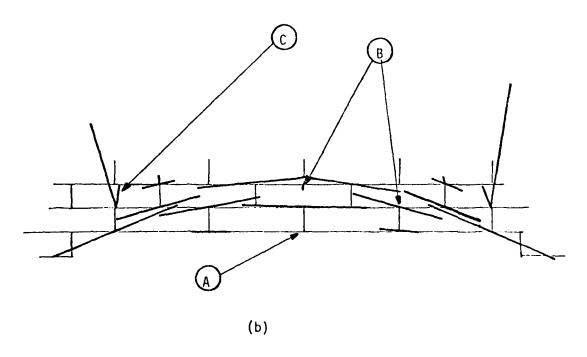


Figure 4.27 Contact force distribution in lower rows of multilayer model.

for the development of the linear arch equation is not valid for the multilayer cases. As the lower row of the multilayer model deflects some rotation of the blocks occurs and leads to the development of a shearing resistance along the top of the block. The same phenomenon was observed in the Goodman and Bray Limit Equilibrium Model of toppling behavior of rock slopes (section 3.6). In the Goodman and Bray model the corresponding force was taken as zero; although this may be valid for the low degree of confinement that exists in near surface problems, the stress conditions surrounding an underground excavation dictate an elastic interaction of the blocks. Two blocks cannot just "sit" next to each other but must act to transmit relatively high forces across their boundaries. Thus, as the block attempts to rotate it is resisted not only by the mid span contact force but by an additional shearing resistance as well. This observation explains the reason for the inability of the linear arch model to predict accurately the horizontal load at failure: the linear arch model simply does not consider all of the forces present. The presence of an additional shearing resistance also explains how stable conditions can be maintained even though the lower contact of the mid span joint is broken. In section 4.3.5 it was noted that in the linear arch model, once this contact opened, the governing equation dictated that failure must occur. The presence of the additional force acting on the block tends to maintain equilibrium in a manner not accounted for by the linear arch model.

Unlike the linear arch model, the force distribution presented

in Figure 4.28 is statically indeterminate. To develop an equation relating span, block thickness, joint spacing, block weights and friction coefficient would require that two assumptions be made concerning the forces. The logical assumptions would be to assume the development of full frictional resistance of the two contacts experiencing shear. However, in the majority of tests run, full frictional resistance was not seen to develop at either contact. Rather, the Distinct Element method can be used to study each model on an individual basis and develop relationships not subject to arbitrary assumptions regarding the force distributions.

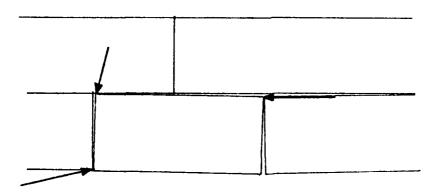


Figure 4.28 Force distribution observed during arching in multilayer models.

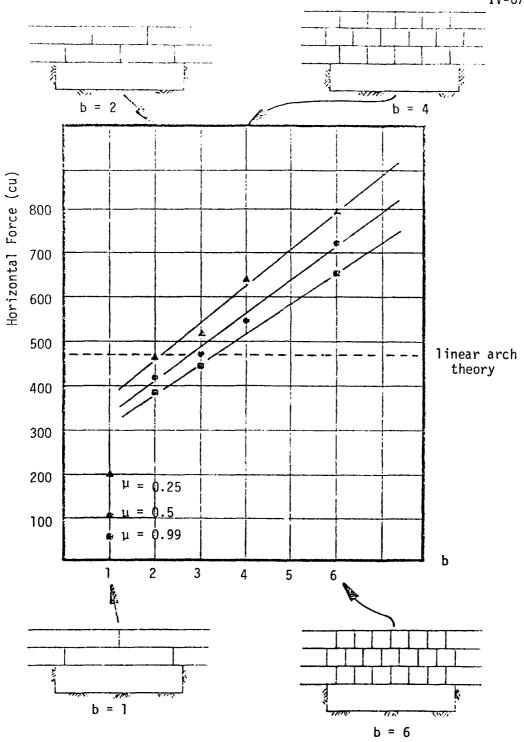
4.6 Use of Results in Design

The results from the previous Distinct Element runs can be expressed in a way that may be useful for design purposes. The two examples presented below utilize the data of Table 4.2 to derive empirical relationship between parameters. These relationships are characterized by errors in the order of 4% rather than the 40% error experienced when using linear arch theory to predict the horizontal thrust.

The first example derives a relationship between the horizontal force required for stability, the number of blocks in the bottom row, (a factor which is analogous to joint spacing) and the friction angle of the joints, in models similar to those shown in Figure 4.3. The excavation width and the block thickness are constant in this analysis. The data points, which represent the failure conditions for 11 test models, and the associated linear trends are plotted in Figure 4.29. The linear trends in the figure are members of a family of curves represented by the equation

$$H = 314.3 - 59.5 \tan \phi + (87.3 - 19.3 \tan \phi) b$$
 4.11

with all dimensions expressed in consistent computer units. Also included in the figure is a horizontal dashed line which represents the value of horizontal force necessary to maintain roof stability as calculated by linear arch theory. The data points corresponding to a monolithic lower roof (b=1) are included on the plot and are seen to deviate from the trend of Equation 4.11; the frictional resistance relationship (Equation 4.6) predicts these values



.re 4.29 Linear relationship between horizontal force, number of blocks in the lower row and joint friction angle (constant span and block thickness).

correctly.

For a constant span and block thickness, linear arch theory predicts that the value of horizontal thrust should be a constant and does not consider the effect of friction. The actual data indicate that a linear relationship exists between horizontal thrust, joint spacing in the roof and friction angle of the joints.

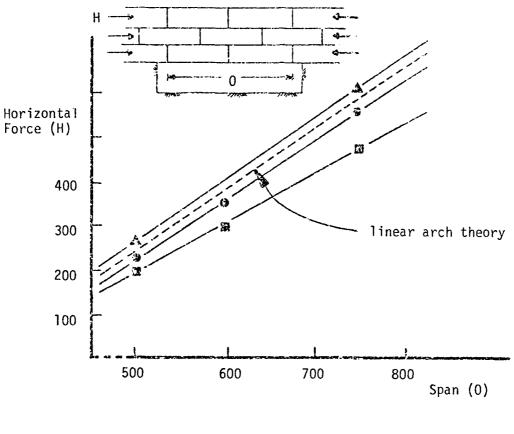
The data values indicate that the side force required for stability increases both as the joint spacing decreases and as the friction coefficient of the joints decreases.

The second example illustrates a relationship between the horizontal force required for equilibrium, the joint friction coefficient and the excavation span for models of the type illustrated in Figure 4.3. In this example the models have a constant block thickness and are characterized by a single midspan joint. The linear nature of the relationship can be observed in Figure 4.30. The linear trends plotted in the figure are members of a family of curves represented by the equation:

$$H = 190 \tan \phi - 540 + (1.59 - 0.48 \tan \phi) 0$$
 4.12

and fit the data with a maximum error of approximately 2%. All dimensioned quantities are in consistent computer units.

The dashed line included in the figure is the value of side load predicted by linear arch theory. The required horizontal force for stability is seen to increase with span as predicted by linear arch theory but the linear arch theory does not take account of the fact that an increase in the joint friction angle reduces the horizontal



 $\Delta \mu = 0.25$

• $\mu = 0.50$

 $\mu = 0.99$

Figure 4.30 Linear relationship between span, horizontal force and joint friction angle (constant block thickness and one midspan joint; all dimensions in computer units).

load required for stability. This reduction is due primarily to the additional shearing resistance provided by the layer interactions.

4.7 Summary

The stability of excavations in jointed rock was seen to be governed by mechanisms of stress transfer which resulted in a zone of relatively destressed material above the excavation. This destressed zone was observed in the analyses of openings in elastic material as well in the analyses of openings in jointed masses, but the fundamental behavior was different. The elastic analyses indicated that a ground arch formed and transfered the overburden load to the abutments, but that the destressed zone was simply "hanging" on the rock comprising the arch and thus experiencing tensile stresses. The analyses of the behavior of the jointed masses indicated the formation of the ground arch as in the elastic case, but suggested that the stability of an excavation in jointed media was attained through the development of a second arch, the roof arch, in the strata immediately above the excavation. The roof arch was observed in all stable geometric configurations except for those cases involving high horizontal stresses and those cases involving large block thicknesses. In the first case the high horizontal stresses prevented the block rotations necessary to form the arches and stability was maintained by frictional suspension of the mass along the vertical joints. In the second case, the block thickness, relative to the excavation span, reached a point at which the arch development was constrained and failure of the mass was by sliding along the joints. It was found that the transition between arching and sliding behavior could be predicted accurately.

The Distinct Element obtained solutions for single layer, self loaded, jointed beams were compared to a linear arch theory neglecting the compressive strength of the rock and the lateral stiffness of the abutments; agreement of the data with theory was quite good. When the single layer, linear arch theory was compared to multiple layered models, however, agreement of the data and theory was poor. The discrepancy was seen to be due to layer interactions, not accounted for in the single layer model, acting in a manner that increased the horizontal thrust on the abutments.

A Limit Equilibrium solution for the observed contact force distribution was calculated, but discarded since the contact vectors were seldom observed to be at fully developed frictional resistance. Instead, the data was examined in order that the significant parameters and the relationships between them could be isolated. Two main conclusions could be drawn from the data. First, there is a linear relationship between the span and the horizontal thrust required for stability of the mass. However, in contrast to linear arch theory, the models examined by the Distinct Element method indicated that this relationship involved the joint friction coefficient. This was observed to be due to interactions between the lower two layers and not a resultant of slipping along the vertical joints at the abutments.

The second identified relationship indicated that the horizontal thrust was a function of the joint spacing, expressed as the number of blocks in the lower row of strata, and the joint friction coefficient. The significance of this observation lies in the fact that linear arch theory does not account for an effect due to joint

spacing. The data indicate that as the number of blocks in the lower row of strata increases from two to six, the horizontal stress required for stability almost doubles; linear arch theory, on the other hand, predicts that this horizontal stress should be a constant value.

To keep a proper perspective, it must be noted that the analyses described in this chapter were performed with a restricted behavior model possessing infinite strength and regular jointing. More sophisticated linear arch theories account for load transfer between layers and the compressive strength of the material. The real situation in bedded roofs involves crushing of the rock which can change the length of the moment arm used to calculate the horizontal thrust in the linear arch theory. It must be concluded that it may be invalid to criticize linear arch theory or the basis of the analyses just described. The analyses do indicate, however, that mechanisms act in jointed rock that perhaps should be implemented in a comprehensive linear arch theory.

CHAPTER V

AN ANALYSIS OF SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS OF EXCAVATIONS
IN JOINTED ROCK MASSES

5.1 Introduction

In a historical review of tunnel construction, Szechy (1970) states that the oldest known tunnel other than those associated with mines is, according to present knowledge, over 4000 years old. This tunnel was constructed in Babalonia during the reign of Queen Semiramis to underpass the River Euphrates. The length of this tunnel was over 1 km and it had a cross-section of 3.6 m by 4.5 m. Although built by cut and cover methods, elements of the structure demonstrated (viz. a vaulted arch for the roof) that the Babylonians possessed considerable skill in tunnel construction, most likely gained from experience in previous tunneling ventures. To fully emphasize the significance of this undertaking, Szechy notes that it wasn't until 1843 that the next subaqueous tunnel, that crossing the River Thames in London, was opened, almost 4000 years later.

Significant increases in the magnitude of the scale of projects typically undertaken in underground excavation have not been accompanied by, or for that matter, preceded by analytical techniques capable of explaining the complex behavior of the structural system comprising the rock mass and the support system. The design of tunnel or excavation support systems are routinely guided by empirical and observational rock load prediction schemes. It is universally acknowledged that the use of these schemes results in

an overdesign, but the majority of research undertaken today seems not to be directed toward understanding the mechanisms responsible for the behavior of an excavation but toward somehow strengthening the position of the empirical methods through the acquisition of additional data. This approach has helped to identify the parameters to which support design is most sensitive, but the fact that excavation support design is highly site dependent does not obviate the need for rational methods for the prediction of support pressures.

This chapter presents the results of analyses of jointed rock masses which utilize the Distinct Element method to characterize the interaction of a jointed rock mass with a support system. The vehicle chosen to quantitatively express this interaction is a ground reaction curve. A ground reaction curve is simply a plot of the support force necessary to maintain the stability of a rock mass as a function of displacement of the rock mass. The utility of the ground reaction curve in support design is that it typically yields information about the optimum time of support emplacement as well as the magnitude of the force the supports must resist.

Previously, ground reaction curves have only been calculated by continuum based methods; the rock was assumed to be broken but the representation of the behavior was by a plastic or elasticplastic constitutive relationship.

The Distinct Element formulation provides the research tool necessary to investigate load-deflection relationships in a medium where the deformation is controlled solely by the jointing. The ground reaction curves presented in this chapter indicate a

relationship between required support force and the geometric parameters defined by the excavation dimensions and the joint spacings. This data was also compared to predictions made by several of the empirical methods in an attempt to determine if any correlation could be found.

5.2 The Estimation of Rock Loads for Support Design

5.2.1 The concept of a ground reaction curve

As an introduction to the discussion of the various methods commonly in use to design reinforcement schemes in tunnels it is prudent to discuss a theoretical concept which provides a means to quantitatively describe the behavior of the rock mass as it is disturbed by an excavation. This concept is concerned with the interaction of the material surrounding the excavation and the support system emplaced to ensure stability. The behavior of the material is described by a ground reaction curve relating the force required to stabilize the mass to the deformation of the edge of the excavation. As an illustration of the concept, an example (Deere et al., 1969) describing a ground reaction curve for a soil mass is presented.

The basis for establishing the stress for which a tunnel lining should be designed is illustrated in Figure 5.1 where the average radial stress on a circular tunnel lining is plotted as a function of the average inward radial deformation of the tunnel wall. The point A illustrated in the figure represents the average radial stress befor excavation occurs.

If the radius of the tunnel lining were steadily decreased, the load on the tunnel lining would decrease in accordance with a relationship describing the stress-strain-time characteristics of the soil. If the soil were elastic the relationship would be linear as shown in the figure by the dashed line AE; for the more likely case that the material is inelastic, the relationship could

resemble the curve AD. This relationship is termed the ground reaction curve. The form of the ground reaction curve cannot be calculated exactly but may be approximated in several instances of practical importance on the basis of field observations coupled with theoretical investigations.

As the tunnel excavation approaches a given cross-section, the soil deforms radially toward the tunnel and axially toward the working face. By the time the working face has reached the cross-section an average radial deformation, of magnitude \mathbf{u}_1 has already occurred. If the tunnel lining was placed in contact with the soil at this point in time and was capable of preventing any further deformation of the soil mass, the average stress in the lining would be B as indicated in the figure. If further inward deformation of the tunnel walls occurred before the lining was placed, say of magnitude \mathbf{u}_2 illustrated in the figure, the radial stress would be C.

In reality, the tunnel lining will itself undergo a radial deformation of small magnitude before stability is obtained. The effect of deflection of the lining may be estimated by a curve of its force-displacement behavior, which can be called a support reaction curve, such as the curve F in the figure. The final load on the tunnel lining is given by the intersection of the ground reaction curve and the support reaction curve taking cognizance of the fact that a certain amount of deformation of the tunnel walls has occurred before the installation of the tunnel lining. The

final stress in the tunnel lining is thus \hat{C} and the deflection of the lining is $u_{\hat{\ell}}$. Note that the deflection of the tunnel wall is actually given by the sum $u_1 + u_2 + u_{\hat{\ell}}$.

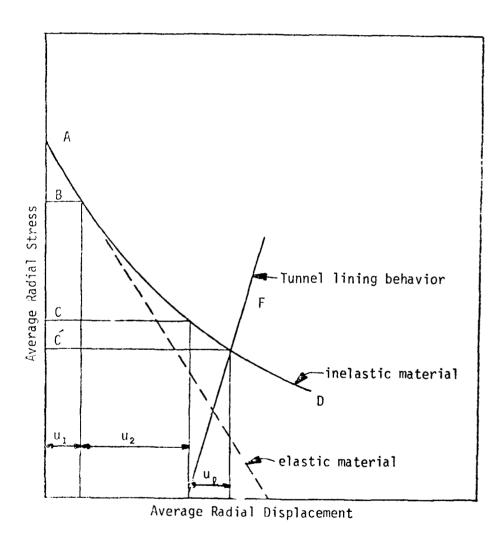


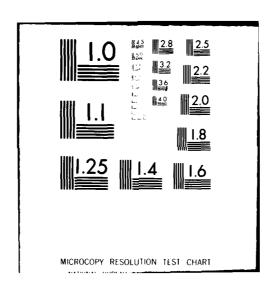
Figure 5.1 Interaction of soil and tunnel lining (after Deere et al., 1969).

The dimensioning of tunnel supports, as with any structure, requires a fairly accurate knowledge of the magnitude of the loads to be resisted by the supports. From an economics viewpoint, it is preferable to be able to estimate support requirements on the basis of exploratory drilling footage but it is certainly acceptable to be able to modify the support design based upon observations at the working face. The fact that tunnel designers have been unsuccessful in using the first method probably explains the present trend toward instrumentation of underground construction.

This is not meant to imply that there has been a lack of proposed analytic models to explain observed rock pressure and displacement; rather the major problem with the analytic models is that they lack portability. A truly general design method would have to include all possible factors such as, mass condition, material type, construction method and type of reinforcement. Since the full implications of the many factors involved, and particularly their interactions, are not presently understood, analytical techniques are typically confined to examination of a single one of the factors. This is precisely why there are no comprehensive tunnel design-load specifications anywhere in the world and why they are compiled for each particular project on the basis of prevalent conditions.

The particular factor which is of interest in this study is the rock load for which the tunnel supports should be designed. The methods commonly in use at the present time to determine the

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rock pressure in the vicinity of underground excavations typically possess the characteristics of one of three categories: approximate methods based upon the extent of upbreak; theories based upon theoretical stress conditions in the rock mass; and theories based upon displacement and equilibrium assumptions. The methods which directly incorporate the jointing of the rock mass tend to be empirical rather than analytical and typically are based upon or related to the amount of upbreak above the excavation. The following brief survey of tunnel support design methods for jointed masses thus emphasizes those methods based upon the extent of upbreak. Several design concepts which do not directly include the jointing of the mass are also incorporated in the survey because they introduce concepts which are pertinent to the ensuing discussion.

The origin of the practice of dimensioning tunnel supports to resist a given amount of upbreak is usually attributed to Bierbaumer (1913), whose observations were based upon the failure of timber supports. Table 5.1 lists the values of roof pressure to be expected in various types of material. This table is frequently attributed to Bendel (1948) who actually attributes it to "others". The most significant aspect of Bierbaumer's observed rock pressure values is that they are independent of width of the excavation.

A more widely known method of estimating support loads based upon expected upbreak is that of Terzaghi (1946). Terzaghi based his estimates of the intensity of rock loads on the failure of

Table 5.1 Observed support loads: Bierbaumer

	Roof Pressure p _y (t/m ²)		Temporary timber support			
Rock Material	At out- break	After comple- tion of drift	iple- Mode in of Degree		Remark	
Rock, more or less blocky	0	8-12	Skeleton lagging, light	O to in- significant	Loosening pressure small	
Very seamy rock, cemented conglomerate, soft rock, with small overburden height	10	30-35	Skeleton lagging, solid	Small	Loosening pressure increasing at the moment of outbreak not perceivable	
Heavily fractured rock (roof breakdown), rolling gravel and conglomerate	15-25	30-40	Tight, strong lagging	Mean	Bigger pressures perceivable simultaneously with outbreak. Ensuing of equilibrium condition, wery prolongated	
Loose rock under heavy pressure (eventually in saturated condition). Bigger overburden height	25-35	40-60	Very tight, solid	Con- siderable	Stabilization of pressure conditions very difficult	
Loose and soft (pseudo- solid) rock under heavy pressure. Very big overburden height	40-60	100-150	Very tight, lagging and strong hard-wood sill-beams	Going up to rupture	Stabilization possible only after the completion of very protracted deformations (months even years; Karawanken tunnel)	

Table 5.2 Rock load guidelines: Terzaghi

Rock load H_p in feet of rock on roof of support in tunnel with width B (ft) and height H_t (ft) at depth of more than 1.5 (B+H $_t$)

	Rock Condition	Rock Load H _p in feet	Remarks
١.	Hard and intact	zero	Light lining, required only if spalling
2.	Hard stratified or schistose	0 to 0.5B	Light support.
3.	Massive, moderately jointed	0 to 0.25B	Load may change erratically from point to point.
4.	Moderately blocky and seamy	0.25B to 0.35 (B+H _t)	No side pressure.
5.	Very blocky and seamy	(0.35 to 1.10) (8+H _t)	Little or no side pressure.
6.	Completely crushed but chemically intact	1.10 (B*H _t)	Considerable side pressure. Softening effect of seepage towards bottom of tunnel requires either continuous support for lower ends of ribs or circular ribs.
7.	Squeezing rock, moderate depth	(1.10 to 2.10) (8+H _e)	Heavy side pressure, invert struts required. Circular ribs are recommended.
8.	Squeezing rock, great depth	(2.10 to 4.50) (B+H _t)	Circular 1105 are recommended.
9.	Swelling rock	Up to 250 ft. irrespective of value of $(0+H_{\xi})$	Circular ribs required. In extreme cases use yielding support.

wooden blocks of known strength inserted between the individual members of timber sets. The Terzaghi load estimates are summarized in Table 5.2. Note that the magnitude of the loads are dependent upon the tunnel dimensions as well as the presence or absence of groundwater.

Stini (1950) also presented estimates of the rock load due to upbreak which are presented in Table 5.3. Like Terzaghi, Stini's loads are dependent upon tunnel geometry, but whereas Terzaghi described the time lag between excavation and final load (bridge-action period) as typically of the same order of magnitude as the excavation cycle time, Stini noted that much longer time periods elapsed before full loads came on the supports.

Modifications of Terzaghi's basic classification scheme are frequently found in the literature and attest to its one time high degree of acceptance. For example, a report by the California Department of Water Resources (ENR, 1959) details cost data for 99 tunnels designed by a slightly modified version of Terzaghi's basic design loads.

A major effort to add a quantifying descriptor to Terzaghi's rock load classification is due to Deere et al. (1969) and Deere et al. (1970). The pertinent data from Deere et al. (1969) is summarized in Table 5.3. An easily measured field index properly, R.Q.D. is correlated to both Terzaghi's and Stini's classification scheme. This correlation provided the means to "objectively" select the proper load class.

Table 5.3 Rock Loads and Classification

		ľ						
FRACTURE SPACING	TERZAGHI (1946)	ş	ROCK L	ROCK LOAD HP	REMARKS	STINI (1950)	ROCK LOAD Ho	REMARKS
	CLASS		INITIAL	FINAL		CLASS	METERS	
FT-IN	T HARD AND		0	0	LINING ONLY IF SPALLING OR POPPING	-		VERY LITTLE
8' ->_	2		1	T		STABLE	0.25+.05 B	LODSENING
	HARD STRATIFIED OR		0	0.25 3	SPALL ING COMMON			
<u>'</u>	SHISTOSE	6			SIDE PRESSURE 1F	Z NEARLY STABLE	0.50+.10 B	FEW ROCK FALLS FROM LOOSENING
وا 	MODERATELY JO	MAS- SIVE	o	0.5 B	STRATA INCLINED, SOME SPALLING	3 LIGHTLY BROKEN	1.0 +.20 B	LCOSENING WITH TIME
- 5 - 2 - 1	4 MODERATELY BLCCKY AND SEAMY	ر وو	0	0.25 B TO 0.35 C		4 MEDIUM BROKEN	2.0 +.40 B	IMMEDIATELY STABLE, BAEAK-UP AFTER FEW HONTHS
اي	5 VERY BLOCKY AND SEAMY, AND SHATTERED		010	0.35 C TO 1.1 C	LITTLE OR NO SIDE PRESSURE	S BROKEN	5.0 +1.0 B	IMMEDIATELY FAIMLY STABLE, LATER RAPID EREAK UP
% Q &	•			3.3 C	CONSIDERABLE SIDE PRESSURE. IF SEEPAGE CONTINUOUS SUPPORT	6 VERY BROKEN	7.5 +1.5 B	LOGSENS DURING EXCAYATION, LOCAL ROOF FALLS
	~		0,54 C TO 3,2 C	0.62 C T0 1.38 C	SS SS SS SS SS SS SS SS SS SS SS SS SS	AFTER DEERE Bie tunn Width + h	AFTER DEERE ET AL., (1969) B is tunnel width, C is width + height of tunnel	
		 	0.94 C 10 1.2 C	3.08 C TO 3.38 C	SO O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O			ļ

The effect of jointing and faulting on tunnel support loads was emphasized by Cording et al. (1971) and Cording and Deere (1972). They noted that triangular wedges could form above the crown due to adverse joint orientation and attempted to calculate the required support pressure as a function of shearing resistance along the sides of the wedge. Later work by Cording and Mahar (1974) noted that the kinematics of the situation dictated that at least one surface of the wedge should separate from the rock mass. The equivalent rock loads they presented, which are summarized in Table 5.4, do not assume any shearing resistance in the mass but are simply the pressure due to the total weight of the wedge.

The practice of designing tunnel supports on the basis of the amount of upbreak assumes that the rock has no inherent strength and that there is no real interaction between the support and the failing mass. One recent trend in tunnel support design focuses on methods which take advantage of the strength of the mass and which incorporate mass/support interaction. The brief survey of recent work is presented only to enumerate these concepts.

The "New Austrian Tunnelling Method" described by Rabcewicz (1964) is a relatively recent construction technique for minimizing the loads on tunnel supports. In the method, a thin layer of shotcrete is applied to the tunnel walls as soon as is possible following excavation in order to prevent degradation of the rock mass and thus maintain its strength. However, as Wagner (1970) has noted, the proper use of the method requires detailed knowledge of

Table 5.4 Rock loads due to crown wedges

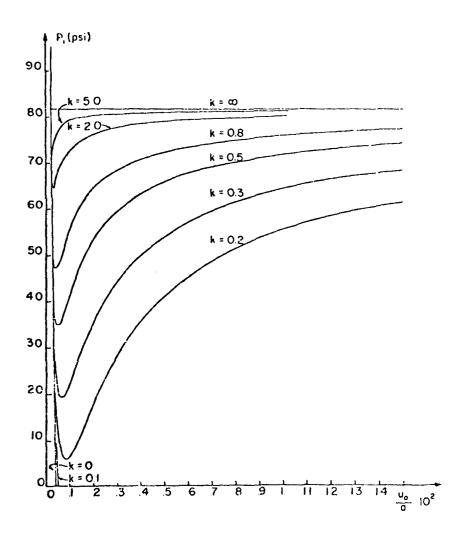
(~) DIP ANGLE	(0) HALF ANGLE	(nB) HEIGHT of EQUIVALENT ROCK LOAD	MINIMUM CONDITION FOR FAILURE	
o° - 30°		(o15)8	Both planes wavy, offset	
30° - 45°	60°- 45°	(.15 · .25)B	One plane wavy or offset, One plane smooth to slightly wavy	
45 °- 60°	45° - 30°	(.25 - ,45)8	One plane sheared, continu- aus and planac, One plane slightly wavy	239
60° - 75°	30°- 15°	(.45 - 1.0)8	Both planes sheared, con- tinuous and planar	
75° - 90	15° - 0°	> 1.08	Low lateral stresses in arch, Surfaces planar, smooth, pas- sibly open, or progressive fail- ure aided by separation along low angle joints	

From Cording and Mahar (1974)

the rock properties and behavior.

Daemen, Fairhurst and Starfield (1969), Daemen and Fairhurst (1973) and Daemen (1977) stress the need to consider both the complete force/deformation behavior of the rock mass and the interaction of the support system with the surrounding rock mass. Daemen (1977) presents ground reaction curves based upon a continuum analysis of an excavation surrounded by a zone of broken material possessing a residual strength. The method employed involved the determination of the pressure to be applied against the excavation surface to achieve stability; one resultant curve, typifying a material with low residual strength, is presented in Figure 5.2. This figure contains several interesting features. The line labeled $k = \infty$ represents a material characterized by a sudden loss of strength after the peak strength is reached; note that the implication of this type of behavior is that support pressure is independent of mass deformation. This is analagous to the "dead weight" loading characteristic of the design methods based upon amount of upbreak. A second interesting feature of the figure is the two lines, labeled k = 0 and k = 0.1, corresponding to materials exhibiting perfectly plastic post peak behavior. The implication of this type of behavior is that the ground will stand unsupported; in a 15 foot diameter tunnel the strain at the cessation of deformation corresponds to a displacement of approximately 0.1 inches.

Finally, the shape of the intermediate curves lends analytical support to the practice of placing the supports early. The



Note: The parameter "k" describes post peak behavior. k=0 is a plastic post peak behavior while $k=\infty$ is an immediate drop to a residual strength in the post peak region.

Figure 5.2 Ground reaction curves from continuum analysis of rock with low residual strength (Daemen, 1977).

application of shotcrete immediately after excavation allows the support/mass system to equilibrate at the minimum point of the ground reaction curve.

A similar approach, presented by Panek, Dixon and Mahtab (1975), was based upon a Finite Element analysis and included the effect of joint orientation. Their work indicated that the support pressure was more sensitive to joint orientation and joint slippage than to failure of the intact rock mass.

Dixon (1971) noted the importance of including the confining influence of the rock mass on the supports and produced a Finite Element model of the support system which was iteratively used to determine the forces in the support system. The forces were the resultant of the application of independently obtained active loads and the passive resistance of the rock mass. Orenstein (1973) adopted a similar procedure using a frame model loaded by independently obtained active loads. The passive resistance of the rock mass was modeled as a spring at each blocking point characterized by a support modulus. Neither of these approaches truly models the interaction of a rock mass and its support system since the input parameters are determined independently. Typical of the methods that do model the interaction of the mass and support is that of Daemen (1975). With this model Daemen studied the progressive development of failing material surrounding an excavation and effects of support variation. His conclusions, however, stress the need for instrumentation programs to verify this type of calculation.

The other recent trend in tunneling practice has been to collect design data from actual projects, isolate common features of the design, and attempt to categorize this data by statistical manipulation so that it can be extrapolated and used for design of new projects. The attractiveness of this method in terms of the present study is that jointing of the rock mass plays a central role in all of these classification schemes.

Abel (1966) combined geologic mapping of the Straight Creek tunnel pilot bore with a limited number of support load measurements to produce a set of design charts for prediction of rock load elsewhere in the tunnel. The method was judged to be successful but Abel noted that the results might not be applicable in other locations.

A classification scheme described by Kruse, et al. (1970) related the design of pressure tunnels to the different types and quality of rock encountered during excavation. In this particular application qualitative visual criteria were related to the deformation modulus of the rock mass. Abel's (1966) classification was adopted but the authors stressed that the usefulness of a classification scheme depended upon unambiguous definition of the input parameters.

Wickham, Tiedemann and Skinner (1972, 1974), Bieniawski (1973), and Barton, Lien and Lunde (1974) present conceptually similar classification schemes for aid in the selection of tunnel supports. The classification systems are based upon (respectively): general area geology, joint orientation and spacing, and ground water and joint condition; RQD, weathering, strength, joint spacing and

orientation, joint separation, joint continuity, and ground water; and, RQD, number of joint sets, joint roughness and alteration, ground water and adverse stress conditions. All of the classification systems are relatively simple to use, utilizing data that should be routinely collected during pre-construction investigations. The methods give similar answers and can, in fact be correllated to one another (Bieniawski, 1976).

At this time it is prudent to summarize briefly those portions of the preceeding discussion which are particularly significant with respect to the present study. The majority of the methods commonly used to design support systems in jointed rock are based upon the observation of isolated failures and the extrapolation of successfully designed support systems. There is certainly nothing wrong with extrapolating previous design data to proposed ventures provided that the basic behavior mechanisms of the rock mass and support system are similar. The most significant objections to this approach are that overly conservative designs could easily propagate and that extrapolation requires a complete understanding of the pertinent geologic properties, the mass behavior, and the function of the support system.

Analytic models of the rock mass and support system provide results that indicate that the interaction of the mass and support is a significant parameter relative to the final equilibrium state. It must certainly be proper to utilize a continuum approach to study a highly stressed situation where the rock mass is failing uniformly, but there is no real evidence to suggest that this

particular representation is valid for lower stressed situations where the primary deformation takes place along pre-existing discontinuity planes. In fact, the continuum analyses that have incorporated jointing in the mass indicate that the support load is more sensitive to slippage along the joint planes than to the failure of the intact mass.

The present trend of extrapolation based upon qualitatively observed parameters and instrumentation provides a useful and practical approach to the problem of tunnel support design.

However, the use of these classification schemes should be guided by rationally applied analytic models wherever possible. It is precisely in this context that the Distinct Element method is used in the remainder of this chapter. In particular, ground reaction curves are presented for several realistic models in an attempt to provide a guiding rationale for the continued use of the classification schemes.

5.2.3 <u>Calculation of the potential ultimate roof loads in the</u> jointed mass model

The discussion presented in Chapter 4.3 introduced a simple model for the behavior of the roofs of rooms excavated in a medium where the jointing was assumed to delineate blocks of a contant aspect ratio. The orientation of the joint planes was limited to either horizontal or vertical; additionally, the jointing in the vertical direction was assumed to be discontinuous. Subject to these restrictions, it is possible to describe a particular

excavation/joint configuration in terms of three geometric parameters: the true span (0); the aspect ratio of the blocks (block thickness (t) divided by block width (w)); and the height of the triangular zone (h) which delineates that material for which unrestricted movement into the excavation is kinematically possible. These geometric parameters are noted on the diagramatic section of an excavation in a jointed mass illustrated in Figure 5.3(a). The volume of material which kinematically can undergo a finite, as opposed to an infinitesimal, displacement into the excavation is outlined and indicated in the figure.

As noted in Chapter 4.3, the number of blocks (b) in the bottom row of the roof strata and height (h) of the zone of potential finite displacement are given respectively by:

$$b = 0/w$$
and
$$h = b \cdot t$$
5.1

The geometric parameters of the model can also be used to determine the total weight of the material within the triangular zone of potential finite displacement. This quantity is of interest since it represents the maximum load on the support system if the downward displacement of the triangular zone is sufficient to cause loss of transmittal of vertical force across the boundary between the triangular zone and the overlaying strata.

The total weight (L) of material within the triangular zone is easily calculated in terms of the total number of blocks (B) comprising the zone. For a unit thickness normal to the plane of the paper and a given weight density (d), the total weight within the zone of potential finite displacement of the basic model

illustrated in Figure 5.3(a) is:

$$L = B \cdot t \cdot w \cdot d$$
 5.2

The total number of blocks within the zone of potential finite displacement is related to the true span of the excavation and the block width. In fact, it is the quotient of these two parameters, the number of blocks in the bottom row, that leads to a simple expression for the total number of blocks in the triangular zone. The total number of blocks in the triangular zone is the sum of the number of blocks in each of n rows of blocks in the zone:

$$B = b + (b-1) + ... + (b-n+2) + (b-n+1)$$
 5.3

The terms on the right side of the equal sign in equation 5.3 are the terms of an arithmetic progression

$$a_n = a_1 + (n-1) d$$
 5.4

where a_1 is the first term,

 a_n is the nth term, and

d is the common difference

The properties of the basic jointed mass model are such that:

$$a_1 = b$$
, 5.5
 $a_n = 1$,
 $n = b$, and
 $d = -1$

The total number of blocks in the triangular zone is given by the sum of the first n terms of this arithmetic progression:

$$B = \frac{b}{2} (b + 1)$$
 5.6

The total weight of material within the zone of potential finite displacement is thus:

$$L = \frac{b}{2} (b + 1) \cdot t \cdot w \cdot d$$
 5.7

In terms of the true span of the excavation:

$$L = \frac{0t}{2} \left(\frac{0}{y} + 1 \right) d$$
 5.8

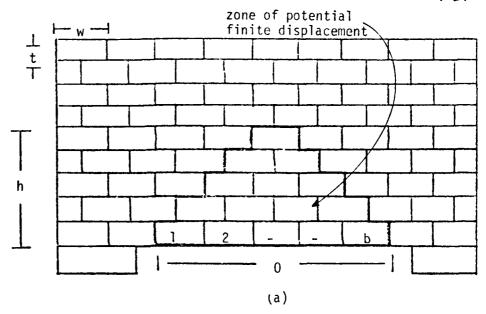
Equation 5.8 was used to obtain the five sets of curves presented in Figure 5.3. Each family of curves represents a constant block width while each curve within a family represents a different block thickness. The thickness values increase in an upward direction. The calculations were performed using a weight density of 150 pcf; all length dimensions are thus in feet. Since equation 5.8 is linear with respect to density, the curves may be corrected for any desired density simply by multiplying the load by the quotient of the desired density, in pounds per cubic foot, and 150 pcf.

The graphs illustrated in Figure 5.3 should be used with caution since the model upon which they are derived is based upon integer values of the number of blocks in the lower row. Although the curves give a seemingly proper value of the load for non-integer values of b, the jointed model is only defined for those instances where the span is an integer multiple of the block width. It must also be noted that even though the complete curves have been plotted in all cases, the model is also undefined in those instances where the true span is less than the block width. This cutoff point has been indicated on the abscissa of each plot by a small triangle; the curves are not valid for the basic model to the left of this

cutoff point.

The graphs of Figure 5.3 indicate that the total weight of the triangular zone increases parabolically with span and that for a given block width and span, increasing the thickness of the blocks leads to an increased load. On the other hand, for a constant span and thickness, increasing the width of the blocks decreases the loads on the supports.

By a suitable choice of variables it is possible to plot all of the data of Figure 5.3 as a single linear relation between dimensionless variables. This plot is presented in Figure 5.4. Although this plot lacks the utility of Figure 5.3, its value is due to the fact that it is valid for any consistent set of units. For example, consider an excavation in a medium with a weight density of 26 KN/m³ and jointing in the manner of the basic model leading to blocks of thickness 0.5m and width 1.5m. The aspect ratio of the blocks is thus 0.33. For an excavation 12m in width, the true span (0) is 10.5m; the number of blocks in the bottom row of the roof strata, which is the ratio O/w; is thus seven. Referring to Figure 5.4 an ordinate value 4.0 corresponds to an abscissa value 7.0. The potential ultimate load corresponding to a finice displacement of the triangular wedge can be determined by multiplying the known parameters out of the ratio. The load is thus 4 * 10.5m * 0.5m * 26 KN/m³ or 546 KN per meter of excavation length.



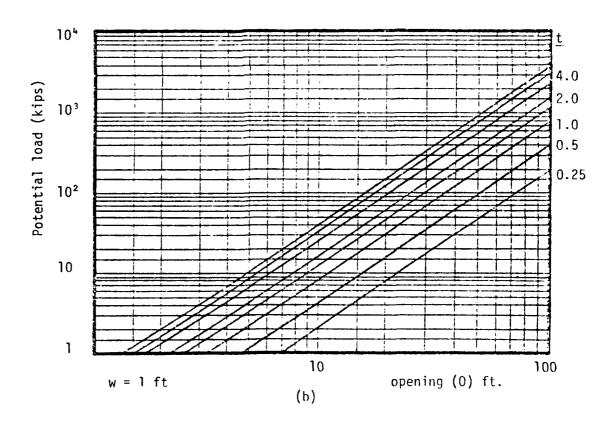


Figure 5.3 Ultimate potential load to be resisted by supports for basic jointed roof model: (a) basic model; (b) block width = 1 foot;

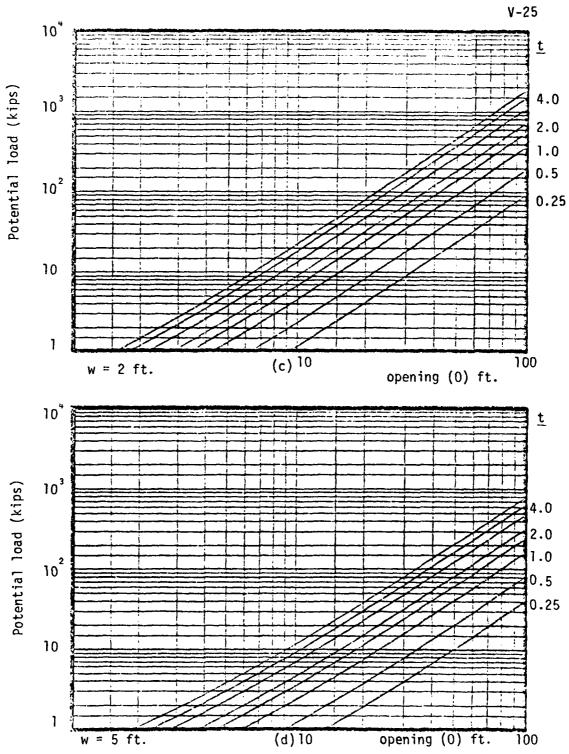
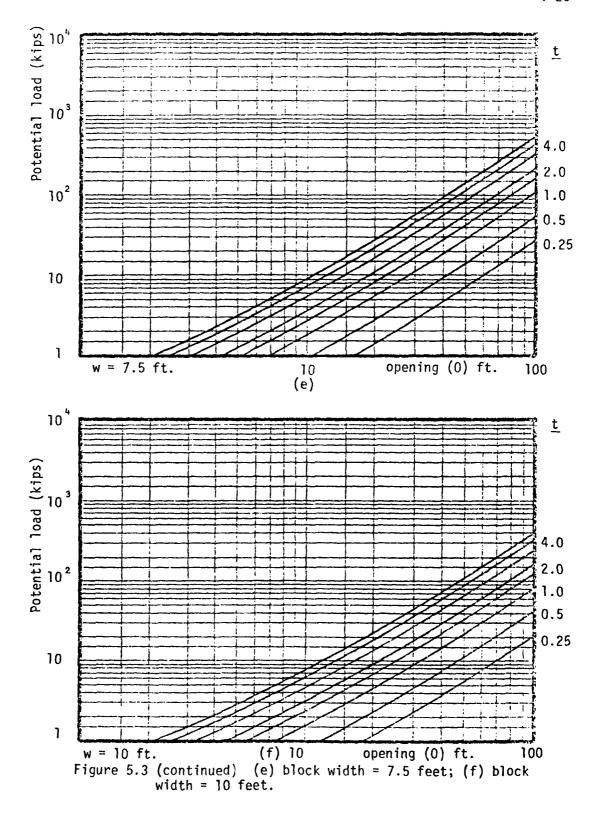


Figure 5.3 (continued) (c) block width = 2 feet; (d) block width = 5 feet;



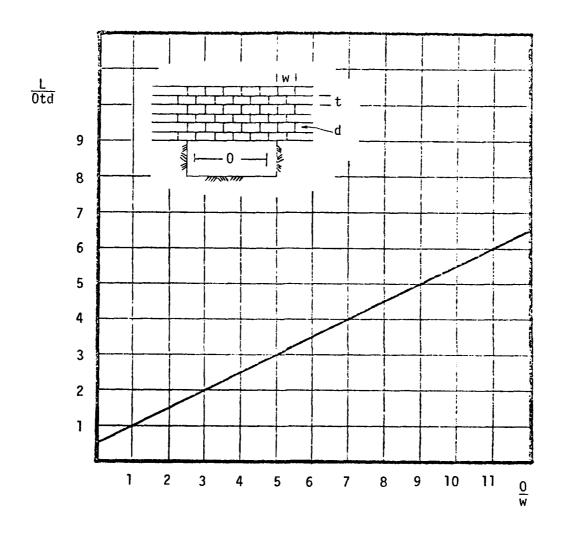


Figure 5.4 Diminsionless linear relationship between span, block width, block thickness, density and potential ultimate load.

5.2.4 The use of displacement controlled fixed blocks to generate ground reaction curves

A ground reaction curve is a particular example of the non-linear stiffness behavior of a jointed rock mass which can only be determined in reality by a succession of measurements. These measurements reflect the changing relationship between the load to be resisted by the supports and the inward displacement of the rock mass. Since the force sum acting on a spatially fixed block is automatically calculated by the Distinct Element program, a spatially fixed block can be utilized to determine the magnitude of the support force necessary to stabilize a failing rock mass. A value so determined is of use because it is a point on the ground reaction curve but this information is of much more value if the complete ground reaction curve can be determined.

The solution to the problem of determining a complete ground reaction curve by the Distinct Element method requires that some type of automated control mechanism be incorporated in the model to vary the position of the load indicating block.

Analogous to a laboratory testing frame, there are two basic governing control mechanisms: force control, which requires a freely moving block; and displacement control which requires a spatially fixed block. Both mechanisms require that a small block be placed against the strata in the manner illustrated in Figure 5.5(a) and (b).

To implement the force controlled testing machine, the force

on the load indicating block is reduced by some amount. The net result of this action would be an acceleration, due to the excess load imposed by the strata, of the load indicating block away from the strata, continuing until equilibrium of the system was again achieved. In practice, there are two serious drawbacks to the implementation of a force controlled testing machine. The first problem is concerned with inertial effects. Beginning at point (1) on the ground reaction curve illustrated in Figure 5.5(c), a force reduction of magnitude ΔF should again reach equilibrium at point (2); however, the inertia of the system could cause the jointed mass to temporarily experience the conditions at point (3). Since the applied force is higher than that required for equilibrium, the load indicating block will move toward the strata. Owing to the highly non-linear stiffness behavior of a jointed mass, it is likely that this reloading will follow a different behavior curve than the unloading curve. In the case illustrated, the reloading curve is stiffer than the loading curve, and the mass comes to equilibrium at point (4) instead of point (2). The result of this is that instead of the true ground reaction curve (1) - (2) - (3), the data would indicate curve (1) - (4) as being the ground reaction curve.

The second problem that would be encountered would occur if the ground reaction curve had an upswing such as the segment of the curve (6) - (7) in Figure 5.5(c). The postulated force controlled testing machine would continue to lower the force applied

to the load indicating block and thus, equilibrium could not be reached.

A displacement controlled governing mechanism is not foolproof either. Although not subject to the inertial effects of the freely moving block utilized in the force controlled testing machine, the displacement control of a fixed block can also lead to incorrect results. One point of interest, which is addressed later in this chapter concerns the interaction of the support and the rock mass. If the presence of a support force affects the development of arching within the rock mass, then a large displacement step could pull the support away from the rock mass and all interaction between the support and the rock mass would cease. One consequence of this type of action is illustrated in Figure 5.5(d). If, indeed, arching does occur and stabilize the rock mass so that the generated ground reaction curve is (1) - (2) - (3) - (8) as illustrated in the figure, the displacement steps must be small enough so that the support-mass interactions are faithfully modeled. It is possible that the presence of the support tends to inhibit roof arch development; if this is indeed the case, then the true ground reaction curve would be (1) - (2) - (3) - (6) - (9). This problem will not arise if the displacement steps are small enough.

It might be noted that the mechanism of unfixing a block and letting it move to a new position before refixing it does not lead to an acceptable solution. The force sum acting on the fixed block is a large quantity relative to the weight of the fixed block. Thus when the fixity of the block is removed, high acceleration would

tend to make the now free block undergo a large displacement. This of course, could lead to the same problem illustrated in Figure 5.5(d).

The actual mechanism incorporated in the Distinct Element program is the displacement controlled fixed block. The routine modifies the low order (high precision) part of the fixed block centroid coordinates. Displacements in the x coordinate direction and the y coordinate direction are specified as well as the number of cycles between displacement steps. Once the displacement control mechanism is enabled, it will continue to incrementally move the load indicating block, until the control mechanism is disabled. In this manner, the displacement control mechanism functions as a testing machine with the output being a ground reaction curve for the rock mass in question. In actual use, however, the mechanism is disabled at frequent intervals to ensure that the mass/support system reaches equilibrium before continuing the displacement of the load indicating block.

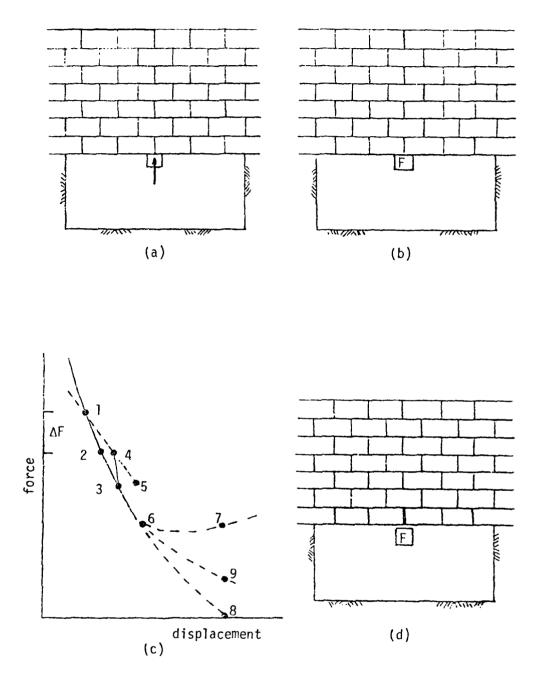


Figure 5.5 Mechanisms for obtaining ground reaction curves for jointed rock mass (a, b and d) and generalized force displacement curve (c).

5.3 Support Requirements in the Absence of Arch Development

In order that the development of the ideas presented in this chapter be complete, it is prudent to examine the support requirements for the simple monolithic roof model presented in Chapter 4.4. Recall that owing to the absence of flexural deformation in the model, arching behavior was unable to develop and stability of the single block was achieved by frictional resistance acting along the vertical joints. For those situations where the magnitude of the horizontal force acting on the block is insufficient to prevent failure of the roof through downward movement of the block, equilibrium, and thus the integrety of the roof, can only be obtained by the application of an external force.

The Limit Equilibrium models utilized in Chapter 4 can easily be modified to incorporate an external force or the resultant of an external support pressure; the modified models are illustrated in Figure 5.6(a). The assumptions of symmetry of the frictional reactions and the full mobilization of frictional resistance lead to an equation of vertical equilibrium which is given by:

$$P = W - 2 \tan \phi$$
 5.9

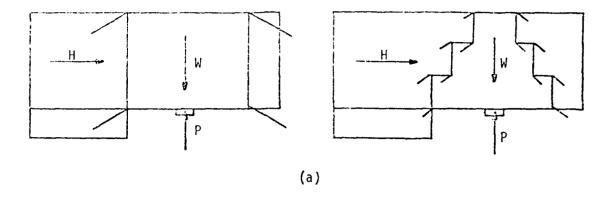
where: P is the external support load;

W is the weight of the block

H is the total horizontal thrust; and

is the angle of sliding friction of the joints.

If the support load and horizontal thrust are normalized with respect to the weight, a diminsionless form of equation 5.9,



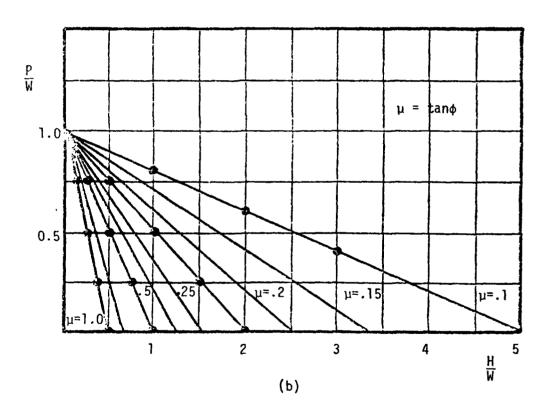


Figure 5.6 (a) Limit Equilibrium models of roof behavior under combined frictional suspension and external force.
(b) external support requirement for stability of frictionally suspended roofs.

$$\frac{P}{W} = 1 - \frac{2H}{W} \tan \phi \qquad 5.10$$

is obtained. This equation is plotted in Figure 5.6(b) for various values of tanφ. As was expected, the magnitude of the external support force decreases with increasing horizontal thrust; the decrease is more rapid for higher joint friction angles.

A number of unstable, monolithic roof geometries were modeled using the Distinct Element method for purposes of comparison to equation 5.10. In these models the external support load required for stability was either applied to the centroid of the roof block or applied to the centroid of a small block placed at midspan on the bottom of the roof block specifically for this purpose. There was no discernable difference in the results obtained by the different methods. Examination of Figure 5.6(b) reveals a high degree of correlation between the Limit Equilibrium solution and those calculated by the Distinct Element method.

The basic model dealt with in this study forms an inverted "staircase" in the roof when failure occurs (see Chapter 4.3). The geometric relationships relating total roof load to the span of the excavation and the aspect ratio of the blocks formed by the jointing which were developed in the preceding section can be used to determine the magnitude of the parameter W in equation 5.9. Bearing in mind the fact that the roof is monolithic it is still possible to calculate a ficticious aspect ratio for the joints that form the vertical sides of the roof block. Thus equation 5.7 or 5.8 may be used to determine the total weight of the roof. If the support

force is assumed to be some percentage (K) of the total roof load and if in addition, the total horizontal thrust (H) is expressed as the height of the arch (h) multiplied by the horizontal stress (σ_h), then K is given by the relation:

$$KW = W - 2H \tan \phi \qquad 5.11(a)$$

$$K = 1 - 2 \frac{0 \frac{t}{w} \sigma_h \tan \phi}{(\frac{0^2 t}{2w} + \frac{0t}{2}) d}$$
 5.11(b)

$$K = 1 - 4R/(0 + w)$$
 5.12

The stress factor (R) is defined as

$$R = \frac{\sigma_h \tan\phi}{d}$$
 5.13

All of the above mentioned parameters are illustrated in Figure 5.8.

Figure 5.7 illustrates the relationship between the percentage of the roof load to be supported (K), the true opening width (O), the stress factor (R) and the block width (w). The three separate graphs correspond to different values of w, chosen to represent: a high fracture frequency or a low RQD (w = 2 in.); a moderate fracture frequency or RQD (w = 10 in.) and; a low fracture frequency or a high RQD (w = 25 in.). The curves demonstrate an increase in the percentage of support required corresponding to an increase in block width; this reflects the fact that for any given block thickness, an increase in the block width tends to make the roof block assume a rectangular rather than a triangular shape. The percentage of support required also decreases with increasing horizontal stress

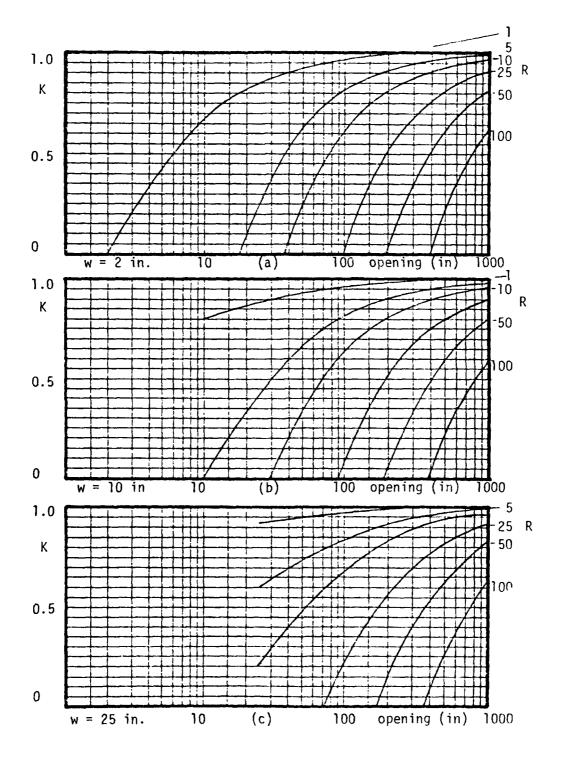


Figure 5.7 Percentage of total roof weight (k) to be supported as a function of true opening (0) for varying block width (w) and stress factor (R).

 (σ_h) or friction coefficient (tan ϕ) or decreasing material density (d). This fact is expressed by the stress factor (R) which is also incorporated in the graphs shown in Figure 5.7.

Equation 5.12 can also be used to determine the maximum unsupported span length for the model illustrated in Figure 5.8 simply by solving for the situation where there is no required external support force (K = 0). Under these stipulations, equation 5.12 becomes:

$$0 + w = 4 \frac{\sigma_h \tan\phi}{d}$$
 5.14

The quantity 0 + w is the excavation width (S) illustrated in Figure 5.8; the figure also presents a plot of excavation width (S) as a function of horizontal stress (σ_h) for different values of $\tan \phi$. This figure can be used to determine the maximum expected horizontal span for a monolithic roof failing by slipping along vertical joints in the presence of a horizontal stress field.

The model under consideration does not incorporate failure by arching but it is of interest to know if the maximum span predicted by equation 5.6 exceeds the span at which failure by arching would occur. This can be determined for the simple case of a rectangular roof comprised of two blocks, since the rigid block analyses of single layer model arching developed in Chapter 4.5.3 indicated that a clearly defined boundary between failure by sliding and failure by arching could be determined for a multi-block, single layer model. In terms of maximum unsupported spans for a two block rectangular

roof, equation 4.3 may be rewritten:

$$0 = 2 \frac{\sigma_h}{d} \tan \phi$$
 5.15

Likewise, equation 4.9, which relates horizontal thrust to span may be rewritten:

$$0 = \sqrt{8 \frac{\sigma_h}{d} t}$$
 5.16

It is thus possible, at least in the simple case of a roof comprised of two rectangular blocks, to determine if the calculated maximum unsupported span exceeds the approximate value of the span at which failure occurs by arching.

Equations 5.15 and 5.16 are actually the dividing lines that separate zones of stability and instability; in the first case the equation delineates that zone where sliding will occur and in the second case, the equation delineates that zone where failure will be by arching. Equations 5.15 and 5.16 have been plotted in Figure 5.9 with horizontal stress plotted as a function of span, various values of the joint friction coefficient have resulted in a family of curves, inclined at about 25 degrees from the span axis, that delineate the zones of sliding failure. Similarly, various values of the block thickness have resulted in the family of curves, at the steeper inclination, that delineate the zones of arching failure. When plotted on the same figure, these two equations thus delineate four zones, indicative of the condition of the roof, that are dependent upon the block thickness and the joint friction

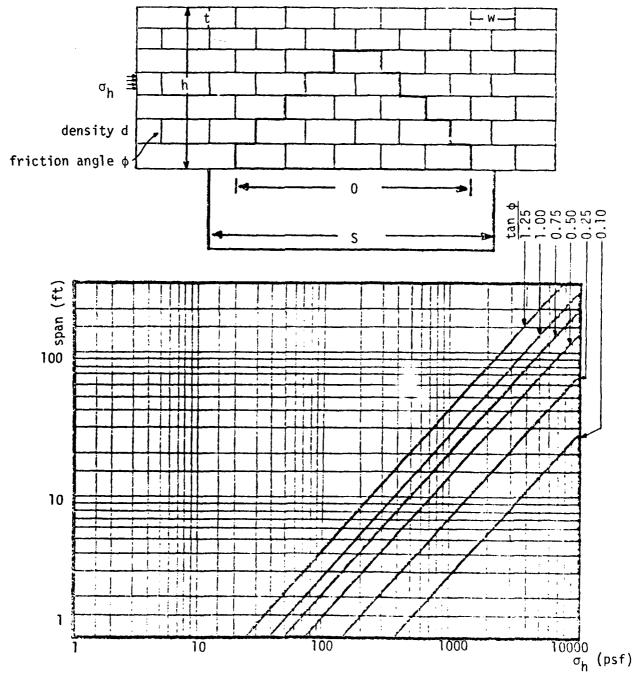


Figure 5.8 Maximum unsupported spans (S) for non-arching model as a function of horizontal stress (σ_h) and friction coefficient (μ_1)

coefficient. To use Figure 5.9 the curve corresponding to the block thickness and the curve corresponding to the friction coefficient are selected. The point corresponding to the span and horizontal stress will then lie in one of four zones. The zones correspond to complete stability, failure by sliding, failure by arching, and failure by sliding and arching. These zones are illustrated in Figure 5.9 for the particular case t=2 feet and $tan\phi=0.5$.

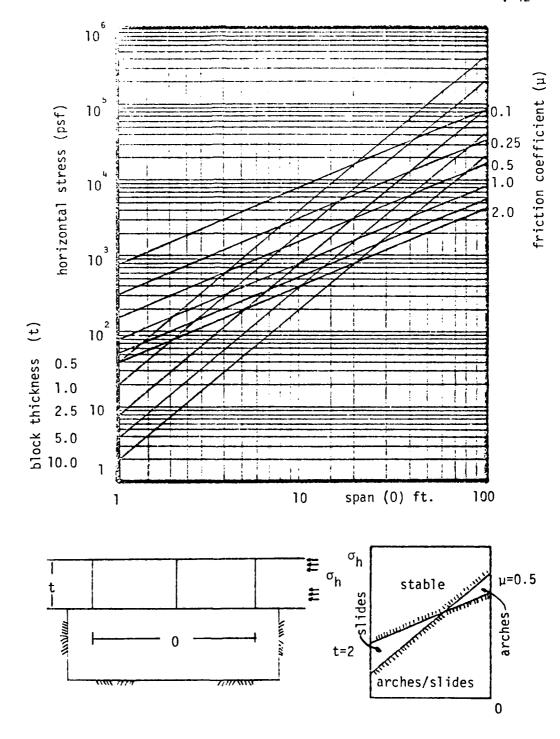


Figure 5.9 Conditions for failure by arching or sliding for the illustrated roof geometry.

- 5.4 An Investigation of Support Requirements in Jointed Roofs
- 5.4.1 <u>Jointed mass behavior representation by means of ground</u>
 reaction curves

The brief survey of design concepts presently in use to aid in the dimensioning of tunnel supports indicated that the majority of the methods that recognize the rock mass as a jointed discontinuum are of an empirical nature and are often criticized for their failure to account for the interaction of the support system and the rock mass. However, the fact that the older amount of upbreak or dead weight loading schemes (Bierbaumer, Terzaghi and Stini) are based upon observations, admittedly crude, of pressures acting on installed support systems indicates that there is at least some partial measure of the support/mass interaction incorporated within them. The same is true of the newer schemes (Wickman, Tiedeman and Skinner, Bieniawski, and Barton); the design pressures are based upon actual installed support data supplemented by instrumentation data where it was available. Thus the interaction of the mass and support system is incorporated in these schemes even though it is not somehow explicitly expressed as one of the basic input parameters.

Conspicuous in its absence, however, is analytical substantiation of the required support loads predicted by the empirical schemes for those instances where the failure of the rock mass and the resulting loading of the support system is governed by the presence of distinct planes of weakness, such as joints and

faults, within the rock mass. The Distinct Element method provides the mechanism to investigate the behavior of jointed masses which are controlled by the behavior of the joints. Additionally, the implementation of the displacement controlled testing mechanism described in Chapter 5.2.4 provides the data necessary to quantitatively describe the behavior of the jointed rock mass as it interacts with a simple support system.

The Distinct Element method has been used to study the support requirements of numerous excavation roofs which possess the joint pattern characteristic of the basic model utilized in Chapter 4. These characteristics are regular, continuous jointing in the horizontal direction and regular, discontinuous jointing in the vertical direction. Once again, this is a plane strain model and the aspect ratio of the blocks for a given problem is a constant. The results of this investigation are presented in this section by means of several ground reaction curves which are representative of the observed responses.

The results presented in Chapter 4 indicated that the stability of the roof of an excavation in jointed rock was most sensitive to the magnitude of the horizontal stress. It follows logically, therefore, that an investigation of the support requirements of excavations in jointed media should be concerned with the effect of horizontal stress on the ground behavior as expressed by a ground reaction curve relating the total load acting on the support to the vertical deflection of the support.

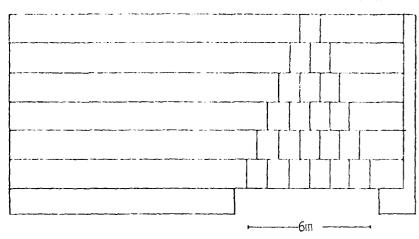
The models analyzed in this chapter are subject to the limitations of those described in Chapter 4, namely highly idealized joint behavior and a simplified mechanism for modeling the horizontal stress. The joints are modeled as planar and do not possess cohesion. The tendency of construction procedures such as blasting is to destroy the cohesion of the joint surfaces near the excavation. This, coupled with the fact that the models portray the behavior of failing masses leads to the conclusion that the analyses are valid in terms of the cohesive strength of the joints. The fact that the joints are considered to be planar, however, does detract somewhat from the validity of the analyses. joints are non-planar; perfectly mating rough surfaces can only be forced to slide relative to one another if they are free to move apart. This dilatancy leads to increased mass strength for if the joint separates two confined blocks, the only way relative movement can occur is if shearing of the rock mass takes place. As noted in Chapter 4.5.2, the horizontal stress field is modeled as a constant load, owing to the rigid nature of the blocks in the Distinct Element formulation. Under a constant load situation strength increases due to dilatancy do not occur. The analyses presented in this chapter are probably only realistic for problems where dilatancy does not play a significant role. Near surface excavations with relatively open or infilled jointing are examples of such a situation.

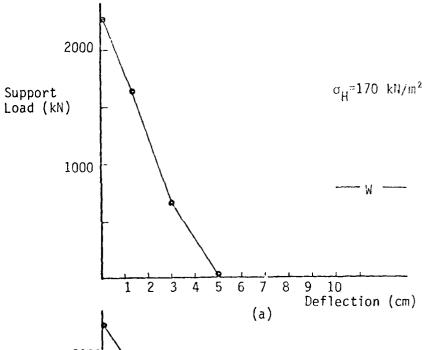
Figure 5.10 presents two ground reaction curves for the six

meter wide excavation illustrated in the figure. Part (a) of the figure illustrates the ground reaction curve for a case where sufficient horizontal stress exists to stabilize the mass in the absence of externally applied support. The ground reaction curve reflects this fact indicating that a value of the roof deflection of approximately five centimeters, the load acting on the supports is zero. The second ground reaction curve illustrated in the figure represents a situation where the magnitude of the horizontal stress field is insufficient to stabilize the mass without the introduction of external support. The parameter W, indicated on the ground reaction curve, is the total weight of the material within the zone of potential finite displacement described in Chapter 5.2.3. W is thus that quantity which was previously termed the potential ultimate roof load. The form of the ground reaction curve suggests that as deflection of the roof continues the required support force approaches a constant value, and that this value is given by the potential ultimate of load W.

A similar situation a four meter wide excavation where the blocks have a significantly lower aspect ratio (0.4 as opposed to 1.5 for the first case) is presented in Figure 5.11. As before, the two ground reaction curves represent the situations where sufficient stabilizing horizontal pressure is present (part a) and the case where external support is required for stability for the roof (part b). However, in this case, the ground reaction curve in the first part of the figure represents the behavior of the mass where the applied horizontal stress is







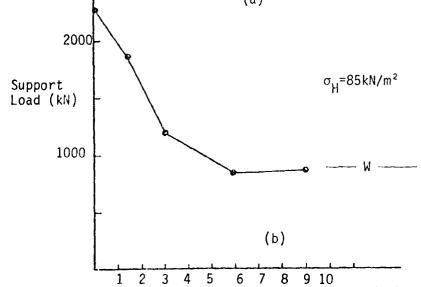
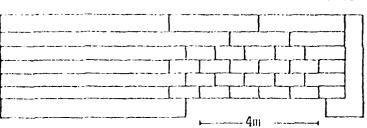
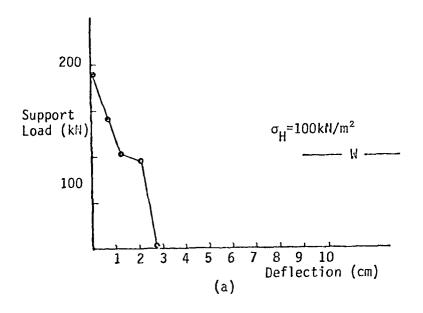


Figure 5.10 Ground Reaction Curves for 6m Wide Excavation:(a) High Horizontal Stress;(b) Low Stress.





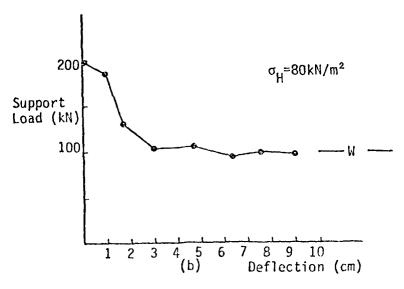
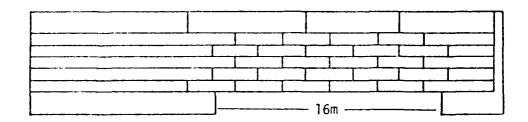


Figure 5.11 Ground Reaction Curves for 4m Wide Excavation: (a)Stabilizing Horizontal Stress; (b) Insufficient Horizontal Stabilizing Stress.

not significantly higher than the value where failure would occur if no support system was present. The end result is the same as that seen in higher stress situations presented for the six meter wide excavation. The support requirements drop to zero at a roof deflection of approximately three cm, but in the case of the four meter wide excavation there is a noticeable kink in the ground reaction curve occurring at the value of the load corresponding to the potential ultimate roof load. This probably reflects the need for finite displacement to occur before rotation of the blocks can devleop the arch necessary to stabilize the roof. The second part of the figure presents the ground reaction curve for the situation where the horizontal stress alone is insufficient to stabilize the mass. Again, the behavior of the roof indicates that the support requirements approach a constant level with increasing deflection of the roof. Note that the value of the required support resistance is again given by the potential ultimate roof load W.

The tendency for the ground reaction to indicate a constant value of the required support force was observed in the majority of the cases examined. Exceptions to this observed behavior were rare; one example will be presented shortly. The three ground reaction curves presented in Figure 5.12 are representative of a number of calculated mass responses and indicate that the rock load for which supports should be designed is represented fairly accurately by the potential ultimate roof load. Figure 5.12(a) and (b) both represent situations of insufficient horizontal stabilizing force for a



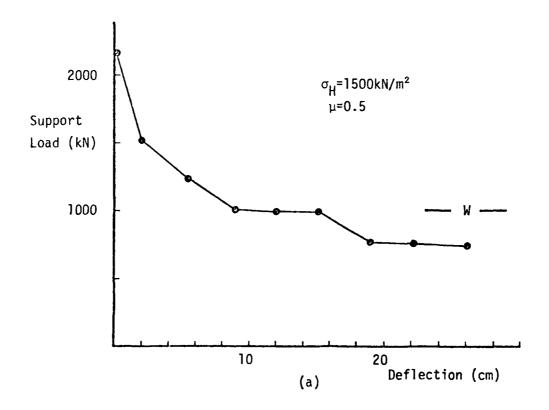


Figure 5.12 Ground Reaction Curves for a 16 meter Wide Excavation Illustrating the Consistancy of Constant Support Load with Decreasing Horizontal Stress and Friction Coefficient.

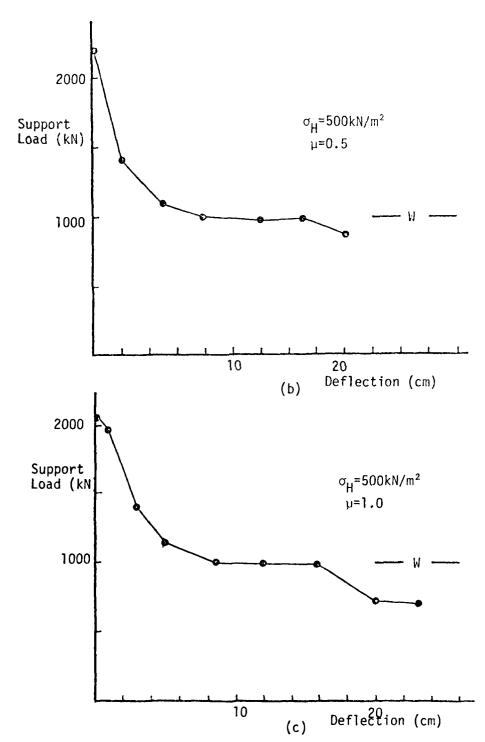


Figure 5.12 Continued.

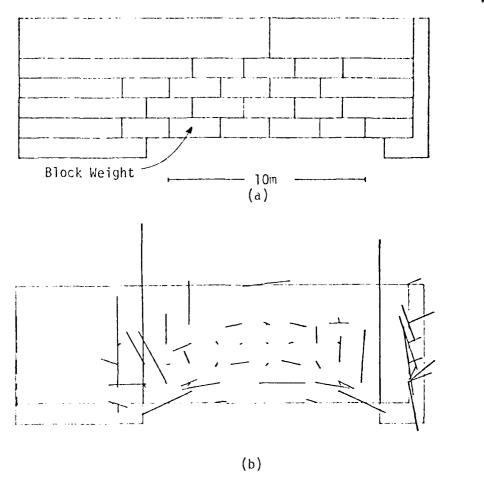
16 meter wide excavation; part (b) however, represents a situation of much lower horizontal stress. The general shape of the ground reaction curves is, nevertheless, similar. The third ground reaction curve also represents low stress conditions but indicates the effect of increasing the friction coefficient of the joints. As can be seen, the same constant load requirement emerges. The major effect of the higher friction coefficient is to decrease the rate at which the ground reaction curve drops to the final, constant level. This is also representative of other cases observed; an increase in the friction coefficient has little effect on the ultimate support requirement.

The three curves presented in Figure 5.12 also indicate a characteristic decrease in the support load requirements with further roof deflection. This decrease in required support was observed most frequently in problems involving blocks with a low aspect ratio. This behavior typically corresponded to roof deflections of the order of 10 to 20 percent of the block thickness and is indicative of bed separation occurring as an arch develops in the second row of strata above the excavation. This behavior was not observed in situations involving higher aspect ratios, probably owing to the tendency of this type of model to fail by sliding rather than arching.

The presentation of the calculated ground reaction curves has indicated that two general behavior patterns emerged from this investigation: first, ground reaction curves for masses which would have been stable without external support reflect this

stability by indicating no required load after a small finite deflection of the roof; and second, ground reaction curves for masses which would have failed without external support indicate that the required support is a constant value, typically given by the potential ultimate roof load of the model. The first result was not unexpected; the second result, however, requires an attempted explanation.

Figure 5.13(a) illustrates a 10 meter wide excavation; the distribution of contact forces for the case of no external support is illustrated in part (b) of the figure. The contact force distribution represents clearly the situation observed for other stable excavation geometries; well developed roof and ground arches can be seen along with minimal vertical force transmittal within the zone of potential finite displacement. The contact force distributions illustrated in Figure 5.13 (c) and (d) are representative of conditions prevailing in the presence of external support. The relative roof deflections of the roof corresponding to these force distributions are indicated on the ground reaction curve for the mass in part (e) of the figure. The first force distribution indicates that the presence of the support results in an initial inhibition of the development of the roof arch and allows vertical force transmittal through the zone of potential finite displacement. Part (d) of the figure is indicative of conditions on the constant portion of the ground reaction. The roof arch is partially developed, but the presence of the support is preventing the block rotations necessary for minimizing the



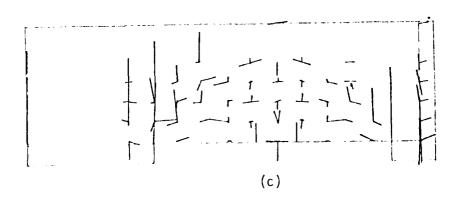
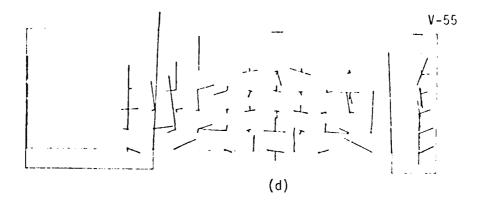


Figure 5.13 Contact Force Distributions for Indicated Model(a);
(b) No External Support; (c) and (d) External Support;
Relative Deformation Indicated on Ground Reaction Curve (e).



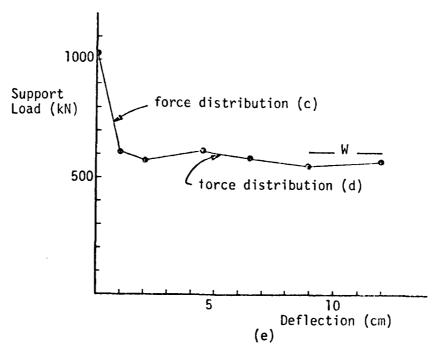


Figure 5.13 Continued.

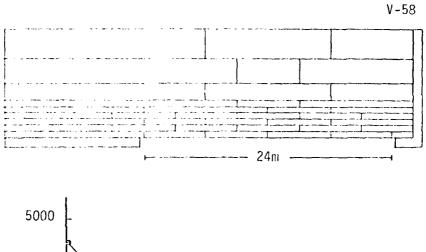
vertical force transmittal within the zone of potential finite displacement.

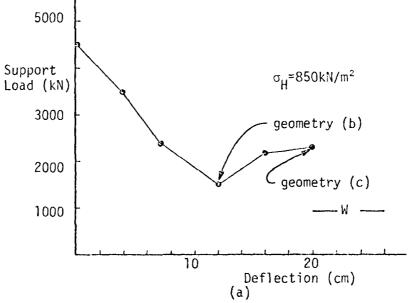
At this point it is opportune to emphasize the "physical" properties governing the behavior of the joints. In the present formulation of the Distinct Element program, the joints are assumed to be smooth, planar surfaces with shear strength due only to frictional resistance. This characterization neglects two important parameters of joint behavior: cohesion and dilatancy. Cohesion along joint surfaces is significant in determining the initial strength of a joint; once failure begins, cohesion is typically lost, so it is probably realistic to characterize a failing jointed mass as cohesionless. The dilatant properties of joints are relatively well known, at least qualitatively. The main effect of the dilatant behavior of joints is a volume increase with shear movement resulting in an increased normal stress on the joint and thus, an increased resistance to shear. In order to arrive at the ground reaction curves presented in this section the behavior of the joints was thus highly idealized. It is therefore unrealistic to expect that the ground reaction curves presented are characteristic of the behavior of all jointed masses.

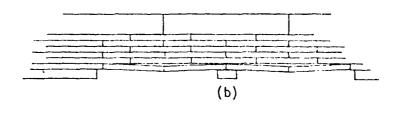
As a final example of a ground reaction curve for an excavation in a jointed rock mass, a situation is presented where the typical, constant ultimate load requirement was not observed. The case under consideration, a 24 meter wide excavation where the jointing defines blocks having an aspect ratio of 0.1, is illustrated in Figure 5.14. The ground reaction curve, also

illustrated in the figure, is seen to possess characteristics markedly different from those typically observed. The most significant of these are the lower rate of decrease of the curve, an upswing of the curve with increasing roof deflection, and values of the support requirements significantly in excess of the potential ultimate roof load. As an aid to understanding this departure from the typical behavior, it is instructive to examine the geometry of the deformed state of the rock mass as indicated in parts (b) and (c) of the figure. As can be seen, the maximum deflection of the roof is not occurring at the support point as was the case in the other geometries examined. Additionally the horizontal force is causing the relatively slender lower strata to buckle. The result of this action is that the lower row of blocks is actually "prying" the support block away form the strata and thus acting to increase the load on the support.

This example points out several shortcomings of this analysis which should be enumerated. First, it indicates the inadequacy of modeling the support system as a single point since multiple "blocking points" could have prevented the off center maximum deflections and possibly could have resulted in a different response. The other major shortcoming of this analysis is the infinite strength of the blocks. In a real situation the behavior indicated in the figure would probably result in fracture of the blocks long before the situation indicated in part (c) of the figure could have developed.







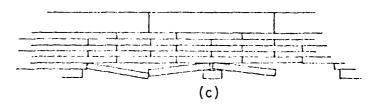


Figure 5.14 Ground Reaction Curve and Displaced Geometries for 24 meter Wide Excavation.

The modeling of jointed excavation roofs presented in this section lead to the conclusion that the ultimate load to be resisted by the support system could be predicted, in the majority of cases, by the potential ultimate roof load described in Chapter 5.2.3. The ultimate loads predicted by the ground reaction curves are summarized in Figure 5.15. Neglecting data from analyses similar to that just described, a relationship between the ultimate support load and the span of the excavation can be seen. This relationship was found to be a function of the aspect ratio of the blocks, but relatively insensitive to the friction coefficient of the joints. The relationship between the support load required and span is given approximately by:

$$L = n B^2$$
 5.14

where

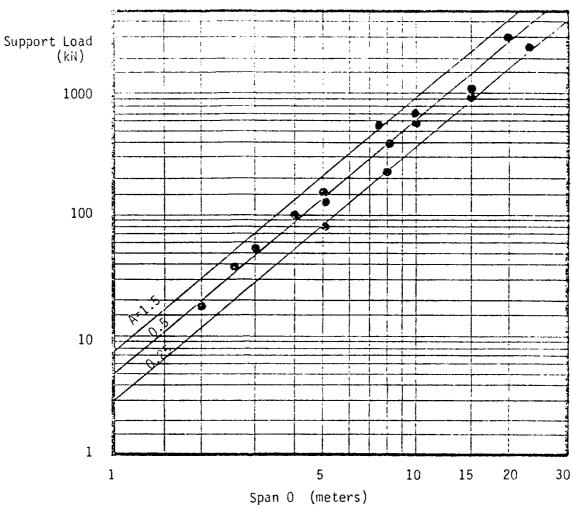
$$n = 2 + 5A$$
, and

A is the block aspect ratio.

5.4.2 The use of the Distinct Element method in the design of support systems for excavations in jointed masses

The ground reaction curves presented in the preceding section indicated that in response to the idealized assumptions of joint behavior utilized in the analyses, the support force required for stability was seen typically to be a function of the geometric properties of the excavation. In particular, the ultimate resisting force was found to have been given approximately by the potential ultimate roof load, which could be calculated with the aid of





Note: A is the aspect ratio defined by the jointing.

Figure 5.15 Summary of ultimate loads on support system for cases where the mass did not stabilize independently of the support system.

Figure 5.4 or approximated by equation 5.17 in terms of the span and the aspect ratio of the blocks. In this section is presented a comparison of these results and the observed load-span relationship with several of the empirical schemes to see if a correlation exists. To ensure that the discussion doesn't stray too far from reality, actual design data from several underground excavations is also included.

The primary purpose of this investigation was to see if the Distinct Element calculated response of an excavation in jointed rock, taking account of mass/support interaction, could be correlated to "dead weight" load schemes such as that proposed by Terzaghi. Several comparisons of this type are presented in Figure 5.16. Parts (a) and (b) of the figure present the total load to be resisted as a function of span as estimated by the methods of Terzaghi and Stini. The Terzaghi load classes two, three and four are included on the graph and it can be seen that classes two (hard, stratified) and three (massive, moderately jointed) bracket the data nicely. It should be noted that the models examined could be included in class four (blocky and seamy) and as such, would indicate that Terzaghi's method is non-conservative. Similarly, the Stini estimates for classes two, three and four have been plotted in part (b) of the figure and compared to the Distinct Element responses. Examination of the comparison presented in the figure indicates good agreement with the Stini classes two (nearly stable) and three (lightly broken) for spans greater than about eight meters in width, but the agreement becomes

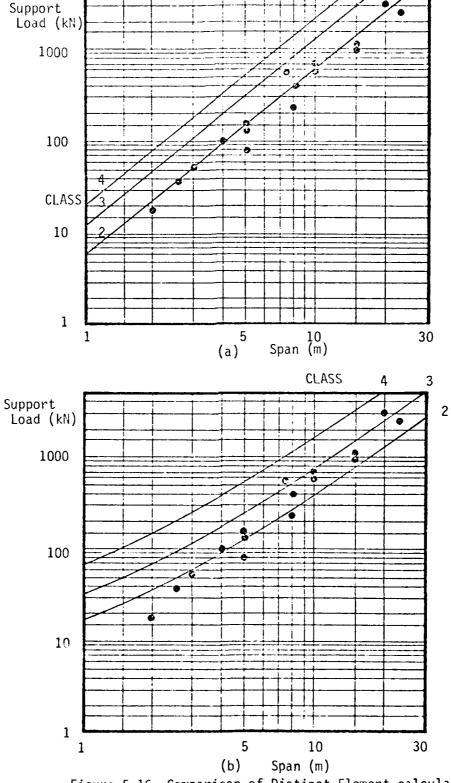
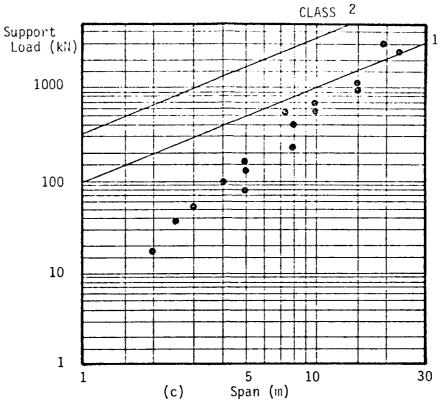


Figure 5.16 Comparison of Distinct Element calculated required support load with: (a) Terzaghi estimates, (b) Stini estimates.



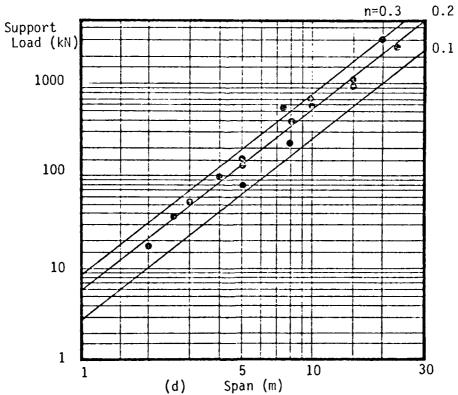


Figure 5.16 continued, (c) Bierbaumer estimates, (d) Cording estimates.

less good with decreasing span.

The constant pressure theory of Bierbaumer is compared to the data in part (c) of the figure. There is a semblance of agreement for spans in the 25 to 30 meter range; extrapolation of the trends of the data, however, indicates that this agreement is probably coincidental (two non-parallel lines must intersect somewhere). It is unlikely that Bierbaumer had access to data from excavations of this width; for spans in the two to five meter range, there is no correlation between Bierbaumer's method of predicting the load and that calculated by the Distinct Element method.

The final comparison presented in Figure 5.16 utilizes the load estimation scheme described by Cording et al. (1971). This scheme will be described in some detail presently but for now it is sufficient to note that the parameter n is based upon actual design data. The fit of the curves to the Distinct Element data is quite good.

This comparison would certainly be more meaningful if the actual design data for excavations in which the support system had failed were available. The next best information is design data for excavations that did not fail; this is what is available and it will be used in further comparison. A significant number of actual support pressure designs were summarized by Cording et al. (1971); this data is presented graphically in Figure 5.17(a). Cording et al. attempted to correlate RQD to support pressure by means of what they termed the Terzaghi Design Envelope (Figure 5.17(b). This

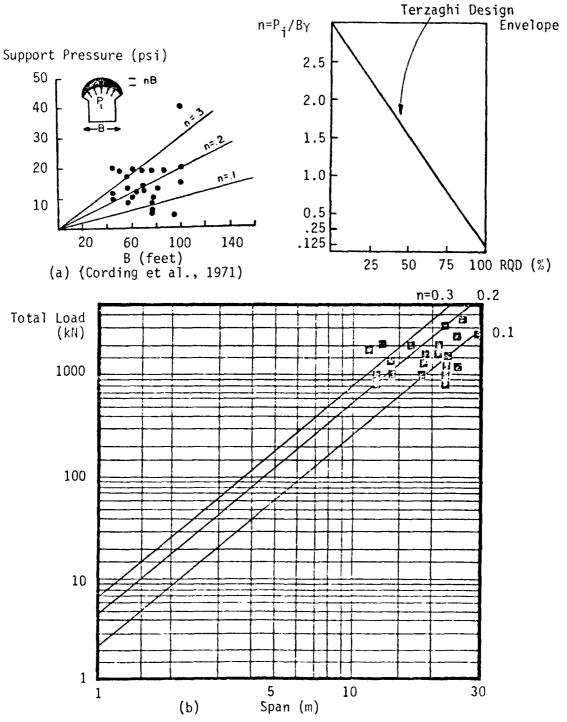


Figure 5.17 (a) Summary of support pressure design data used for cavern excavations, (b) logarithmic representation of total load.

data has been replotted in part (c) of the figure to reflect total loads rather than pressures. This classification scheme, then is essentially similar to Terzaghi's but predicts a smaller total load or pressure when the value of RQD is very high. It must be emphasized that the data represents design pressures for excavations that are stable. Invariably, the data then represents an incorporated factor of safety or an overdesign. Additionally, most of the caverns have arched crowns; in general higher support pressures would be required for excavations having flatter roofs. It can be seen, therefore, that the comparison of this design data and the required loads calculated by the Distinct Element program is not strictly valid. It is not suggested that the amount of over design and the required pressure increase in the case of the flat roof cancel each other, but that the combined result gives a valid basis for comparison.

Four of the graphs presented in Figure 5.18 are identical to those presented in Figure 5.16 except that the design data summarized by Cording et al. has been incorporated on each of the plots. Most of the comments presented earlier are still valid, but additional comment is required in several instances. The conservative nature of the Terzaghi rock load estimates is more apparent when the data of Cording et al. is added to the plot. Stini's estimates of the rock load still fit the data quite well for spans greater than 10 meters; unfortunately data for the narrower spans was not available. The rock loads predicted by

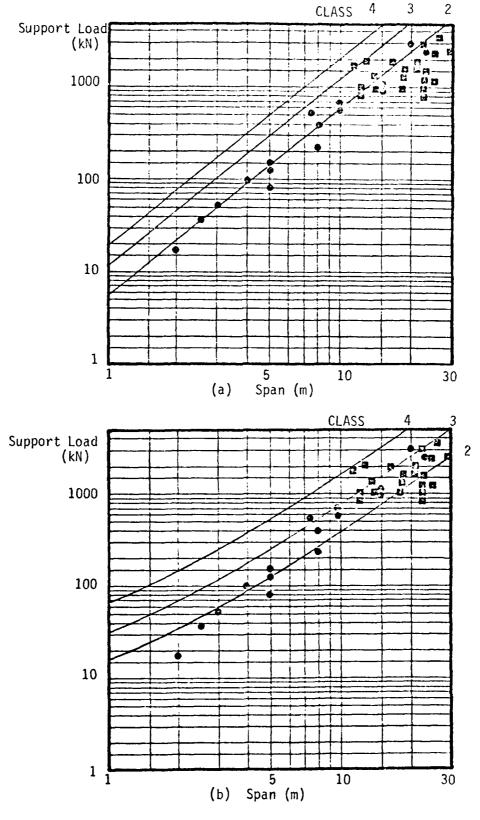


Figure 5.18 Summary of support loads as calculated by the Distinct Element method and reported in the literature Comparisons to metoods of: (a) Terzaghi; (b)Stini;

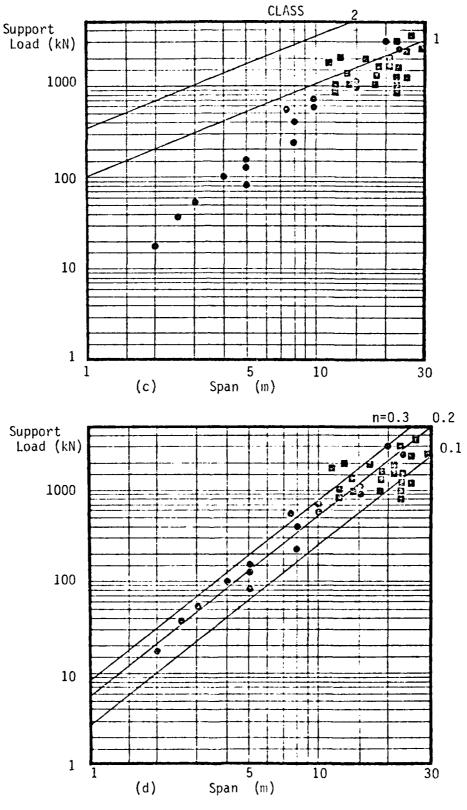


Figure 5.18 (continued) Methods of: Bierbaumer (c); Cording, et al.(d);

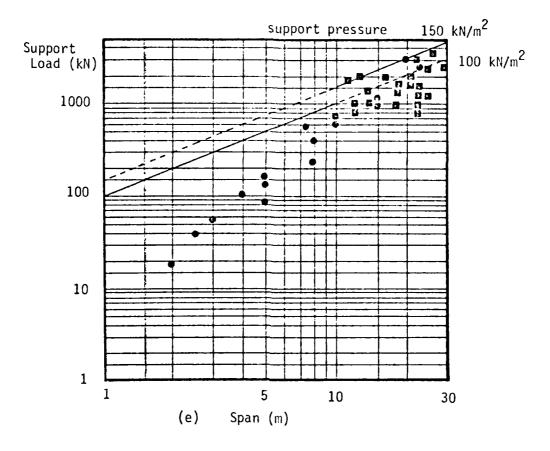


Figure 5.18 (continued) Method of Barton, et al.

Bierbaumer's method are still quite nonconservative in light of the actual support pressures. The estimates of the rock load as calculated by the method of Cording et al. are seen to fit the data quite well, and seems to indicate that an RQD based modification of the Terzaghi rock load estimates is a valid tool for the estimation of expected support loads in an excavation.

It is beyond the scope of this investigation to present detailed summaries of the newer classification schemes presented by Wickham et al., Bieniawski, and Barton et al. but it is relevant to include at least one of the schemes in the comparisons presented herein. Of the three methods, Barton, Lien and Lunde's was chosen for inclusion for no reason other than that the results are expressed as support pressures. Some familiarity with the method on the part of the reader is assumed.

Barton, Lien and Lunde's classification scheme requires the specification of six input quantities; the values of those quantities thought to represent the Distinct Element modeled geometries are presented in Table 5.5.

Table 5.5 Parameter Values for Rock Mass Quality Q

A)	RQD (Good to excellent)	75-100%
B)	Joint Set Number (two joint sets)	4.0
C)	Joint Roughness Number (smooth, planar)	1.0
D)	Joint Alteration Number (unaltered)	1.0
E)	Joint Water Reduction Factor (dry)	1.0
F)	Stress Reduction Factor (low stress)	2.5

The resulting Q value is found to range from seven to ten; the rock masses modeled by the Distinct Element method all fall in the "fair" category and a need for support is indicated. The indicated support pressures are 100 KN/M^2 for those spans less than ten meters in width and 150 KN/M^2 for those spans greater than ten meters in width. In these calculations an excavation support ratio (ESR) of 1.0 was assumed.

The support pressures calculated were compared to the Distinct Element calculated data and the data presented by Cording et al.

The results of this comparison are presented in Figure 5.18(e). It is readily apparent that the constant support pressures suggested by Barton, Lien and Lunde's method do not adequately describe the trends of the data calculated by the Distinct Element method.

Furthermore, the support pressures result in total loads that are significantly higher than the data of Cording et al. indicate would be experienced in practice.

The data calculated by the Distinct Element method during this investigation raises one serious objection to the use of the design equation presented by Cording et al. Without exception, all of the geometries modeled using the Distinct Element program had an RQD value of 100 percent. The use of the design equation postulated by Cording et al. would, in this instance, result in a significant underestimate of the amount of required support force. The value of "n" corresponding to an RQD value of 100 percent is 0.1; the majority of the plotted data, both that calculated by the Distinct Element method and that reported by Cording et al. can be seen to

lie above the curve corresponding to an n value of 0.1. Perhaps an equivalent RQD based upon seismic velocities could be calculated for the Distinct Element geometries, but it is really outside the scope of this investigation to attempt a correlation of this type.

Figure 5.19 presents a summary of the required support force as a function of span for those masses investigated by the Distinct Element method; also included in the figure is the actual design data summarized by Cording et al. The curves indicating the trend of the data have, in this instance, been calculated using equation 5.14. The presented curves fit the data as well as those suggested by Cording et al.; however, in this case the curves are a function of the aspect ratio of the blocks formed by the jointing. It is not immediately clear that there should be a correlation between RQD and aspect ratio of the blocks. It certainly would be feasible to estimate the block aspect ratio if directionally biased RQD data were available, but RQD data is not typically recorded in this manner.

It was not the intent of this section to deduce a relationship between RQD and the aspect ratio of the jointing; what was desired was computationally based verification of empirical rock load estimation schemes. The properties of the basic model chosen for investigation indicated that a reasonable estimate of the upper limit to the amount of load to be resisted by the support system could be calculated in terms of the geometric parameters of the rock mass and excavation. The eventual results indicated that this upper limit, the potential ultimate roof load, was actually the

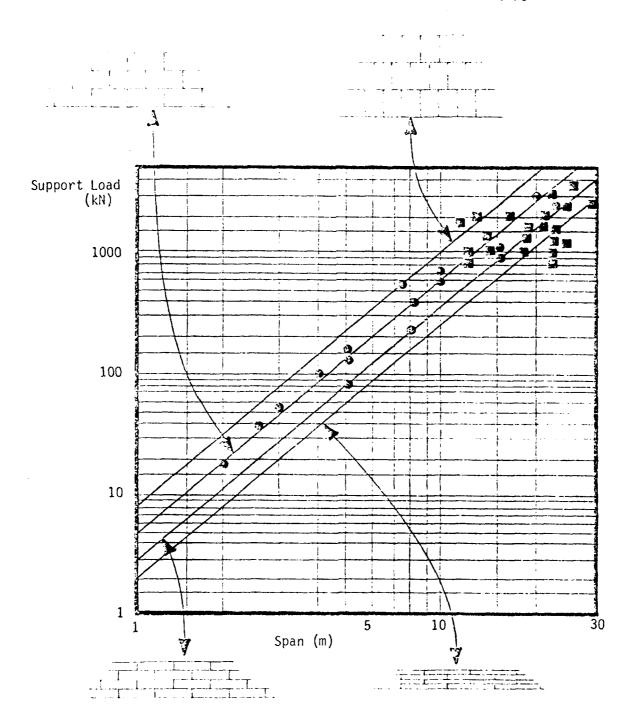


Figure 5.19 Summary of Distinct Element calculated required support loads and design data presented by Cording et al., also illustrated are the various aspect ratios.

value for which the supports should be designed. This value could be calculated by equation 5.8 or estimated in terms of the aspect ratio of the blocks. Comparison of the results to actual design data indicated a high degree of correlation.

5.5 The Effect of Joint Interlocking on the Ground Reaction Curve

The rock mass models that have been presented previously possessed the characteristics of the basic model described in Chapter 4.3. The basic response characteristic of this model is that a triangular wedge of material separates from the rock mass as failure occurs. Before the basic model for study was selected the behavior of a number of varied joint geometries was investigated. One of the most striking factors to emerge from those analyses was the sensitivity of the rock mass behavior to joint orientation. Of particular interest was the observation that geometries initially observed to be unstable, often stabilize after a finite displacement. This sensitivity of rock mass behavior to joint orientation can be illustrated for a particular mass configuration by varying the joint orientation without changing any of the other parameters. The ground reaction curve provides the means for quantifying the observed differences in roof behavior.

The basic rock mass geometry to be investigated is illustrated in Figure 5.20(a). The model represents an excavation in a medium with two well defined joint sets. The major set dips gently and is continuous; the minor set is somewhat variable in orientation, crosses the major set approximately at right angles on the average and is discontinuous. Exposed in the upper right hand side of the excavation is an almost triangular wedge of material bounded by joints with a friction angle of 5° ; all other joints have a friction angle of 26.5° . The triangular wedge represents a shear zone and its presence can be expected to govern, or at least severely

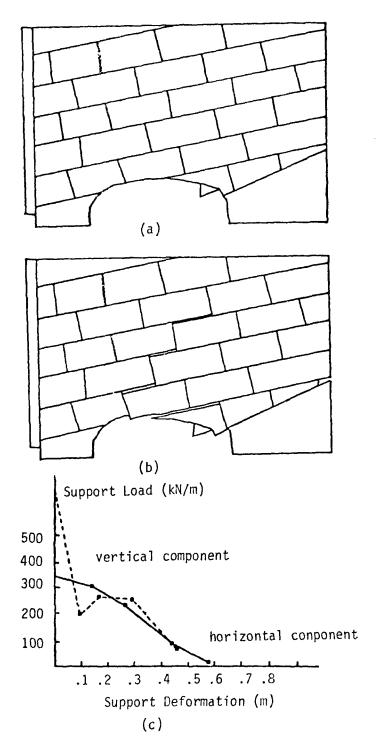
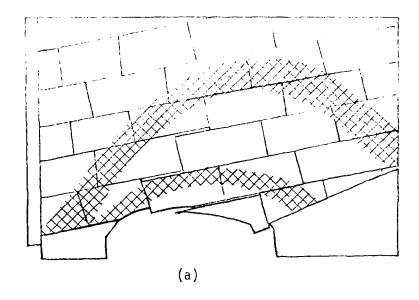


Figure 5.20 Ground reaction curve for a model where arching acts to stabilize the mass.

influence, the behavior of the rock mass.

The eventual deformed state of the rock mass is illustrated in Figure 5.20(b). Immediately obvious upon inspection of the figure is the fact that the roof has stabilized as evidenced by the lack of contact between the roof and the leftmost portion of the shear zone. This stabilization is the result of joint interlocking leading to the formation of the roof arch which acts to transfer the loading forces to the abutments. The roof and ground arch can be seen in a plot of contact vectors but tend to be observed by the plotted joints. In order that the arches could be seen, the regions corresponding to the high contact forces have been outlined and shaded; the ground and roof arches corresponding to the rock mass of Figure 5.20 are illustrated in Figure 5.21(a).

A quantitative expression of this arching behavior is indicated by the ground reaction curve which has been separated into its vertical and horizontal components, presented in Figure 5.20(c). The vertical component curve demonstrates a general decrease, with displacement, in the amount of load to be resisted by the supports. In fact, at a deformation of 0.5m the only vertical load on the support is the weight of the leftmost triangular portion of the shear zone. This decrease in load corresponds to the development of the roof arch with vertical displacement and the subsequent transfer of vertical force to the sides of the excavation. The horizontal component indicates that at a deformation of 0.5m the force is practically zero. The reason for this can be seen by reference to the diagram showing the ground and roof arches, Figure 5.21. The



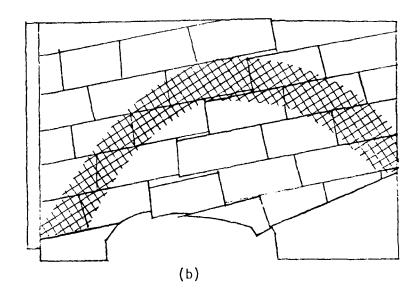


Figure 5.21 Pressure distributions in: (a) a stabilized roof, (b) a failing roof.

roof arch transfers load onto jointed blocks relatively near the excavation. The resultant of this abutment force tends to push the blocks back into the rock mass and thus acts to reduce the horizontal load on the supports. Note that if the amount of deformation could be tolerated, this roof would stand unsupported.

The measurement of joint orientations in the field is always subject to a high degree of subjectivity; since the joints can only be observed at outcrops, local undulations can introduce a degree of uncertainty in the measurement of the true attitude of the discontinuities. The significance of accurately determining the joint orientations is dramatically illustrated in the second part of the example.

Figure 5.22(a) illustrates a rock mass geometry that at first glance appears identical to that presented in Figure 5.20(a). Closer examination of the figure indicates that although the major joint sets have identical attitudes in both figures, there are minor variations in the orientation of the discontinuous cross jointing. In particular, note the small cross joint exposed on the left hand side of the excavation which has been emphasized in both figures by indicating its loaction by an arrow. It was noted that on the average the cross jointing was approximately perpendicular to the main joint set. An uncertainty of five degrees in the measured orientation of a joint is not a large number, nor are variations in true joint inclination of from five to ten degrees uncommon. Whether the variation between the models arises from errors in measurement or true deviations in joint

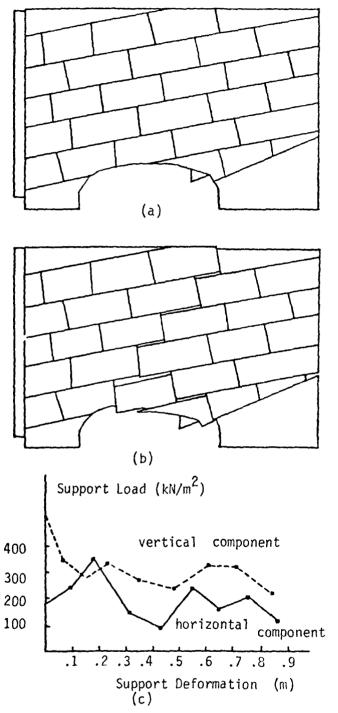


Figure 5.22 Ground reaction curve for a model where arching does not act to stabilize the mass.

attitudes is not significant. What is important is the fact that the behavior of the two models changes markedly in response to relatively minor changes in joint orientation.

One stage of the deformation of the model is illustrated in Figure 5.22(b). Examination of this figure indicates a more widespread disruption of the roof than in the previous model but even more importantly, there is continuous contact through the roof down to the support.

Once again the ground reaction curve illustrated in Figure 5.22(c) and separated into its vertical and horizontal components provides the means to quantitatively describe these observations. The most striking dissimilarity in the ground reaction curves is that the second model is characterized by required support loads that do not diminish with increasing displacement. This roof is completely unstable and requires an external support system. The required support is relatively constant with deformation up to a displacement of almost one meter.

The instability of the roof is indicative of the lack of formation of the roof arch. This is indeed the case as can be seen by reference to Figure 5.21(b). The magnitude of the force to be resisted by the supports is limited by the full development of the ground arch. The lack of development of the roof arch prevents the mass from stabilizing and necessitates the emplacement of an external support system.

It is of interest to compare the actual support loads determined from the preceeding analyses to the theoretical values as

predicted by Terzaghi's method. The characteristics of the models indicated that the proper classification for these masses was the hard stratified rock category. This category is typified by little resistance against separation along strata boundaries and the weakening of the strata by transverse joints. The moderately jointed rock category requires intimate block interlocking or healed fracture whereas the blocky and seamy category requires blocks which are separated along joints and imperfectly interlocked. The last two categories are actually the limiting cases for the hard stratified rock category.

The sum of the horizontal and vertical components of the ground reaction curves for the two previous examples are plotted in Figure 5.23. Also plotted in the figure are the values of the support load as predicted by Terzaghi's theory.

The constant value of the total support load as calculated for hard stratified rock by Terzaghi's theory is 700 kN/m of tunnel length; compared to the ground reaction curves in Figure 5.23 an over-design is indicated. For displacements less than about 0.25m the relative differences are 25 percent and 30 percent for the failing roof and the stabilizing roof respectively. For displacements greater than 0.25m the relative difference is approximately 50 percent for the failing roof and increases with displacement for the stabilizing roof. The relative difference between observed load and predicted load is seen to be significantly greater for the two support load values calculated by the equations for blocky and massive rock masses, which are 800 kN/m and 350 kN/m of tunnel

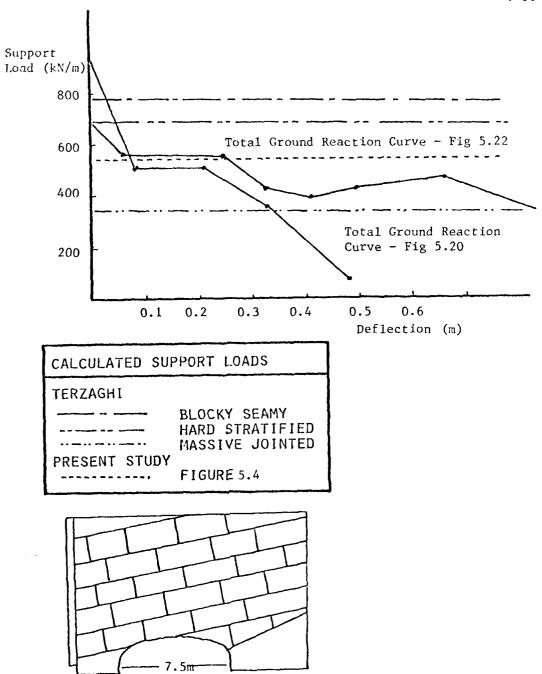


Figure 5.23 Comparison of ground reaction curves for a 1 f that stabilizes after deformation and a roof that fails completely with Terzaghi support loads.

length respectively.

The support load as predicted by the method developed in this chapter is also indicated in Figure 5.23. Although the model upon which the method is based involves only horizontal and vertical jointing, examination of Figure 5.21 indicates that the mechanism of load transfer in these two examples is similar to that observed in the basic model. The parameters needed to use the design chart presented in Figure 5.4 are illustrated in Figure 5.23; the span is 7.5m, the block width is 3m, the block thickness is 1.6m and the weight density of the material is 26 kN/m3. The potential ultimate load to be resisted by the supports is found to be 545 kN/m. This value is plotted with the ground reaction curves in Figure 5.23 and is seen to agree quite well with the required support loads indicated by the ground reaction curves. For displacements less than about 0.25m the relative differences are approximately 5% and 10% for the failing roof and the stabilizing roof, respectively. For displacements greater than about 0.25m the relative difference is about 15% for the failing roof and increases with displacement for the stabilizing roof.

5.6 Summary

The design of underground excavations, particularly the design of the support system is largely based upon precedent. The summary of methods commonly used to predict support load pressures indicated that the earlier methods categorized support requirements by subjective, qualitative descriptions of the rock mass. The more recent methods have introduced some measure of objectivity into the classifications, and strengthened the data bases underlying the schemes by collecting information from more sources. Theoretically, at least, two engineers with identical field data should arrive at similar conclusions using these classification schemes.

One current school of thought in tunnel design advocates the philosophy that the behavior of an underground excavation is governed by the interaction between the mass and support system. The analyses described in this chapter had as their basic goal the multiple task of satisfying current thought on tunnel behavior while at the same time attempting to exhibit either verification or total nonagreement with the results predicted by the empirical methods.

The method chosen to attack this problem was to determine the ground reaction curves or support-deflection behavior of numerous jointed mass/excavation configurations. In this manner it was hoped to demonstrate that the Distinct Element model solutions would always predict support pressures that were significantly lower than those calculated by the empirical methods, since the predictions of these methods are based upon

supporting the total dead weight of a specified volume of rock. For the basic geometry selected for the study, the weight of the material for which it is kinematically possible, neglecting any supporting effects, to move into the excavation, and thus load the supports is easily calculated. It was expected that this potential ultimate roof load would provide a rarely attained upper limit to the necessary value of support resistance indicated by the analyses.

Both of these assumptions were found to be incorrect; in fact, the data indicate that the value for which the supports should be designed is given by the potential ultimate roof load. While this value is typically noticeably smaller than the support loads predicted by the empirical design schemes, there is not enough of a difference to conclude that it has been demonstrated that the use of the empirical methods results in an overdesign.

To understand the reason for the similarity of results, the characterization of the joints must be examined. The joints used at the present time in the Distinct Element method are smooth planar structures which have strength only through frictional resistance. The joints do not possess cohesion. Cohesive resistance is more significant in the initial strength of a rock mass than in determining the failing behavior. Not much is lost in the analyses of failing rock masses if no cohesion is assumed. The joints also are not characterized by dilatancy. The dilatancy properties of real joints contribute additional strength through volume increase

as shearing occurs. Neglecting the dilatancy of the joints must result in a conservative estimate of the strength. Additionally, in real excavations there is another dilatancy caused by the volume of rock surrounding an excavation moving radially inward. This mass dilatancy also acts to increase the normal force acting on the joints and thus increase the mass strength. The Distinct Element modeled geometries were designed so that only roof deflections were possible and thus neglected this mass dilatancy.

Another limitation imposed upon the analyses described in this chapter is concerned with the joint stiffness. In order that the program could be implemented on a mini-computer, many simplifications needed to be made; one of these was the use of "integer" arithmetic with the burden of watching the signs and decimal points placed upon the programmer (Cundall, 1974). One significant consequence of this was that the joint stiffness turned out to be a function of the problem size. The range of joint stiffness that could be investigated was thus limited. The approximation of the horizontal stress field as a constant load would negate the effects of varying the joint stiffness in any case.

It must be emphasized that the approximations just described are not a consequence of the Distinct Element formulation, but of the mini-computer configuration of the program. These approximations would not need to be made if the program ran in an environment of larger memory on a computer possessing a floating point processor.

The implication of the results presented in this chapter can thus be interpreted in one of two ways. By neglecting dilatancy,

a correlation was found between the required support force and the potential ultimate roof load. This support force was also found to correlate fairly well with the empirical methods particularly those of Stini and Cording et al. If it can be inferred that the failure to incorporate the dilatancy properties of real joints in the analysis leads to a value of the mass strength that is too low, then it can be concluded that the potential ultimate roof load and thus the empirical methods represent a conservative value of design load.

The second interpretation also follows from the properties of the joints. It is reasonable to expect that the dilatancy properties of joints would play a miner role in situations of relatively low stress. It can thus be concluded that dimensioning the supports to resist the potential ultimate roof load, or using one of the empirical schemes should give the best results in problems involving low stresses.

CHAPTER VI

SUMMARY, CONCLUSIONS AND SUGGESTIONS FOR FURTHER DEVELOPMENT

Before summarizing the results of this investigation, it is imperative that a few sentences be devoted to defining the "ground rules", so to speak, which must govern the discussion which follows immediately. The limitations placed upon joint behavior cannot be overemphasized. The joints within the models utilized in this study were smooth and planar; any shear resisting strength of the joint was due solely to frictional resistance developing as sliding occurred. The joints did not possess cohesive strength; as the cohesive properties are more important in determining the initial strength of the mass, it was felt that little was lost by modeling failing, jointed masses by surfaces having no cohesive strength. The same cannot be said for the fact that the joints utilized did not possess dilatancy characteristics. It is possible that the inclusion of joint dilatancy could significantly affect the resultant mass strength and thus the outcome of many of the analyses reported in this dissertation.

A complete summary of the results of each section is presented at the end of that section; the summary of results presented here will thus be relatively brief.

One of the main goals of this dissertation was to demonstrate that the behavior of jointed rock as predicted by the Distinct Element method was realistic. The approach taken to demonstrate the

validity of the Distinct Element method was based upon comparison to solutions commonly used to describe the behavior of jointed rock masses. The majority of the solution methods chosen for comparison were based upon Limit Equilibrium principles; a basis for selection for comparison was a subjective criterion of how well the solution described the behavior of the model. Thus those solutions selected for comparison are typically simple and the resultant behavior can be intuitively predicted. In all of the comparisons presented in Chapter 3 as well as others presented throughout the remainder of the dissertation, the Distinct Element calculated behavior was seen to correlate quite well with the theoretical solutions.

The second portion of the dissertation described the results of numerous analyses of the behavior of jointed masses by use of the Distinct Element method. The goals of these analyses were to determine those parameters to which the stability of an excavation in jointed rock was most sensitive and to investigate the effects of support interaction in jointed media in an attempt to determine if a rational basis existed for the continued use of empirical design schemes.

The subjects of Chapter 4 were an investigation of the force distributions surrounding excavations in jointed rock masses and an examination of the stability of unsupported excavations. The topics were approached through numerous models in which the input parameters were varied and the resultant behavior of the model observed. The behavior of the models was illustrated by means of

contact force distributions and block displacements plotted on the graphics terminal. The behavior of the models was seen to be governed by force transfer due to the development of arches following block rotations. The stability of an excavation was seen to be sensitive to the horizontal force, the joint friction coefficient and the spacing of the vertical joints. A linear arch analysis neglecting crushing of the blocks and lateral stiffness of the abutments was compared to the behavior as observed by use of the Distinct Element method. Good agreement between theory and observation were noted for single layer models. The theory did not account for the presence of additional shear resistance available in multilayer models and thus there was a poor correlation between theory and observed data.

The investigations described in Chapter 5, on the other hand, were concerned with the behavior of excavations which required externally applied support to maintain stability. The investigations were concerned with the interaction between the supports and the jointed mass and formed the basis for a comparison with different empirical support load prediction schemes. The required supporting force as predicted by the Distinct Element method was obtained through the use of ground reaction curves. These Distinct Element calculated support forces were then compared to the support forces predicted by the empirical methods. Incorporated within this comparison was actual support design data for several underground excavations.

The methods which best describe the combined Distinct Element calculated data and design data were seen to be the methods of Cording et al. and the method based upon the potential ultimate roof load described in Chapter 5. It should come as no surprise that Cording et al.'s method fits their data; it is significant that Cording et al's method fits the Distinct Element calculated data and that the support load predictions based upon analyses performed using the Distinct Element method fit the field data as well as is seen. As was noted in the summary of Chapter 5, the incorporation of dilatancy behavior in the joints of the Distinct Element model could significantly alter the results of these comparisons.

The results of the analyses of excavations jointed masses suggest that the Distinct Element method deserves consideration for use in the design of underground excavations. There is not meant to be an implication that all of the information needed to specify a support system for an underground excavation can be obtained by an application of the Distinct Element method. It is only suggested that the Distinct Element method be used as one of the many tools used in the design of an underground excavation.

It is tempting to conclude that a viable design technique would be to analyze a given problem neglecting the dilatant properties of the joints; using this approach it might be argued that a safety factor would be built into the analysis. However, until the joint dilatancy properties are fully understood it must be recognized that there would be a good deal of uncertainty as to whether or not the safety factor would be one or ten or even one hundred.

The data which should routinely be collected during a preliminary site investigation can be utilized in the Distinct Element method to provide preliminary design information. This data would likely include preliminary information on joint spacing, orientation and condition as well as estimates of the horizontal stress state. Using the Distinct Element method, it could quickly be determined if the excavation would be stable or require light or heavy supports. Variations of these input parameters would result in a good idea of how sensitive the excavation stability would be to errors in the assumed values of the input parameters. This analysis could be continuously updated as data from exploratory drilling become available and further refinements could accompany the excavation progress.

This type of design technique is not limited to tunnels; the same data and same procedure are equally applicable to the analysis of slope problems or foundation problems.

These are several reasons that suggest that the method just described is particularly applicable to a class of problems which could be best described as low stress problems. The very nature of the present formulation of the Distinct Element method makes it imperative that it only be applied to problems where the behavior of the mass is controlled by the jointing; this is a characteristic of problems that are near or at the surface. A low stress problem also exists where the frictional resistance of the joints is very low, perhaps due to the presence of clay seams. The investigations

described in Chapter 4 indicated that the material within the zone of potential finite displacement also typically fit the requirements of low stress behavior, although this behavior can be prevented by the presence of high horizontal stresses.

The conclusions to this dissertation must also address the problems encountered due to the mini-computer configuration of the present version of the Distinct Element program. It should be noted from the outset that these are not criticisms of the Distinct Element method itself, but of the equipment upon which the program used in this study presently runs. Foremost of these criticisms must be the time required for a problem solution. The relatively slow computational speed of the mini-computer coupled with the lack of a floating point processor often led to problem solution times which could only be tolerated by someone working toward a Ph.D. Computational times approximately one-twentieth of those encountered during this study could easily be realized on a more powerful computer. However, lost by this implementation would be one of the most powerful capabilities of the Distinct Element program. insight into the behavior of a jointed mass gained by examining contact force distributions at each time step is often quite revealing. This can realistically only be done on a dedicated computer.

The amount of computing time required and the limited memory size of the mini-computer also acted to limit the size of the problem that could be investigated. These limitations often resulted in simplified models such as those used to determine the ground

reaction curves presented in Chapter 5. It was noted in Chapter 5 that the idealizations could have masked an important behavior response due to inward movement of the side walls accompanying the roof deflections. This question cannot be resolved until the Distinct Element method is configured on a system possessing a greater amount of memory.

One of the underlying goals of this dissertation was concerned with the utilization of a computer interactive graphics approach to an engineering problem. One particular phase of the project was concerned with developing the graphic interaction capabilities of the present version of the Distinct Element program to the point where an untrained user, particularly one having minimal familiarity with computing techniques, could sit down and use the program to solve simple problems. The solution of this problem was to incorporate a great deal of explanatory material within the program. It is difficult to assess the success of this portion of the project in other than a subjective manner. It did, however, seem as though the majority of those using the program for the first time encountered little difficulty.

Also within the defined goals of this dissertation was the problem of developing a proper perspective as to the applicability of the Distinct Element method. The conclusions drawn are subjective and incorporate material not described in this dissertation. The class of problems most suitable to analyses by the Distinct Element method is characterized by relatively low stress conditions and behavior which is joint controlled. Typical examples of problems

meeting these requirements involve slope stability, shallow excavations and foundation behavior. The degree of unconfinement characteristic of these problems ensures that the behavior of these types of problems will be joint controlled. However, the possibility of fracturing of blocks due to local stress concentrations must not be overlooked. It is reasonable therefore to use the analysis obtained by the Distinct Element method in conjunction with an elastic analysis used to determine zones of stress concentration and thus potential fracture. These potential fracture planes can then be incorporated within the Distinct Element method to determine any possible effect.

The dividing line between low stress problems and high stress problems is not clearly defined. It has been noted that the zone of material immediately adjacent to an excavation is under relatively low stress conditions; due to the action of the ground arch the material surrounding the destressed zone experiences much higher stresses. The logical solutions to problems of this type would be either a coupled elastic-Distinct Element program or a modified Distinct Element program which incorporated elastic rather than rigid blocks.

It is clear from the work typified by Daemen (1975) that highly fractured rock can be modeled by a continuum representation incorporating residual strength properties. It was not possible within the context of the present study, given the limited number of blocks, to determine that point at which the behavior of broken rock ceases to be governed by the directionality imposed by the

joints and can thus be represented as isotropic. The work described by Bray (1966) does, however, furnish at least a guideline. Bray examined the behavior of jointed masses subjected to an arbitrarily oriented stress field. His results indicated that six independently oriented joint sets were required before the behavior of a jointed mass approximated that of a granular isotropic material. The implication here is that if the material is highly fractured or if the stress conditions are sufficient to fracture the rock it is probably best to adopt a continuum approach.

The research undertaken for this dissertation indicated several areas where further development of the program could be beneficial, and suggested an area of research that could prove to be most rewarding.

The first steps that need to be taken in any further development of the Distinct Element program require faster computational times and a significantly larger computer memory. The results of Chapter 5 were based upon idealized geometries; the typical amount of minicomputer time required to generate one of the ground reaction curves often exceeded two days. This amount of time simply cannot be tolerated if the program is to be accepted as a design tool. The shortcomings of the limited number of blocks were also indicated. The solution to both of these problems is the implementation of the model on a larger, faster computer.

The most promising areas of further research identified by this dissertation are concerned with the continued investigation of the behavior of excavations in jointed rock. Foremost of these should

logically be the incorporation of dilatant behavior of the joints.

Additionally, an implementation on a larger computer would allow more blocks per problem and thus a more accurate representation of an underground excavation. This implementation would also allow the incorporation of a stiffness representation of a support system. This would also lead to a better description of the support system/ mass interaction. It is still felt that, if at all possible, this implementation should take place on a dedicated computer.

The area of research not covered by this investigation which holds promise for a future study is a detailed comparison of the results of observations and careful measurements of physical models and comparable model behavior calculated by the Distinct Element method. This research could form the basis for the incorporation of dilatant behavior in the Distinct Element method as well as providing additional verification of the Distinct Element method through carefully controlled physical testing. In fact, it is easy to visualize a research program that is highly complementary in nature, utilizing a sort of "feedback" system. The Distinct Element method would be useful in the interpretation of the observed data from the physical model while at the same time, the physical model would help to refine the equations used in the Distinct Element formulation.

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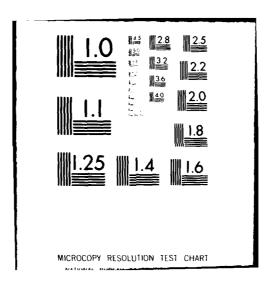
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APPENDIX A

THE DISTINCT ELEMENT METHOD

The Distinct Element method is a computer model described by Cundall (1971a) that simulates the behavior of assemblages of rock blocks. The version of the program described by Cundall (1974) forms the basis for the work described in this thesis. Significant features of the program described by Cundall (1974) include arbitrary block shapes, unlimited block displacements and rotations, and a high degree of user interaction. The interaction requires a dedicated computer and centers around a graphic terminal with a cross-hair cursor input capability. The system enables the user to draw a picture of the problem on the terminal and watch the subsequent movement of the blocks as gravity and other loads are applied.

A very thorough presentation of the algorithms implemented in the program, as well as a description of the required hardware, is given by Cundall (1974). The purpose of this appendix is to briefly summarize Cundall's description of the program and note the significant additions to the formulation. Little would be gained by repeating Cundall's descriptions since his report is readily available.

The calculation cycle used in the program is similar to the one used in most explicit finite difference calculation schemes. Forces arise due to the deformations that occur at corner-to-edge contact points. In each time step of the iteration the incremental shear and normal displacements for a given contact point are calculated using the incremental translational and rotational

displacements of the two blocks in contact. The new shear and normal forces acting on the blocks are then calculated from force-displacement relationships. All of the contact forces for a given block are then resolved into an equipollent set of forces including a moment acting on the block.

The force and moment sums acting on each block are used to compute translational and rotational accelerations for the block. The accelerations are integrated numerically to obtain block velocities which are then integrated to give the block displacements. With this new set of block displacements the iteration cycle can begin again. Note that if the force and moment sums acting on a block are zero, there will be no acceleration of the block; this is precisely how the program models an equilibrium state.

be calculated, however, some method of defining the block geometries must be implemented. The blocks could be treated as "elements" related to defined nodal points as is done in conventional Finite Element analyses. The input would thus consist of numerous cards containing nodal point and element data; anyone who has attempted this to define a mesh for a Finite Element analysis is acutely aware of the frustration that results from trying to "debug" such a mesh. The approach adopted by Cundall (1974) and implemented in the program used for the research described in this dissertation overcomes the difficulties associated with mesh generation. The actual rock mass geometry, as defined by the jointing, is drawn on the screen of the CRT. All calculations necessary to determine

the significant coordinates are thus performed by the program. The structure of the program is governed by the size limitations imposed by the mini-computer; the actual program consists of three overlays which correspond to the three main calculation phases of the program.

Phase 1 of the program governs the interactive dialog by which the lines defining the block geometry are created. A flow chart for this section of the program is given by Cundall (1974); the flow chart is essentially valid for the present configuration of the program. Care was taken so that the changes to Phase 1, which will be described presently, did not alter the program sequence or execution.

The two main changes made in the Phase 1 section of the program are concerned with the format of the data input and the storage and subsequent retrieval of data files. Whereas the initial version of the program used only the cross-hair cursor of the CRT for input, the present version of the program uses a graphic tablet ("digitizer") and a numeric input scheme as well. The three routines are virtually identical and, in fact, use only one set of coding. Whichever routine is active at a given time is noted by the value of the variable KODE: KODE = -1 signifies that the numeric input routine is selected; KODE = 1 signifies that the graphic tablet is in use; and, KODE = 0 signifies that the cross-hair cursor is being used for input. All three input methods may be used for a single problem. Potential users wishing to implement the modified version of the program need only supply software for the graphic tablet (Subroutine DIGIT). It should be noted that the numeric input routine contains a scale factor. In this manner, actual field

coordinates may be used as input, and divided so that they meet the program requirements (see Cundall, 1974).

The second major change in the Phase 1 program enables users to store data files consisting of line segments and coordinate data. To do this, the common blocks are written to or read from the Linc tape units. The operation is straight forward; line 57 of the program (see Appendix C) LIST (3) = 13286 is simply a "password" to prevent garbage from being read as a data file.

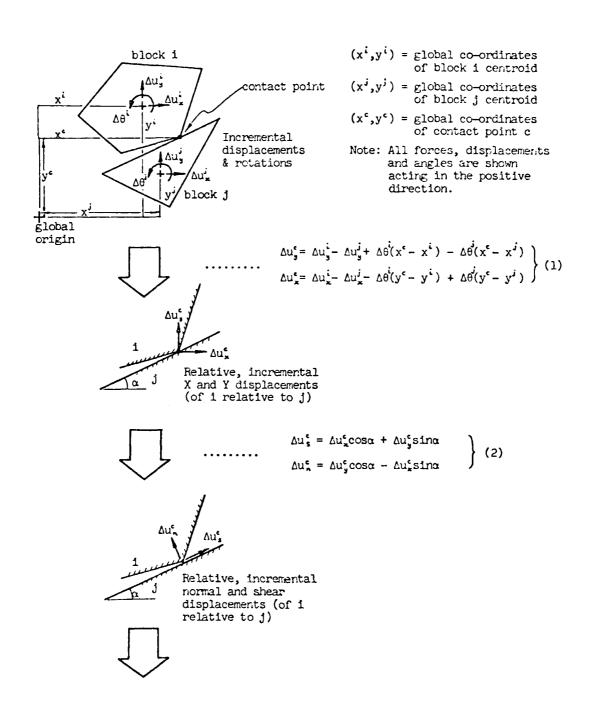
The second overlay, Phase 2, is unchanged from Cundall's (1974) original listing. This is the routine that scans the line segments created in Phase 1 of the program and converts the line segments to closed areas. A flow chart for this routine is presented by Cundall (1974).

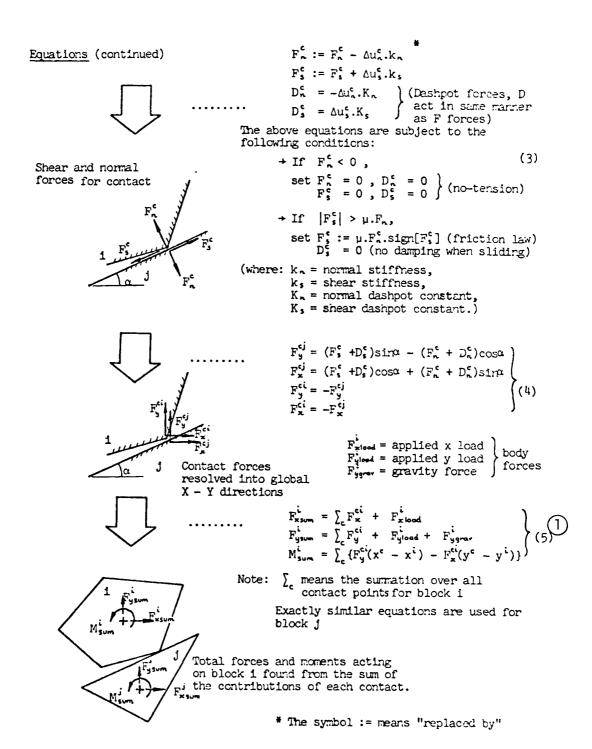
The first two overlays of the program are written in Fortran; to conserve memory, the third overlay is written in Data General assembly language. The only serious drawback caused by this is that the present version of the program will only run on a Data General computer.

Most of the changes made to the program were concerned with the third overlay, Phase 3. This section of the program contains the coding necessary to compute the block accelerations and displacements. Detailed descriptions of the modifications will be noted in the descriptive summary of the Phase 3 subroutines to be presented shortly; the main calculation cycle, however, remains essentially unchanged.

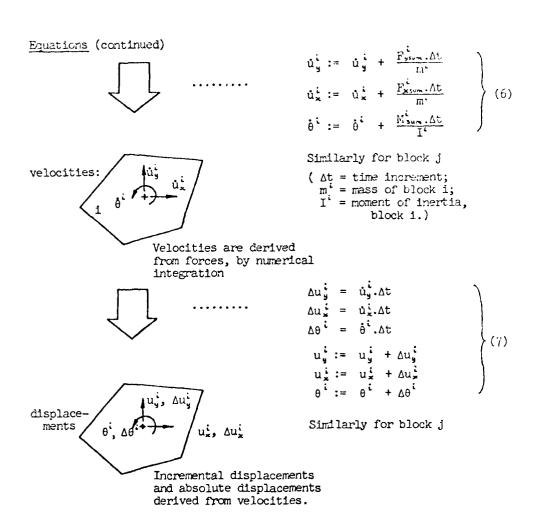
The equations used in the main calculation cycle are summarized

on this and the following pages and are taken directly from Cundall (1974).





The formulation of equation 5 differs slightly when joint water pressure is present (see page A-22).



At this point the calculation cycle is complete since the incremental displacements needed by equation 1 on page A-5 have been calculated. A complete discussion of the relationships used in equations 1 - 7 is given by Cundall (1974). The algorithms used to derive the coordinates and angles used by equations 1 and 2 are also presented.

As a prerequisite to the discussion of the Phase 3 subroutines, a brief discussion of the data structures is necessary. The problem of unlimited block movement and the potential for any given block to contact any other block requires an efficient scheme of memory management. Simple sequential arrays are not sufficient for the task at hand as it requires that the words in the memory be subject to additions and deletions of data while at the same time the amount of unused memory, memory reshuffling and processor time must be kept to a minimum. The solution implemented by Cundall to alleviate the difficulties of handling large, sparse data arrays was borrowed from the techniques of manipulating information structures by computer. The data structures rely heavily on the techniques of list processing whereby the data is stored in short lists in arbitrary computer memory locations with one word of the list containing information sufficient to locate subsequent data. The entirety of the data can thus be imagined to be one long list comprised of several short lists strung together through the memory. The reader who requires exact details concerning the implementation of the list processing techniques is advised to consult Cundall (1974) pages 62 - 72. All that will be presented herein is a brief overview of the list processing implementation and a description of the format of the data structures used in the present formulation of the program.

The storage requirements for a given block model due to the problem of allowing any block to touch any other block are overcome by a list scheme. All block corners are classified into coarse

boxes covering the screen area. When the program needs to know if a given edge is near any block corners, it is only necessary to scan the area delimited by those boxes encompassing the edge. As the blocks move as a result of forces acting on them, their corners are reclassified into new boxes if necessary. This boxing scheme turns out to be very efficient as only a small amount of computer time is required.

It is impossible to allocate sufficient memory space for all possible block to block contacts - the space required is far too great. The only viable solution is a method to allocate memory as it is needed by the formation of a new contact and return the memory to a pool of available memory when it is no longer needed. A scheme of linked memory allocation provides such a solution and is implemented in the Distinct Element program.

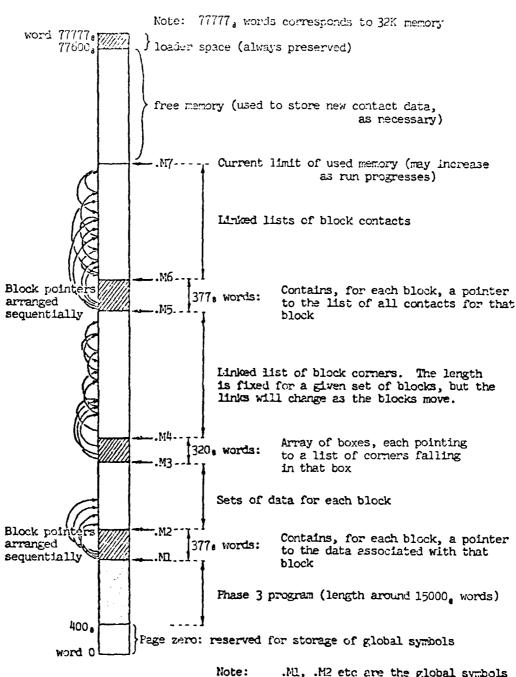
In the program a fixed group of words is reserved as a set of pointers; each word corresponds to a given block. Each pointer contains the address of the start of a linked list of all contacts for the block associated with that pointer. Another list is used to store all of the memory which became "dead" once a contact was broken. When a new contact is detected by the program the program first checks the list of dead contact space. If space exists it is used, otherwise, previously unused memory at the high end of core is allocated. The following pages describe in detail how the data is organized in the computer memory. The first page following shows a total memory map illustrating the four main parts of the memory. These are:

- a) the program
- b) the sets of data pertaining to each block
- c) the pointers and data necessary for the "boxing" scheme, and
- d) the data sets and pointers pertaining to the contact between blocks

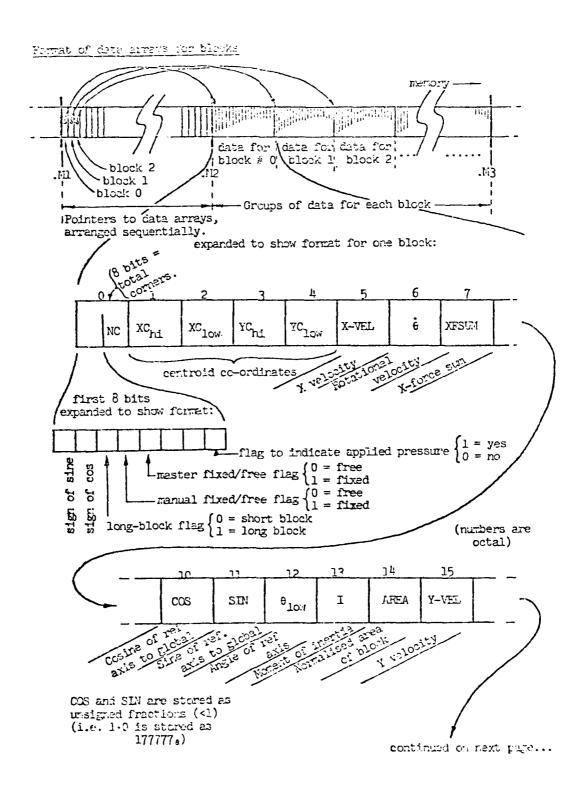
The subsequent pages illustrate expanded forms of groups b, c, and d to show in detail the structure of each list.

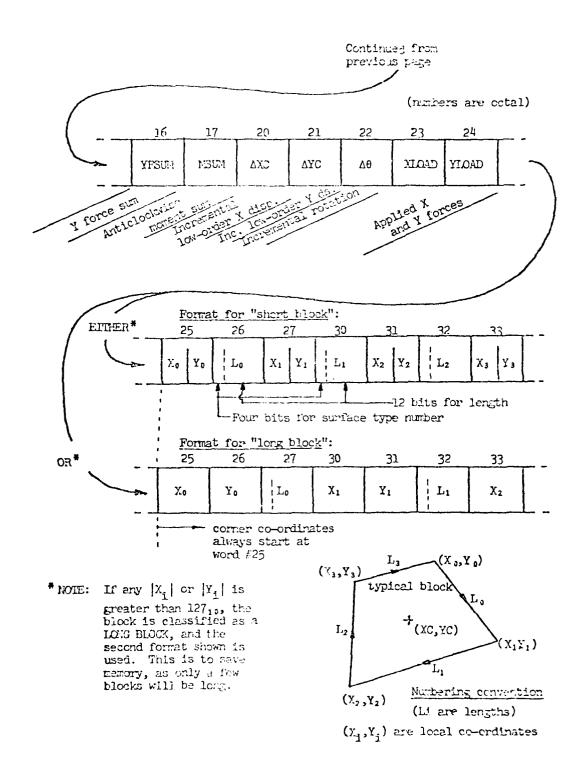
The present formulation of the program utilizes another linking scheme to store the data pertinent to applied joint water pressures when they exist. The format of data lists used in this scheme is also illustrated. There are two other linked lists threaded through the memory that must be mentioned; these are the "empty" lists used to reference previously used memory space that is now free for re-use. Memory is made available whenever a block contact is broken or when a pressure segment is deactivated. The two empty lists and the joint pressure lists are referenced by global memory pointers and make use of whatever memory is available. Adding or reclaiming a group of words from the empty lists is simply a matter of reshuffling the link bits and is illustrated by Cundall (1974).

Total memory map for Phase 3

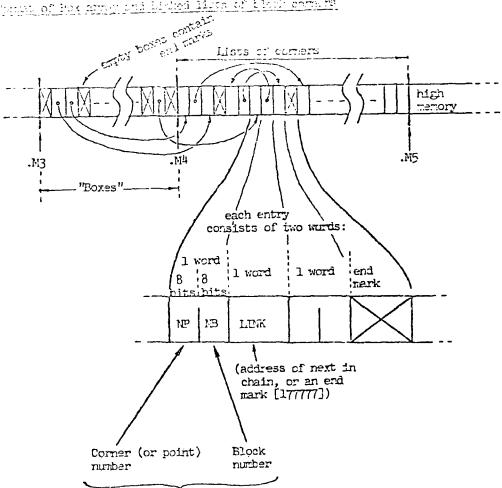


.Ml, .M2 etc are the global symbols that refer to the pointers to the memory locations shown



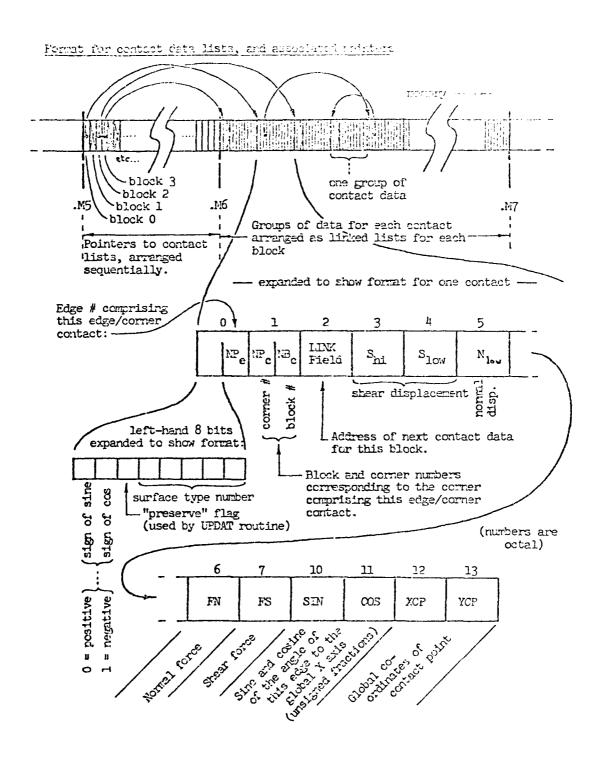






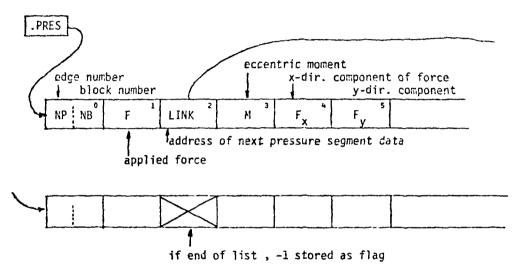
Identifies the particular corner of the particular block that falls in the associated box. The data for that block and corner may then be found from the block data armys (page 69)

.M3 , .M4 & .M5 are the global symbols (program mames) for the pointers to the groups of memory shown Note:



Format of Linked Lists of Pressure Segment Data

if no pressure segments exist, .PRES = -1



The empty list of pressure segments strings together groups of six words which were previously active as pressure segment data lists. It is accessed by the pointer .PEMT .



The empty list of contact data has a similar form but the list groups are $13_{\rm d}$ words long. It is accessed by the pointer .EMPT .



With this preliminary information in mind, a brief discussion of each of the subroutines of Phase 3 may now be presented. The logic of the subroutines is straight forward and due to the number of comments interspersed in the listing, there seems to be little need to present flow charts for the programs. The brievity of the discussion is justified by the fact that Cundall (1974) has adequately described the original versions of the subroutines. The descriptions presented herein are thus primarily concerned with the modifications made to the program.

Subroutine TRANS

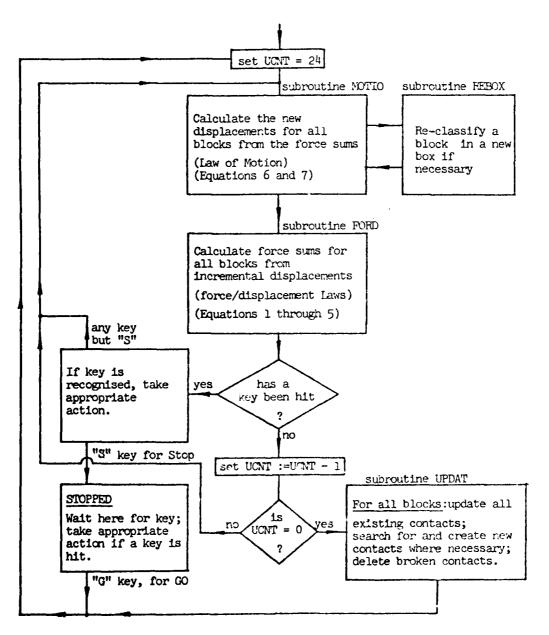
The purpose of TRANS is to translate the Fortran data arrays into the Phase 3 format illustrated on pages A-12 and A-13. It is the first subroutine to be executed in Phase 3 and is only used once. The program originally (Cundall, 1974) was overwritten by the data input routine, but this is no longer so. Additionally, TRANS classifies all of the block corners into boxes utilizing the format illustrated on page A-14; Cundall outlines the procedure for accomplishing this.

The changes made to TRANS are minor and are outlined in the following sentences. The initial program version was implemented for a specific memory size; the present version determines the size of its environment and adjusts itself accordingly. The routine determines the locations of the Fortran common blocks and sets several pointers. The memory sizing routine works for all physical

configurations except 32K words; for this memory size the common block locations are displaced by one word. For this reason variable IY is dimensioned as 513 only in Phase 3. This juggling is not necessary for other memory sizes and may not be necessary for other operating software.

Subroutine CONTR

The next routine to be executed governs the main control loop; subroutine CONTR also monitors the keyboard. The logic of the program is unchanged from Cundall (1974) but the fact that this routine embodies the main calculation cycle merits the presentation of a flow chart.



The overall logic of CONTR is straight forward and simply involves the evaluation, for each block in turn, of the sets of equations listed on pages A-5 through A-7.

The calculation of the displacements from the forces (subroutine MOTIO) involves the evaluation of equations 6 and 7 for each block. Accelerations derived from forces are integrated twice to give displacements. Gravity forces and any applied forces are added to the forces derived from block contracts. In this part of the calculation cycle the magnitude of the displacements are also monitored and if necessary, control is transferred to the routine that determines if any of the block corners need to be assigned to new boxes.

Having thus obtained incremental displacements for all blocks, the force/displacement laws (equations 1 through 5) are used to obtain contact forces.

The control routine also calls subroutine UPDAT every so often to update the coordinate data used in equations 1 through 7.

UPDAT updates the sine and cosine of the edge in contact with a particular corner, as well as the global coordinates of the contact point. UPDAT also deletes broken contacts and searches for new ones.

The other function of subroutine CONTR is to monitor the keyboard and respond to keys hit by the user while the program is running or waiting. The program responds to the keys and modifies the sequential operation of the program. The function

of the individual keys is clearly explained in the listing of CONTR (Appendix C) as well as in Appendix B.

Subroutine REBOX

As has been observed, the corner reboxing routine is called from MOTIO whenever a block is suspected of having moved sufficiently to need its corners reclassified into new boxes. The logic of the corner reboxing scheme is presented by Cundall (1974) and is unchanged in the present version of the program.

REBOX also updates the applied joint water pressures. The water pressures must act normal to the joint surface and do not dissipate as the blocks move. Any rotational movement of a block with an applied water pressure would lead to a change in the x and y components of the applied force. Subroutine REBOX updates this information whenever it is called for any block.

Subroutine MOTIO

This subroutine evaluates equations 6 and 7 on page A-7 for all blocks except those having either the master or manual fix flags set. As noted earlier MOTIO also makes a decision when to call the reboxing routine to reclassify any block's corners into new boxes. A call to REBOX is triggered whenever the cumulative motion of any block exceeds one screen unit.

Subroutine FORD

This subroutine evaluates equations 1 through 5 on page A-5 and A-6 for each block in sequence. It accesses the data stored in the contact list associated with each block, and computes the force sums acting on that block. Equation 5 is the only equation of the main calculation cycle that is different than that presented by Cundall. It now contains terms to account for the presence of joint water pressure.

$$F_{xsum}^{i} = \sum_{c} F_{x}^{ci} + F_{xload}^{i} + F_{xpres}^{i}$$

$$F_{ysum}^{i} = \sum_{c} F_{y}^{ci} + F_{yload}^{i} + F_{ypres}^{i} + F_{ygrav}^{i}$$

$$M_{sum}^{i} = \sum_{c} F_{y}^{ci} (x^{c} - x^{i}) - F_{x}^{ci} (y^{c} - y^{i}) + M_{pres}$$
(5)

Ford also contains numerous entry points that are primarily used for experimenting with the program. These entry points allow modification of block weights and the dynamic factors of the program.

Subroutine UPDAT

The subroutine UPDAT is called once every few iteration cycles to check for new contact points. UPDAT also updates coordinate data as required. The routine is unchanged from the original form; the description presented by Cundall is very complete and contains a flow chart of the subroutine.

Subroutine PONT

Subroutine PONT is used to calculate the global coordinates of a contact point from the local coordinates of that point. This is

done by a simple coordinate transform for a translated origin and rotated axes. The equations are: (see any book on analytic geometry)

$$XG = XC + XL.\cos\theta - YL.\sin\theta$$

$$YG = YC + XL.\sin\theta + YL.\cos\theta$$

where XL, YL = local coordinates

XG, YG = global coordinates

 θ = angle of local system to global system

XC, YC = local origin (= block centroid)

Subroutines DISPL and TEK

With the exception of the contact vectors, which are generated by subroutine FORD, all screen plotting is managed by subroutine DISPL. Subroutine DISPL in turn calls TEK which is nothing more than the basic Tektronix supplied software package for minicomputers. Whereas Cundall's (1974) version of the program provided hard copy through digital plotting, the present hardware includes a Tektronix 4631 copier. Although DISPL will still drive a digital plotter, this feature is rarely used.

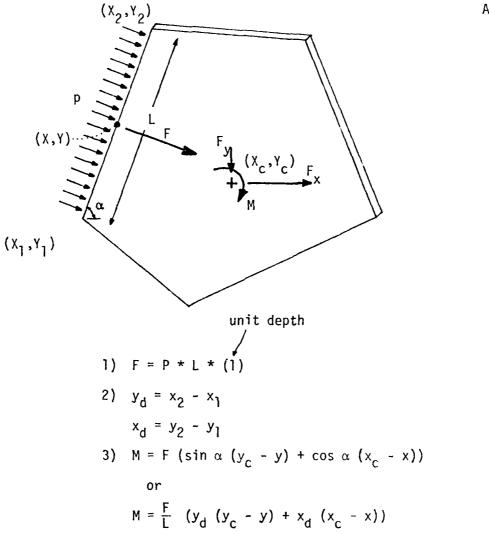
The remainder of the subroutines of Phase 3 are primarily used for various utility functions. No great detail will be expended on describing the main function of each routine. The subroutine listings (Appendix C) contain many comments that indicate how the functions are performed. The interested reader is directed to the listings.

Subroutine INPUT

The utility routines embodied in INPUT are primarily concerned with parameter specification and modification. Most significant of the functions are:

- set up or modify the values of the ten different friction properties used by the program
- 2) input of applied pressures
- 3) numerical input of applied loads
- 4) set up of displacement control routine

The input of pressure segments deserves further attention. The presence of water in a joint tends to exert a force against the joint surfaces. For a single joint surface:



F and M are calculated as soon as a pressure segment is defined and never varies with displacement. The x and y components of the force do vary with displacement and are updated in REBOX.

4)
$$F_x = F.\sin \alpha$$

 $F_y = -F.\cos \alpha$

The initial value of $\mathbf{F_{x}}$ and $\mathbf{F_{y}}$ is also calculated in REBOX.

Subroutine UTIL

Subroutine UTIL contains several utility programs. The entry points and their functions are:

- HITC a routine to determine which block has the centroid corresponding to given x and y coordinates.
- 2) PRNI output a single character to the teletype
- 3) .ALPH sets the Tektronix to alpha mode
- 4) .PAGE a routine to clear the Tektronix screen
- 5) .LENG a routine to return the length of side NP of the block in question
- 6) .TYP a routine to return the surface type number of a given edge
- 7) .SCAL a routine to scale vector lengths
- 8) .IPRN a binary to decimal conversion routine that prints a right justified integer in a given field length
- 9) .PRN2 a routine to print a single character on the teletype character is in ACØ
- 10) .MESS a routine to print a message at a specific location on the screen
- 11) .AXIS a routine to draw an axis with tick marks
- 12) .GETT a routine to receive a character from the teletype
- 13) .DBIN a decimal to binary conversion routine

- 14) .CHEK checks if an ASC11 byte is a digit and reduces it to binary if it is
- 15) .WORD a routine to get an alphanumeric string from the key board

Subroutine CYCLE

Subroutine CYCLE contains several additional utility routines. The entry points and their functions are:

- .KET a routine to set velocities to zero at a kinetic energy peak
- 2) .RSET a routine to set the iteration cycle counter to zero
- 3) OPTIN a routine to set options governing vector scale factors, automatic copy and automatic stop
- 4) .STEP a routine to step the iteration cycle counter
- 5) .TPRN a routine to print elapsed cycles

Subroutine HITS

Subroutine HITS checks all sides of all of the blocks to determine which edge of which block the coordinates ${\bf x}$ and ${\bf y}$ fall upon.

Subroutine LOADS

Subroutine LOADS allows all block weights to be multiplied or divided by an integer constant.

Subroutine MOVIT

The law of motion for displacement controlled blocks is embodied in subroutine ${\tt MOVIT}$

Subroutine TAPE

Subroutine TAPE contains the standard Linc tape utilities. It also contains the coding for reading or writing save files in Phase 3, and performs the overlay to return to Phase 1.

APPENDIX B

USER MANUAL FOR DISTINCT ELEMENT PROGRAM

The information contained in this Appendix describes the operation of the configuration of the Distinct Element program used for this dissertation. The Appendix is arranged in such a way that each of the three operating phases is described in sequence, with comment interspersed as necessary. The comment following the third phase of the program is extensive and contains much information pertinent to the successful operation of the program.

During all three phases of operation the computer responds to user commands whenever a teletype key is struck. There are a lot of key commands to which the program will respond with appropriate action. Lists of these keys follow. Rather than memorizing the lists and attempting to implement them all at once, it is strongly suggested that the potential user familiarize himself first with those keys which are essential to the operation of the program. As the user becomes confident in the use of these keys through the running of simple examples, more keys can be added to his "working vocabulary".

Essential Keys

Phase 1 - 1, 2, E, P-2, rubout

Phase 2 - E, S, R, P-3

Phase 3 - G, D, F, C, Z, I (F), S

If a more detailed introduction to the use of the program is desired see Cundall (1974).

PHASE 1 - OPERATIVE KEYS, CURSOR DISPLAYED

- 1 Key "l" is always used to define the first end of a line segment. Move the cross-hair cursor to the desired point and strike the key. The computer responds by drawing a "+" at the point indicated.
- 2 Key "2" is always used to define the second end of a line segment. Move the cross-hair cursor to the desired point and strike the key. The computer responds by drawing a "+" at the indicated point and by drawing a line between the first and second end points of the desired line segment. The computer program was modified to recognize the fact that it is often desirable to draw connected line segments. Therefore, the program will respond to the "2" key following either a "l" key or a "2" key. In this case the program supplies the coordinates of the first endpoint of the line segment at the proper time by using the last input of the second end of a line segment.
- E Any individual line segment may be erased by placing the cross-hair cursor at any position on the line segment and typing the "E" key. A useful trick to make the drawing clearer is to create a line segment at the edge of the Tektronix screen and then erase it. When the remaining line segments are redrawn, the "+'s" at the ends of line segments are not redrawn.
- rubout

 All created line segments may be erased by typing the "rubout"
 key. When the "E" key is used to erase a line segment, the
 end points of that line are not removed from the point list.

These points can often impede the creation of a drawing.

If a large number of line segments are to be erased, it
is preferable to use the "rubout" key.

- H To make a hard copy of the Tektronix display type key "H" or strike the make copy button on the console.
- W(code) To store the complete list of line segments created in

 Phase 1, type "W" followed by the desired code file number.

 To store the line segments in the third file, for example type "W" followed by "3".
- R(code) To recover a list of line segments created at an earlier time, type "R" followed by the desired code file number.

 For example, to recover the eighth file type "R" followed by "8".

Note: The program uses the ASCII equivalent of the character to calculate the position of the file on the Linc tape. On a 620s block tape the permitted files, in order, are: 1-9, :, ;, <, =, >, ?, @, and A - Q. The program also stores a "password" in the file to prevent garbage from being read into the program.

- N The program has a subroutine to allow the numerical input of line segment end points. To implement this feature, type key "N".
- C The Tektronix screen coordinates are from 0 to 1023 in the x direction and from 0 to 780 in the y direction. Often, the problem to be analyzed can be in field coordinates

which do not fall conveniently in this range. By typing key "C", a scale factor may be input to the program which is then used by the program to divide the input data in such a way that it will fall within the range of the Tektronix screen coordinates. Incidentally, the program treats both the scale factor and the input data as integer numbers, so nothing is to be gained by typing in highly accurate field coordinate data. The "C" key does not affect either the cross-hair cursor input or the digitizer input.

D - The program contains a subroutine to allow input of data by means of a graphic tablet or digitizer. To implement this feature type key "D".

DIGITIZING ROUTINE

The digitizing routine will accept input data from the graphic tablet until the "E" key is typed. At this point the control returns to the main program and the cross-hair cursor is displayed.

NUMERIC INPUT ROUTINE

Upon entrance to the numeric input routine, the computer responds by typing "X1=?" and waiting for input data. After the data input following "Y2=?" several keys are operative.

- CR striking the carriage return key causes the computer to respond "X1=?" etc.
- striking the "/" key causes the program to use the last endpoint as the first endpoint of a new line segment. The computer response is thus "X2=?" etc.

- L striking the "L" key causes the computer to redraw all lines.

 This key is frequently used as every input data pair will

 leave "X1=?" and "Y1=?" typed on the screen it soon becomes

 difficult to follow what is happening on the screen unless

 "L" is frequently implemented.
- E striking key "E" while in the numeric input routine will cause control to be returned to the main program and the cursor is displayed.

Once the desired number of line segments has been created, the second Overlay of the program may be implemented. To do this, strike key "P" followed by key "2". Two comments are appropriate. First, it is not possible to get to Phase 2 from either the numeric input routine or the digitizer routine. The cross-hair cursor must be displayed before control can be passed to Phase 2. Second, all three input methods work together. Thus, it is possible to create part of the assemblage of line segments in the numeric input routine and finish the creation in the cross-hair cursor input routine.

A) Cursor Displayed - Operative Keys

- 1 Use the cursor position as end no. 1 of a new line
- 2 Use the cursor position as end no. 2 of new line (display the line)
- E Erase the indicated line
- H Make a hard copy of display

rubout - Erase all lines

W(code) Write the display onto tape in location code

R(code) Read the display at location code into memory

- D Go to digitizing routine
- N Go to numeric input
- C Change N scale factor
- P Then 2 go to P-2

B) Digitizing Routine

Accept line segments from digitizer

E Escape to cursor on

C) Numeric Input Routine

Responds X1=?, etc, after Y2=? several keys are operative:

- CR Select a new point
- / Repeat point
- L Redraw all lines
- E Escape to cursor on

PHASE 2 - OPERATIVE KEYS

- E A single block may be erased in Phase 2. To implement this option, place the cross-hair cursor on the desired block centroid and type key "E".
- R All erased blocks may be restored by typing key "R".
- S A single block may be examined by placing the cross-hair cursor on the desired block centroid and typing key "S".

 After the single block is displayed, the block may be erased by typing key "E". Striking any other key returns without erasing the block. This feature is most useful to determine which centroid belongs to a given block.
- A Striking key "A" will display all of the blocks.
- A hard copy of the display may be obtained by striking key
 "H" or pressing the "make copy" switch on the Tektronix console.

To return to Phase 1, strike key "P" followed by key "l".

To pass control to the third Overlay, Phase 3, type key "P" followed by key "3".

Two comments are in order. First, it is more economical in terms of computer work expended to erase unwanted blocks in Phase 2 than in Phase 3. Second, if the computer determines that no blocks can be created from the line segments passed by Phase 1, control is automatically returned to Phase 1. This means that it is not possible to get to Phase 3 without at least one block on the screen. To access a Phase 3 save file it is necessary to create a single block, and pass it from Phase 1 to Phase 2 and then onto Phase 3.

At that point, the Phase 3 save file may be read.

PHASE 2 SUMMARY

- E Erase the block indicated
- A Display all blocks
- S Display the single block indicated E Erases the block, any other key returns without erasing block
- Make a hard copy of the display
- R Restore all erased blocks
- P then 1 go to Phase 1
- P then 3 go to Phase 3

PHASE 3 - OPERATIVE KEYS

Iteration Cycle Not Running

- G To begin or continue the iteration cycle type key "G"
- D As the Tektronix is a storage CRT all images drawn on the screen remain on the screen until erased. To redisplay the system of blocks type key "D".
- Z To remove all inertia from the system type key "Z" to set all velocities to zero. This key is useful in the consolidation phase of the program in conjunction with the "V" key as described in a later section.
- H To make a hard copy of the blocks displayed on the screen type key "H" or depress the "make copy" switch on the Tektronix console.
- T To display the surface properly types which have been declared in the cursor routine, type key "T". The program displays a number from 1 to 9 at the midpoint of the edge of the block. Those surfaces having surface type Ø (the default value) are not indicated.
- W To store page zero (a variable list) and all block data, type key "W". The program writes this data on Linc tapes for future retrieval. This feature can be used to store the consolidated block assemblage and identical problems can be run to study the effect of certain parameters. Only one file can be written or read by Phase 3, so no "code" is required.
- R To read a previously stored Phase 3 write file, type "R". The program reads page zero and the block data, essentially

defining a new problem. A problem may be written on tape and returned to at a later time. As noted earlier, it is not possible to gain access to Phase 3 without going through Phase 1 and Phase 2. The best method of access is to create a single block in Phase 1 and pass it on to Phase 3. Upon typing key "R", the stored problem will be recovered. It is important to note that only the default friction value is stored in page zero. Friction properties for surface types 1 - 9 must be re-entered if the problem is changed. Note that it is possible to use the Linc tape utility "KBEX" to go directly to Phase 3, but this requires knowledge of several starting addresses.

- V The contact vectors of each block may be displayed by typing key "V". The stability of a block can be assessed by repeatedly typing key "V" and noting the variation of the position and length of the contact vectors. Note, however, that while the iteration cycle is not running, new contacts are not being detected (subroutine UPDATE) and repeated typing of key "V" may allow blocks to punch through edges. It is recommended that no more than 10 "V" keys by typed without typing key "G".
- L The weights of all blocks, all externally applied loads and joint fluid pressures are displayed when key "L" is depressed.
- J To input joint fluid pressures, type key "J". The program responds by displaying the cross-hair cursor and waiting.

Position the cross-hair cursor on the desired joint segment and type the desired value of pressure followed by a carrieral return. The cursor is then re-displayed. Additional pressure data may then be entered by the above procedure. Alternatively, a carriage return exists from the routine. Note that if two line segments are adjacent the logic of the program will apply to fluid pressure to both surfaces.

- C Typing key "C" displays the cross-hair cursor and allows entry to several input routines described in a later section.
- I By typing key "I", four additional input routines may be accessed by typing an additional key. These keys are:
 - F If key "F" is typed following key "I", the routine to define surface friction property types is accessed.

 To define the friction coefficient corresponding to each numbered surface type, place the horizontal cursor on the same line as the desired surface type, type the "." key followed by a 3 digit decimal value of the friction coefficient, and end with a carriage return. After all desired friction coefficients have been defined, another carraige return will give control back to the main routine. Note that the maximum friction coefficient is 0.999 and that the value actually used by the program differs by .001 due to a validity check.
 - L Typing key "L" following key "I" accesses the same numerical input routine described under key "O" in the

cursor routine.

- O Typing key "O" following key "I" allows the user to define several options including the options to print values of applied loads and contact vectors, define the vector length scale factor, and automatically make copies and stop the program after a desired interval. The kinetic energy damping routine should be used with extreme caution.
- U If key "U" is typed following key "I", a routine to define user units is entered. At the present time the only result of entering this routing is to cause a set of divided axes, labeled in desired units to be displayed on the screen.
- X By typing key "X" the iteration cycle counter is reset to zero. This routine is useful to set the cycle counter to zero after the consolidation phase so that the problem can begin at zero time.
- Q Typing key "Q" accesses several routines to vary some of the dynamic parameters and block weights. Its primary function is in program development and debugging.
- M Typing key "M" puts the cross-hair cursor on the screen and enables the selection of the block to be used for the displacement control mechanism. Place the cursor on the desired block centroid and hit any key except "E". The program guides the user through the specification of the displacement steps,

- frequency and direction. Striking key "E" disables the mechanism if it is already set.
- P Upon completion of the problem, control may be passed to Phase 1 by typing key "P".

Iteration Cycle Running

- S To stop the iteration cycle and prepare for input, modification etc. type key "S".
- N While the iteration cycle is running blocks that are moving are being redrawn as they move. To prevent this type key "N".

 The computer responds by blanking the Tektronix screen. This action is required if the program is to be left unattended as the Tektronix screen can be permanently damaged if an image is displayed for a time longer than about 15 minutes without being redrawn. This option also makes the program run faster since the computer does not have to service the Tektronix for plotting.
- A Plotting of the blocks as they move can be restored by typing key "A". However, this option does not redraw all of the blocks, it only enables the drawing of blocks as they move.

 This has the advantage of allowing the user to determine zones of movement within a mass, for example. To redraw all of the blocks, both moving and stable, type key "A" followed by key "D".

Several of the keys which are operative when iteration cycle is stopped are also operative when the iteration cycle is running.

These are:

D - display all blocks

H - make a hard copy

T - display surface types

V - display contact vectors

L - display load vectors

Iteration Cycle not Running, Cross-Hair Cursor Displayed

- F To force the program to hold a block fixed in space, place the cross-hair cursor on the desired block centroid and type key "F".
- U To release the status of a previously fixed block, place the cross-hair cursor on the desired block centroid and type key "U".
- E Blocks can be erased by placing the cross-hair cursor on the desired block centroid and typing key "E". However, as mentioned earlier, it is more economical in terms of computer effort to erase blocks while in Phase 2.
- O Typing key "O" writes the prompt message "Select Single Block".

 Place the cross-hair cursor on the desired block, hit any key and the program displays just the one block. Also displayed on the screen are the block centroid coordinates and the magnitude of the applied loads. Additionally, if switch zero on the computer console is in the up position, pertinent force and velocity data are displayed. Finally, an opportunity is presented to numerically change the values of

- the applied loads. This routine exits the cursor routine automatically.
- 1 Applied loads may be input from the cursor routine by placing the cursor on the desired block centroid and typing key "l". The cross-hair cursor is then moved to a position defining the magnitude and direction of the desired load vector and key "2" is typed.
- Ø-9 Surface property type flags are set in the cursor routine by placing the cross-hair cursor on the desired block edge and typing a key from "Ø" to "9". This flag alerts the program to search the friction table for a specific friction value.
 Any other key removes the cursor and transfers control back to

Any other key removes the cursor and transfers control back to iteration cycle not running status.

There are two external "flags" available to the user to modify the execution of the program. These are data switches on the console of the computer. If switch 15 is in the up or on position, the printing of the elapsed cycles and default friction coefficient is inhibited. This is of use when it is desired to have copies that are free of text. The other flag is controlled by switch \emptyset on the console; it serves multiple purposes in guiding program execution. If switch \emptyset is in the up position, it is not possible to return to Phase 1; this is done to prevent accidental loss of a program. Switch \emptyset "on" also causes velocity and acceleration data to be printed when a single block is examined, as well as allowing a message to be printed when the displacement control mechanism is operative.

PHASE 3 SUMMARY

Not Running

G Go (start dynamics)

D Redraw all blocks

Z Set all velocities to zero

H Make hard copy

T Display surface types

W Write display on tape

R Read display from tape

V Display contact vectors

L Display loads & pressures

J Accept joint pressures

C Display cursor

I Input actiuation

F Friction U Units

L Loads 0 Options

X Reset cycles

Q Debug routine

M Access displacement control

P Go to Phase 1

Running

S Stop running

N No plot option

A Activate plotting

Also: D, H, T, V, L

Cursor Displayed

F Fix block indicated

U Unfix indicated block

E Erase block indicated

O Display block indicated

1 First end of applied
 load vector (centroid)
 followed by a 2

Other keys remove cursor

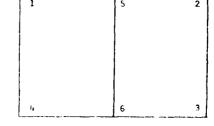
USEFUL INFORMATION

The remainder of this Appendix is devoted to the presentation of information that will be of use to potential users of the program. Some of this information is intended to make it easier for an untrained user to begin working with the program, some of it is intended to aid these interested in program development and some of it is simply odds and ends. Mo apology is offered for the rather rambling nature of the presentation.

Block creation

In the first overlay or main section of the program, line segments are drawn on the Tektronix screen using the cross-hair cursor, a numerical coordinate input routine or the graphic input tablet. At this stage of the program we are only drawing line segments. Thus it is not necessary to draw each block individually.





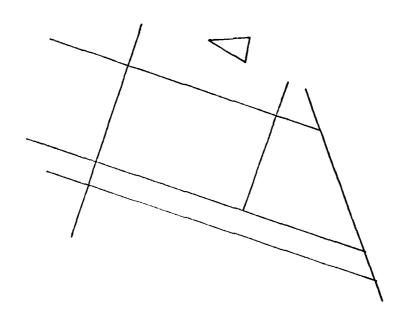
not required

better way

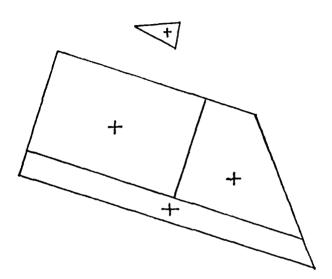
The program detects intersections and overlaps and treats them as such. Incidentally the program has a built in error factor of 5 screen units (out of $1023 \times 007768 \text{ y}$). It is therefore impossible to create a situation such as:



Always remember that line segments that do not define a closed area will be rejected by the program Overlay 2 (see following paragraph). In the second Overlay of the program, the computer scans all line segments created in the first Overlay to determine which line segments will form closed areas. For example, if the following line segments were created in Phase 1, (or the first Overlay):



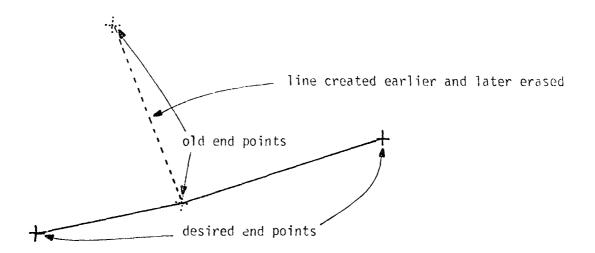
Phase 2 (second Overlay) would return the following 510 % :



It must be emphasized that closed areas must be drawn in flower in the blocks are desired in the main part of the program. If a gravity line segment has been inadvertently omitted, there is no reconstruction other than to return to Phase 1 and begin anew.

In Phase 1, use rubout rather than erase if possible as the program remembers all points created since the last rubout control.

Thus, if you desired to create a line but had created and one of previous line, the program would, if it considered the action proper, divert the line to include the previous line's energy and the line to include the previous line's energy and the line to include the previous line's energy and the line to include the previous line's energy and the line to include the previous line's energy and the line to include the previous line's energy and the line to include the previous line's energy and the line to include the previous line's energy and the line to include the previous line's energy and the line to include the previous line's energy and the line to include the previous line's energy and the line to include the previous line's energy and the line to include the previous line's energy and the line to include the previous line's energy and the line to include the previous line's energy and the line to include the previous line's energy and the line to include the previous line's energy and the line to include the previous line's energy and the line to include the previous line's energy and the line to include the li



This happens very easily, be aware of why it happens.

As the Tektronix 4010-1 is a storage oscilloscope and not a television screen, all information drawn on the screen is stored on the screen. Under no circumstances use the page key to clear the display. This leads to a minor state of confusion as to what the program is doing. Especially serious is the situation that occurs if you use the page key when the cross-hair cursor is displayed. The effect of this is to place the screen in ALPHA mode (ASCII input) while the governing software is still in GIN MODE (graphic input). When this occurs, you no longer will be able to communicate with the computer through the Tektronix, and the computer will be hung-up in the graphic input loop. This isn't really as serious as it looks. For some reason, striking the

return key several times will bring the cursor back. However, this is not fool proof - if you strike the return key quickly, it is possible that the program will give the Tektronix the order to take the cursor down before it actually gets it back on the screen. In this case the computer is no longer confused, but quite often the operator is. Enough said, the best solution is to not touch the page key when using this program.

Linc tapes

The Linc tape system is a unique mixture of the operating advantages of a disk system and the lower cost of a magnetic tape format. The addresses of the storage blocks are written on the tape and the software can search the tapes in either direction for a specific block address and, once it is found, read, write or overwrite starting at that address. The present form of the Distinct Element program relies heavily on the Linc tapes and the following paragraphs present information that could be of use to someone using the program.

The system used for this study has two drives - unit 0 and unit 1. Unit 0 is used by the program for the Phase 1 save files. The save file handling routine, subroutine TAPE, does not check the tape file directory before writing nor does it append a title to the directory for the save file. It is thus a good idea to use a blank tape on unit 0 and maintain a separate "directory" of the save files. Unit 1 is used for a tape that has the three overlays and the introduction to the program written on it. (Incidentally the

promise is essessed by placing a "blank" tape on unit 0, a "program" takes or raid 1 and typing "HELP". The program takes it from there!) is also used to store the Phase 3 save file. It is important to note that the file directories do not "know" about the exceptions and save file and thus it is up to the user to protect all file space from block 150₈ onward.

presents a cophisticated operating system. The fact that not having principated operating system led to additional memory (= larger emission) was offset by the fact that the overlays must be "done by each."

The line tape utilities have the capability to move data from the

siperfile	beginning block number *	number of blocks
Shase 1	350 ₈	55 ₈
Finise 2	450 ₈	37 ₈
lmase 3	510e	378
P-3 save file	1508	up to 200 ₈
digital plot	555 ₈	1

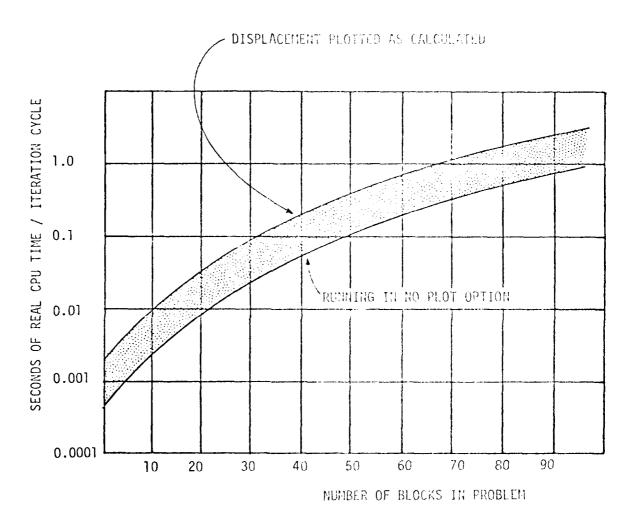
 $^{^{+}}$ the line tapes used have 620 $_{8}$ blocks of 400 $_{8}$ words

It is important to point out that the Linc tape routine KBEX, which is used to write the overlays onto tape, does not check the file directory. It is a very easy matter to destroy files on the tape if KBEX is not used with extreme caution.

Execution times

The amount of real time required for execution of a single cycle of the Phase 3 iteration loop is primarily a function of the number of blocks comprising the model in question. The program execution times are also greatly influenced by any program options in use and the amount of "connect" time devoted to machine/user dialog. The option which consumes the most time is, of course, the plotting of the blocks as movement occurs. This is due to the fact that communication across a teletype line occurs under conditions of "programmed I/O" - the CPU must wait between each transfer until the Tektronix is ready to accept more data.

The accompanying graph presents an approximate portrayal of the real time required for the Nova 1220 to perform one complete cycle of the iteration loop as a function of the number of blocks modeled in the program. The graph indicates a range of time required for calculation; the lower end of the range is a fairly accurate representation of the fastest possible calculation times for a given number of blocks. This time can only be realized by running in the "no plot" option. The upper end of the range represents the time required for one cycle of the iteration loop with the plotting option



activated and most of the blocks in the program moving. This probably represents an accurate upper limit to the calculation time and the time required for most problems would be somewhat less than that illustrated.

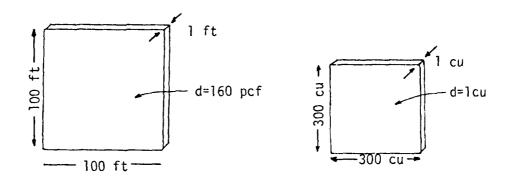
The time dedicated to user/machine dialog is not included in the graph but can be a significant portion of the total time required for program execution. This is especially so for users who are unfamiliar with the program, but increased exposure to the program usually leads to familiarity and an attendant drop in the amount of time required for interaction.

Conversion factors

All calculations performed by the Distinct Element program described in this Appendix utilize variables whose magnitudes and dimensions have been adjusted to give optimum calculation speeds. This has been done in order that double precision variables are avoided and so that all arithmetic is done on integers (integer arithmetic is many times faster than floating point arithmetic in the absence of a floating point processor). In order that someone who wishes to do so may convert to either metric or english units, three conversion factors are presented in the following paragraphs.

The first conversion factor is a <u>defined</u> relationship between physical problem length and that used in the computer program.

Consider the following physical situation: a block 100 ft on a side, 1 ft thick, with a unit weight of 160 pct.



The computer model is drawn in such a way that the equivalent edge lengths are 300 cu (computer units). The unit weight in the computer model is 1 cu (this can be changed by typing "Q" followed by key "W" - the following must be modified if the unit weight is changed). By selecting 300 cu to represent 100 ft, the first conversion factor $\mathbf{f}_{\mathbf{d}}$ is automatically defined.

To get feet or meters multiply the program distance by $f_{\mbox{\scriptsize d}}$

In this particular example,

300 cu
$$*f_d = 100 \text{ ft}$$
 or $f_d = 0.333 \text{ ft/cu}$

The second conversion factor is a <u>derived</u> relationship between physical problem forces and those used internally in the computer program returning to the example, the real weight of the block is

seen to be:

The weight of the block in computer units is given by the Distinct Element program - in this case it is seen to be 720 cu. The number 720 represents a normalized weight obtained by determining the volume of the block and dividing by 125. The number 125 is related to the tolerance to which points and lines are subjected in Phase 1 and Phase 2. The smallest block allowed is defined to be 5 times the area defined by the screen accuracy (5 x 5). The smallest block area possible is then 125 units; when normalized the smallest block weight allowable is thus 1 cu since the unit weight used in the program is 1 cu. The weight used in the computer program for this example is thus

$$\frac{1}{125} \times \frac{100 \text{ ft}}{f_d} \times \frac{100 \text{ ft}}{f_d} \times \frac{160 \text{ pcf}}{d} = \text{W cu/unit depth}$$

Since W real/unit depth = 100 ft \times 100 ft \times 160 pcf W real = 125 \times f_d² \times d \times W cu

The conversion factor between real situation force and that used internally by the computer is f_{χ}

$$f_{\ell} = 125 \times f_{d}^{2} \times d$$

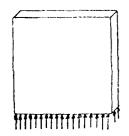
To get force in pounds or newtons multiply the displayed force by $f_{\boldsymbol{\ell}}$.

In this particular example

$$f = 125 \times 0.333 \times 160$$
 or

$$f = 2222.22 \text{ lb/cu}$$

The third conversion factor relates pressure in physical units such as psf or N/m^2 to the units used internally in the computer program. If the base pressure of the real block considered in this example is calculated the quotient of the block weight and the contact area are found.



$$P_{real} = \frac{W}{A} = \frac{100 \text{ ft} \times 100 \text{ ft} \times 1 \text{ ft} \times 160 \text{ pcf}}{100 \text{ ft} \times 1 \text{ ft}}$$

In the computer situation this reduces to

$$P(cu) = \frac{\frac{100 \text{ ft}}{f_d} \times \frac{100 \text{ ft}}{f_d} \times \frac{160 \text{ pcf}}{d} \times \frac{1 \text{ ft}}{f_d}}{\frac{100 \text{ ft}}{f_d} \times \frac{1 \text{ ft}}{f_d}}$$

or

where $f_p = f_d \cdot d$

To get pressure in psf or pascals, multiply the displayed pressure by $\boldsymbol{f}_{\boldsymbol{p}}$

In the example considered, if it were desired to input a joint water pressure whose resultant would balance the weight of the block, its magnitude would be found in the following manner

- real pressure
$$P = 1.6 \times 10^6 \text{ lb/100 ft}^2 = 16000 \text{ psf}$$

$$- f_p = f_d * d = 0.333 * 160 - 53.3 psf/cu$$

- pressure in computer units =
$$\frac{P}{f_D} = \frac{16000}{53.3} = 300 \text{ cu}$$

Equilibrium conditions

The problem of recognition of equilibrium conditions is of paramount importance in the Distinct Element method, as in other explicit finite difference programs. An explicit formulation does not have a "solution" in the sense that an implicit formulation such as a Finite Element analysis does. In the implicit formulation the behavior of each point is related to the other points through a system of equations that can be solved for a given input resulting in a solution. In an explicit formulation, on the other hand, the points communicate only with their nearest neighbors; the "solution" in this case does not necessarily need to be a situation of stable equilibrium. The only way that an equilibrium situation can be recognized is by observing the behavior of the blocks.

The obvious solution to this problem is to observe the blocks flashing on the screen - the movement of the blocks is obvious and it can immediately be recognized if the problem under consideration is unstable. However, the fact that the blocks are not flashing

on the screen does not necessarily indicate that an equilibrium situation has been reached. In the example considered in the previous section, one screen unit of displacement corresponded to four inches of real displacement. In a large problem where the blocks are somewhat confined, thousands of iteration cycles will needed to get this much displacement; for a program involving 75 blocks the real time for this many calculations could take an hour. This is obviously not a very satisfactory method to determine if equilibrium exists.

The software necessary for more subtle solutions has been incorporated within the present version of the program. At any time during the running of a problem, the program may be stopped (key "S") and any block examined for pertinent data. By displaying the cursor (key "C") then typing key "O" will result in the message "SELECT ANY BLOCK" being displayed on the screen. By placing the cursor on the desired block centroid and striking any key a display of block data will be presented. This data includes: block centroid coordinates (four places to right of decimal point displayed); the unbalanced force sums acting on the block; the block velocities and angle of rotation; and, the values of user applied loads. By examining certain "key" blocks as the program runs it is a relatively simple matter to determine if an equilibrium state has been reached.

Whoch consolidation

The block data passed onto Phase 3 from the first two overlays contains information pertaining to individual blocks only. The

contact lists do not exist before the start of the program, so the blocks do not know that they have neighbors. When gravity is suddenly switched on, all of the blocks begin to move at once and as block interactions occur, the contact lists are developed. The way in which the block configuration is allowed to interact has a significant effect on the outcome of the program in those instances where a proper mass consolidation is not achieved. An improperly consolidated system of blocks can lead to a diverging solution; this can be recognized by the presence of wildly fluctuating contact forces that bear no relation to the block weights involved.

The blocks should be allowed to consolidate in an initial equilibrium position before the actual problem is run. This can usually be accomplished by the judicious placement of restraining blocks; these are subsequently removed to begin the actual problem. To actually consolidate the mass a good deal of time must be spent observing the behavior of the blocks and intervening to guide the program. Just switching gravity on without regard to consolidation of the blocks can easily lead to situations where pressure waves travel through the mass and prevent the blocks from reaching an equilibrium state.

Several bits of information are related in the following sentences that should be helpful to potential users of the program. First of all it is very helpful to start the problem with all frictional properties set to zero (the program automatically does this unless the user changes the friction table). The first block interactions often involve high contact forces; if the friction

coefficients of the surfaces are other than zero, situations can arise whereby relatively large forces are "locked-in" only to be released when just the right contact occurs. By starting with a zero value of the friction coefficient, shear resistances do not develop along the joints and in conjunction with the velocity zeroing technique described below, the restrained system of blocks comes to equilibrium. At this point, the restraining blocks can be removed and the program allowed to run.

The technique of properly consolidating a system of blocks involves zeroing the block velocities at the correct time; the system of blocks cannot reach equilibrium unless all inertial effects are removed. It is possible to gain insight into the status of a block mass by examining the behavior of the contact vectors. The key "V" is used to display the contact forces whenever it is struck; this is accomplished by setting a plot flag, going once through the iteration cycle and then taking the flag down. This is especially useful if the program is in the stopped mode since the "V" key can be used to step through the iteration cycle incrementally. The variation in the length and angle of the contact vectors is indicative of the relative stability of the behavior. Well consolidated systems of blocks display little variation in length or inclination of the contact vectors. To achieve this state the user must examine the behavior of the system and zero the block velocities (key "Z") when the system is in an "average" state. An "average" state is exactly what it sounds like - the length of the contact vectors are approximately the

average of the variation in length, and the inclination of the contact vectors is approximately midway between the extreme inclinations. This can rarely be achieved in one attempt, and the amount of time required to do it successfully increases with the degree of confinement of the problem (i.e., tunnel models are much more difficult to consolidate than slope models).

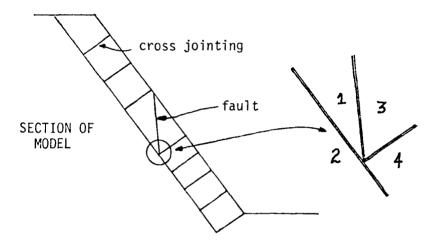
A few words of caution are in order. Stepping through the iteration cycle using key "V" neglects the very important subroutine calls to UPDAT. Unless UPDAT is called, new contact points are not detected nor are contact data updated. The result of this is that blocks can move through one another. As a rule of thumb, no more than about 25 consecutive cycles should be run by using the "V" key without using the "G" key which does call UPDAT. Potential users will find that applying loads incrementally rather than all at once will result in well behaved models. The same is true for friction coefficients; gradually increasing the friction coefficient to the required value also results in well behaved models.

Special problems

Two specific problem geometries that can lead to obviously improper solutions have been identified during the course of this research. Both involve shortcomings in the contact determining logic; the problems are identical in nature but whereas one is easily overcome, the other requires that some care be expended in block consolidation to prevent its occurance. The problems will be illustrated by reference to the specific geometries in which they

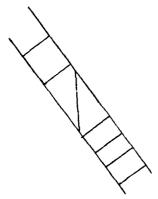
were first identified.

The first of the two problems occurred during the analysis of a rock slope which had failed. (This incidentally, was a real problem - the analysis was performed in collaboration with Dr. Michael Bukovansky of the consulting firm of Dames & Moore.) The geometry of the problem:

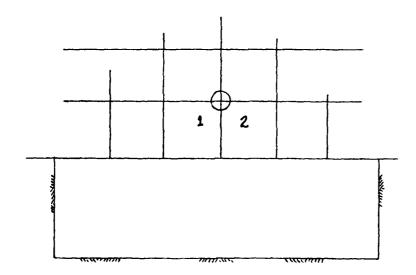


The area under consideration is shown highly magnified: four separate blocks are identified. Geological investigation indicated the presence of a fault plane that could lead to the development of a "chiseling" action - the upper blocks could slide down and "pry" the lower blocks. The initial analyses performed using the Distinct Element program failed to reproduce the expected failure. Close examination of the behavior indicated that instead of sliding past block #3, the lower point of block #1 was contacting block #4 and "hanging up"; the net result being that the entire assemblage of

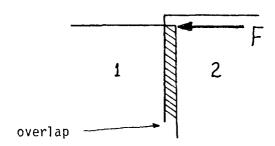
blocks stabilized. In the real situation, any such contact would result in fracture development at the point - in the Distinct Element program such cracking is presently not modeled. This problem was solved simply by moving the position of the cross joint between block #3 and block #4 to a slightly lower position on the slope as illustrated below.



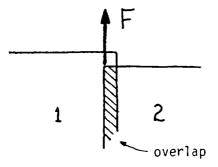
The second problem is of a similar nature; its occurance is rare and is usually due to improper block consolidation. The problem was identified in a model similar to that illustrated and resulted in the stability of a model which should have failed.



To illustrate the problem a magnified section of the model is required; a contact between blocks #1 and #2, circled in the sketch, is illustrated



The overlap of the two blocks results in a contact force F tending to push the blocks apart. However, in an improperly consolidated block mass, especially one with high horizontal forces applied before the mass is allowed to move, the contact situation could look like this after the first iteration.



Depending upon which "contact" is first discovered by the contact seeking logic edge #1 of block #1 could be identified as the edge in contact. The resultant force would thus act to prevent the downward movement of block #2. This problem has not arisen in models where proper consolidation steps have been taken. As

insurance, however, all models tested where this problem could occur have been allowed to fail as part of the analyses, to make certain that the problem was not occurring.

For those geometries to be tested where the occurance of this problem is a possibility, special care can be taken during the consolidation phase to prevent its occurance. This often involves consolidation of segments of the model on an individual basis and then pushing the individual segments together to form the model.

APPENDIX C

LISTING OF THE DISTINCT ELEMENT PROGRAM

This Appendix contains listings of all of the subroutines necessary to build the three overlays of the Distinct Element program used in this dissertation. Most of the Phase 1 and Phase 2 routines are written in Fortran; a few are written in Data General Nova assembly language. All of the Phase 3 subroutines are written in Nova assembly language.

At first glance, the assembly language subroutines may appear to be of little value to those unfamiliar with Data General computers; this is, however, not the case. Assembly language programming differs very little from the techniques used in programable calculators and in fact rarely involves anything more sophisticated than moving data between memory and accumulators, performing arithmetic functions, and occasionally jumping to a subroutine. The listings presented are interspersed with numerous comments and the straightforward logic of the program makes them very readable.

As an aid to potential users a list of the subroutines loaded in each overlay is presented next.

List of Phase	1 Subroutines	Page Number
MAIN LINEX ERASE INSEC HARD CROSS		C-4 C-10 C-11 C-12 C-14 C-14
TEK TAPE COPY OVERLAP DIGIT	machine language subroutines; Fortran interface recognized by calls to .CYPL and .FRET.	C-15 C-19 C-23 C-24 C-27
List of Phase	2 Subroutines	Page Number
BUILD CENT CROSS HARD		C-29 C-33 C-14 C-14
TAPE COPY TEK	machine language subroutines; Fortran interface recognized by calls to .CYPL and .FRET.	C-19 C-23 C-15
<u>List of Phase 3 Subroutines</u>		Page Number
TRANS TEK PONT HITS TAPE UTIL LOADS FORD UPDAT REBOX MOTIO DISPL CONTR CYCLE INPUT MOVIT	see note following	C-40 C-48 C-51 C-54 C-59 C-64 C-75 C-79 C-94 C-108 C-113 C-120 C-138 C-149 C-166

Note

The order in which the subroutines are loaded is immaterial unless the digital plotting routine (subroutine PLOT, Cundall, 1974) is desired. In this case, the plotting routine is read from the

tape, in absolute binary, whenever it is needed. The routine starts at location $440_{\rm B}$ and thus overwrites the first subroutine in memory. If the loading sequence places TRANS at the start of memory, the overwriting will not disrupt the program.

Preceding the listing of the Phase 3 subroutines is a list of the Phase 3 global symbols. These are primarily entry point addresses and frequently used variables. The listing begins on Page C-37.

```
001 C---MAIN PROGRAM (OVERLAY NUMBER ONE)-----
            COMMON I1(768), 12(768), LIST(32),
             LISTC(128), IX(512), IY(512)
003
204
             COMMON/HANDY/N,L, IACC
       75
            N=0
005
006
            L=Ø
             IACC=5
007
            IFACT=1
800
009
            MJX=JX2
            SYL=YLM
010
911
            LCODE = 0
012
            KODE=0
            CALL CURS(I,JXI,JYI)
013
            CALL CHARO(159)
014
015
            IF(N.EQ.0 .OR. I.NE.178) GO TO 80
016
            LCODE=1
            JX2=JX1
917
            JYZ=JYI
018
019
             XLM=IXL
020
            JY1=MJY
021
            GO TO 103
022
      80
            IF(I.NE.196) GO TO 400 3"D" FOR DIGITIZER
023
            KODE=1
024
            GO TO 100
025
     400
            IF(I.EQ.195) GO TO 210
                                     "C" TO CHANGE FACTOR
                                     IN FOR NUM. INPUT
926
            IF(I.NE.206) GO TO 104
            KODE=-1
027
            GO TO 201
028
029
      104
            1F(1.EQ.200) GO TO 72
                                      ;"H" FOR HARD COPY
                                      ;"E" FOR ERASE
            IF(I.EQ.197) GOTO 73
636
            IF(I.EG.208) GOTO 76
                                      J"P" FOR "PHASE ..."
031
            IF(1.EG.255)GOTO 74
                                      ; RUBOUT ALL LINES
035
                                      ;"W" FOR WRITE
033
            IF(I.E0.215) GO TO 81
                                      IMUST BE "R" TO READ
            IF(I.NE.210) GO TO 87
934
035
            CALL CHARI(I)
                                      GET FILE CODE
036
            NFIRST=(I-177)*12
            CALL CHARO(155)
037
038
            CALL CHARO(140)
            CALL TAPE(1,NFIRST,11,11,NERR)
039
       83
             IF (NERR . EC . 0) GO TO 82
040
            PAUSE TAPE ERROR---HIT ANY KEY TO REPEAT
041
042
            GO TO 83
043
       82
            N=LIST(1)
044
            L=LIST(2)
            IF(LIST(3).NE.13286) GO TO 75
945
046
            DO 84 LX=1,L
047
            IA=I1(LX)
048
            IB=15(FX)
            CALL PLOTS(0, IX(IA), IY(IA))
949
            CALL PLOTS(1, IX(IB), IY(IB))
959
       84
            CALL CHARO(159)
051
            GO TO 1
952
            CALL CHARI(I)
053
      81
            NFIRST=(I-177)*12
054
            LIST(1)=N
955
```

```
056
             LIST(2)=L
057
             LIST(3)=13286
958
             CALL TAPE (2, NF IRST, 11, 11, NERR)
        86
             IF (NERR-EQ.0) GO TO 1
959
060
             PAUSE TAPE ERROR --- WRITE PROTECT ON ? HIT A KEY
061
             GO TO 86
        87
                                        J"1" FOR FIRST END OF LINE
962
             IF(1.NE.177) GOTO 1
063
             IF(KODE.EQ.0) GO TO 103
             CALL DIGIT(JX1, JY1, ICODE)
064
       100
965
             IF (ICODE . NE . Ø) GO TO 1
966
             GO TO 103
             ACCEPT"
                        17L." = 1Y ", 1XL, "= 1X
967
     108
869
             JX1=JX1/IFACT
969
             JY1=JY1/IFACT
             IF (N.EQ.0) GU TO 4
97 A
      103
071
             DO 2 NN=1.N
072
             IF(IABS(IX(NN)-JXI).GT.IACC) GOIO 2
073
             IF(IABS(IY(NN)-JYI).GT.IACC) GOIO 2
074
             IFIRST=NN
975
             GOTO 3
976
         5
             CONTINUE
077
             GOTO 4
978
             JX1=IX(IFIRST)
         3
079
             JY1=IY(IFIRST)
             IF(LCODE .EQ. 1) GO TO 108
080
981
             CALL CHARO(135)
985
             IF(KODE)202,14,109
083
             IF(L.EQ.0) GOTO 12
084
             CALL LINEX(JX1, JY1, IXR, IYR, NHIT, LL)
085
             IF(NHII.E0.1) GO TO 8
986
        12
             IFIRST=N+1
087
             GOTO 13
088
         8
             JYI=IYR
089
             JX1=IXR
090
             IFIRST=N+1
991
             L=L+1
             II(L)=IFIRST
092
093
             15(T)=15(TF)
APA
             IP(LL)=IFIRST
             CALL CHARO(135)
095
096
             IX(IFIRST)=JX1
097
             IY(IFIRST)=JY1
098
             CALL CROSS(JX1,JY1)
             N=IFIRST
999
             IF(LCODE .EO. 1) GO TO 108
IF (KODE) 202,14,109
ACCEPI" X2=",JX2," Y2=",JY2
100
101
102
     505
             JX2=JX2/IFACT
103
104
             JY2=JY2/IFACT
105
             GO TO 198
106
      109
             CALL DIGIT(JX2,JY2,ICODE)
107
             60 TO 108
108
             CALL CURS(1,JX2,JY2)
                                        IGET POINT 2
109
             CALL CHARO(159)
110
             IF(I.NE.178) GOTO 14
```

```
111
        168
              IF(IA9S(JX2-JX1).GI.IACC) GOTO 15
               IF(IABS(JY2-JY1).GT.IACC) GOTO 15
  112
 113
               IF(KODE)282,14,109
  114
         15
              IF(N.LE.1) GOTO 25
 115
              DO 16 NN=1,N
              IF(NN.EO.IFIRST) GOTO 16
 116
 117
              IF(IABS(IX(NN)-JX2).GI.IACC) GOTO 16
              IF(IABS(IY(NN)-JY2).GT.IACC) GOTO 16
 118
 119
              ISEC=NN
              GOTO 17
 120
 121
         16
              CONTINUE
 122
              GOTO 18
 123
         17
              JX2=1X(ISEC)
 124
              JY2=1Y(1SEC)
 125
              CALL CHARO(135)
 126
              GOTO 28
 127
         18
              IF(L.E0.0) GOTO 25
              CALL LINEX(JX2, JY2, IXS, IYS, NHIT, LL)
 128
 129
              IF(NHIT.EQ.1) GO TO 26
 130
        25
              ISEC=N+1
 131
              GOTO 27
        26
 132
              JX2=IXS
 133
              JY2=1YS
 134
              ISEC=N+1
 135
              L=L+1
              II(L)=ISEC
 136
 137
              IS(F)=IS(FF)
 138
              I2(LL)=ISEC
              CALL CHARO(135)
 139
 140
        27
              IX(ISEC)=JX2
141
              IY(ISEC)=JY2
             CALL CROSS(JX2, JY2)
142
143
             N=ISEC
144
        28
              IXC-SXC=OXC
145
             JYD=JY2~JY1
146
             IF(IABS(JYD).GT.IABS(JXD)) GOIO 60
147
             I Sh Y = 0
148
             IF(JX2.GT.JX1) GOTO 29
149
             GOTO 49
150
        60
             ISWY=1
151
             IF(JY2.GT.JY1) GOTO 29
152
        49
             JXL=JX2
153
             JXR=JX1
154
             JYL=JY2
155
             JYR=JYI
156
             IPL=ISEC
157
             IPR=IFIRST
158
             GOTO 30
159
       29
             JXL=JX1
160
             JXR=JX2
161
             JYL=JYI
162
             JYR=JY2
             IPL=IFIRST
163
164
             IPR=ISEC
165
       30
             IF(ISHY.EQ.0)GOTO 61
```

```
166
            H=FLOAT(JXR-JXL)/FLOAT(JYR-JYL)
167
            NXTOT=0
            DO 62 NY=1.N
168
169
             IF(IY(NY).GT.JYR.OR.IY(NY).LT.JYL)GO TO 62
             IF(NY.EQ.IPL.OR.NY.EQ.IPR) GOTO 62
170
171
             IXX=IFIX(H*FLOAT(IY(NY)-JYL))+JXL
172
             IF(IABS(IXX-IX(NY)).GT.IACC) GOTO 62
            NXTOT=NXTOT+1
173
174
            LIST(NXTOT)=NY
175
       62 CONTINUE
            GOTO 63
176
177
             H=FLOAT(JYR-JYL)/FLOAT(JXR-JXL)
178
            NXTOT=0
179
            DO 31 NX=1.N
180
             IF(IX(NX).GT.JXR.OR.IX(NX).LT.JXL) GOTO 31
             IF(NX.EQ.IPL.OR.NX.EQ.IPR) GOTO 31
181
182
             IYY=IFIX(H*FLOAT(IX(NX)-JXL))+JYL
183
             IF(IABS(IYY-IY(NX)).GT.IACC) GOTO 31
            NXTOT=NXTOT+1
184
185
            LIST(NXTOT)=NX
186
       31
            CONTINUE
187
            KOUNT=0
       63
188 C
189
            IF(NXTOT-1)50,53,33
190
       33
            IND=0
191 C--ORDER POINT LIST IN INCREASING X (OR Y) --
            DO 35 NXX=5'NX101
192
193
            NXI=LIST(NXX-1)
            NX2=LIST(NXX)
194
195
             IF(ISWY.EQ.1) GOTO 47
196
             1F(1X(NX2).GE.1X(NX1)) GOTO 32
197
            GOTO 48
198
       47
            IF(IY(NX2).GE.IY(NX1)) GOTO 32
199
       48
            LIST(NXX-1)=NX2
200
            LIST(NXX)=NXI
201
             IND=1
202
       32 CONTINUE
            IF(IND.EQ.1) GOTO 33
203
204
             IL= IPL
205
            IR=LIST(1)
            GOTO 51
206
       50
            IL=IPL
207
208
            IR=IPR
            KOUNT=KOUNT+1
209
       51
210
            NINT=0
211
            LOLD=L
212
            DO 35 LK=1,LOLD
213 C--BEGIN LINE SEARCH FOR THIS SEGMENT --
            IF1=I1(LK)
214
            IF2=12(LK)
215
            IF(IFI.EQ.IL.AND.IF2.EQ.IR) GOTO 34
216
            IF(IF1.EQ.IR.AND.IF2.EQ.IL) GOTO 34
217
            IF(IF1.EQ.IL.OR.IF1.EQ.IR.OR.IF2.EQ.IL.OR.IF2.EQ.IR)GOTO 35
218
            CALL OVLAP(IX(IL), IX(IR), IX(IF1), IX(IF2), IX5, IX6, NSI)
219
            IF(NSI.EG.Ø) GOTO 35
220
```

```
221
             CALL OVLAP(IY(IL), IY(IR), IY(IF1), IY(IF2), IY5, IY6, NS2)
222
             IF(NS2.E0.0) GOTO 35
223
             CALL INSEC(IX(IL), IX(IR), IY(IL), IY(IR), IX(IF1), IX(IF2),
224
                      1Y(1F1),1Y(1F2),1X5,1X6,1Y5,1Y6,1NX,1NY,NS3)
225
             IF(NS3.E0.0) GOTO 35
226 C--A CROSSING HAS BEEN FOUND --
227
             N=N+1
228
             IX(N)=INX
229
             IY(N)=INY
230 C--CREATE NEW LINE --
231
             L≈L+1
232
             12(LK)=N
233
             11(L)=N
234
             12(L)=1F2
235 C--TOTAL CROSSING POINTS INCREMENTED --
236
             NINT=NINT+1
237
             LISTC(NINT)=N
238
       35
             CONTINUE
239
             IF(NINT-1) 41,38,37
240
             NIT=0
241
             DO 36 NN=2,NINT
242
             L1=LISTC(NN-1)
243
             L2=LISTC(NN)
244
             IF(ISWY-EQ.1) GOTO 46
245
             IF(IX(L2).GE.IX(L1)) GOTO 36
246
             GOTO 45
247
       46
             IF(IY(L2).GE.IY(L1)) GOTO 36
248
       45
             LISTC(NN-1)=L2
249
             LISTC(NN)=L1
250
             NIT=1
             CONTINUE
251
       36
             IF(NIT.EQ.1) GOTO 37
252
253
       38
             ILEFT=IL
254
             NUT=1
       39
255
             L=L+1
256
             II(L)=ILEFT
257
             I2(L)=LISTC(NUT)
258
             CALL PLOTS(0, IX(ILEFT), IY(ILEFT))
259
             CALL PLOTS(1, IX(12(L)), IY(12(L)))
260
             CALL CROSS(IX(I2(L)), IY(I2(L)))
             ILEFT=LISTC(NUT)
261
262
             IF (NUT.GE.NINT) GOTO 40
            NUT=NUT+1
263
264
             COTO 39
265 C--LAST LINE FOR THIS SEGMENT
            L=L+1
266
267
             II(L)=ILEFT
868
             12(L)=[R
            CALL PLOTS(0, IX(ILEFT), IY(ILEFT))
269
            CALL PLOTS(1, IX(IR), IY(IR))
270
271
            GOTO 34
272 C--NO CROSSINGS ON THIS SEGMENT (JUST ONE LINE TO CREATE) --
273
       41
            L=L+1
274
             II(L)=IL
275
            12(L)=1R
```

```
CALL PLOTS(0, IX(IL), IY(IL))
276
277
             CALL PLOTS(1, IX(IR), IY(IR))
             IF (KOUNT-NXTOT) 56,52,54
278
       34
             IL=LIST(KOUNT)
279
       56
280
             IR=LIST (KOUNT+1)
            GOTO 51
1L=LIST(KOUNT)
281
       52
282
283
             IR=IPR
284
             GOTO 51
             IF(KODE)203,1,100
      54
285
     203
             CALL CHARO (159)
286
             CALL CHARI (MCODE)
287
             IF(MCODE . EO . 197) GO TO 1
                                               I"E" TO ESCAPE NUM. INPUT
288
             IF (MCODE.EQ.141) GO TO 201
                                            3 "CR" FOR NEW XI.YI
289
                                               J"L" TO REDRAW LINES
290
             IF (MCODE . NE . 204) GO TO 301
291
            CALL CHARO(155)
292
            CALL CHARO(140)
293
            DO 302 NL=1.L
                            REPLOT ARRAY OF LINES
294
             IAA=II(NL)
295
             IBB=12(NL)
296
             CALL PLOTS(0, IX(IAA), IY(IAA))
297
     302
            CALL PLOTS(1, IX(IBB), IY(IBB))
298
            CALL CHARO(159)
299
            GO TO 203
            IF (MCODE.NE.175) GO TO 205 3"/" TO REPEAT POINT
300
     301
301
            JX1=JX2
302
             JY1=JY2
303
            GO TO 103
304
    205
            TYPE" ?"
            60 TO 203
305
306
       72
            CALL HARD
307
            GO TO 1
            CALL ERASE(JX1,JY1)
308
       73
309
            GOTO 1
       74
            CALL CHARO(155)
310
311
            CALL CHARO(140)
312
            GO TO 75
       76
            CALL CHARI(IN)
313
314
            IF(IN.NE.178) GOTO 1
            CALL CHARO(155)
315
316
            CALL CHARO(140)
            LIST(1)=N
317
318
            LIST(2)=L
319
            LIST(3)=IACC
            CALL OVLAY(2,11)
320
321
            GO TO 1
322
    219
            ACCEPT " NEW SCALE FACTOR ? " , IFACT
323
            GO TO 1
324
            END ; THANK GOODNESS!!!
```

```
CØ 1
             SUBROUTINE LINEX(IXH, IYH, IXR, IYR, NHIT, LINE)
 002 C--ROUTINE TO DETECT IF LINE IS NEAR POINT--
 Ø23
             COMMON 11(768), 12(768), LIST(32),
 004
              LISTC(128), IX(512), IY(512)
 935
             COMMON/HANDY/N,L,IACC
 006
             DO 5 LL=1,L
 007
             IP1=I1(LL)
 008
             Ib5=15(FF)
889
             IXI=IX(IP1)
010
             IYI=IY(IP1)
Ø1 1
             IX2=IX(IP2)
012
             IY2=IY(IP2)
013
             IYD=IY2-IY1
014
             IXD=IX2-IX1
015
             IF(IABS(IYD).GT.IABS(IXD)) GOTO 6
016
             IF(IX2.GT.IX1) GOTO 7
017
             IF(IXH.LT.IX2.OR.IXH.GT.IX1) GOTO 5
018
             H=FLOAT(IYD)/FLOAT(IXD)
019
             IYG=IFIX(H*FLOAT(IXH-IX1)+0.5)+IY1
020
             IF(IABS(IYG-IYH).GT.IACC) GOTO 5
821
             IYR=IYG
             IXR=IXH
022
023
             GOTO 8
024
         7
             IF(IXH.LT.IX1.OR.IXH.GT.IX2) GOTO 5
925
             GOTO 9
026
         6
             IF(1Y2.GT.1Y1) GOTO 10
027
             IF(IYH.LT.IY2.OR.IYH.GT.IY1) GOTO 5
Ø28
       11
             H=FLOAT(IXD)/FLOAT(IYD)
853
             IXG=IFIX(H*FLOAT(IYH-IY1)+0.5)+IX1
030
             IF(IABS(IXG-IXH).GT.IACC) GOTO 5
031
             IXR=IXG
032
             IYR=IYH
033
             GOTO 8
034
       10
             IF(IYH.LT.IY1.OR.IYH.GT.IY2) GOTO 5
035
             GOTO 11
036
        5
             CONTINUE
037
             NHIT=0
038
             RETURN
039
        8
            NHIT=1
040
             LINE=LL
041
             RETURN
042
             END
```

```
001
              SUBROUTINE ERASE(IXH, IYH)
002 C--TO ERASE ONE LINE & RE-DRAW SYSTEM--
              COMMON 11(768),12(768),LIST(32),
LISTC(128),IX(512),IY(512)
603
004
205
              COMMON/HANDY/N,L, IACC
006
              CALL LINEX(IXH, IYH, IXR, IYR, NHIT, LINE)
Ø37
              IF (NHIT-EQ.0) RETURN
008 C--ERASE SCREEN--
              CALL CHARO(155)
CALL CHARO(140)
609
010
011 C--CUT OUT LL; SHUFFLE DOWN REST--
912
             LL=LINE
013
              IF(LL.EQ.L) GOTO 2
014
             L1=L-1
015
             DO 1 LK=LL,L1
016
              II(LK)=II(LK+1)
             12(LK)=12(LK+1)
017
018
             L=L-1
019
             DO 3 LX=1,L
080
             IA=I1(LX)
021
             IB=12(LX)
022
             CALL PLOTS(0, IX(IA), IY(IA))
Ø23
             CALL PLOTS(1, IX(IB), IY(IB))
024
             CALL CHARO(159)
Ø25
             RETURN
Ø26
             END
```

.

```
001
           SUBROUTINE INSECCIXI, IX2, IY1, IY2, IX3, IX4, IY3, IY4,
               IX5, IX6, IY5, IY6, IX, IY, NSUC)
002
003
           ID1=IX2-IX1
004
           ID2=IY2-IY1
005
           ID3=IX4-IX3
           ID4=IY4-IY3
996
           1F(ID1.EQ.0) GO TO 1
007
008
           IF(ID2.E0.0) GO TO 2
           IF(IABS(ID2).E0.IABS(ID1)) GO TO 3
009
010
           IF(IABS(ID1).GT.IABS(ID2)) GO TO 4
       10 IF(IABS(ID3).GT.IABS(ID4)) GO TO 14
Ø1 1
Ø12
           H1=FLOAT(ID1)/FLOAT(ID2)
013
           IX1L=IFIX(H1*FLOAT(IY5-IY1))+IX1
014
           IXIR=IFIX(H1*FLOAT(IY6-IY1))+IX1
           G2=FLOAT(ID3)/FLOAT(ID4)
015
Ø16
           IX2L=IFIX(G2*FLOAT(IY5-IY3))+IX3
          IX2R=IFIX(G2*FLOAT(IY6-IY3))+IX3
017
018
          IXDL=IX2L-IX1L
          IXDR=IX2R-IX1R
019
          IF(ISIGN(1, IXDL) . EQ. ISIGN(1, IXDR)) GO TO 99
020
021
          R=FLOAT(IABS(IXDL))/FLOAT(IABS(IXDR-IXDL))
022
           IY=IY5+IFIX(R*FLOAT(IY6-IY5))
Ø23
          IX=IFIX(H1*FLOAT(IY-IY1))+IX1
024
          NSUC=1
025
          RETURN
       14 H1=FLOAT(ID1)/FLOAT(ID2)
926
927
          IF(ID4.EQ.0) GO TO 15
028
          G1=FLOAT(ID4)/FLOAT(ID3)
Ø29
          GH=G1*H1
030
          IY=(G1*FLOAT(IX1-IX3)-GH*FLOAT(IY1)+FLOAT(IY3))/(1.0-GH)
       17 IX=IFIX(H1*FLOAT(IY-IY1))+IX1
031
032
       16 IF((IX.GT.IX6).OR.(IX.LT.IX5)) GO TO 99
033
          IF((IY.GT.IY6).OR.(IY.LT.IY5)) GO TO 99
034
          NSUC=1
035
          RETURN
       15 IY=IY3
936
037
          GO TO 17
038
        1 IF(ID4.NE.0) GO TO 10
Ø39
          IX=IX1
040
          IY=IY3
041
          NSUC=1
042
          RETURN
043
        2 IF(ID3.NE.Ø) GO TO 4
044
          IX=IX3
045
          IY=IY1
046
          NSUC=1
          RETURN
047
        3 IF(IABS(ID4).EQ.IABS(ID3)) GO TO 99
048
049
        4 IF(IABS(ID3).GT.IABS(ID4)) GO TO 12
050
          H2=FLOAT(ID2)/FLOAT(ID1)
051
          IF(ID3.EQ.Ø) GO TO 18
          G2=FLOAT(ID3)/FLOAT(ID4)
952
053
          GH=G2*H2
          IX=(G2*FLOAT(IY1-IY3)-GH*FLOAT(IX1)+FLOAT(IX3))/(1.0-GH)
054
055
       19 IY=IFIX(H2*FLOAT(IX-IX1))+IY1
```

```
Ø56
          GO TO 16
057
       18 IX=IX3
          GO TO 19
Ø58
       12 H2=FLOAT(ID2)/FLOAT(ID1)
059
          IYIL=IFIX(H2*FLOAT(IX5-IX1))+IY1
060
          IY1R=IFIX(H2*FLOAT(IX6-IX1))+IY1
061
062
          GI=FLOAT(ID4)/FLOAT(ID3)
          IY2L=IFIX(G1*FLOAT(IX5-IX3))+IY3
063
          IY2R=IFIX(G1*FLOAT(IX6-IX3))+IY3
064
065
          IYDL=IY2L-IY1L
          IYDR=IY2R-IY1R
066
          IF(ISIGN(1, IYDR).EQ.ISIGN(1, IYDL)) GO TO 99
067
          R=FLOAT(IABS(IYDL))/FLOAT(IABS(IYDR-IYDL))
068
Ø69
          IX=IX5+IFIX(R*FLOAT(IX6-IX5))
          IY=IFIX(H2*FLOAT(IX-IX1))+IY1
Ø7 Ø
071
          NSUC=1
Ø72
          RETURN
       99 NSUC=0
Ø73
          RETURN
074
Ø75
          END
```

```
001
             SUBROUTINE HARD
002 C--ROUTINE TO MAKE A HARD COPY OF DISPLAY--
003
             COMMON I1(768), 12(768), LIST(32),
              LISTC(128), IX(512), IY(512)
004
005
             COMMON/HANDY/N,L,IACC
006
             CALL COPY (ISWIT)
                                       ;SWITCH OFF=4631
             IF(ISWIT .EQ. 0 ) GO TO 5
007
             DO 1 K=1.L
008
009
             IP1=11(K)
010
             IP2=12(K)
Ø1 1
             MX=4*IX(IP1)-2047
012
             MY=4*IY(IP1)-2047
013
             CALL PLOT(MX,MY,3)
014
             MX=4*IX(IP2)-2047
            MY=4*IY(IP2)-2047
015
Ø16
             CALL PLOT (MX, MY, 2)
             DO 2 J=1.N
017
             MX = 4 * IX(J) - 2017
018
019
             MY = 4 * IY(J) - 2017
             CALL INUM(MX,MY,J,4)
Ø20
        2
021
             CALL PLOT (-2047,-2047,3)
Ø22
      5
             CONTINUE
             RETURN
023
024
             END
```

NOTE: PLOT IS THE SUBROUTINE DESCRIBED BY CUNDALL . 974)
FOR PLOTTING THE LINES OR BLOCKS ON AN X-Y R JORDER

```
001
           SUBROUTINE CROSS(IX, IY)
992
           CALL PLOTS(0, IX+10, IY)
003
           CALL PLOTS(1, IX-10, IY)
004
           CALL PLOTS(0, IX, IY+10)
005
          CALL PLOTS(1, IX, IY-10)
006
           CALL CHARO(159)
007
          RETURN
800
          END
```

```
·TITL
                         • FNT
                                 CHARO, CHARI, CURS, PLOTS
                         •EXTD
                                 .FRET .. CPYL
                         ·NREL
       177611
                        N = -167
       177612
                        N1=N+1
       177613
                        N2=N1+1
00000.000002
00001'006002$ CHARO:
                        JISR
                                 e • CPYL
00002'060277
                        INTDS
00003'027611
                        LDA
                                 1.eN.3
00004'044407
                        STA
                                 1.TWIT
00005'004451
                        JSR
                                 CHOUT
00006'0000013'
                        TWIT
00007 060177
                        INTEN
00010'006001S
                        JSR
                                 e.FRET
00011'000000
               TWET:
000000'000000
               TWOT:
                        Ø
00013'000000
               TWIT:
                        Ø
00014'000000
               SV3:
                        G
00015'000002
                        2
00016'006002$ CHARI:
                        JSR
                                 e.CPYL
00017'054775
                        STA
                                 3,5V3
00020'060277
                        INTDS
00021 004426
                        JSR
                                 CHIN
00022'000013'
                        TWIT
00023'024770
                        LDA
                                 1.TWIT
00024 034770
                        LDA
                                 3,SV3
00025'047611
                        STA
                                 1.eN.3
00026'060177
                        INTEN
00027'0060015
                        JSR
                                 e.FRET
00030'000004
                        4
00031'006002S PLOTS:
                        JSR
                                 e . CPYL
00032'060277
                        INTDS
00033'027611
                        LDA
                                 1,eN,3
00034'544757
                        STA
                                 1.TWIT
00035'027612
                        LDA
                                 1.eN1.3
00036'044753
                        STA
                                 1.TWET
00037'027613
                        LDA
                                 1, eN2,3
00040'044752
                        STA
                                1.TWOT
00041 004425
                        JSR
                                TPLOT
00042'000013'
                        TWIT
00043'000011'
                        TWET
00044'000012'
                        TWOT
00045'060177
                        INTEN
00046'0060015
                        JSR
                                e.FRET
00047 040416
              CHIN:
                        STA
                                0.CCACO ;SAVE ACO
00050'063610
                        SKPDN
                                         ISKP IF CHAR READY
                                TTI
00051 000777
                        JMP
                                • - 1
00052 060510
                        DIAS
                                ITT.0
                                         FREAD CHAR
00053 043400
                        STA
                                0,00,3 ;STORE CHAR
00054'020411
                       LDA
                                Ø,CCACØ ;RESTORE ACO
00055'001401
                        JMP
                                1.3
                                         JRETURN
00056'040407
               CHOUT:
                        STA
                                0,CCAC0 ;SAVE AC0
00057'063511
                        SKPBZ
                                TTO
                                         JSKIP IF NOT BUSY
00060'000777
                        JMP
                                . - 1
00061 023400
                       LDA
                                0,00,3
                                        JGET CHARACTER
00062'061111
                       DOAS
                                OTTO.
                                         JSHIP CHARACTER
00063'020402
                       LDA
                                0,CCAC0 ;RESTORE ACO
00064'001491
                        JMP
```

```
00065'0000000
              CCAC0:
                                        JTEMP FOR ACØ
00066 040526
              TPLOT:
                       STA
                                Ø, TPTACO; SAVE ACO
00067 1023491
                                0,01,3
                                       JGET X
                       LDA
00070.040526
                                Ø.TPTX
                       STA
00071'023402
                       LDA
                                0,82,3
                                        JGET Y
00072'040525
                       STA
                                Ø, TPTY
                                0.00.3 :GET MODE
00073'023400
                       LDA
00074'040524
                       STA
                                Ø. TPMOD
00075 054520
                                3, TPTADD; SAVE CALL ADDRESS
                       STA
00076'101015
                       MQV#
                                0.0. SNR : SKP IF NEG 0
00077'000405
                       JMP
                                TPTDV
                                       J = 0 INITIALIZE AND DARK VECTOR
                                0.0.SNC ; SKIP IF < 0
00100.101113
                       MOVL#
00101'000405
                       JMP
                                TPINRM ; NORMAL BRIGHT VECTOR
00102.006211
                       JSR
                                eCHOUZ SET TO ALPHA
00103'000232'
                       US
00104'006507
              TPTDV:
                                echouz JDARK VECTOR
                       JSR
00105'000201'
                       GS
00106'020511
              TPINRM: LDA
                                Ø.TPTY 3GET Y
00107'101112
                       MOVL#
                                0.0.52C ; SKP IF +
001101102400
                       SUB
                                0.0
                                        MAKE 0
00111'034477
                                3.D780 ;UPPER Y BOUND
                       LDA
00112'162513
                       SUBL#
                                3,0, SNC ; SKP IF ON SCREEN
00113'161000
                       MOV
                                3.0
                                        SET TO EDGE
00114'040503
                       STA
                                Ø,TPTY
                                        SAVE GOOD Y
00115 101120
                                        SUSE UPPER 5 BITS
                       MOVEL
                                0.0
00116'101120
                       MOVEL.
                                0.0
00117'101120
                       MOVEL
                                0.0
001201101300
                                        JAND SWAP HALVES
                       MOVS
                                0.0
00121'034463
                       LDA
                                3,8040
                                        JHI Y TAG
00122 163000
                       ADD
                                3.0
                                        JPUT IN CHAR
00123'040476
                       STA
                                Ø. TPTTMP: USE A TEMP
00124 006467
                       JSR
                                eCHOUZ ; SHIP HI Y 5
00125.000851.
                       TPTTMP
00126'020471
                       LDA
                                Ø. TPTY
                                        SGET Y
00127'034453
                       LDA
                                3.B037
                                        * MASK
001301163400
                                        JLEAVE LOW Y 5
                       AND
                                3.0
00131'034455
                                3.8140
                                       JLOW Y TAG
                       LDA
00132'163000
                                        SET IN CHAR
                       ADD
                               3.0
                                Ø.TPTTMP
00133'040466
                       STA
                                eCHOUZ ; SHIP LOW Y
00134'006457
                       JSR
00135'000221'
                       TPTTMP
00136'020460
                       LDA
                               Ø.TPTX :GET X VALUE
00137'101112
                       MOVI.#
                               0.0.SEC
00140'102400
                       SUB
                               0.0
00141 034450
                                3.01023
                       LDA
001421162513
                       SUBL #
                                3.0.SNC
00143'161000
                       MOV
                                3.0
001441040452
                       STA
                                Ø.TPTX
00145'101120
                       MOVEL
                               0.0
                                        JAND DO LIKE Y
00146'101120
                       MOVZL
                               0.0
00147'101120
                       MOVZI.
                               0.0
00150.101300
                       MOVS
                                0.0
                                        3HI X 5
00151 034433
                       LDA
                               3.B040
                                       JHI X TAG
00152'163000
                       ADD
                                3.0
                                        JADD IN TAG
00153'040446
                       STA
                                0, TPTTMP
00154'006437
                       JSR
                                eCHOUZ | SHIP HI X 5
00155'000221'
                       TPTTMP
00156'020440
                       LDA
                               Ø, TPTX 3GET X
00157'034423
                       LUA
                               3,8037
                                       JGOODIE MASK
                       AND
                                        JLEAVE LOW X 5
00160'163400
                               3,0
```

ż

```
00161 034424
                       LDA
                                3.B100 JLOW X TAG
                                        JPUT IN TAG
00162'163000
                       ADD
                                3,0
00163'040436
                       STA
                                0.TPTTMP
                                eCHOUS
00164'006427
                       JSR
00165'000221'
                       TPTTMP
00166'020432
                       LDA
                                Ø. TPMOD
00167'101113
                       MOVL#
                                0.0.SNC
00170'000404
                       JMP
                                TPTEXT
00171'102400
                       SUB
                                0.0
00172'040426
                       STA
                                Ø, TPMOD
00173'000713
                       JMP
                                TPTNRM
00174'020420
              TPTEXT: LDA
                                Ø, TPTACØ; RESTORE ACØ
00175'034420
                       LDA
                                3, TPTADD; CALL ADDRESS
                       JMP
00176'001403
                                3,3
                                        3 EXIT
00177'000032
              SUBQQ:
                       032
00200,0000033
              ESC:
                       033
00201 0000035
                       035
              GS:
00202'000037
              US:
                       037
00203'000020
              B020:
                       020
      000202
              R037=US
00204'000040
                       040
              BØ40:
00205'000100
                       100
              B100:
00206'030140
              B140:
                       140
00207'0000003
              D003:
                       003
00210'001414
              D780:
                       1414
00211'001777
              D1023:
                       1777
00212'000047' CHINP:
                       CHIN
00213'000056' CHOUZ: CHOUT
              TPTACO: 0
00214'000000
00215'000000
              TPTADD: 0
00216.000000
              TPTX:
                       Ø
00217'000000
              TPTY:
              TPMOD:
00220,0000000
                       Ø
00221 000000
              TPTTMP:
                       Ø
00222 040772
              CURSIS: STA
                                0, TPTACO; SAVE ACO
00223'054772
                       STA
                                3, TPTADD; SAVE CALL ADDRESS
00224'006767
                                echouz ; SET TO ALPHA
                       JSR
00225'000202'
                       US
                                eCHOUZ ; TURN ON CURSER
00226'006765
                       JSR
00227'000200'
                       ESC
00230.006763
                                ECHOUS
                       JSR
00231 1000177
                       SUBOO
                                echine
                                        JGET CHAR
00232'006760
                       JSR
00233,000516,
                       TPTX
00234 020753
                                        JGET LOOP COUNTER
                       LDA
                                0.D003
00235'040764
                                Ø, TPTTMP
                       STA
                                Ø,TPTX
                                        JGET CHAR
00236'020760
                       LDA
                                CURPS
                                        STORE CHAR
00237'000421
                       JMP
                                eCHINP
                                       JGET HI COORD
00240'006752
              CURLP:
                       JSR
00241'000216'
                       TPTX
00242'006750
                       JSR
                                eCHINP ; GET LOW COORD
00243'000217'
                       TPTY
00244'034736
                       LDA
                                3, BØ37
                                        JMASK
                                        JLOW COORD
00245'020752
                       LDA
                                0,TPTY
                                        JMASK OFF GARBAGE
00246'163400
                                3.0
                       AND
00247'040750
                                0.TPTY
                                        SAVE FOR LATER
                       STA
                                0.TPTX
                                        JHI COORD
00250'020746
                       LDA
                                3,0
                                        JMASK OFF
002511163400
                       AND
                       MOVS
                                0.0
                                        3 SWAP
00252'101300
00253'101220
                       MOVER
                                0,0
```

```
00254'101220
                        MOVER
                                 0.0
 00255'101220
                        MOVER
                                 0,0
 00256'034741
                                 3.TPTY
                        LDA
                                         JLOW COORD
 00257 163000
                        ADD
                                         SADD IN LOW COORD
                                 3,0
 00260'034735
               CURPS:
                        LDA
                                 3. TPTADD; CALL ADDRESS
 00261 043400
                        STA
                                 0.00.3 ISTORE VALUE
 00262 175400
                        INC
                                 3,3
                                         JADJUST ADDRESS
00263'054732
                                 3. TPTADD: SAVE UPDATED ADD
                        STA
00264 014735
                        DSZ
                                TPTTMP
                                        CHECK FOR DONE
00265'000753
                        JMP
                                CURLP
                                         :LOOP IF NOT
00266 020726
                        LDA
                                0, TPTACO; RESTORE ACO
00267'001400
                        JMP
                                0.3
                                         3 RETURN
00270 0000004
                        4
00271'0060025 CURS:
                        JSR
                                0.CPYL
00272'060277
                        INTDS
00273'054416
                        STA
                                3,SX3
00274 004726
                        JSR
                                CURSIS
00275'000312'
                        A1
00276'0000313'
                       A2
00277'000314'
                       АЗ
00300 034411
                       LDA
                                3,5X3
00301 024411
                       LDA
                                1.A1
00302'047611
                       STA
                                1.00.3
00303'024410
                       LDA
                                1.A2
00304'047612
                                1.eN1.3
                       STA
00305'024407
                       LDA
                                1.A3
00306'047613
                       STA
                                1.0N2.3
00307.060177
                       INTEN
00310'0060015
                       JSR
                                @.FRET
00311'000000
              SX3:
                       Ø
00312,000000
              A1:
                       Ø
000000'81800
              A2:
                       0
00314'000000
              A3:
                       Ø
                       • END
```

```
C-19
                        .TITL
                                TAPE
                        · ENT
                                TAPE, OVLAY
                        • EXTD
                                · CPYL · FRET
                        .NREL
       177611
                        N=-167
00000'000000
               NUB:
                        Ø
889966,189968
               TWO:
                        2
00002'000003
               THREE:
                        3
00003'000000' FIRST:
                       NUB
00004'000322' LAST:
                       C8
00005'000003
               THIS ROUTINE READS THE APPROPRIATE OVERLAY
               FROM TAPE.
                            IT STARTS BY FIRST TRANSFERING
               JITSELF TO A SAFE PLACE IN HIGH CORE.
00006'0060015 OVLAY:
                       JSR
                                e.CPYL
00007'060277
                        INTDS
00010'020476
                                0.DRIVE
                       LDA
00011'062074
                       BOD
                                Ø.LINC
00012'054473
                                3,SAVE
                       STA
00013'023611
                       LDA
                                0.eN.3
00014'040764
                                        JOVERLAY NUMBER
                       STA
                                0,NUB
00015'035612
                                3,N+1,3 ;ADDR OF LOWEST ARRAY
                       LDA
00016'030765
                       LDA
                                2,FIRST
00017'020765
                       LDA
                                Ø.LAST
000201142400
                       SUB
                                2.0
                                        3=NUMBER OF WORDS TO BE MOVED
00021'101400
                       TNC
                                0.0
00022'116400
                                        JADDR TO MOVE TAPE ROUTINE TO
                       SUB
                                0.3
00023'100400
                       NEG
                                0.0
00024'025000
               ROUND:
                       LDA
                                1.0.2
00025'045400
                       STA
                                1.0.3
00026'101405
                       INC
                                0.0.5NR
00027'000404
                       JMP
                                OUT
000301151400
                       INC
                                2,2
C0031'175400
                       INC
                                3.3
00032'000772
                        JMP
                                ROUND
00033'156400
               OUT:
                       SUB
                                        3=DISTANCE MOVED
                                2,3
00034'030403
                       LDA
                                2.SHIFT
00035157000
                       ADD
                                2,3
00036'001400
                       JMP
                                0.3
                                        # GO TO HI-CORE COPY
00037'000040' SHIFT:
                        .+1
00040'020740
                       LDA
                                0.NUB
00041 126520
                       SUBEL
                                1.1
00042'122415
                       SUB#
                                1.0.SNR
00043'000407
                       JMP
                                        SOVERLAY 1
                                Al
00044'024735
                                1.TWO
                       LDA
00045'122415
                       SUB#
                                1,0,SNR
00046'000407
                       JMP
                                        JOVERLAY 2
                                A2
00047'020434
                       L.DA
                                Ø,BLK3 JOVERLAY 3
00050 024434
                       LDA
                                1.NBLK3
00051 000406
                       JMP
                                CAT
00052'020425
              A1:
                       LDA
                                0.BLK1
00053'024425
                       LDA
                                1.NBLK1
00054'000403
                       JMP
                                CAT
00055'020424
               A2:
                       LDA
                                Ø.BLK2
00056'024424
                       LDA
                                1.NBLK2
000571152400
              CAT:
                       SUB
                                2,2
00060 034415
                       LDA
                                3,SUBST
00061 '054452
                       STA
                                3, RETRN
00062'004411
                       JSR
                               NIXON
00063'125005
                       MOV
                                1,1,SNR
```

```
00064'000377
                        JMP
                                377
                                         FORTRAN START ADDRESS
                                         JLINC ERROR
00065'063077
                        HALT
                                Ø, DRIVE ; TRY AGAIN (PRESS CONTINUE)
00066'020420
                        LDA
00067'062074
                        DOB
                                Ø.LINC
00070 0000750
                        JMP
                                SHIFT+1
00071'060177
               NOGO:
                        INTEN
00072'0060025
                        JSR
                                e.FRET
00073'054412
               NIXON:
                        STA
                                3, SAVE
00074'000445
                        JMP
                                RLINC
00075'002752
               SUBST:
                                esave-retrn.1 ; substitute contents for &
                        JMP
00076'0000000
               ORIG:
                        а
00077'000350
               BLK1:
                        350
00100'000055
               NBLK1:
                        55
00101'000450
               BLK2:
                        450
00102'000037
               NBLK2:
                        37
00103'000510
               BLK3:
                        510
00104'0000037
               NBLK3:
                        37
00105'000000
               SAVE:
                        Ø
00106'000001
               DRIVE:
                        1
00107'000006
               JTHIS ROUTINE ENABLES A FORTRAN PROGRAM
               JTO WRITE BLOCKS OF CORE ONTO TAPE.
                                e.CPYL
00110'006001S TAPE:
                        JSR
00111'060277
                        INTDS
00112'102400
                        SUB
                                0.0
00113'062074
                        DOB
                                Ø.LINC
00114'054771
                        STA
                                3.SAVE
00115'023612
                        LDA
                                0, eN+1,3
00116'027613
                        LDA
                                1,eN+2,3
00117'031614
                        LDA
                                2, N+3,3
00120'037611
                                3, eN, 3
                        1.DA
00121'175005
                        MOV
                                3,3,SNR
00122 000415
                        JMP
                                CLINC
00123'175112
                       MOVL#
                                3,3,52C
00124'000404
                        JMP
                                NEGA
00125'175234
               DOG:
                        MOVER#
                                3,3,52R
00126.000415
                        JMP
                                WLINC
                                         IMUST BE 2
00127'000412
                                         MUST BE 1
                        JMP
                                RLINC
001301174400
               NEGA:
                        NEG
                                3,3
00131'150000
                        COM
                                2.2
                        JMP
00132'000773
                                DOG
               RETRN:
                                3,SAVE
00133'034752
                       LDA
00134'047615
                        STA
                                1, eN+4,3
00135'060177
                        INTEN
00136'0060025
                        JSR
                                e.FRET
               INOW FOR A SLIGHTLY MODIFIED VERSION OF THE
               STANDARD LING TAPE UTILITIES ....
00137'152400
               CLINC:
                        SUB
                                2.2
00140'000415
                        JMP
                                CHKZ
                                3.D2R
00141 034426
               RLINC:
                       LDA
00142'000414
                        JMP
                                READZ
00143'034422
               WLINC:
                       LDA
                                3.DIW
90144'054507
                       STA
                                3.D1XX
00145'044500
                        STA
                                1.D2XX
00146'050416
                        STA
                                2.SAC2
00147'004422
                        JSR
                                DO
00150'024475
                       LDA
                                1.D2XX
               RAW:
00151'122400
                        SUB
                                1.0
00152 030412
                        LDA
                                2.SAC2
```

STA

00246 041000

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```
002471000402
                 DSC:
                          JMP
                                   .+2
  £0250'061074
                 WDAT:
                          DOA
                                   Ø,LINC
  00251'117000
                 BLOOP:
                          ADD
                                  0,3
  002521151400
                          INC
                                  5,2
  00253'021000
                 DIXX:
                          LDA
                                  0.0.2
  002541063074
                         DOC
                                  0.LINC
  002551063674
                          SKPDN
                                  LINC
  60256'600777
                          JMP
                                  . - 1
  00257 063474
                         SKPBN
                                  LINC
  00260'000770
                         JMP
                                  WDAT
  00261'075074
                 WCHK:
                         DOA
                                  3.LINC
 00262 075474
                         DIB
                                  3.LINC
 00263'175004
                         MOV
                                  3,3,52R
 00264'000756
                         JMP
                                  £4
 00265132414
                SCHK:
                         SUB#
                                  1,2,52R
 00266 900746
                         JMP
                                  E2
 00267'020423
                NEXT:
                         LDA
                                  Ø.TEMP1
 00270.024423
                         LDA
                                  1.TEMP2
 00271'000713
                         JMP
                                 FINDN
 00272 054420
                GETBL:
                         STA
                                 3.TEMP1
 00273'034421
                         LDA
                                 3.MLIM
 00274'162432
                         SUBZ#
                                 3,0,52C
 00275'000405
                         JMP
                                 WAIT
 00276'334417
                        LDA
                                 3.PLIM
 00277'162032
                         ADC2#
                                 3.0.52C
 00300'000740
                        JMP
                                 E3
 00301 074474
                        DIA
                                 3.LINC
 00302'063474
               WAIT:
                        SKPBN
                                 LINC
 00303'000777
                        JMP
                                 WAIT
00304'063774
                        SKPDZ
                                 LINC
00305'000774
                        JMP
                                 WAIT-1
00306.074474
                        DIA
                                 3.LINC
00307 116543
                        SUBOL
                                 0.3.5NC
00310'010402
                        152
                                 TEMPI
00311 002401
                        JMP
                                 eTEMPI
00312.000000
               TEMP1:
                        Ø
60313,000000
               TEMP2:
                        Ø
00314'177770
               MLIM:
                        177770
00315'000620
               PLIM:
                        620
00316'000400
               SIZE:
                        400
00317'000001
               C1:
                       1
00320.0000005
               C2:
                       2
00321 000004
               C4:
                       4
00322'000010
              C8:
                       10
                       - FND
```

```
.TITL
                               COPY
                                                           C-23
                       • ENT
                               COPY
                       •EXTD
                                .CYPL. .FRET
                       .NREL
      177611
                       N = -167
00000.0000002
                       2
00001'006001S COPY:
                       JSR
                               e.CYPL
00002.054422
                       STA
                               3.ACSV
00003'060477
                       READS
                               Ø
                                        CHECK FOR SHITCH @
00004'101122
                       MOVEL
                               0.0.52C :OFF=4621 ON=PLOTTER
00005 0000414
                       JMP
                               PLTR
00006 920417
                       LDA
                               0.ESC
00007'063511
                       SKP82
                               TTO
00010.000777
                       JMP
                               .-1
00011'061111
                       DOAS
                               Ø.TTO
00012.020414
                       LDA
                               Ø.ETB
00013'063511
                       SKPBZ
                               TTO
00014'000777
                       JMP
                               . - 1
00015'061111
                       DOAS
                               Ø,TTO
00016'102440
                       SUBO
                               0.0
00017'043611
                       STA
                               0,0N,3 ;PUT A ZERO SO HARD SKIPS
00020.000403
                               BACK
                       JMP
00021'102520 PLTR:
                       SUBEL
                               0.0
                                        PUT A ONE TO PLOT
00022'043611
                       STA
                               0.eN.3
00023'006002$ BACK:
                               e.FRET
                       JSR
00024'000000 ACSV:
                       Ø
00025'000033
             ESC:
                       27.
00026'000027
             ETB:
                       23.
                       • END
```

```
JTIT.
                                  OVLAP
                                  OVLAP
                          .ENT
                          .EXTD
                                   · CPYL · · FRET
                          .NREL
        177611
                         N = -167
        177612
                         N1=N+1
        177613
                         N2=N+2
        177614
                         N3=N+3
        177615
                         N4=N+A
       177516
                         N5=N+5
       177617
                         N6=N+6
 00000.0000000
                SAVE:
                         a
 00001 030000
                X5:
                         Ø
 00000,200000
                X6:
                         Ø
 00003'0000010
                         10
 00004'0060015 OVLAP:
                         JSR
                                  0.CPYL
 00005'054773
                         STA
                                  3, SAVE
 00006'023611
                         LDA
                                  0.eN.3
 00007'027612
                         LDA
                                  1.eN1.3
 00010'033613
                         LDA
                                  2, eN2, 3
 00011'037614
                         LDA
                                  3, @N3, 3
 00012'122512
                         SUBL#
                                  1.0.52C
00013'000455
                         JMP
                                  Fl
00014'172512
                         SUBL#
                                  3,2,SEC
00015'000426
                         JMP
                                  F2
00016'162513
                         SUBL#
                                  3.0. SNC
00017'132512
                         SUBL#
                                  1,2,SEC
00020'000533
                         JMP
                                 NOGO
00021'112512
                         SUBL#
                                 0,2,52C
00022'000411
                         JMP
                                 F3
00023'136512
                         SUBL#
                                 1,3,SEC
00024'000404
                         .IMP
                                 F4
00025'054754
                        STA
                                 3,X5
00026'040754
                        STA
                                 Ø. X6
00027 000514
                         JMP
                                 OK
00030'044751
               F4:
                        STA
                                 1.X5
00031'040751
                        STA
                                 0.X6
00032'000511
                        JMP
                                 OK
00033'136512
               F3:
                        SUBL#
                                 1,3,SEC
00034'000404
                        JMP
                                 F5
00035'054744
                                 3.X5
                        STA
00036'050744
                        STA
                                 2.X6
00037'000504
                        JMP
                                 OK
00040'044741
               F5:
                        STA
                                 1.X5
00041 050741
                        STA
                                 2.X6
00042'000501
                        JMP
                                 0K
00043'142513
               F2:
                        SUBL#
                                 2,0,SNC
00044'136512
                        SUBL#
                                 1,3,52C
00045'000506
                        JMP
                                 NOGO
00046 116512
                        SUBL#
                                 0,3,SEC
0J047'000411
                        JMP
                                 F6
00050 132512
                        SUBL#
                                 1.2.52C
00051 1000404
                        JMP
                                 F7
000521050727
                                 2,X5
                        STA
00053'040727
                        STA
                                 0,X6
00054'000467
                        JMP
                                 0K
00055'044724
                                 1.X5
               F7:
                        STA
                                 Ø.×6
00056'040724
                        STA
00057 000464
                        JMP
                                 0K
00060 132512
              F6:
                        SUBL#
                                 1,2,52C
```

```
00062'050717
                         STA
                                  2.X5
 00063'054717
                         STA
                                  3.X6
 00064'000457
                         JMP
                                  OK
 00065'044714
                F8:
                         STA
                                  1,X5
 00066'054714
                         STA
                                  3.X6
 00067'090454
                         JMP
                                  0K
 00070'172512
                F1:
                         SUBL#
                                  3,2,SEC
 00071 000426
                         JMP
                                  F9
 00072'166513
                         SUBL#
                                  3,1,SNC
 00073'112512
                         SUBL#
                                  0,2,52C
 00074'000457
                         JMP
                                  NOGO
 00075 132512
                         SUBL#
                                  1,2,SEC
 00076'000411
                         JMP
                                  F10
 00077'116512
                         SUBL#
                                  0,3,SEC
 00100'000404
                         JMP
                                  F11
 00101'054700
                         STA
                                  3,X5
 00102'044700
                         STA
                                  1.X6
 00103'000440
                         JMP
                                  OK
 00104'040675
                F11:
                         STA
                                  0.X5
 00105'044675
                         STA
                                  1.X6
 00106'000435
                         JMP
                                 0K
 00107'116512
                         SUBL#
                F10:
                                 0,3,52C
00110'000404
                         JMP
                                 F12
 00111'054670
                         STA
                                 3.X5
00112.050670
                         STA
                                 2.X6
00113'000430
                         JMP
                                 OK
00114'040665
                F12:
                         STA
                                 0,X5
00115'050665
                         STA
                                 2,X6
00116'000425
                         JMP
                                 OK
00117'146513
                F9:
                         SUBL#
                                 2,1,SNC
00120'116512
                         SUBL#
                                 0.3.SEC
00121'000432
                         JMP
                                 NOGO
00122'136512
                         SUBL#
                                 1,3,52C
00123'000411
                         JMP
                                 F13
00124 112512
                        SUBL#
                                 0,2,52C
00125'000404
                         JMP
                                 F14
00126.050653
                        STA
                                 2,X5
00127'044653
                        STA
                                 1.X6
00130'000413
                         JMP
                                 OK
                                 Ø. X5
00131'040650
               F14:
                        STA
00132'044650
                        STA
                                 1.X6
00133'000410
                        JMP
                                 OK
00134'112512
               F13:
                        SUBL#
                                 0,2,SEC
00135'000404
                        JMP
                                 F15
00136'050643
                                 2,X5
                        STA
00137.054643
                        STA
                                 3,X6
00140'000403
                        JMP
                                 ΩK
00141'040640
               F15:
                        STA
                                 0,X5
00142'054640
                                 3.X6
                        STA
00143.020636
               OK:
                        LDA
                                 0.X5
00144 924636
                        LDA
                                 1.X6
00145'034633
                        LDA
                                 3,SAVE
00146'043615
                        STA
                                 0, eN4, 3
00147'047616
                        STA
                                 1,005,3
00150'102520
                        SUBEL
                                 0.0
00151 043617
                        STA
                                 0, eN6,3
00152'0060025
                        JSR
                                 e.FRET
00153'034625
               NOGO:
                        LDA
                                 3, SAVE
00154'102460
                        SUBC
                                0.0
```

JMP

F8

00061'000404

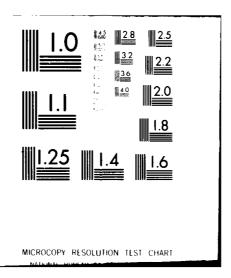
00155'043617 00156'006002\$

STA JSR •END

0,0N6,3 e.FRET

```
.TITL
                                 DIGIT
                                                              C-27
                         .ENT
                                 DIGIT
                                 ·CPYL. · FRET
                         •EXTD
                į
                :
                    FORTRAN INTERFACED DIGITIZER ROUTINE
                    AS CREATED BY PAC --
                    MODIFIED MAR. 8,1976 TO ACCOMODATE ANALOG
                         .NREL
       177611
               N = -167
       000041
               DVCE=41
                                 INO LONGER DEVICE 42
00000'002400
               MODE:
                        2400
00001 0000004
00002'0060015 DIGIT:
                        JSR
                                 @.CPYL
00003'060277
                        INTDS
00004'020774
                        LDA
                                 Ø.MODE
00005.062041
                        DOB
                                 Ø.DVCE
00006'000457
                        JMP
                                 BACK
00007 063710
               LOOP:
                        SKPDZ
                                 TTI
00010.000466
                        JMP
                                 HIT
00011'020476
                        LDA
                                 Ø,CH3
                                         INO LONGER CHANNEL Ø
00012 061041
                        DOA
                                 Ø, DVCE
00013.063641
                        SKPDN
                                 DVCE
00014'000777
                        JMP
                                 • - 1
00015'060441
                        DIA
                                 0.DVCE
00016'024466
                        LDA
                                 1.C1000
00017 106513
                        SUBL#
                                 0,1,SNC
00020.000767
                        JMP
                                 LOOP
00021 020464
                        LDA
                                 0.CH1
00022'061041
                        DOA
                                 0.DVCE :GET X
00023'063641
                        SKPDN
                                 DVCE
00024'000777
                        JMP
                                 • - 1
00025 060441
                        DIA
                                 Ø.DVCE
00026'043611
                        STA
                                 0.eN.3
00027 020457
                        LDA
                                 0.CH2
00030'061041
                        DOA
                                 Ø, DVCE
00031 063641
                        SKPDN
                                DVCE
00032'000777
                        JMP
                                 • - 1
00033'060441
                        DIA
                                 Ø.DVCE
00034'043612
                        STA
                                 0, eN+1,3
00035'102400
                        SUB
                                 0.0
00036 943613
                        STA
                                0.eN+2.3
                                                  JEERO FOR ICODE
00037 020422
                        LDA
                                XAM. 0
00040'024422
                        LDA
                                1, CHLMP ; ROUTINE TO FLASH LAMP
00041 063634
                        SKPDN
                                         JWHEN ACKNOWLEDGING DATA
                                34
00042'000777
                        JMP
                                 . - 1
                                         JINTO BLOCKS PROGRAM
00043'066034
                        DOB
                                1,34
00044'061034
                       DOA
                                0,34
00045 020416
                       LDA
                                0.DEL
00046'040416
                       STA
                                0, COUNT
00047'060000
              DELAY:
                       NIO
                                Ø
00050.060000
                       OIN
                                Ø
00051'014413
                       DSZ
                                COUNT
00052'000775
                        JMP
                                DELAY
00053'102400
                       SUB
                                0.0
00054'024406
                       LDA
                                1. CHLMP
00055 966034
                                1.34
                       DOB
00056'061034
                       DOA
                                0,34
```

MINNESOTA UNIV MINNEAPOLIS DEPT OF CIVIL AND MINING --ETC F/6 13/2 RATIONAL DESIGN OF TUNNEL SUPPORTS: AN INTERACTIVE GRAPHICS BAS--ETC(U) SEP 79 N D VOGELE. AD-A884 693 WES/TR/6L-79-15 UNCLASSIFIED NL, 5 ∘ 6 AD A 084693



```
C-28
00057 060177
                       INTEN
00060.0060025
                       JSR
                                e.FRET
00061 003777
              MAX:
                       3777
                                JMAX VOLTAGE IS 5 VOLTS
00062'0000002
               CHLMP: 2
                                1 LAMP CHANNEL IS #2
00063.050000
               DEL:
                       50000
                                JAPPROX. 0.15 SEC DELAY (LAMP ON)
00064'000000
               COUNT: 0
               SHANG ON UNTIL BUTTON VOLTAGE
               JIS LESS THAN 2.5 VOLTS
00065.020422
               BACK:
                       LDA
                               0.CH3
                                        INO LONGER CHANNEL Ø
00066'061041
                       DOA
                                0.DVCE
00067'063641
                       SKPDN
                               DVCE
00070 0000777
                       JMP
                                .-1
00071'060441
                       DIA
                               0.DVCE
00072 024412
                       LDA
                               1.C1000
00073'106512
                       SUBL#
                               0.1.SEC
00074'000771
                       JMP
                               BACK
00075'000712
                       JMP
                               LOOP
00076.024412
              HIT:
                       LDA
                               1.MASK
00077.060510
                       DIAS
                               O,TTI
00100'123400
                       AND
                               1.0
00101'043613
                       STA
                               0.eN+2.3
00102.060177
                       INTEN
00103'0060025
                       JSR
                               e.FRET
00104'001000
              C1000:
                       1000
00105'000020
              CH1:
                       20
00106'000040
              CH2:
                       40
00107 0000060
              CH3:
                       60
00110'000177
                       177
              MASK:
                       . END
```

--

```
001 C-----SECOND OVERLAY-----
002 C--ROUTINE TO BUILD BLOCKS FROM LINES
003
             COMMON KEY(256), IBLOC(1536), IDUM(608), 11(768),
004
              12(768), LIST(32), LISTC(128), IX(512), IY(512)
695
             COMMON/HANDY/N,L,IACC
006 C
             N=NUMBER OF POINTS
007 C
             L=NUMBER OF LINES
008 C
.009 C
010
             N=LIST(1)
             L=LIST(2)
011
012
             IACC=LIST(3)
013
             IF(L.LE.2) GOTO 18
014
             PI=4.0*ATAN(1.0)
015
             P12=2.0*P1
             PI05=0.5*PI
016
017
             PI180=PI/360.
             LBIT=100000K
018
019
             MASK=77777K
929
             K=1
021
            NBLOC=0
022 C--SET FLAGS ON ALL LINES--
023
            DO 1 LL=1,L
024
             II(LL)=II(LL).OR.LBIT
             I2(LL)=I2(LL).OR.LBIT
025
        1
026 C--FIND IF ANY FLAGS STILL LEFT--
            DO 3 LL=1.L
Ø27
        2
828
             IF(I1(LL) . AND . LBIT) GOTO 4
Ø29
             IF(I2(LL) . AND . LBIT) GOTO 5
030
             CONTINUE
031
             IF (NBLOC.GT.Ø) GOTO 17
032
       18
             CALL OVLAY(I,KEY)
Ø33
             PAUSE
034
             GOTO 18
035
       17
             KEY(NBLOC+1)=K JALL FLAGS MUST BE DOWN.
             CALL CHARO(135) FIND CENTROIDS ETC.
036
Ø37
            CALL CENT(NBLOC)
             I1(LL)=I1(LL).AND.MASK
Ø38
039
             IEND1=11(LL)
             IEND2=12(LL).AND.MASK
040
041
            GO TO 6
042
             I2(LL)=I2(LL).AND.MASK
             IEND1=I2(LL)
043
             IEND2=I1(LL)
                             J(FLAG MUST ALREADY BE DOWN)
944
045
            ISTART= IEND1
046
            IPNT=1
047
            LISTC(1)=LL
048
            GAMSUM=0.0
049
            IXD=IX(IEND2)-IX(IEND1)
050
             IYD=IY(IEND2)-IY(IEND1)
051
             IF(IXD.NE.Ø) GOTO 8
             IF(IYD.LT.0) GOTO 7
052
            ALFOLD=PI/2.0
053
            GOTO 9
Ø54
055
            ALFOLD=1.5*PI
```

```
Ø56
            GOTO 9
            ALFOLD=ATAN(ABS(FLOAT(IYD)/FLOAT(IXD)))
Ø57
058
             IF(IXD.LT.0) GOTO 10
            IF(IYD.GT.0) GOTO 9
Ø59
060
            ALFOLD=PI2-ALFOLD
961
            GOTO 9
062
       10
            IF(IYD.GT.0) GOTO 11
            ALFOLD=ALFOLD+PI
063
064
            GOTO 9
            ALFOLD=PI-ALFOLD
065
       11
066 C--FIND MOST CLOCKWISE LINE FROM LL--
067
            LMAX=0
068
            GAMAX=PI
            DO 12 LIN=1,L
069
            IF(LIN.EO.LL) GOTO 12
070
Ø7 1
            IF(II(LIN).AND.LBIT) GOTO 13
            IF(I2(LIN).AND.LBIT) GOTO 14
072
       16
073
            GOTO 12
            IF((I1(LIN).AND.MASK).NE.IEND2) GOTO 16
074
       13
075
            IE1=IEND2
076
            IE2=I2(LIN).AND.MASK
            GOTO 15
Ø77
078
            IF((I2(LIN).AND.MASK).NE.IEND2) GOTO 12
979
            IE1=IEND2
080
            IE2=I1(LIN).AND.MASK
       15
            IXD=IX(IE2)-IX(IE1)
081
            IYD=IY(IE2)-IY(IE1)
082
083
            IF(IXD.NE.Ø) GOTO 20
            IF(IYD.LT.Ø) GOTO 19
084
            ALF=PI/2.0
Ø85
086
            GOTO 22
       19
087
            ALF=1.5*PI
Ø88
            GOTO 22
            ALF=ATAN(ABS(FLOAT(IYD)/FLOAT(IXD)))
989
       20
            IF(IXD.LT.Ø) GOTO 21
090
            IF(IYD.GT.0) GOTO 22
Ø9 1
092
            ALF=PI2-ALF
093
            GOTO 22
            IF(IYD.GT.Ø) GOTO 23
094
       21
095
            ALF=ALF+PI
096
            GOTO 22
            ALF=PI-ALF
Ø97
       23
            GAM=ALF-ALFOLD
Ø98
       22
099
            IF (GAM - GE - PI) GAM = GAM - PI2
            IF(GAM.LT.-PI)GAM=GAM+PI2
100
101
            IF(GAM.GE.GAMAX) GOTO 12
                             MOST CLOCKWISE ANGLE YET ...
102
            GAMAX=GAM
                             ... WITH ITS CORRESPONDING LINE.
103
            LMAX=LIN
104
            ALFMAX=ALF
105
            IED1=IE1
106
            IED2=IE2
107
            CONTINUE
            IF(LMAX.EQ.Ø) GOTO 28
108
                                      JDEAD END !
109 C--KNOCK DOWN FLAG FOR THAT LINE --
            IF((I1(LMAX).AND.MASK).EQ.1ED2) GOTO 24
110
```

```
111
             I1(LMAX)=IED1
112
             GOTO 25
113
       24
             I2(LMAX)=IED1
             GAMSUM=GAMSUM+GAMAX
114
                                      SUM OF ALL BLOCK ANGLES
115
             IPNT=IPNT+1
                         JPOINTER TO TEMP. LIST OF LINES
116
            LISTC(IPNT)=LMAX
117
             IF(IED2.EQ.ISTART) GOTO 26
                              INEW LINE BECOMES OLD LINE
118
            LL=LMAX
119
            ALFOLD=ALFMAX
120
             IEND2=IED2
121
             GOTO 9
122
       26
            IF (GAMSUM.GT.0.0) GOTO 2
123
            NBLOC=NBLOC+1
124
            KEY(NBLOC)=K
125 C--THE NEXT SECTION MERGES ADJACENT LINES IF
126 C-- THEY HAVE NEARLY EQUAL SLOPES, AND WRITES
127 C-- THE RESULTING LIST OF POINTS ONTO IBLOC( )
128
            LINE=LISTC(1)
129
            IF(ISTART.E0.I1(LINE)) GOTO 31
130
            IP1=I1(LINE).AND.MASK
            GOTO 32
131
132
       31
            IP1=12(LINE) . AND . MASK
133
       32
            IX1=IX(IP1)
134
            IYI=IY(IP1)
135
            IX0=IX(ISTART)
136
            IY0=IY(ISTART)
137
            IXD=IXI-IX0
138
            IYD=IY1-IY0
139
            IF(IXD.EQ.Ø) GOTO 43
140
            ALF1=ATAN2(FLOAT(IYD),FLOAT(IXD))
141
            GOTO 44
142
       43
            ALF1=SIGN(PIØ5,FLOAT(IY1))
143
       44
            ALFIR=ALFI
144
            DO 50 IK=2, IPNT
145
            IF(IK.EQ.IPNT) GOTO 51
146
            LINE=LISTC(IK)
147
            IF(IP1.EQ.I1(LINE)) GOTO 41
148
            IP2=11(LINE).AND.MASK
149
            GOTO 42
150
       41
            IP2=I2(LINE) - AND - MASK
151
       42
            IX2=IX(IP2)
152
            IY2=IY(IP2)
153
       47
            IXD=IX2-IX1
154
            IYD=IY2-IY1
155
            IF(IXD.EQ.0) GOTO 45
156
            ALF2=ATAN2(FLOAT(IYD),FLOAT(IXD))
157
            GOTO 46
            ALF2=SIGN(PI05,FLOAT(IY2))
158
       45
            IF(ABS(ALF2-ALF1).LT.PI180) GOTO 53
159
       46
160
            IBLOC(K)=IPI
161
            K=K+1
            IP1=1P2
162
            ALFI=ALF2
163
            1X1=1X2
164
165
            IY1=IY2
```

```
166
             GOTO 50
167
        51
             IX2=IX(ISTART)
168
             IY2=IY(ISTART)
169
             GOTO 47
       53
             IP1=IP2
170
171
       50
             CONTINUE
172 C--LAST LINE TO DO NOW--
             IF(ABS(ALF1R-ALF1).LT.PI180) GOTO 48
173
174
             IBLOC(K)=ISTART
175
             K=K+1
176
       48
             IF(K-KEY(NBLOC).GT.2) GOTO 52
177 C--WEED OUT THIN BLOCKS--
178
             K=KEY(NBLOC)
             NBLOC=NBLOC-1
179
180
             GOTO 2
181
             K1=KEY(NBLOC)
       52
182
             K2=K-1
183
             CALL PLOTS(0, IX(IBLOC(K2)), IY(IBLOC(K2)))
             DO 49 KB=K1,K2
184
             CALL PLOTS(1, IX(IBLOC(KB)), IY(IBLOC(KB)))
185
       49
             GOTO 2
186
187 C--DEAL WITH DEAD END--
188
       28
             I1(LL)=I1(LL) . AND . MASK
             I2(LL)=I2(LL) .AND .MASK
189
             IF(IPNT.LE.1) GOTO 2
190
191
             IPNM=IPNT-1
192
             ITO=ISTART
193 C--RESTORE FLAGS TO PRECEEDING LINES--
194
            DO 30 IL=1. IPNM
195
            LINE=LISTC(IL)
196
             IF(ITO.EG.I1(LINE)) GOTO 33
            ITO=I1(LINE).AND.MASK
197
198
             I2(LINE)=I2(LINE).OR.LBIT
199
            GOTO 30
200
            ITO=12(LINE).AND.MASK
       33
201
            II(LINE)=II(LINE) . OR . LBIT
202
       30
            CONTINUE
203
            GOTO 2
204
            END
```

```
SUBROUTINE CENT (NBLOC)
001
002 C--TO FIND THE AREAS AND CENTROIDS OF ALL BLOCKS
             COMMON KEY(256), IBLOC(1536), LENG(1536), IAREA(256),
003
904
              ICX(256), ICY(256), IX(512), IY(512)
             COMMON/HANDY/N, L, IACC
005
006
             AMIN=IACC*IACC*5
             DO 1 N=1.NBLOC
007
             KI=KEY(N)
008
009
             K2=KEY(N+1)-1
010 C--FIND LOWER LEFT-HAND CORNER --
             IXM=1023
Ø1 1
             IYM=780
012
013
            DO 3 K=K1,K2
             IP=IBLOC(K)
014
             IF(IX(IP).LT.IXM) IXM=IX(IP)
015
             IF(IY(IP).LT.IYM) IYM=IY(IP)
016
            CONTINUE
017
018 C--FIND BLOCK AREAS--
019
            AREA1 = 0 . 0
            AREA2=0.0
020
021
             IP1=IBLOC(K2)
022
            DO 2 K=K1.K2
            IP2=IBLOC(K)
023
024
             IX1=IX(IP1)-IXM
025
            IX2=IX(IP2)-IXM
             1Y2=1Y(1P2)-1YM
026
027
             IY1=IY(IP1)-IYM
028
            AREA1 = AREA1 + FLOAT (IX2 - IX1) + FLOAT (IY1 + IY2)/2.0
            AREA2=AREA2+FLOAT(IY2-IY1)*FLOAT(IX1+IX2)/2.0
029
            IP1=IP2
030
            AREA=(AREA1-AREA2)/2.0
031
            IF (AREA.LE.AMIN) GOTO 13
032
Ø33
             IAREA(N)=AREA/AMIN
034 C--NOW FIND MOMENTS OF AREAS ABOUT IXM, IYM--
035
            XM=0.0
Ø36
            YM=0.0
            IP1=IBLOC(K2)
037
            DO 15 K=K1 K2
Ø38
            IP2=IBLOC(K)
039
            IXI=IX(IP1)-IXM
040
            IXS=IX(IP2)-IXM
841
042
             IY1=IY(IP1)-IYM
            IY2=IY(IP2)-IYM
043
            F1=FLOAT(IX2-IX1)/2.0
044
            F2=FLOAT(IX2+IX1)
Ø45
046
            IF(IY2-IY1) 5,6,7
            XM=XM+F1*F2*FLOAT(IY1)
047
048
            GOTO 8
            XM=XM+F1*(F2*FLOAT(IY2)+FLOAT(IY1-IY2)*FLOAT(2*IX1+IX2)/3.0)
049
        5
050
            GOTO 8
            XM=XM+F1*(F2*FLOAT(IY1)+FLOAT(IY1)*FLOAT(IX1+1X2*2)/3.0)
        7
051
            G1=FLOAT(1Y2-1Y1)/2.0
052
        8
053
            G2=FLOAT(IY2+IY1)
054
            IF(IX2-IX1) 9,10,11
055
       10
            YM=YM-G1+G2+FLOAT(IX1)
```

```
056
            GOTO 12
            YM=YM-G1*(G2*FLOAT(IX2)+FLOAT(IX1-IX2)*FLOAT(IY2+2*IY1)/3.0)
057
        9
             GOTO 12
058
059
       11
             YM=YM-G1*(G2*FLOAT(IX1)+FLOAT(IX2-IX1)*FLOAT(IY1+2*IY2)/3.0)
            IP1=IP2
060
       12
061
             ICX(N)=IFIX(XM/AREA+0.5)+IXM
            ICY(N)=IFIX(YM/AREA+0.5)+IYM
062
063
            CALL CROSS(ICX(N), ICY(N))
064
            GOTO 1
       13
            IAREA(N) = 0.0
065
066
            CONTINUE
067 C--TO COMPUTE THE LENGTHS OF EACH EDGE --
968
            DO 80 N=1,NBLOC
069
            KI=KEY(N)
070
            K2=KEY(N+1)-1
Ø7 1
            IPA=IBLOC(K2)
072
            KN=K2
            DO 81 K=K1.K2
973
074
            IPB=IBLOC(K)
075
            XDIF=IX(IPB)-IX(IPA)
            YDIF=IY(IPB)-IY(IPA)
976
            LENG(KN)=SQRT(XDIF*XDIF+YDIF*YDIF) + 0.5
Ø77
Ø78
            KN=K
Ø7 9
       81
            IPA=IPB
            CONTINUE
080
       80
Ø8 1
            CALL CURS(ID, IXX, IYY)
082
       25
083
            CALL CHARO(159)
            IF(ID-E0-197) GOTO 20
                                     3"E" FOR "ERASE"
084
                                      J"H" FOR "HARD COPY"
            IF(1D.EQ.200) GOTO 30
085
                                      ;"P" FOR "PHASE ... "
            IF(ID.E0.208) GOTO 50
086
                                      ;"A" FOR "ALL"
            IF(ID.EQ.193) GOTO 22
087
                                      "S" FOR "SINGLE"
088
            IF(ID.EQ.211) GOTO 60
            IF(ID.EQ.210) GOTO 70
                                      ;"R" FOR "RESTORE"
089
090
            GOTO 25
       20
            DO 24 N=1.NBLOC
091
092
            IF(IABS(ICX(N)-IXX).GT.IACC) GOTO 24
            IF(IABS(ICY(N)-IYY)-GT-IACC) GOTO 24
093
094
            IF(IAREA(N).LE.0) GOTO 24
            IAREA(N) = - IAREA(N)
095
096
            GOTO 22
            CONTINUE
097
       24
098
            GOTO 25
Ø99
       22
            CALL CHARO(155)
100
            CALL CHARO(140)
101
            DO 21 N=1,NBLOC
102
            IF (IAREA(N).LE.0) GOTO 21
103
            K1=KEY(N)
104
            K2=KEY(N+1)-1
            CALL PLOTS(0, IX(IBLOC(K2)), IY(IBLOC(K2)))
105
106
            DO 53 K=K1 K5
107
            CALL PLOTS(1, IX(IBLOC( K)), IY(IBLOC( K)))
       23
            CALL CROSS(ICX(N), ICY(N))
108
109
       21
            CONTINUE
            GOTO 25
110
```

```
111
             CALL COPY (ISWIT)
                                       JCHECK FOR SWITCH
             IF(ISWIT .EO. 0 ) GO TO 25
112
113
             DO 31 N=1.NBLOC
114
             IF(IAREA(N).LE.Ø) GOTO 31
115
             K1=KEY(N)
116
             K2=KEY(N+1)-1
117
             I1=IX(IBLOC(K2))*4-2047
118
             I2=IY(IBLOC(K2))*4-2047
119
             CALL PLOT(II, 12,3)
120
             DO 32 K=K1,K2
121
             I1=IX(IBLOC(K))*4-2047
155
             I2=IY(IBLOC(K))*4-2047
123
       32
             CALL PLOT(11,12,2)
124
             IC1 = ICX(N) * 4
125
             IC2=ICY(N) #4
126
             CALL PLOT(IC1-2087,IC2-2047,3)
127
             CALL PLOT(IC1-2007, IC2-2047,2)
             CALL PLOT(IC1-2047, IC2-2087, 3)
128
129
             CALL PLOT(IC1-2047, IC2-2007,2)
130
       31
             CONTINUE
131
             CALL PLOT (-2047,-2047,3)
132
             GOTO 25
       40
133
             CALL CHARO(155)
134
             CALL CHARO(140)
135
             CALL OVLAY(1,KEY)
136
             GOTO 25
137
             CALL CHARI(IN)
                                     3"1" FOR "PHASE 1"
138
             IF(IN-EQ-177) GOTO 40
                                      3"3" FOR "PHASE 3"
139
             IF(IN.NE.179) GOTO 25
140
             CALL CHARO(155)
141
             CALL CHARO(140)
142
             IBLOC(1536)=NBLOC
143
             CALL OVLAY(3, KEY)
144
             GOTO 25
145
       60
             DO 61 N=1.NBLOC
             IF(IABS(ICX(N)-IXX).GT.IACC) GOTO 61
146
147
             IF(IABS(ICY(N)-IYY).GT.IACC) GOTO 61
148
            GOTO 62
149
       61
            CONTINUE
150
            GOTO 25
       62
151
            NN = N
             IF(IAREA(NN).LE.0) GOTO 25
152
153
            CALL CHARO(155)
154
            CALL CHARO(140)
155
            K1=KEY(NN)
156
            K2=KEY(NN+1)-1
            CALL PLOTS(0, IX(IBLOC(K2)), IY(IBLOC(K2)))
157
158
            DO 63 K=K1.K2
159
       63
            CALL PLOTS(1, IX(IBLOC(K)), IY(IBLOC(K)))
160
            CALL CROSS(ICX(NN), ICY(NN))
161
            CALL CHARI(IN)
162
            IF(IN.NE.197) GOTO 22
            IAREA(NN) = - IABS(IAREA(NN))
163
            GOTO 22
164
165
       79
            DO 71 N=1.NBLOC
```

166		IF (IAREA(N).GE.Ø) GOTO 71
167		IAREA(N)=IABS(IAREA(N))
168	71	CONTINUE
169		GOTO 22
170		END

List of Phase 3 Global Symbols

Symbol Name	Originating Routine	Purpose of Symbol				
CONTR	CONTR	Iteration and Control routine entry				
FEET	INPUT	ASCII Length Descriptor				
MOVFL	INPUT	Memory overflow message				
MU	FORD	Default value of friction coefficient				
NITAC	CYCLE	Pointer to option input routine				
POUND	INPUT	ASCII force descriptor				
PUP	REBOX	Pressure segment test entry				
TRANS	TRANS	Initial translation routine entry				
.ALLB	UPDAT	Pointer to routine to update all blocks				
.ALPH	UTIL	Pointer to routine to set Tektronix in alpha nage				
.AXIS	UTIL	Pointer to routine to draw axes on screen				
.BSIZ	TRANS	Number of words in block data arrays, excluding corners				
.C100	CONTR	A constant (=100 octal)				
.CHEK	UTIL	Pointer to routine check if character is a digit				
.CLNC	TAPE	Pointer to tape checking routine				
.CPNT	UPDAT	Pointer to word that can be changed				
.CURS	TEK	Pointer to routine that enables cursor				
.DBØ	UTIL	Pointer to Decimal to Binary conversion routine				
.DBIN	UTIL	Pointer to Decimal to Binary conversion routine				
.DCM	MOUIT	Pointer to routine to move a fixed block				
.DISB	DISPL	Pointer to routine that plots a single block				
.DISP	DISPL	Pointer to routine that plots all blocks on paper				
.DISS	DISPL	Pointer to routine that plots all blocks on screen				
.DMBN	INPUT	Block number of fixed block to be moved				
.DMBP	INPUT	Block data pointer of fixed block to be moved				
.EMPT	TRANS	Head of empty list				
.FORD	FORD	Pointer to force/displacement routine				
.GETT	UTIL	Pointer to routine to accept keyboard character				
.HEAV	LOADS	Pointer to routine to modify block weights				
.HITC	UTIL	Pointer to routine to detect cursor hit on block				
.HITS	HITS	Pointer to routine to detect cursor hit on edge				
.IACC	UTIL	Accuracy limit for hits on tentroids				

.INP	THEUT	Pointer to friction input routine
.IPat	UTIL	Pointer to binary to decimal conversion routine
·K°T	CYCLE	Pointer to routine to calculate kinetic energy
.LENG	UTIL	Pointer to routine to return length of an edge
.LODE	INPUT	Pointer to routine for numerical applied load input
.LPAP	CONTR	Flag for hard copy load plot option
.LPLS	DISPL	Pointer to routine for plotting loads on screen
.141	TRANS	Pointer to start of block data pointers
.M2	TRANS	Pointer to start of block data arrays
.M3	TRANS	Pointer to start of boxes
.M4	TRAMS	Pointer to start of linked lists of block corners
.MS	TRANS	Pointer to start of block pointers to contact lists
.M6	TRANS	Pointer to start of linked list area
.M7	TRANS	Pointer to start of free memory
.MEM	TRANS	Highest memory location
.MESS	UTIL	Pointer to routine that prints messages on screen
.MFLG	INPUT	Flag for displacement control option
TCM.	OITOM	Pointer to law of motion routine
SVCM.	INPUT	Pointer to input routine for moving fixed block
.MSKR	REBOX	A constant (377 octal)
NUM.	TRANS	Total number of blocks
.NVEC	DISPL	Flag for printing vector magnitudes
.0VL	TAPE	Pointer to routine to read first overlay
.prGE	UTIL	Pointer to routine that clears the screen
.PEMT	INPUT	Head of pressure segment empty list
.PFLG	CONTR	Flag to control plotting when running
.PLTS	TEK	Pointer to line drawing routine entry
.PONT	PONT	Pointer to routine that returns global coordinates
.PON2	PONT	Pointer to quick entry to above routine
.PRES	INPUT	Head of pressure segment list
.PRNI	UTIL	Pointer to routine that prints a single character
.PRN2	UTIL	Pointer to routine that prints character in ACD
.PSEG	INPUT	Pointer to pressure segment input routine
.PSIZ	TRANS	Number of words in each contact entry
.READ	TAPE	Pointer to routine to read a stored data set
XS3A.	REBOX	Pointer to re-boxing routine entry
.REEZ	REBOX	Pointer to re-boxing routine, alternate entry

.RLNC	TAPE	Pointer to tape reading routine
.ROT	MOTIO	Constant of integration for angular velocity
.RSET	CYCLE	Pointer to routine that resets cycle counter
.SCAL	UTIL	Pointer to vector scaling routine
.SIMG	UPDAT	Pointer to single block updating routine
.SPRP	INPUT	Pointer to beginning of friction table
.STEP	CYCLE	Pointer to routine to increment cycle counter
.SYCL	INPUT	Frequency of movement of fixed block
.TIME	FORD	Pointer to routine to change time step
.TPRN	CYCLE	Pointer to routine that displays cycles
.TREC	OITOM	Inverse time step
.TYP	UTIL	Pointer to return surface type number for edge
.UD	INPUT	Unit of displacement
.UINP	INPUT	Pointer to units input routine
.UREP	CONTR	Update frequency
.UW	INPUT	Unit weight
.VEC	CONTR	Vector plotting flag
.VFAC	UTIL	Vector scaling factor
.WLNC	TAPE	Pointer to tape writing routine
.WORD	UTIL	Pointer to routine to get alphanumeric string
.WRIT	TAPE	Pointer to routine to store a data set
.XCGD	INPUT	X - component of fixed block displacement
.YCGD	INPUT	Y component of fixed block displacement

```
TRANS
                        .TITL
                                                            C-40
               TO CREATE NEW DATA STRUCTURES FROM
               JTHE ORIGINAL FORTRAN ARRAYS.
                                TRANS, .MI, .M2, .M3, .NUM, .BSIZ
                        . ENT
                                .M4,.M5,.M6,.M7,.EMPT,.PSIZ
                        .ENT
                        .ENT
                                .MEM
                        .EXTN
                                CONTR
                        .EXTD
                                .PON1,.PON2,.ALLB,.DISS,.MSKR
                        .EXTD
                                .OVL . MESS . . TPRN
                        . ZREL
00000-0000000
                                JHIGHEST MEMORY LCTN
               .MEM:
                       Ø
00001-000000
               .M1:
               .M2:
000002-0000000
                       а
00003-000000
               ·M3:
                       Ø
                                ILINK ARRAY START
00004-000000
               .M4:
                       Ø
00005-000000
               .M5:
                       Ø
                                JLINK ARRAY END+1
00006-000000
               .M6:
                       Ø
00007-0000000
               .M7:
                       0
                                INEXT FREE CORE LOCATION
                                INEXT EMPTY LIST START
00010-000000
               .EMPT:
                       Ø
00011-000014
               .PSIZ:
                       14
                                JPROD ENTRY SIZE
00012-0000000
               .NUM:
                       Ø
                                INUMBER OF BLOCKS
                                START OF POINT DATA
00013-000025
               ·8S12:
                       25
                       .NREL
                                JFORTRAN COMMON LOCATIONS
00000.000000
               AREA:
                       a
000001 '000000
              ICX:
00000.2000060
              ICY:
                       Ø
000003'0000000
              KEY:
                       Ø
00004'0000000
               LENG:
                       Ø
00005'000404
                                JTOP OF PROGRAM AREA
              NMAX:
                       404
00006'000400
              F400:
                       400
00007'000417'
              NEXTR:
                       NEXT
      000012
                        .RDX
                                10
               FOLLOWING SIZES MUST BE CHANGED IF
               COMMON BLOCK IS CHANGED IN THE
               FORTRAN PROGRAMS, PHASES 1 & 2
00010'000011' TBL:
                       .+1
00011'001001
                       513
                                JIY
00012'001000
                       512
                                JIX
00013'000400
                       256
                                ; ICY
                                        )
00014.000400
                       256
                                3 ICX
00015.000400
                       256
                                JIAREA
                                        )
                                           FORT. ARRAY NAMES
00016'003000
                       1536
                                JLENG
                                        )
00017.003000
                       1536
                                ; IBLOC
                                        )
60020.333400
                       256
                                JKEY
                                        )
               COUNT:
                                JMINUS NO. OF ARRAYS
00021 1777770
                       - R
                       . RDX
      000010
00055,001000
               STEP:
                       1000
                                        JALLOWS 200 WDS FOR LDR
00023'100600
              HIGH:
                       77680+1000
00024'000303'
              IPXR:
                       IPX
00025'000304' IPYR:
                       IPY
00026'0000000
              IBLOC:
                       Ø
00027'034761
               TRANS:
                       LDA
                                3.TBL
                                2. COUNT
00030'030771
                       LDA
00031 126400
                       SUB
                                1.1
               ITO FIND TOTAL COMMON BLOCK SIZE
                                0.0.3
000321021400
               SUM:
                       LDA
Ø6033'167COG
                       ADD
                                0.1
```

INC

00034'175400

```
00035 151404
                         INC
                                  2,2,52R
                                                              C-41
 00036'000774
                         JMP
                                  SUM
                JCOMMON SIZE IN ACL
                JNOW SIZE CORE
 00037'020763
                         LDA
                                  Ø,STEP
 00040'034763
                         LDA
                                  3,HIGH
 00041 116400
                         SUB
                                  0.3
 00042'055777
                         STA
                                  3,-1,3
 00043'031777
                         LDA
                                 2,-1,3
 00044'156414
                         SUB#
                                 2,3,SZR
 00045 030774
                         JMP
                                  · - A
 00046'050000-
                         STA
                                 2. MEM
                HIGHEST USEABLE MEMORY IS IN AC2
 00047 132400
                         SUR
                                 1.2
                                          JLOWEST LOC. OF COMMON
 00050 050733
                         STA
                                 2.KEY
                COMPUTE LOCATIONS OF INDIVIDUAL ARRAYS
 00051 024747
                                 1.TBL+10
                         LDA
 00052'133000
                         ADD
                                 1.2
 00053'050753
                         STA
                                 2.IBLOC
 00054'024743
                        LDA
                                 1,TBL+7
 00055'133000
                        ADD
                                 1.2
 00056'050726
                         STA
                                 2.LENG
00057'024737
                        LDA
                                 1.TBL+6
00060 133000
                        ADD
                                 1.2
00061 050717
                                 2,AREA
                        STA
00062'024733
                        LDA
                                 1,TBL+5
00063'133000
                        ADD
                                 1.2
00064'050715
                        STA
                                 2.1CX
00065'024727
                        LDA
                                 1,TBL+4
00066'133000
00067'050713
                        ADD
                                 1.2
                        STA
                                 SICA
00070'024723
                        LDA
                                 1.TBL+3
00071'133000
                        ADD
                                 1.2
00072'052732
                        STA
                                 2.eIPXR
00073'024717
                        LDA
                                 1.TBL+2
00074'133000
                        ADD
                                 1,2
00075'052730
                        STA
                                 2,eIPYR
00076'030706
                        LDA
                                 2.LENG
00077'021377
                        L.DA
                                 0,-1,2
00100'040012-
                        STA
                                 MUM. . ®
                                         INUMBER OF BLOCKS
00101'101005
                        MOV
                                 0.0.SNR
00102'006006$
                        JSR
                                 e . 0 V L
                                         JEXIT ... NO BLOCKS
00103'022702
                        LDA
                                 0, enmax ; SET UP START OF DATA AREA
00104'040001-
                        STA
                                 0 . MI
00105'024701
                        LDA
                                 1,F400
00106'123000
                        ADD
                                1.0
00107'040002-
                        STA
                                0. M2
00110'102400
                        SUB
                                0.0
                                         INITIALIZE COUNTERS
00111'040566
                        STA
                                Ø.NB
00112'040566
                        STA
                                Ø.NP
00113'034001~
                                3. .M1
                        LDA
                                         INITIALIZE POINTERS
00114'054566
                                3,PPNT
                        STA
00115'030002-
                        LDA
                                2..42
00116'050563
                        STA
                                2,BPNT
00117'051400
                                         FIRST BLOCK POINTER INSTALLED
                        STA
                                5.8.3
00120'034660
               BACK:
                       LDA
                                3.AREA
00121'024556
                       LDA
                                1.NB
00122'137000
                       ADD
                                1.3
                                         SGET AREA, BLOCK NB
00123'021400
                       LDA
                                0.0.3
```

__

```
C-42
00124'101004
                       MOV
                                0.0.SER
00125'101112
                       MOVL#
                                0.0.SEC
00126'002661
                       JMP
                                enextr inegative, or zero, area
00127 941014
                       STA
                                0.14,2 ;STORE AREA
00130'102400
                       SUB
                                        ; INITIALIZE THE FOLLOWING:
                                0.0
00131 040562
                       STA
                                Ø.MAX
00132'041002
                       STA
                                0,2,2
                                        JLOW X
00133'041004
                       STA
                                0,4,2
                                        JLOW Y
00134'041011
                       STA
                                0.11.2
                                        ;(SIN)
00135'041005
                       STA
                                        JX-VEL
                                0.5.2
00136'041006
                       STA
                                        JALPHA-DOT
                                0,6,2
00137 041012
                       STA
                                0,12,2
                                       JLOW ALPHA
00140'041007
                       STA
                                0.7.2
                                        JXFSUM
00141 041015
                                       JY-VEL
                                0,15,2
                       STA
00142'041016
                       STA
                                0.16.2
                                        3 YFSUM
00143'041017
                       STA
                                0,17,2
                                        :MSUM
00144'041020
                       STA
                                0.20.2
                                        JDELTA-X
00145'041021
                       STA
                                0.21.2
                                        JDELTA-Y
00146'041022
                       STA
                                0,22,2
                                        JDELTA-ALPHA
00147'041023
                       STA
                                0.23.2
                                        3X LOAD
00150'041024
                       STA
                                0,24,2
                                        JY LOED
00151'100000
                       COM
                                0.0
00152'041010
                       STA
                                0,10,2 ;(COS) = NEAREST THING TO 1
00153'034626
                       LDA
                                3,ICX
00154'137000
                       ADD
                                1,3
00155'021400
                       LDA
                               0.0.3
                                        JGET ICX(NB)
00156'041001
                       STA
                                0.1.2
                                        PUT IN NEW BLOCK LIST
00157'040537
                       STA
                                0,1X
                                        JIEMP STORE FOR LATER USE
00160'034622
                       LDA
                               3,ICY
00161'137000
                       ADD
                                1.3
00162'021400
                                        JGET ICY(NB)
                       LDA
                               0.0.3
00163'941093
                       STA
                               0.3.2
                                        JPUT IT AWAY
00164'040531
                       STA
                               0.1Y
                                        ;AS WITH IX
00165'034616
                       LDA
                               3.KEY
00166'137000
                       ADD
                                1.3
00167 021400
                       LDA
                               0.0.3
                                        ;KEY(NB)
00170'025401
                       LDA
                                        ;KEY(NB+1)
                                1.1.3
00171'106400
                       SUB
                               0.1
00172 045000
                               1.0.2
                                        SNUMBER OF POINTS THIS BLOCK
                       STA
00173'024013-
                               1..BSIZ
                       LDA
00174'133000
                       ADD
                               1.2
00175'126520
                       SUBEL
                                1.1
00176'122400
                       SUB
                               1.0
                                        IKEY(NB)-1
00177'034605
                       LDA
                               3, LENG : POINTER TO LENGTH ARRAY
002001117000
                       ADD
                               0.3
00201 054506
                       STA
                               3.FANG
00202 054506
                               3.FENG
                       STA
00203'034623
                               3,1BLOC
                       LDA
00204117000
                       ADD
                               0.3
00205'054504
                               3.FING
                       STA
00206'054504
                                       #2ND. COPY FOR LONG BLOCK
                               3.FONG
                       STA
              LOOP:
00207 '021 400
                       1.DA
                                        POINT NUMBER
                               0.0.3
00210'122400
                       SUB
                               1.0
                                        3P. NUM -1
00211'034472
                       LDA
                               3, IPX
00212'117000
                       ADD
                               0.3
                                        SPOINTER TO X CO-ORD IN IPX
00213 025400
                       LDA
                               1.0.3
                                        #X CO-ORD IN ACT
00214'034470
                       LDA
                               3, IPY
```

```
00215'117000
                       ADD
                               8.3
                                       JPOINTER TO Y CO-ORD IN AC3
00216'020500
                                       JGET XC BACK
                               C.IX
                       LDA
@0217'122400
                       SUB
                               1.0
                                       JXC-XP (RELATIVE X, XR)
002201100420
                       NEG
                               0.0
                               0.TEMP
00221 040465
                       STA
                               1, GNE27 3127
00222 024463
                       LUA
00553,101115
                       MOVL#
                               0.0.SEC
00224'100400
                       NEG
                               0.0
                                       JABS(XR)
00225'106512
                               0,1,SEC ; IS ABS(XR)>127 ?
                       SUBL#
                       JMP
                               FWORD
                                       JYES, TREAT AS LONG BLOCK
00226'000472
00227 024464
                       LDA
                               1.MAX
                                       ; IS IS SHORTEST?
                               0,1,SEC
002301106512
                       SUBL.#
00231'0-462
                       STA
                               NAM.
Ø0232'00#454
                               0.TEMP JGET ACO WITH CORRECT SIGN
                       LDA
00233'024005$
                       LDA
                               1. MSKR
                                       MASK OFF LEFT BYTE, AND SWAP
00234'123700
                               1 . C
                       ANDS
00235'025400
                       LDA
                               1,0,3
                                       JY CO-ORD IN ACI
                                       FRETAIN XR IN LEFT BYTE OF AC3
00236'115000
                       MOV
                               0.3
00237'020456
                       LDA
                               9.IY
                                       JGET YC BACK
00240'122400
                                       JYC-YP (RELATIVE Y, YR)
                               1.0
                       SUB
00241 100400
                               0.0
                                       JTO CORRECT A BLUNDER !
                       NEG
00242'040444
                               0.TEMP
                       STA
00243'024442
                       LDA
                               1,0NE27 JDO AS WITH X ...
00244'101112
                      MOVL#
                               0.0.SZC
00245'100400
                       NEG
                               0.0
                       SUBL#
                               0,1,52C
00246 106512
00247'000451
                       JMP
                               FWORD
                                       MUST BE LONG BLOCK
00250'024443
                      LDA
                               1.MAX
00251'106512
                       SUBL#
                               0.1.SEC
00252'040441
                               D.MAX
                       STA
00253'020433
                       LDA
                               0. TEMP
00254'0240055
                      LDA
                               1. MSKR
                                       JMASK OFF LEFT BYTE ..
00255'123400
                       AND
                               1.0
                                       * - - AND ADD IN XR
00256'163000
                       ADD
                               3.0
                               0,0,2
                                       STORE FULL WORD IN LIST
00257.041000
                       STA
                               3, FANG
00260'034427
                       LDA
                                       GET LENGTH OF SIDE NP
00261'021400
                      1 DA
                               8.0.3
                                       STORE LENGTH IN 2ND WORD
00262 041001
                       STA
                               0,1,2
00263'010415
                               NP
                       ISZ
00264'020414
                       LDA
                               Ø,NP
                               1, BPNT JGET MAX POINTS
00265'026414
                       LDA
                                       SUMP POINT POINTER
00266'151400
                       INC
                               5.5
00267'151400
                       INC
                               5,2
                               1,0,SNC ;1S NP > MAXP ?
00270'122513
                       SUBL#
                                       YES, END OF POINT LOOP
00271 '000507
                       JMP
                               OUT
002721010417
                                       INO. CARRY ON
                       ISZ
                               FING
00273'010414
                       ISZ
                               FANG
00274'034415
                               3, FING POINTER TO IBLOC ARRAY
                      L.DA
00275'126520
                       SUBEL
                               1.1
00276'000711
                       JMP
                               LOOP
                                       FROUND AGAIN WE GO
00277 000000
              NB:
                       Ø
00300'000000
              NP:
                       Ø
              BPNT:
00301'000000
                       Ø
00302.000000
              PPNT:
                       a
                                       FORTRAN POINT ARRAYS
00303'035600
              IPX:
                       35600
00304'035600
                       36600
              IPY:
00305.000177
              ONE27:
                      177
              TEMP:
                       Ø
00306.0000000
00307'000000 FANG:
                       Ø
```

```
C-44
00310.0000000
              FFNG:
                       0
00311'000000
              FING:
                       Ø
00312'000000
              FONG:
                       Ø
00013'000000
                       Ø
              MAX:
00314'000000
               SAVE:
                       Ø
00315'000000
                       Ø
               IY:
00316'0000000
               IX:
                       Ø
00317'020000
              LBIT:
                       020000 JLONG BLOCK FLAG
               THIS SECTION USED WHEN LONG BLOCKS ARE FOUND
00320'102400
                                0.0
              FWORD:
                       SUB
                                Ø.NP
                                        *RESTORE POINT COUNTER
00321 040757
                       STA
00322'024757
                       LDA
                                1.BPNT
00323'030013-
                       LDA
                                2, BSIZ ; START OF POINT DATA
                       ADD
                                        *RESTORE POINT POINTER
00324'133000
                                1,2
              LOOPL:
                       LDA
                                3.FONG
                                        POINTER TO IBLOC ARRAY START
00325'034765
00326'126520
                       SUBZL
                                1.1
00327'021400
                                0.0.3
                                        POINT NUMBER
                       LDA
                       SUB
                                        3 PNUM-1
00330'122400
                                1.0
00331'034752
                       LDA
                                3.IPX
                                        JPOINTER TO X CO-ORD IN AC3
00332'117000
                       ADD
                                0.3
00333'025400
                                        JX CO-ORD IN ACI
                                1.0.3
                       LDA
00334'034750
                                3, IPY
                       LDA
                                        POINTER TO Y CO-ORD IN AC3
00335'117000
                       ADD
                                0.3
00336'020760
                       LDA
                                Ø,IX
                                        JGET XC BACK
                                        JXP-XC (RELATIVE X, XR)
00337106400
                       SUB
                                0.1
00340'045000
                                        STORE XR IN LIST
                                1,0,2
                       STA
                                1,1,52C ; TO RECORD MAX DIMENSION
00341'125112
                       MOVL#
00342 124400
                       NEG
                                1.1
00343'020750
                       LDA
                                Ø.MAX
00344'122512
                       SUBL#
                                1.0.SEC
00345'044746
                       STA
                                1.MAX
                               2.2
                                        3 BUMP
                                                POINT POINTER
00346'151400
                       INC
                       LDA
                                1.0.3
                                        JY CO-ORD
00347'025400
                                        JYC BACK
00350'020745
                                Ø.IY
                       LDA
00351 106400
                                        :YP-YC (RELATIVE Y. YR)
                       SUB
                                0.1
                                1.0.2
                                        PUT IT AWAY
00352'045000
                       STA
00353'125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,52C
00354'124400
                       NEG
                                1.1
00355'020736
                                Ø.MAX
                       LDA
00356 122512
                       SUBL#
                                1.0.52C
00357'044734
                                1.MAX
                       STA
                       INC
                               2,2
                                        JBUMP POINT POINTER
00360 151400
00361'034727
                                3.FENG
                       LDA
00362'021400
                       LDA
                                0.0.3
                                        LENGTH SIDE NP
                               0.0.2
00363'041000
                       STA
                       INC
                               2,2
00364'151400
                               NP
00365 010713
                       ISZ
00366'020712
                               0.NP
                       LDA
00367'026712
                                1.0BPNT
                       LDA
00370'122513
                                1.0. SNC
                       SUBL#
00371 000404
                       JMP
                               OUTR
                                        *POINT LIST DONE
00372'010720
                       ISZ
                               FONG
00373'010715
                       ISE
                               FENG
00374'000731
                       JMP
                               LOOPL
00375'020722
              OUTR:
                       LDA
                               0.LBIT
00376 107000
                       ADD
                               0.1
                               1.0BPNT JADD IN LONG BLOCK FLAG
00377'046702
                       STA
```

00400'102400

OUT:

SUB

0.0

```
Ø,NP
00401 040677
                       STA
                                         JRESET POINT COUNTER
00402 034677
                       LDA
                                3.BPNT
00403'050676
                       STA
                                2.BPNT
00404'010676
                       ISZ
                                PPNT
00405'052675
                                2. ePPNT
                       STA
00406 102400
                       SUB
                                0.0
00407'024704
                       LDA
                                1.MAX
                                2. MSKR 1>256 NOT ALLOWED
00410'0300055
                       LDA
00411'132512
                       SUBL#
                                1,2,SEC
00412'145000
                       MOV
                                2.1
00413'131000
                       MOV
                                1.2
                       MUL
00414'073301
00415'045413
                       STA
                                1,13,3
                                        JD*D (MAX) FOR M. OF I.
00416 030663
                       LDA
                                2,BPNT
00417'010660
             NEXT:
                       ISZ
                                NB
00420'024012-
                                1. NUM
                       LDA
00421 020656
                       LDA
                                Ø,NB
00422'122512
                       SUBL#
                                1,0,SEC ; IS NB>=NBLOC ?
00423'002435
                       JMP
                                PBACKR ;NO, KEEP GOING ...
00424'192490
                       SUB
                                0,0
00425 042655
                       STA
                                0, PPNT ; PUT ZERO ADDRESS IN LOCATOR LIS
                                        ; NEXT FREE MEMORY
00426 050003-
                       STA
                                2. ·M3
               THE NEXT PART CLASSIFIES ALL POINTS
               JIN COARSE BOXES.
00427'024432
                                1.BOXS2
                       LDA
00430'134400
                       NEG
                                1,3
00431 147000
                                        JLINK ARRAY START
                       ADD
                                2.1
                       STA
                                1. . M4
00432'044004-
                                1, FREE
                       STA
00433'044432
00434102000
                       ADC
                                0.0
                           = 17777 MEANS END OF LIST.
               INOTE: LINK
                                        SET ALL LINKS TO 17777
00435'041000
                                0.0.2
                       STA
              PIG:
00436151400
                       INC
                                2.2
                                        3 INITIALLY
004371175404
                                3,3,52R
                       INC
00440'000775
                       JMP
                                PIG
00441 102400
                       SUB
                                0.0
00442'040420
                       STA
                                0.NBA
                                        $BLOCK NUMBER
00443'034001-
                       LDA
                                3. . M1
00444'054422
                       STA
                                3. PPNTA
00445'032421
              AROUN:
                       LDA
                                2, @PPNTA
00446'151005
                               2,2, SNR JEND OF LIST?
                       MOV
00447'000465
                       JMP
                                DONE
                                        SYES
00450'021000
                                        FIRST BLOCK WORD
                       LDA
                                0.0.2
                                1.MSKR
00451 024420
                       LDA
                                        JGET POINT COUNT ONLY
004521123400
                       AND
                                1.0
00453'040414
                                Ø.PCNT
                                        # POINT COUNT
                       STA
00454'126400
                       SUB
                                1.1
                                        *RESET POINT COUNTER
00455'044406
                                1.NPA
                       STA
                                0.PON1
                                        JGET CO-ORDS OF FIRST POINT
00456'006001S
                       JSR
00457 000416
                       JMP
                               PLACE
00460'000120' BACKR:
                       BACK
                                JBOX ARRAY SIZE (20*15 OCTAL)
00461 0000320
              BOXSZ:
                       320
              NBA:
00462 0000000
                       Ø
00463'000000
              NPA:
                       Ø
                                PROD LOCATOR SIZE
00464'000400
              PRODE:
                       400
00465'000000
              FREE:
                       Ø
00466'000000
              PPNTA:
                       Ø
00467'000000
              PCNT:
                       O
                       100
00470'000100
              C100:
                       999377
00471'000377
              MSKR:
```

```
00472'000000
              NY:
                       a
00473'024770
               cow:
                       LDA
                                1.NPA
00474'0060025
                       JSR
                                e.PON2
                                        JOUICK ENTRY
                                1.NY
                                         JNOW PUT NX IN ACI
               PLACE:
00475 044775
                       STA
00476 105000
                       MOV
                                0.1
                                         JNOW COMPUTE WHICH BOX
00477 034003-
                       LDA
                                3..43
                                        THE POINT NX. NY SHOULD BE
00500.030770
                                2,0100
                                        JASSOCIATED WITH, AND PLANT A
                       LDA
00501'102400
                                        ;LINK TO IT IN THE BOX ARRAY.
                       SUB
                                0.0
00502'073101
                                        ; INPUT: NX IN ACI
                       DIV
00503137000
                       ADD
                                1.3
                                         JAC3=AC3+NX/100
                       SUB
                                0.0
00504'102400
00505'024765
                       LDA
                                1.NY
00506'073101
                       DIV
00507'127129
                       ADDZL
                                1,1
00510'127120
                       ADDZL
                                1.1
00511'137000
                       ADD
                                1.3
                                        JAC3=AC3+(NY/100) *20
00512 021400
                                        FIRST LINK (MAY BE 0)
                       LDA
                                0.0.3
00513'030752
                                2.FREE
                                        FREE SPACE POINTER
                       LDA
                                        JPUT OLD LINK IN 2ND WORD
00514'041001
                                0.1.2
                       STA
00515'051400
                       STA
                                2,0,3
                                        JPUT NEW LINK IN BOX ARRAY
00516'024744
                       LDA
                                1.NBA
00517'020744
                                0.NPA
                       LDA
005201101300
                       MOVS
                                0.0
                                1.0
                                        JCOMPOSITE (NPA:NBA)
00521 123000
                       ADD
00522'041000
                       STA
                                0.0.2
                                        PUT IN 1ST WORD
00523'151400
                                2.2
                       INC
00524 151400
                       INC
                                2.2
                                2, FREE ; UPDATE FREE POINTER
00525'050740
                       STA
00526'010735
                       ISZ
                                NPA
00527'014740
                                        JOONE IF PCNT=0
                       DSZ
                                PCNT
00530'000743
                                COW
                       JMP
00531'010735
                       ISE
                                PPNTA
00532'010730
                       ISZ
                                NBA
                                AROUN
00533'000712
                       JMP
00534'030731
               DONE:
                       LDA
                                2,FREE
00535'050005-
                       STA
                                2. . M5
                                        INEXT FREE LOCATION
               INOW PREPARE FOR PROD LIST
                                1.PROD2
00536'024726
                       LDA
00537'134400
                       NEG
                                1.3
005401147000
                                2,1
                                        *PROD LIST START
                       ADD
00541 '044006-
                                1 . · M6
                                        FIXED POINTER
                       STA
                                1. .M7
00542'044007-
                                        3MOVING POINTER
                       STA
00543'102000
                       ADC
                                0.0
                                Ø. EMPT ; NOTHING IN EMPTY LIST
00544'040010-
                       STA
                                        SSET ALL LINKS TO -1
00545'041000
              ITR:
                       STA
                                0.0.2
                                2,2
00546 151400
                       INC
00547'175404
                                3,3,52R
                       INC
                                ITR
00550'000775
                       JMP
                                e.TPRN
00551'006010$
                       JSR
00552'006004$
                       JSR
                                e.DISS
                                        JDISPLAY ALL BLOCKS
00553'006007$
                       JSR
                                e.MESS
00554'000561'
                       TFXT
                       • RDX
                                10
      000012
00555'177076
                      -450
00556'000017
                       15
      000010
                       RDX
                                8
00557'002401
                       JMP
                                ecntrl
00560'177777
               CNTRL:
                       CONTR
00561 050040
              TEXT:
                       .TXT
00562'040510
```

00563'042523 SE 00564'052040 T 00565'051110 HR 00566'042505 EE 00567'000000 *

• END TRANS

```
·TITL
                              TEK
              JTO PLOT A POINT ON THE TEKTRONIX SCREEN:
                       JSR @.PLTS
                  (PUT Ø HERE FOR BEAM OFF.
              3
                       1 FOR BEAM ON,
                       -1 FOR POINT PLOT)
                 INPUT: ACØ = X CO-ORDINATE
                        AC1 = Y CO-ORDINATE
              JTO GET CURSOR CO-ORDINATES AND CHARACTER:
                       JSR @.CURS
              3
              3
                       CHAR
              3
                       Х
                       Y
              3
              ; WHERE:
                       CHAR=ADDRESS OF WORD CONTAINING
              3
                               KEY CHARACTER,
               3
                           =ADDRESS OF WORD WITH X CO-ORD,
              3
                       .ENT
                               .PLTS, .CURS
                       . ZREL
00000-000017' .PLTS:
                       TPLOT
00001-000150' .CURS:
                       CURSIS
                       .NREL
00000'040416 CHIN:
                       STA
                               0,CCAC0 ; SAVE AC0
                       SKPDN
                                       JSKP IF CHAR READY
00001 063610
                               TTI
00002'000777
                       JMP
                               .-1
00003'060510
                                        ; READ CHAR
                       DIAS
                               ITT.0
00004'043400
                       STA
                               0.00.3 ;STORE CHAR
00005'020411
                       LDA
                               Ø.CCACØ ; RESTORE ACO
00006'001401
                       JMP
                                       J RETURN
                               1.3
00007'040407
              CHOUT:
                       STA
                               0.CCAC0 ; SAVE ACO
                                        JSKEP IF NOT BUSY
00010'063511
                       SKPBZ
                               TTO
00011'000777
                       JMP
                               . - 1
00012'023400
                       LDA
                               0,00,3 JGET CHARACTER
00013.061111
                       DOAS
                               Ø,TTO
                                        SHEP CHARACTER
00014'020402
                       LDA
                               0.CCAC0 ; RESTORE ACO
00015'001401
                       JMP
00016'000000 CCACO:
                                        JIEMP FOR ACO
                       a
00017'040525
              TPLOT:
                       STA
                               Ø,TPTX 3X CO-ORD
00020'044525
                       STA
                               1, TPTY ;Y CO-ORD
                                        JMODE FROM CALL+1
00021 021 400
                       LDA
                               0.0.3
00022 040524
                       STA
                               Ø.TPMOD
00023'054520
                       STA
                               3. TPTADD; SAVE CALL ADDRESS
00024'101015
                       MOV#
                               0,0,SNR ;SKA IF NEQ 0
00025'000405
                                       J= T INITIALIZE AND DARK VECTOR
                       JMP
                               TPTDV
                               0.0.SNC ; SKIP IF < 0
00026'101113
                       MOVL#
00027 000405
                       JMP
                               TPTNRM INOMAL BRIGHT VECTOR
00030'006511
                       JSR
                               eCHOUZ SET TO ALPHA
00031'000130'
                       US
00032'006507 IPTDV:
                       JSR
                               eCHOUZ JDATK VECTOR
00033'000127'
                       GS
00034'020511
              TPTNRM: LDA
                               Ø, TPTY
                                       JGET Y
                               0,0,SEC ; SKT IF +
00035'101112
                       MOVL#
00036'102400
                       SUB
                               0.0
                                        IMAKE 0
00037'034477
                               3,0780 JUPFER Y BOUND
                       LDA
000401162513
                       SUBL#
                               3,0,SNC ;SKT IF ON SCREEN
```

```
00041'161000
                         MOV
                                  3.0
                                           SET TO EDGE
  00042 040503
                         STA
                                  Ø, TPTY
                                          I SAVE GOOD Y
  00043'101120
                         MOVEL.
                                  0.0
                                           JUSE UPPER 5 BITS
  00044'101120
                         MOVEL
                                  0.0
 00045'101120
                         MOVEL
                                  0.0
 00046'101300
                         MOVS
                                          JAND SWAP HALVES
                                  0.0
 00047 034463
                         LDA
                                  3,8040
                                          JHI Y TAG
 00050 163000
                         ADD
                                  3.0
                                          JPUT IN CHAR
 00051'040476
                         STA
                                  0. TPTTMP: USE A TEMP
 00052 006467
                         JSR
                                  eCHOUZ SHIP HI Y 5
 03053'000147'
                         TPTTMP
 00054'020471
                         LDA
                                  Ø, TPTY
                                          JGET Y
 00055'034453
                         LDA
                                  3,8037
                                          MASK
 00056'163400
                         AND
                                  3.0
                                          ILEAVE LOW Y 5
 00057 034455
                         I.DA
                                 3,B140
                                          JLOW Y TAG
 00060 163000
                         ADD
                                 3,0
                                          JSET IN CHAR
 00061 040466
                         STA
                                 0.TPTTMP
 00062 006457
                         JSR
                                 echouz ; SHIP LOW Y
 00063'000147'
                         TPTTMP
 00064'020460
                         LDA
                                 Ø,TPTX
                                         GET X VALUE
 00065'101112
                         MOVL#
                                 0,0,SEC
 00066 102400
                         SUB
                                 0.0
 00067'034450
                         LDA
                                 3,01023
 00070'162513
                         SUBL#
                                 3,0,5NC
 00071 161000
                        MOV
                                 3,0
 00072'040452
                        STA
                                 0,TPTX
 00073'101120
                        MOVEL
                                 0.0
                                          JAND DO LIKE Y
 00074'101120
                        MOVEL.
                                 0.0
 00075'101120
                        MOVEL
                                 0.0
 00076 101300
                        MOVS
                                 0.0
                                          SHI X 5
 00077 034433
                                 3,8040
                        LDA
                                         JHI X TAG
 00100'163000
                        ADD
                                         JADD IN TAG
                                 3,0
 00101 040446
                        STA
                                 Ø, TPTTMP
 00102'006437
                        JSR
                                 echou≥ ;Ship hi x 5
 00103'000147'
                        TPTTMP
00104'020440
                        LDA
                                 Ø. TPTX
                                         JGET X
00105'034423
                        LDA
                                 3,8037
                                         GOODIE MASK
00106 163400
                        AND
                                 3,0
                                         JLEAVE LOW X 5
00107'034424
                        LDA
                                 3.8100
                                         JLOW X TAG
00110'163000
                        ADD
                                 3,0
                                         JPUT IN TAG
00111'040436
                        STA
                                 0.TPTTMP
00112'006427
                        JSR
                                 echous
00113'000147'
                        TPTTMP
00114'020432
                        LDA
                                Ø. TPMOD
00115'101113
                        MOVL#
                                0.0.SNC
00116'000404
                        JMP
                                TPTEXT
00117'102400
                        SUB
                                0,0
00120'040426
                        STA
                                Ø,TPMOD
00121'000713
                        JMP
                                TPTNRM
00122.020420
               TPTEXT:
                       LDA
                                Ø, TPTACO; RESTORE ACØ
00123.034420
                       LDA
                                3. TPTADD; CALL ADDRESS
00124'001401
                        JMP
                                1.3
                                        JEXIT AT CALL+1
00125'0000032
               SUBGQ:
                       032
00126'0000033
               ESC:
                       033
00127'000035
               GS:
                       035
00130'000037
               US:
                       037
080000111000
               B020:
                       020
      000130
              B037=US
00132.000040
               B040:
                       040
00133'000100
              B100:
                       100
```

```
00134'000140 B140:
                       140
00135'000003 D003:
                       003
00136'001414
              D780:
                       1414
00137 001777
                       1777
              D1023:
00140'0000000'
              CHINP:
                       CHIN
00141'000007' CHOUZ: CHOUT
00142'000000
              TPTACØ: Ø
00143'000000
              TPTADD: 0
00144'0000000
              TPTX:
                       a
00145'000000
              TPTY:
                       Ø
00146'0000000
              TPMOD:
                       0
00147'000000
              TPTTMP: 0
00150'040772
              CURSIS: STA
                               Ø,TPTACO; SAVE ACØ
00151 054772
                       STA
                               3, TPTADD; SAVE CALL ADDRESS
00152'006767
                       JSR
                               echouz ;SET TO ALPHA
00153'000130'
                       US
00154'006765
                       JSR
                               eCHOUZ STURN ON CURSER
00155'000126'
                       ESC
00156'006763
                       JSR
                               €CHOUZ
00157'000125'
                       SUBGG
                       JSR
                                       JGET CHAR
00160.006760
                               eCHINP
                       TPTX
00161'000144'
00162 020753
                       LDA
                               0,0003 ;GET LOOP COUNTER
00163'040764
                       STA
                               Ø.TPTTMP
00164'020760
                       LDA
                               Ø, TPIX ; GET CHAR
                       JMP
00165'000421
                               CURPS
                                        STORE CHAR
00166'006752
              CURLP:
                       JSR
                                eCHINP
                                        JGET HI COORD
00167'000144'
                       TPTX
00170 006750
                       JSR
                               echinp
                                        JGET LOW COORD
                       TPTY
00171'000145'
00172'034736
                       LDA
                               3.B037
                                        JMASK
00173'020752
                       LDA
                               Ø, TPTY
                                        :LOW COORD
00174'163400
                       AND
                                        MASK OFF GARBAGE
                               3,0
00175'040750
                               Ø, TPTY
                                       ;SAVE FOR LATER
                       STA
00176'020746
                       LDA
                               Ø,TPTX
                                       ;HI COOPD
00177'163400
                       AND
                                        MASK OFF
                               3,0
00200'101300
                       MOVS
                               0.0
                                        3 SWAP
00201'101220
                       MOVER
                               0.0
00202'101220
                       MOVER
                               0.0
00203'101220
                       MOVER
                               0.0
                                       JLOW COORD
00204 034741
                       LDA
                               3.TPTY
00205 163000
                                        JADD IN LOW COORD
                       ADD
                               3,0
00206'034735 CURPS:
                               3. TPTADD; CALL ADDRESS
                       LDA
00207 043400
                       STA
                               0,00,3 ;STORE VALUE
00210 175400
                       INC
                                        JADJUST ADDRESS
                               3.TPTADD: SAVE UPDATED ADD
00211'054732
                       STA
                       DSZ
                               TPTIMP JOHECK FOR DONE
00212'014735
                                       ;LOOP IF NOT
00213'000753
                       JMP
                               CURLP
00214'020726
                       LDA
                               Ø, TPTACØ; RESTORE ACO
00215'001400
                       JMP
                               0.3
                                        ; KETURN
                       . END
```

```
PONT
                       .TITL
               ; ROUTINE TO RETURN GLOBAL CO-ORDINATES
               JOF POINT NP, BLOCK NB
              JINPUT: AC1 = POINT # NP
                       AC2 = POINTER TO START
                               OF DATA, BLOCK NB.
               ;OUTPUT:ACØ = X CO-ORDINATE
                       AC1 = Y CO-ORDINATE
               3
                       AC2 IS PRESERVED.
              JENTRIES:
                       JSR e.PON! . FOR NORMAL ENTRY
               3
                       JSR @.PON2 . IF PREVIOUS CALL WAS
               1
                                        FOR THIS BLOCK (AC2
               ;
                                        NOT NEEDED) .
               ;
                       .ENT
                                .PON1..PON2
                       .EXTD
                                ·BS12
                       • ZREL
90000-0000000 . PON1:
                       PONT1
00001-000170' .PON2:
                       PONT2
                       .NREL
00000'054544 PONT1:
                               3, SV3
                       STA
00001.051000
                       LDA
                               0.0.2
                                        SIST WORD
00002'034545
                       LDA
                               3,LBIT
00003'117400
                       AND
                               0.3
                                        JAC3=LONG BLOCK INDICATOR
00004'054555
                       STA
                               3.1ND3
00005'040547
                               0.SINF
                                       JSIN FLAG IN BIT Ø
                       STA
00006'101100
                       MOVL
                               0.0
00007'040546
                       STA
                               0.COSF
                                       COS FLAG IN BIT 0
00010.051001
                                        X CENTROID
                       LDA
                               0.1.2
00011'040537
                       STA
                               Ø,XC
00012 021003
                                        JY CENTROID
                       LDA
                               0,3,2
00013'040536
                       STA
                               Ø.YC
00014'021011
                       LDA
                               0.11.2 ;SIN
00015'040535
                       STA
                               Ø.SIN
00016'021010
                       LDA
                               0,10,2 ;COS
00017'040534
                       STA
                               Ø,COS
00020'050523
                                        BLOCK NB, DATA START
                       STA
                               2,SV2
00021'020001S ENTQ:
                       LDA
                               0. BSIZ ; START OF POINT DATA
00022'113000
                       ADD
                               0.2
                                        POINTER TO START OF
000231175004
                       MOV
                               3,3,SER ; POINT LIST
00024'000536
                               LONG
                                        JLONG BLOCK
                       JMP
00025'127000
                                        JNP*2 FOR SHORT BLOCK
                       ADD
                               1.1
00026133000
                       ADD
                               1.2
                                        (POINT NP)
00027 020516
                               0, MASKR ; 0000000011111111
                       LDA
00030.025000
                       LDA
                               1.0.2
                                        ; (XR:YR)
00031 135300
                       MOVS
                               1.3
                                        : (YR:XR)
00032'117400
                                        FRIGHT 8 BITS XR IN AC3
                       AND
                               0.3
                                        , "
                                                      YR " ACI
00033'107400
                       AND
                               0.1
                                       JMASK TO DETECT NEGATIVE
00034'030512
                       LDA
                               5.C200
00035 1 47 41 4
                       AND#
                               2,1,52R
00036'106000
                       ADC
                               0.1
                                        JMAKE PROPER NEGATIVE
00037'157414
                       AND#
                               2,3,52R
                                        J(ALL 16 BITS OK)
00040116000
                       ADC
                               0.3
                               1.YR
                                        JXR IN AC3, YR IN AC1
00041'044515
              DOG:
                       STA
00042'030510
                       LDA
                               2.SIN
00043'102440
                       SUBO
                               0.0
```

```
1,1,SEC :- VE YR?
00044'125112
                        MOVL#
00045'124440
                        NEGO
                                 1.1
                                         JYES. ABS(YR). SET CARRY
00046 073301
                        MIII
                                         JYR+SIN IN ACØ
00047'125112
                        MOVL#
                                 1.1.SZC ; ROUNDED ARITHMETIC
00050 101400
                        INC
                                0.0
00051'101002
                        MOV
                                0.0.SEC ; RESTORE SIGN
00052 100400
                        NEG
                                0.0
00053'024501
                                 1.SINF
                        LDA
00054'125102
                        MOVL
                                1,1,SEC
00055100400
                                         ;-VE SIN
                        NEG
                                0.0
00056'024472
                                1.XC
                        LDA
                        SUB
                                0.1
                                         JX=XC-YR*SIN
00057'106400
00060'044500
                        STA
                                1 - X
00061 165000
                       MOV
                                3.1
00062'030471
                        LDA
                                2,COS
00063'102440
                        SUB0
                                0.0
00064'125112
                        MOVL#
                                1,1,SZC
                                         SET CARRY IF ACT < 0
00065'124440
                        NEGO
                                1.1
                                         JXR*COS IN ACO
00066'073301
                        MUL
00067'125112
                        MOVL#
                                 1,1,52C
00070'101400
                        INC
                                0.0
                        MOV
                                0.0.SEC
00071'101002
00072'100400
                        NEG
                                0.0
00073'024462
                                1,COSF
                        LDA
00074'125102
                        MOVL
                                 1,1,SEC
00075'100400
                                         ;-VE COS
                        NEG
                                0.0
00076'024462
                        LDA
                                 1 . X
00077'107000
                        ADD
                                0.1
                                         :X=X+XR*COS
00100'044460
                        STA
                                1 . X
                                         JGLOBAL X CO-ORD
00101'165000
                        MOV
                                 3,1
                                         3 XR
00102'030450
                                2.SIN
                        LDA
00103'102440
                        SUBO
                                 0.0
00104'125112
                                 1,1,SEC
                        MOVL#
00105'124440
                        NEGO
                                 1.1
00106'073301
                        MUL
                                         JXR*SIN
00107'125112
                        MOVL#
                                 1,1,SZC
001101101400
                        INC
                                0.0
00111'101002
                                0.0.SEC
                        MOV
00112'100400
                        NEG
                                0.0
00113'024441
                        LDA
                                1.SINF
00114'125102
                        MOVL
                                1,1,SEC
00115'100400
                        NEG
                                0.0
00116'024433
                                1.YC
                        LDA
00117'107000
                        ADD
                                0.1
                                         JYC=YC+XR*SIN
00120'044437
                        STA
                                1 • Y
00121 024435
                        LDA
                                1.YR
00122'030431
                        LDA
                                2,COS
00123'102440
                        SUB0
                                0.0
00124'125112
                        MOVL#
                                1,1,SEC
00125'124440
                       NEGO
                                1.1
00126'073301
                       MUL
00127'125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,52C
00130'101400
                        INC
                                0.0
00131'101002
                       MOV
                                0.0.SEC
00132'100400
                       NEG
                                0.0
00133'024422
                                1.COSF
                       LDA
00134'125102
                       MOVL
                                1,1,52C
00135'100400
                       NEG
                                0.0
00136'024421
                                1 . Y
                       LDA
00137'107000
                                         3Y=Y+YR+COS
                       ADD
                                0.1
```

```
XC IN ACO
YC IN ACI
08140'020420
                       LDA
                                0.X
                                        ;OUTPUT:
00141'030402
                       LDA
                                2,5V2
00142'002402
                       JMP
                                esv3
                                                     AC2 RESTORED
                                        ;
00143'000000
              SV2:
                       Ø
00144'000000
              SV3:
                       O
00145'000377
              MASKR:
                       377
00146'000200
                       200
              C200:
00147'020000 LBIT:
                       20000
00150'003000
              xc:
00151'000000
              YC:
                       0
00152'000000
               SIN:
                       Ø
00153'000000
               cos:
                       0
00154'000000
              SINF:
                       Ø
00155'0000090
              COSF:
                       Ø
00156'000000
              YR:
                       0
00157'0000000
                       Ø
              Υ:
00160'0000000
              х:
                       Ø
00161'000000
              IND3:
                       0
00162'135120
              LONG:
                       MOVEL
                               1.3
                                        :NP*3 FOR LONG BLOCK
00163'167000
                       ADD
                                3,1
00164'133000
                       ADD
                                1.2
                                        POINTER TO POINT NP (XK)
00165'035000
                       LDA
                                3,0,2
                                        ;XR IN AC3
                                        ;YR IN AC1
00166'025001
                       LDA
                                1,1,2
00167'000652
                       JMP
                               DOG
               JENTRY POINT IF THIS BLOCK WAS ADDRESSED ON THE LAST
               3 CALL.
00170'054754
              PONT2:
                       STA
                                3,SV3
00171'034770
                       LDA
                                3, IND3
00172'030751
                       LDA
                               2.SV2
00173'000626
                       JMP
                                ENTO
                      . . END
```

```
-TITL
                                HITS
                        · ENT
                                ·HITS
                ITO SCAN ALL SIDES FOR HIT ON POINT (X,Y)
                        JSR P.HITS
                1
                          Х
                     (NO-HIT RETURN)
                :
                     CHIT RETURN WITH BLOCK POINTER
                      IN AC2, EDGE # IN AC1 AND BLUCK # IN AC0)
                     (X,Y) WILL BE OVERWRITTEN WITH THE COORDS
                     OF THE CENTRE OF THE LINE THAT WAS HIT
                     AC3 WILL CONTAIN RE-ENTRY ADDRESS FOR CONTINUED
                     SCAN, WITH RETURN TO ORIGINAL CALLING ADDRESS.
                     IF RE-ENTRY IS MADE TO C(AC3)+1, AC3 WILL BE
                3
                     TAKEN AS THE NEW CALLING ADDRESS. (GET IT?)
                        •EXID
                                 .M1, .M2, .M3, .M4, .M5, .M6, .M7, .MSKR
                        *EXTD
                                 .PON1,.PON2,.PRN1,.EMPT,.PSIZ,.LENG
                        .EXTD
                                 · IACC . PLTS . . ALPH
                        • ZREL
00000-000000 .HITS:
                        HITS
                        · NREL
00000.054424
               HITS:
                        STA
                                3.HIT3
00001 023400
                        LDA
                                00.0.3
00002'040521
                        STA
                                ព.x
00003'023'401
                        LDA
                                00.1.3
00004'040520
                        STA
                                0 . Y
00005'0340015
                        LDA
                                3 . MI
00006 102400
                        SUB
                                0.0
00007'040416
                        STA
                                0.NBB
               BLOCK SCAN-
00010'054416
               BEGIN:
                       STA
                                3. HOLD
00011.031400
                       LDA
                                2,0,3
00012'151005
                       MOV
                                2,2,5NR
00013'000407
                        JMP
                                BAD
                                        JNO MORE BLOCKS. EXIT!
00014'024411
                       LDA
                                1.NBB
00015'004412
                        JSR
                                SING
                                        GO TO SIDE-SCAN ROUTINE
00016'010407
                        ISZ
                                NBB
00017'034407
                       LDA
                                3.HOLD
00020'175400
                        INC
                                3,3
00021 000767
                       JMP
                                BEGIN
00022.034402
               BAD:
                       LDA
                                3, HIT3
00023'001402
                       JMP
                                2.3
                                        JNO-HIT RETURN
00024.000000
               HIT3:
00025'000000
               NBB:
                       0
00026,000000
               HOLD:
               JINPUT: AC1 - BLOCK #
                       AC2 - POINTER TO START OF DATA, BLOCK NB
               3
00027'054455
               SING:
                       STA
                                3.SIN3
00030'044470
                       STA
                                1.NB
00031'021014
                       LDA
                                0.14.2
99932'101995
                       MOV
                                0.0.SNR
00033'002451
                       JMP
                                esin3
                                        JZERO AREA. EXIT!
00034'021003
                       LDA
                                0.0.2
                                        CONTROL WORD
00035'024010S
                       LDA
                                1. MSKR
00036'107400
                       AND
                                0.1
                                        INO. OF POINTS
```

```
00037'044446
                        STA
                                I, NPNIS ; POINT COUNTER
00040126400
                        SUB
                                1.1
00041 1044460
                        STA
                                LINP
0004210060165
                        JSR
                                0.LENG | JGET LENGTH L THIS SIDE
00043'040457
                        STA
                                Ø,L
00044 0060115
                        JSR
                                0.PON1
                                         JGET GLOBAL CO-ORDS
00045'040441
                        STA
                                0,X0
00046'044441
                       STA
                                1,YØ
000471040444
                                0.XA
                        STA
00050'044444
                        STA
                                1.YA
00051'000417
                        JMP
                                DOWN
00052'006016$ BACK:
                        JSR
                                         JGET LENGTH L
                                0.LENG
00053'040435
                        STA
                                0,L1
                                         ; LENGTH L. SIDE NP
00054'0060115
                        JSR
                                e . PONI
000551040434
                        STA
                                0,XB
00056'044434
                       STA
                                1.YB
00057'050423
                       STA
                                2,AC2
00060 034446
                        JSR
                                PUSH
                                         SEARCH FOR CONTACTS
00061'030421
                       LDA
                                2.AC2
00062 020427
                       LDA
                                0.XB
                                         INEW BECOMES OLD
00063'040430
                       STA
                                O.XA
00064 020426
                       LDA
                                0,YB
00065'040427
                       STA
                                Ø,YA
00066.020422
                       LDA
                                0.L1
00067 040433
                       STA
                                Ø,L
00070'010431
               DOWN:
                       ISZ
                                NP
00071'024430
                       LDA
                                1.NP
00072 014413
                       DSZ
                                NPNTS
                                         JUMP OUT IF DONE
00073'000757
                       JMP
                                BACK
00074'020412
                       LDA
                                0.X0
                                         JLAST LINE
00075 940414
                       STA
                                Ø,XB
00076'020411
                                0.Y0
                       1.DA
00077 040413
                       STA
                                Ø,YB
00100'004426
                                         SEARCH FOR CONTACTS
                        JSR
                                PUSH
00101'002403
                        JMP
                                esina
                                         SEXIT
00102'000000
               AC2:
                       Ø
00103'020000
                       20000
               LBIT:
00104.000000
               SIN3:
00105'000000
               NPNTS:
                       Ø
00106.0000000
               xø:
                       Ø
00107'000000
               YO:
                       0
00110.0000000
               L1:
                       Ø
00111'000000
               XB:
                       Ø
00112'000000
               YB:
                       Ø
00113.000000
               XA:
                       Ø
00114'000000
               YA:
                       Ø
00115'0000000
               cos:
                       Ø
00116'000000
               SIN:
00117'000000
               cosf:
                       0
00120.000000
                       0
               NR:
00121'000000
               NP:
                       Ø
00122'000000
               L:
                       Ø
00123.000000
               X:
                       Ø
00124'000000
                       0
00125'000000
               SINF:
                       Ø
               PUSH:
                       STA
                                3,SVP3
00126'054541
               TO GET LOCAL COS AND SIN OF THIS EDGE
00127 020762
                                0.XB
                       LDA
00130'024763
                       LDA
                                1,XA
                       SUB
                                1.0
                                         3 788 - XA
00131'122400
```

```
001321040765
                        STA
                                0, COSF ; COS SIGN FLAG
00133'101112
                        MOVL#
                                0.0.52C ;-VE?
00134'100400
                        NEG
                                0.0
                                         JYES, GET ABS(XB-XA)
PP135'030765
                        LDA
                                2.1
                                         ; LENGTH OF EDGE
001361126400
                        SUB
                                1.1
001371142513
                        SUBL#
                                2.0.5NC ;XD>=L?
P0140'124001
                        COM
                                1,1,5KP JSET ACT TO 1111...
P0141'073101
                        DIV
20142'101112
                        MOVL#
                                0.0.52C : ROUND UP IF NECESSARY
00143'125400
                        INC
                                1.1
001441044751
                        STA
                                1.COS
00145 020745
                        LDA
                                0.YB
99146'924746
                        LDA
                                1.YA
66147 128460
                        SUB
                                1.0
                                         ;YB-YA
001501040755
                        STA
                                0.5INF :SIN SIGN FLAG
001511101112
                        MOVL#
                                0.0.52C :-VE?
801521100460
                        NEG
                                0.0
P0153*126400
                        SUB
                                1 - 1
00154'142513
                        SUBL#
                                2,0,SNC ;YD>=L?
001551124001
                        COM
                                1,1,SKP :YES
001561073101
                        DIV
00157'101112
                        MOVL#
                                0.0.SZC
00160 125400
                        INC
                                1 - 1
                                         JROUND UP
90161 944735
                        STA
                                1.SIN
               JGET TRANSFORMED CO-ORDS OF X.Y
               # COMPUTES: XT=XG*COS(A)+YG*SIN(A)
                           YT=YG*COS(A)-XG*SIN(A)
001621020741
                        LDA
                                0 . X
                                         JGET COORDS OF POINT
00163'024741
                       LDA
                                1, 1
                                         JUNDER CONSIDERATION
00164'034727
                        LDA
                                3.XA
001651162400
                        SUB
                                3,0
P0166 949477
                        STA
                                0 . XG
                                        FREL. TO EDGE START
001671034725
                        LDA
                                3,YA
001701166400
                        SUB
                                3.1
90171'044475
                        STA
                                1,YG
P0172'004477
                        JSR
                                YTGET
                                        ; LOCAL, TRANSFORMED Y
                        MOVL#
00173'175112
                                3,3,SEC
00174 174400
                       NEG
                                3,3
                                        JABS YT
00175'0240175
                                1..IACC
                       LDA
Ø0176'166423
                                3,1,SNC ; CHECK FOR NORMAL DIST.
                        SUBZ
00177'002470
                                ₽SVP3
                                        INOT NEAR; EXIT!
                        JMP
00200 030716
                                2,SIN
                                        JNOW FOR XT
                       LDA
00201 024465
                       LDA
                                1.YG
002601102440
                       SURO
                                0.0
00293'125112
                                1.1.SEC :SET CARRY IF NEG
                       MOVL#
00204'124440
                       NEGO
                                1.1
                                        JAND MAKE AC1 +VE
982851973301
                       MUL
CV206 125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,5EC
60267161466
                                        FROUND UP
                       INC
                                0.0
00516,101005
                       MOV
                                0,0,SEC ; CARRY?
                                0.0
66511,166460
                       NEG
                                        FRESTORE SIGN
002121024713
                       LDA
                                1.SINF
002131125108
                                1,1,SEC ISIGN OF SIN
                       MOVI
PP214'100400
                                0.0
                       NEG
P0215'115000
                       MOV
                                0,3
                                        ISHUNT INTO AC3
90216'024447
                       LDA
                                1.XG
```

```
00217 030676
                       LDA
                                2,COS
002201102440
                       SUB0
                                0.0
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,SEC
002211125112
00222'124440
                       NEGO
                                1.1
00223'073301
                       MUL
                       MOVL#
00224'125112
                                1,1,SZC
00225'101400
                        INC
                                0,0
80226 181002
                       MOV
                                0,0,SZC
00227 100400
                       NEG
                                0.0
00230'024667
                       LDA
                                1,COSF
00231'125102
                       MOVL
                                1,1,52C
002321100400
                       NEG
                                0.0
00233'117000
                                         JADD TO PREVIOUS RESULT
                       ADD
                                0,3
               ;LOCAL, TRANSFORMED X NOW IN AC3
00234'024666
                       LDA
                                1,4
00235'0200175
                       LDA
                                Ø. · IACC
00236'106400
                        SUB
                                0.1
                                         11.-5
                        SUBZ#
00237'166433
                                3.1.SNC
00240'002427
                        .IMP
                                eSVP3
                                         JOFF THE END
00241'116433
                        SUB2#
                                0,3,SNC
00242'002425
                        JMP
                                eSVP3
                                         ;DITTO
               JWE HAVE A HIT!
00243'036425
                       LDA
                                3. eHIT3R
00244 020647
                       LDA
                                Ø,XA
00245'024644
                       LDA
                                1.XR
00246123220
                       ADD2R
                                1,0
00247 043400
                       STA
                                0,00,3 STORE X MID-POINT
00250 020644
                       LDA
                                Ø,YA
00251 024641
                       LDA
                                1.YB
00252'123220
                       ADDER
                                1.0
00253'043401
                       STA
                                0, e1, 3 STORE Y MID-POINT
00254'024645
                       LDA
                                INP
00255 152520
                       SUBZL
                                2.2
00256'146400
                       SUB
                                2,1
00257'030623
                       LDA
                                2.AC2
00260.020640
                       LDA
                                Ø.NB
00261'005403
                       JSR
                                         TIX3 TIHE
                                3,3
00262'002405
                       JMP
                                esvp3
                                        JCARRY ON SCAN
00263'056405
                       STA
                                3. HITSR INEW RETURN ADDRESS
00264 002403
                       JMP
                                        CARRY ON
                                eSVP3
00265 0000000
               XG:
                       0
00266.0000000
               YG:
                       Ø
00267 0000000
               SVP3:
                       Ø
00270'0000024'
              HIT3R:
                       HIT3
               JTO CALCULATE YT
               I INPUT: YG IN ACI
00271 054435
               YTGET: STA
                                3,YTSAV
00272'030623
                       LDA
                                2,COS
00273'102440
                       SUBO
                                0.0
00274'125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,52C
00275'124440
                       NEGO
                                1.1
00276'073301
                       MUL
00277'125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,52C
00300'101400
                       INC
                                0.0
80301.101005
                       MOV
                                0,0,52C
00302'100400
                       NEG
                                0.0
00303'024614
                       LDA
                                1.COSF
                       MOVL
                                1,1,520
00304'125102
```

003051100400		NEG	0.0				
00306'115000		MOV	6.3	3 PARTIAL	SUM I	N AC3	
00307 024756		LDA	1.XG				
00310.030606		LDA	2.5IN				
00311'102440		SUBO	0.0				
00312'125112		MOVL#	1,1,520				
00313'124440		NEGO	1.1				
00314'073301		MUL					
00315'125112		MOVL#	1,1,52C				
00316'101400		INC	0.3				
00317'101002		MOV	0.0.SEC				
003201100400		NEG	0.0				
00321 024694		LDA	1.SINF				
00322 125102		MOVL	1.1.SEC				
00323'100400		NEG	0.0				
00324'116400		SUB	0,3	SUBTRACT	FROM	PREVIOUS	RESHIT
00325 002401		JMP	eYTSAV	,			
00326'000000	YTSAV:	Ø					
		• END					

```
TAPE
                        .TITL
                        • ENT
                                .OVL,.CLNC,.RLNC,.WLNC
                        • ENT
                                .READ, .WRIT
                        .EXID
                                .MEM.. 11. . M7
                        . ZREL
00000-003075' .OVL:
                        OVLAY
88901-000137' ·CLNC:
                       CLINC
00002-000142' .RLNC:
                       RLINC
00003-000145' .WLNC: 00004-000004' .READ:
                       WLING
                       RDP3
00005-000000 .WRIT:
                       WRTP3
                        . NREL
               }------
               JTHIS ROUTINE ALLOWS THE USER TO SAVE FILES
               #WHILE IN P-3. IT FIRST WRITES (OR READS)
               *PAGE ZERO ON THE LINC TAPE (UNIT #1,BLK#150)
               SAND THEN WRITES (OR READS) THE LINKED FIELDS
               J(BEGINNING AT BLK#151).
00000 054466
               WRTP3:
                       STA
                                3. RSAVE
00001 176400
                        SUB
                                3, FLAGF ; SET TO Ø FOR WRITE
00002'054465
                       STA
00003'000404
                        JMP
                                BEG
00004'054462
              RDP3:
                        STA
                                3, RSAVE
000051176520
                        SUBEL
                                3.3
                                3, FLAGF ; SET TO 1 FOR READ
00006'054461
                        STA
00007'020527
               BEG:
                       LDA
                                Ø, DRIVE
00010.062074
                                Ø.LINC
                       DOB
00011 020454
                       LDA
                                0.FBLK
                                         JONE BLK FOR PAGE ZERO
00012'126520
                       SUBZL
                                1 . 1
                                         START AT LCTN Ø
00013'152400
                       SUB
                                2.2
00014'034453
                       LDA
                                3.FLAGF
00015 175004
                       MOV
                                3,3,SER
00016'000402
                                READF
                        JMP
00017'000406
                                WRITE
                        JMP
00020'006002- READF:
                       JSR
                                e • RLNC
00021 125005
                       MOV
                                1,1,SNR
00022'000410
                                NXT1
                        JMP
00023'063077
                       HALT
00024'000763
                        JMP
                                BEG
00025'006003- WRITF:
                       JSR
                                e.WLNC
00026'125005
                       MOV
                                1,1,5NR
00027'000403
                                NXT1
                        JMP
00030'063077
                       HALT
                                BEG
00031 000756
                        JMP
00032'020504 NXT1:
                       LDA
                                0.DRIVE
00033'062074
                       D08
                                0.LINC
00034'0240035
                                1..M7
                                         DETERMINE LENGTH OF
                       LDA
00035'0300025
                                2. MI
                                         JLINKED FIELDS IN USE
                       LDA
00036 146400
                        SUB
                                2,1
00037 030425
                                2,0400
                       1.DA
00040'102400
                        SUB
                                0.0
00041'073101
                       DIV
000421020423
                                Ø,FBLK
                       LDA
00043'101400
                       INC
                                0.0
                                         START AT FBLK+1
                                         JADD AN EXTRA BLOCK
00044'125400
                       INC
                                1.1
                                2. . MI
                                         START & LINKED LISTS
0004510300025
                       LDA
                                3.FLAGF
00046'034421
                       LDA
                                3,3,SZR
00047 175004
                       MOV
00050'000402
                        JMP
                                READG
                       JMP
                                WRITG
00051 000406
```

```
C-60
00052'006002- READG:
                       JSR
                                e-RLNC
                       MOV
                                1,1,SNR
000531125005
00054'002412
                       JMP
                                eRSAVE
00055'063077
                       HALT
00056'000754
                       JMP
                               NXTI
00057'006003- WRITG:
                       JSR
                               e-WLNC
00060125005
                       MOV
                               1.1.SNR
00061 0002405
                       JMP
                                <b>QRSAVE
00062 063077
                       HALT
00063'000747
                       JMP
                               NXT1
00064'000400 C400:
                       400
00065'000150
              FBLK:
                       150
00066'000000
              RSAVE:
00067'000000
              FLAGF:
                       Ø
               JTHIS ROUTINE READS OVERLAY NUMBER 1
               FROM TAPE. IT STARTS BY FIRST TRANSFERING
               JITSELF TO A SAFE PLACE IN HIGH CORE.
                                        INO NEED TO TRANSFER P-3 R&W
00070'000000
              NUB:
00071 0000002
                                        ROUTINES SO START AT NUB
              TWO:
                       2
              THREE:
00072'000003
                       3
00073'000070' FIRST:
                       NUB
00074'000326' LAST:
                       C8
00075'020441
              OVLAY:
                               Ø, DRIVE
                       LDA
00076'062074
                       DOB
                               Ø,LINC
00077 0340015
                       LDA
                               3. . MEM
                                        JHIGHEST MEMORY LCTN
                               2,FIRST
00100'030773
                       LDA
00101'020773
                       LDA
                               Ø,LAST
00102'142400
                       SUB
                               2.0
                                        JENUMBER OF WORDS TO BE MOVED
00103'101400
                               0.0
                       INC
00104'116400
                       SUB
                                        INEW ADDRESS
                               0,3
00105 100400
                       NEG
                               0.0
00106'025000
              ROUND:
                       LDA
                               1,0,2
00107 045400
                               1.0.3
                       STA
00110'101405
                               0.0.SNR
                       INC
00111'000404
                               OUT
                       JMP
001121151400
                       INC
                               2,2
001131175400
                       INC
                               3,3
00114'000772
                               ROUND
                       JMP
00115'156400
              OUT:
                               2,3
                                        3=DISTANCE MOVED
                       SUB
                               2.SHIFT
00116'030403
                       LDA
00117'157000
                       ADD
                               2,3
00120'001400
                       JMP
                               0,3
                                        3 GO TO HI-CORE COPY
00121'000122' SHIFT:
                       .+1
00122'020412
                       LDA
                               Ø.BLK!
00123'024412
                               I NBLK1
                       L.DA
00124'152400
                       SUB
                               2,2
00125'004415
                               RLINC
                       JSR
00126'125005
                       MOV
                               1,1,SNR
00127'000377
                       JMP
                               377
                                        FORTRAN START ADDRESS
00130'063077
                       HALT
                                        JLINC ERROR
00131'020405
                       LDA
                               0.DRIVE STRY AGAIN (PRESS CONTINUE)
001321062074
                       D09
                               O.LINC
00133'000767
                               SHIFT+1
                       JMP
00134 000350
              BLK1:
                       350
00135'000055
              NBLK1:
                       55
00136'0000001
              DRIVE:
              INOW FOLLOWS THE STANDARD LINCTAPE
```

JUTILITIES ...

```
INPUT:
                          ACØ =FIRST BLOCK
                          AC1 = NUMBER OF BLOCKS
               3
                          AC2 =FIRST CORE ADDRESS
               JOUTPUT:
                          AC1 = ERROR CODE
00137 054430
               CLINC:
                        STA
                                 3,SAC3
00140'152400
                        SUB
                                 2,2
00141'000417
                        JMP
                                CHKE
00142'054425
               RLINC:
                        STA
                                 3,SAC3
00143'034430
                        LDA
                                 3,D2R
00144'000415
                        JMP
                                 READZ
00145'054422
               WLINC:
                        STA
                                 3,5AC3
00146.034423
                        LDA
                                 3.DIW
00147'054510
                        STA
                                 3.DIXX
00150'044501
                        STA
                                 1.D2XX
00151'050417
                        STA
                                 2,5AC2
00152'004423
                        JSR
                                 DO
00153'024476
                                 1.D2XX
               RAW:
                        LDA
00154'122400
                        SUB
                                 1.0
00155'030413
                        LDA
                                2,5AC2
00156'151113
                        MOVL#
                                 2,2,SNC
00157'150000
                        COM
                                 2,2
00160'034473
                        LDA
                                3.DSC
               CHKZ:
00161'054470
               READZ:
                        STA
                                 3.D2XX
00162'034410
                        LDA
                                 3.DIRC
00163'054474
                        STA
                                 3,D1XX
00164'004411
                        JSR
                                DO
00165'069274
                                LINC
               EXIT:
                        NIOC
00166'002401
                                 esacs
                        JMP
00167.0000000
               SAC3:
                        Ø
00170'000000
               SAC2:
                        Ø
00171 021000
               DIW:
                        LDA
                                 0.0.2
00172'000750
               DIRC:
                        JMP
                                READ-DIXX.1
00173'132512
               D2R:
                        SUBL#
                                 1,2,SEC
00174'000000
               RETU:
                        Ø
00175'054777
                        STA
                                 3, RETU
               DO:
00176'075474
                        DIB
                                 3.LINC
00177'175112
                        MOVL#
                                 3,3,SEC
00200 0000446
                        JMP
                                E4
00201'151113
                        MOVL#
                                2,2,5NC
00202'000410
                        JMP
                                FINDF
00203'150000
                        COM
                                2,2
00204176400
               FINDR:
                        SUB
                                 3,3
002051162000
                        ADC
                                 3,0
00206'060374
                        NIOP
                                LINC
00207'004467
                        JSR
                                GETBL.
                                0,0,5KP
002101101401
               FINDN:
                        INC
00211'000776
                        JMP
                                 . -2
00212'060174
                       NIOS
                                LINC
               FINDF:
00213'004463
                        JSR
                                GETBL
00214'000777
                        JMP
                                 • - 1
                        MOVER
                                3,3,52R
00215'175224
00216'000766
                        JMP
                                FINDR
00217'125005
                       MOV
                                1,1,SNR
               FOUND:
00220 002754
                        JMP
                                 eretu
00221'166000
                        ADC
                                3,1
00222'040474
                        STA
                                0. TEMPI
00223'044474
                        STA
                                1.TEMP2
00224'024476
                       LDA
                                1.SIZE
```

```
00225 1 47000
                         ADD
                                  2,1
 00226'000431
                         JMP
                                  DIXX
 P8227 '863674
                READ:
                         SKPDN
                                  LINC
 00230'000777
                         JMP
                                  • - 1
 00231 063474
                         SKPBN
                                  LINC
 00232'000416
                         JMP
                                  RDAT
 00233'060474
                RCHK:
                         DIA
                                  Ø.LINC
 00234'116405
                         SUB
                                  0,3,SNR
 00235'000434
                         JMP
                                  SCHK
 00236 024465
                E1:
                         LDA
                                  1.C1
 00237 0000403
                         JMP
                                  .+3
 00240'034462
                E2:
                         LDA
                                  3.SIZE
 00241 024463
                         LDA
                                  1.C2
 002421020454
                         LDA
                                  Ø. TEMP1
 00243'000722
                         JMP
                                  EXIT
 00244 024461
                E3:
                         LDA
                                  1.C4
 00245 000720
                         JMP
                                  EXIT
 00246'024460
                E4:
                         LDA
                                  1.C8
 00247'000716
                         JMP
                                  EXIT
 00250'060474
                RDAT:
                         DIA
                                  Ø,LINC
00251 132512
                D2XX:
                         SUBL#
                                  1,2,52C
00252 041000
                         STA
                                  0.0.2
00253'000402
                D2C:
                         JMP
                                  • +2
00254'061074
                WDAT:
                         DOA
                                  0.LINC
00255'117000
                BLOOP:
                        ADD
                                 0.3
00256 151400
                         INC
                                 2,2
00257 021000
                DIXX:
                        LDA
                                 0.0.2
00260 963074
                        DOC
                                 Ø.LINC
00261 063674
                        SKPDN
                                 LINC
00262 000777
                        JMP
                                 • - 1
00263'063474
                        SKPBN
                                 LINC
00264'000770
                         JMP
                                 WDAT
00265 075074
                WCHK:
                        DOA
                                 3.LINC
00266 975474
                        DIB
                                 3.LINC
00267 175004
                        MOV
                                 3,3,52R
00270 0000756
                        JMP
                                 E4
00271 132414
               SCHK:
                        SUB#
                                 1,2,5ZR
00272'000746
                        JMP
                                 E2
00273'020423
               NEXT:
                        LDA
                                 Ø.TEMP1
00274'024423
                        LDA
                                 1.TEMP2
00275'000713
                        JMP
                                 FINDN
00276'054420
               GETBL:
                        STA
                                 3.TEMP1
00277'034421
                        LDA
                                 3.MLIM
00300'162432
                        SUR##
                                 3,0,52C
00301 000405
                        JMP
                                 WAIT
00302'034417
                        LDA
                                 3,PLIM
00303'162032
                        ADCZ#
                                 3,0,SEC
00304'000740
                        JMP
                                 E3
00305 074474
                        DIA
                                 3,LINC
00306'063474
               WAIT:
                        SKPBN
                                 LINC
00307 900777
                        JMP
                                 WAIT
00310.063774
                        SKPDZ
                                 LINC
00311 900774
                        JMP
                                 WAIT-1
00312 074474
                        DIA
                                 3.LINC
00313'116543
                        SUBOL
                                 0,3,SNC
00314 010402
                        ISZ
                                 TEMPI
00315'002401
                        JMP
                                 OTEMP1
00316.000000
               TEMP1:
                        0
00317 000000
               TEMP2:
                        Ø
003201177770
               MLIM:
                        177770
```

00321.000620	PLIM:	620
00322 000400	SIZE:	400
00323 0000001	C1:	1
00324'0000002	cs:	2
00325.000004	C4:	4
00326.000310	C8:	10
		• END

```
.TITL
                                UTIL
               SEVERAL UTILITY PROGRAMS
                       .ENT
                                .HITC .. IACC .. PRN1 .. PAGE .. LENG .. SCAL
                       . ENT
                                .VFAC..IPRN,.PRN2..MESS..ALPH..TYP
                       FNT
                                .AXIS, .GETT, .DBIN, .CHEK, .WORD, .DB0
                                .MI..DISS..LPAP..MSKR..PLTS
                       .EXTD
                        . ZREL
               · IACC:
00000-000005
00001-0000000 .HITC:
                       HITC
00002-000052' .PRN1:
                       PRN1
00003-000270' .PRN2:
                       PRN2
00004-000164' .IPRN:
                       TART
00005-000331 . MESS:
                       MESS
00006-000655' .WORD:
                       WORD
00007-000062' .ALPH:
                       ALPHA
00010-000067' .PAGE:
                       PAGE
00011-000101' .LENG:
                       LENG
00012-000126' .TYP:
                       TYPE
00013-000151' .SCAL:
                       SCAL
00014-000421' .AXIS:
                       AXIS
00015-000560' .GETT:
                       GET
00016-000572' .DBIN:
                       DBIN
00017-000570' -DB0:
                       DBØ
00020-000640° .CHEK:
                       CHEK
00021-000003
              .VFAC:
                       3
                       •NREL
               3
               ROUTINE TO FIND WHICH BLOCK HAS CENTROID
               CORRESPONDING TO GIVEN X,Y CO-ORDINATE
               3
               3
                       JSR @.HITC
                             (ADDRESS OF INPUT X)
               3
                       Х
                             (ADDRESS OF INPUT Y)
                   (RETURN HERE IF NO HIT)
               3
                   (RETURN HERE WITH POINTER TO BLOCK
                       IN AC2 IF SUCCESSFUL, AND NB IN ACI)
00000.023400
                                0.00.3
              HITC:
                       LDA
00001'040445
                       STA
                                Ø.X
00002'023401
                       LDA
                                0.01.3
00003'040444
                       STA
                                0 . Y
00004'054444
                                3.SVH3
                       STA
00005 102400
                       SUB
                                0.0
00006'040443
                       STA
                                Ø.NB
0000710340015
                                3. .M1
                       LDA
00010'031400 LOOP:
                                2,0,3
                       LDA
00011'151005
                       MOV
                                2,2,SNR
00012.060435
                       JMP
                               TIHON
                                        JLAST BLOCK
00013'021014
                       LDA
                                0,14,2
00014'101005
                                0,0,SNR
                       MOV
                                        JEERO AREA
00015.000454
                       JMP
                                NEXT
00016,051001
                       LDA
                                0.1.2
                                        *XC
00017:024427
                                1 . X
                       LDA
000201122400
                       SUB
                                1.0
00021 101112
                       MOVL#
                                0.0.SEC
00022'100400
                       NEG
                                0.0
                                        JABS(XC-X)
00023 024000-
                       LDA
                                1. IACC
00024106512
                                0,1,S2C
                       SUBL#
000251000414
                       JMP
                               NEXT
                                        INOT THIS BLOCK
                                0,3,2
00026.651003
                       LDA
                                        316
```

```
00027 024420
                       LDA
                                1.Y
000301122400
                       SUB
                                1.0
00031'101112
                       MOVL#
                                0.0.SZC
000321100400
                       NEG
                                0.0
                                         JABS(YJ-Y)
00033'024000-
                                1..IACC
                       LDA
00034'106512
                       SUBL#
                                0,1,SZC
00035 0000404
                       JMP
                                NEXT
00036'034412
                       LDA
                                3, SVH3 | MUST BE HIT
00037'024412
                       LDA
                                1.NB
00040'001403
                       JMP
                                3,3
                                         JGOOD EXIT
00041'175400
                       INC
              NEXT:
                                3,3
00042'010407
                                NB
                       ISZ
                                LOOP
00043'000745
                        JMP
00044 034404
                                3.SVH3
              NOHIT:
                       LDA
00045'001402
                       JMP
                                2,3
                                         JBAD EXIT
00046'0000000
              Х:
                       Ø
00047 000000
                       Ø
               Υ:
00050 0000000
               SVH3:
                       Ø
00051 000000
               NR:
                       0
               JTO OUTPUT A SINGLE CHARACTER, WAITING
               JUNTIL THE TTY IS FREE.
                       JSR @.PRN1
                             (N IS THE CHARACTER TO BE
                       N
               3
                                PRINTED (NOT ADDRESS))
                             (ACCUMULATORS ARE SAVED)
               3
                                Ø,ACØSV
00052'040407
               PRN1:
                       STA
00053'021400
                                0.0.3
                       LDA
00054'063511
               PRH:
                       SKPBZ
                                TTO
00055'000777
                       JMP
                                · - 1
                       DOAS
00056'061111
                                Ø,TTO
00057 020402
                       LDA
                                Ø,ACØSV
00060 001401
                       JMP
                                1.3
00001'000000
               ACØSV:
                       Ø
               JTO SET TEXTRONIX TO ALPHA MODE
                       JSR @.ALPH
               3
00062'054404
               ALPHA:
                       STA
                                3,ASAV
00063'004767
                       JSR
                                PRN1
00064'000037
                       37
00065'002401
                       JMP
                                @ASAV
00066.000000
               ASAV:
                       Ø
               JTO ERASE SCREEN
                       JSR e.PAGE
               3
                                3,SVP3
00067'054410
               PAGE:
                       STA
00070'004762
                                PRNI
                       JSR
00071 0000033
                       33
                                PRN1
00072'004760
                       JSR
00073'000014
                       14
                                        SUPPRESS HARD-COPY
                                0.0
00074'102400
                       SUB
00075'0400035
                                Ø. LPAP ; LOAD PLOTTING
                       STA
                                esvp3
00076'002401
                       JMP
              SVP3:
00077'000000
                       Ø
               3
```

```
FROUTINE TO RETURN LENGTH, L OF SIDE NP
                       JSR @.LENG
               ; INPUT:
                                AC1 - SIDE # (NF)
                                AC2 - POINTER TO BLOCK DATA
               ; OUTPUT:
                                ACO - LENGTH L
      000025
               START=25
                                POINT DATA STARIS AT 25RD WORD
      000026
               SS=START+1
      000027
               SL=START+2
00100'007777
                       7777
               TMSK:
                                :TO REMOVE TYPE #
00101.054776
              LENG:
                       STA
                                3,SVP3
00102.051000
                       LDA
                                0.0.2
                                        JCONTROL WORD
00103'034420
                       LDA
                                3.LBIT
00104'117414
                       AND#
                                0,3,52R ; LONG BLOCK?
00105.000407
                       JMP.
                                LONG
                                        JYES
                       MOVZL
00106'135120
                                1.3
                                        ;NP*2
00107'157000
                       ADD
                                2,3
00110'021426
                       LDA
                                0,55,3
                                       JGET L
00111 034767
                       LDA
                                3.TMSK
00112'163400
                       AND
                                3.0
00113'002764
                       JMP
                                eSVP3
                                        SEXIT WITH L IN ACO
00114'135120
              LONG:
                       MOVZL
                                1.3
00115'137000
                                        INP*3
                       ADD
                                1.3
00116'157000
                       ADD
                                2,3
00117'021427
                       LDA
                                0.SL.3
00120'034760
                       LDA
                                3.TMSK
00121'163400
                       AND
                                3.0
00122'002755
                       JMP
                                eSVP3
                                        JEXIT
                       20000
00123'020000
              LBIT:
               ROUTINE TO RETURN SURFACE TYPE #
               FOR A GIVEN EDGE
                       JSR P.TYP
               JINPUT: AC2 = DATA POINTER FOR GIVEN BLOCK
                        AC1 = EDGE # (NP)
               JOUTPUT: ACØ = TYPE #
                        ACI AND AC2 ARE PRESERVED
00124'170000
              LMSK:
                       170000 FOR MASKING OUT LENGTH PART
00125'000000
              TSAV:
                       0
00126'054777
              TYPE:
                       STA
                               3,TSAV
00127'021000
                       LDA
                               8,8,2
                                        JCONTROL WD
00130'034773
                       LDA
                                3, LBIT
00131'117414
                       AND#
                                0,3,53R
00132'000405
                       JMP
                               LONGI
00133'135120
                       MOV21
                               1.3
  '34'157000
                       ADD
                               2,3
   35'021426
                       LDA
                               0.55.3
   36.000405
                       JMP
                               NOSE
   37'135120
              LONG1:
                      MOVEL
                               1,3
0140'137000
                       ADD
                               1.3
00141'157000
                       ADD
                               2.3
00142 021427
                       LDA
                               0.5L.3
00143'034761
              NOSE:
                       LDA
                               3. LMSK
00144'163700
                       ANDS
                               3,0
00145'103120
                       ADDZL
                               0.0
00146'103120
                       ADDZL
                               0.0
00147 101390
                       MOVS
                               8.8
00150'002755
                       JMP
                               @TSAV
```

```
C-67
               JVECTOR SCALING ROUTINE
00151'030021- SCAL:
                       LDA
                                2. VFAC
001521102400
                       SUB
                                0.0
00153'044410
                       STA
                                1.ACI
00154'125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,SEC
001551124400
                       NEG
                                1,1
00156'073101
                       DIV
00157 030404
                       LDA
                                2.AC1
00160 151112
                       MOVL#
                                2,2,SEC
00161 124403
                       NEG
                                1.1
00162'001400
                        JMP
                                0,3
00163'000000
              AC1:
                       0
               ROUTINE TO PRINT A RIGHT-JUSTIFIED INTEGER
               ; IN A GIVEN FIELD LENTH, WITH LEADING ZEROS
               JOR WITHOUT
               ;
                       JSR @.IPRN
               3
               3
                    (-) N
                                (VALUE, NOT ADDRESS)
                       WHERE N IS FIELD LENGTH (ZEROS PRINTED
                       IF NEGATIVE.
                       THE NUMBER TO BE PRINTED IS IN ACO
00164 031400
               TART:
                       LDA
                                2,0,3
00165'101112
                       MOVL#
                                0.0.SZC
00166'100400
                       NEG
                                0.0
00167 175400
                       INC
                                3.3
00170'054524
                                3,SAV3
                       STA
00171'151112
                       MOVL#
                                2,2,SEC
00172'150401
                       NEG
                                2,2,SKP
00173'126401
                       SUB
                                1,1,SKP
00174'126520
                       SUBZL.
                                1 - 1
00175'044520
                       STA
                                1, FLAG | STORE ZERO/BLANK FLAG
00176'050520
                       STA
                                2, FIELD ; FIELD LENGTH
00177'034475
                       LDA
                                3. TENS
00200'054517
                       STA
                                3, POINT
00201 034502
                       LDA
                                3,HOLD
00202'054516
                       STA
                                3.PPNT
00203'034507
                       LDA
                                3.JOLD
00204'054414
                       STA
                                3.MM
00205 152400
                       SUB
                                2,2
00206'036511
              BIG:
                       LDA
                                3, @POINT
00207'010510
                       ISZ
                                POINT
002101175005
                       MOV
                                3,3,5NR
00211'000416
                       JMP
                                END
00212'126400
                       SUB
                                1.1
00213'162422
               SMALL:
                       SUBE
                                3,0,SEC
00214'125401
                       INC
                                1,1,5KP
MM215'163001
                       ADD
                                3,0,SKP
00216'000775
                       JMP
                                SMALL
00217'046501
                       STA
                                1.ePPNT
00220 125015
              MM:
                       MOV#
                                1,1,SNR
00221'000404
                       .IMP
                                FRED
                       LDA
00222 034471
                                3. JNEW
00223'054775
                       STA
                                3.MM
00224'151400
                       INC
                                2,2
                                        COUNT NON-ZERO DIGITS
00225'010473
              FRED:
                       ISZ
                                PPNT
                       JMP
                                BIG
00226'000760
```

```
00230'151005
                       MOV
                                2,2,SNR
00231'151400
                        INC
                                2.2
00232'050467
                       STA
                                2,SAV2
00233'156423
                       SUBZ
                                2,3,SNC
00234'000427
                        JMP
                                ASTER
                                         FIELD TOO SMALL
00235'170405
                       NEG
                                3,2,5NR
00236 0000410
                       JMP
                                DIGIT
                                         INO ZEROS
00237 024456
                       LDA
                                1.FLAG
00240'020463
                                Ø,ZERO
                       LDA
00241 125005
                       MOV
                                1,1,SNR
00242'020462
                       LDA
                                Ø. BLANK
00243'006003-
                       JSR
                                e.PRN2 ; SEND OUT LEADING
00244'151404
                       INC
                                2,2,SER ; ZEROS OR BLANKS
00245'000776
                       JMP
                                .-2
00246'030443
              DIGIT:
                       LDA
                                2,B0T
00247 024452
                       LDA
                                1.SAV2
                       SUB
002501132400
                                1,2
00251 124405
                       NEG
                                1,1,SNR
00252'002442
                       JMP
                                esav3
                                         SNOTHING TO PRINT
00253'021000
               LOOP1:
                       LDA
                                0.0.2
00254'034447
                       LDA
                                3,ZERO
002551163000
                       ADD
                                3,0
00256'006003-
                       JSR
                                e.PRN2 ; SEND OUT DIGIT
00257 151400
                                2,2
                       INC
00260'125404
                       INC
                                1,1,52R
00261'000772
                       JMP
                                LOOPI
00262'002432
                       JMP
                                esavs
                                         SEXIT
                                         SEND OUT ASTERISKS
00263'020437
               ASTER:
                       LDA
                                Ø.AST
00264'006003- NIT:
                       JSR
                                e.PRN2
00265'014431
                       DS₹
                                FIELD
00266'000776
                       JMP
                                NIT
00267'002425
                       JMP
                                €SAV3
               ROUTINE TO PRINT OUT SINGLE CHARACTER
                       JSR @.PRN2
               JINPUT: CHARACTER IN ACØ
00270'063511
               PRN2:
                       SKPBZ
                                TTO
00271'000777
                       JMP
                                .-1
00272'061111
                       DOAS
                                Ø,TTO
00273'001400
                       JMP
                                0,3
                       • RDX
                                10
      000012
00274'000275'
              TENS:
                       .+1
00275'023420
                       10000
00276'001750
                       1000
00277'000144
                       100
00300.000015
                       10
00301'000001
                       1
00302'000000
                       Ø
00303'000304' HOLD:
                       .+1
      000005
                       .BLK
                                5
      000010
                       • PDX
00311'000311' BOT:
00312'125015
               JOLD:
                       MOV#
                                1,1,SNR
00313'000404
               JNEW:
                       JMP
                                .+4
00314'000000
               SAV3:
                       Ø
00315'0000000
              FLAG:
                       0
00316.000000
              FIELD:
                       Ø
```

00227'034467 END:

LDA

3.FIELD

```
00317'000000
              POINT:
                       Ø
               PPNT:
00320'030000
                       0
000000112000
               SAV2:
                       Ø
                       **
00322'000052
               AST:
                       ···ø
              ZERO:
00323'0000060
00324'000040
               BLANK:
               JTO PRINT MESSAGE ON SCREEN AT
               JA SPECIFIC LOCATION
                       JSR @.MESS
                                (ADDRESS OF TEXT)
                       TEXT
                                (X,Y LOCATION OF MESSAGE
                    (-) X
                                 START (VALUES, NOT
                                 ADDRESSES). NEGATIVE X DRAWS
                                 A LINE UNDER TEXT)
09325.000000
              FLAG1:
                       O
00326.0000000
              MSAV:
00327'003000
              RPNT:
                       0
               COUNT:
00330'000000
                       Ø
00331'021400
              MESS:
                       LDA
                                0,0,3
00332'101120
                       MOVEL
                                0.0
                                        CREATE BYTE POINTER
00333'040774
                       STA
                                0,BPNT
                       LDA
00334'021401
                                        3 X
                                0,1,3
00335'101112
                       MOVL#
                                0,0,5EC
00336'100401
                       NEG
                                0,0,SKP
00337126401
                       SUB
                                1,1,5KP
00340'126520
                       SUBEL
                                1.1
00341 044764
                                1,FLAG1
                       STA
00342'025402
                       LDA
                                1,2,3
                                        jΥ
00343'054763
                       STA
                                3,MSAV
00344 040451
                                0.XSAV
                                        *REMEMBER X & Y FOR
                       STA
00345 044451
                       STA
                                1,YSAV
                                        JLATER PLOTTING OF LINE
00346'006005$
                       JSR
                                e.PLTS
                                        JINITIALISE BEAM
00347 0000000
                                        3 BEAM OFF
                       0
00350'006007-
                       JSR
                                e.ALPH
00351'102400
                                0.0
                       SUB
00352'040756
                       STA
                                Ø.COUNT
               FROUTINE TO PICK BYTES UNTIL ZERO BYTE FOUND
00353'030754
              PICK:
                       LDA
                                2.BPNT
00354'010753
                       ISZ
                                BPNT
00355'151220
                       MOVER
                                2,2
00356'021000
                       LDA
                                0.0.2
00357'0300048
                       LDA
                                2. MSKR
                       MOV
                                Ø. Ø. SZC
00360'101002
00361.101300
                       MOVS
                                0.0
003621143405
                                2.0. SNR
                       AND
00363'000404
                       JMP
                                RET
00364'010744
                                COUNT
                       ISP
00365'006003-
                       JSR
                                e-PRN2 | SEND OUT CHARACTER
00366'000765
                       JMP
                                PICK
00367 020736
              RET:
                       LDA
                                Ø.FLAG1
00370'101005
                       MOV
                                0.0.SNR
00371 000422
                       JMP
                                PAST
               ; TO PLOT LINE UNDER TEXT
00372 024424
                                1,YSAV
                       LDA
00373'020424
                       LDA
                               0,GAP
003741106400
                       SUB
                               0,1
00375'044421
                       STA
                                1,YSAV
```

```
00376'020417
                       LDA
                               0,XSAV
                               e.PLTS :FIRST END OF LINE
00377'006005$
                       JSR
004001000000
                       Ø
00401 102400
                       SUB
                               0.0
00402'024416
                       LDA
                               1.014
004031030725
                       LDA
                               2.COUNT
00404'073301
                       MUL
00405'020410
                       LDA
                               Ø, XSAV
00406123000
                       ADD
                               1.0
00407 024407
                               1,YSAV
                       LDA
00410'0060055
                       JSR
                               e.PLTS
                                        SECOND END
00411'0000001
00412 006007-
                       JSR
                               e.ALPH
00413'034713 PAST:
                       LDA
                               3.MSAV
00414'001403
                       JMP
                               3,3
                                        SEXIT
00415'000000
              XSAV:
                       Ø
00416.000000
              YSAV:
                       Ø
00417 0000003
                               JGAP BETWEEN TEXT AND LINE
              GAP:
                       .3
                               SWIDTH OF ONE LETTER
00420'000016
              N14:
                       16
              JTO DRAW A SCALE WITH 10 TICK MARKS,
              JEITHER HORIZ. OR VERT., WITH THE
              3MARKS ABOVE OR BELOW AXIS.
                       JSR @.AXIS
                               (LENGTH)
                       (-) L
              3
                       (-) X
                                (STARTING X
                                 AND Y CO-ORD)
                       (ALL ARGUMENTS ARE VALUES, NOT
                          ADDRESSES)
              JIF L HAS - SIGN, AXIS WILL BE PARALLEL
              JTO Y AXIS; OTHERWISE PARALLEL TO X AXIS
              ; IF X HAS - SIGN, TICKS WILL BE BELOW
              JAXIS, OTHERWISE ABOVE
00421'054521
              AXIS:
                       STA
                               3,TTSAV
00422'021400
                               0.0.3
                       LDA
00423'101112
                       MOVL#
                               0.0.52C
09424'100401
                       NEG
                               0.0.SKP
00425126401
                       SUB
                               1,1,SKP
00426 126520
                       SUBZL
                               1.1
                               1.FLOG 3X/Y FLAG
00427 044517
                       STA
00430'040505
                       STA
                               0.L
00431'021401
                       LDA
                               0.1.3
00432'101113
                       MOVL#
                               0.0.SNC
00433'000405
                       JMP
                               ABOVE
00434'100400
                       NEG
                               0.0
00435'024512
                       LDA
                               1.TICB
00436'044455
                       STA
                               1.REPL
00437 000403
                       JMP
                               GETY
00440'024510
              ABCVE:
                       LDA
                               1.TICA
00441 '044452
                               1, REPL
                       STA
00442'040474
              GETY:
                       STA
                               Ø.XN
00443'025402
                       LDA
                               1,2,3
00444'044473
                               1.YN
                       STA
00445'030470
                       LDA
                               2,1
00446'151220
                       MOVER
                               2,2
                       MOVER
00447'151220
                               2,2
```

```
00450 151220
                          MOVER
                                  5.5
                                                                 C - 71
  00451 151220
                          MOVER
                                  5.5
  004521151220
                          MOVER
                                  5.5
  004531050465
                          STA
                                  2.L1
  004541147000
                          ADD
                                  2,1
  00455'804474
                          JSR
                                  PLOT
  00456 '000000
                          a
  00457 020457
                         LDA
                                  0.XN
 00460'024457
                         LDA
                                  1.YN
 00461 004470
                         JSR
                                  PLOT
 00462 9000001
                          1
 004631020453
                         LDA
                                  0.XN
 00464'024453
                         LDA
                                  1.YN
 00465'030450
                         LDA
                                  2.L
 00466'143000
                         ADD
                                  5.0
 00467 004462
                         JSR
                                  PLOT
 00470'000001
                         1
 00471 020445
                         LDA
                                  0.XN
 00472'024445
                         LDA
                                  1.YN
 00473'030442
                         LDA
                                  2,1
 00474'143000
                         ADD
                                  2,0
 00475'030443
                         LDA
                                 2,11
 00476'147000
                         ADD
                                  2,1
 00477'004452
                         JSR
                                 PLOT
 00500'000001
 00501 102400
                         SUB
                                 0.0
 00502'024433
                         LDA
                                 LL
 00503'030440
                         LDA
                                 2.NINE
 00504'050440
                         STA
                                 2,TCNT
 00505'151400
                         INC
                                 2,2
 00506'073101
                         DIV
 00507'044436
                         STA
                                 1.DIVIS
 00510'020430
                        LDA
                                 Ø,L1
00511'101220
                        MOVER
                                 0.0
00512'024425
                        LDA
                                 1.YN
00513'107000
               REPL:
                        ADD
                                 0.1
                                          ITHIS WORD CAN BE CHANGED
00514'044425
                        STA
                                 1.YN1
00515'024422
               TEA:
                        LDA
                                 1.YN
                                          JTO PLOT TICKS ON AXIS
00516'020420
                        LDA
                                 0.XN
00517'030426
                        LDA
                                 2,DIVIS
005201143000
                        ADD
                                 5.0
00521 040415
                        STA
                                 0.XN
00522'004427
                        JSR
                                 PLOT
00523'000000
                        Ø
00524'020412
                        LDA
                                 0.XN
00525'024414
                        LDA
                                 1.YN1
00526'004423
                        JSR
                                PLOT
00527'000001
00530'014414
                        DS2
                                TCNT
00531 000764
                        JMP
                                TEA
00532 006007-
                        JSR
                                ₽.ALPH
00533'034407
                        LDA
                                3,TTSAV
00534'001403
                        JMP
                                3,3
00535'000000
               L:
89536'999999
               XN:
                       0
00537'000000
               YN:
00540'000000
               L1:
                       Ø
00541 000000
               YN1:
                       Ø
00542.000000
              TISAV:
                       Ø
00543'000011
              NINE:
                       11
```

```
00544'000000
               TCNT:
                       Ø
00545'0000000
               DIVIS:
                       Ø
                                                              C-72
00546'0000000
               FLOG:
                       Ø
00547'106400
               TICB:
                       SUB
                                0.1
00550'107000
               TICA:
                       ADD
                                0.1
00551 930775
               PLOT:
                       LDA
                                2.FLOG
00552'151005
                       MOV
                                2.2.SNR ;X OR Y AXIS?
005531000404
                       JMP
                                JOE.
00554111000
                       MOV
                                0.2
00555121000
                       MOV
                                1.0
00556145000
                       MOV
                                2.1
00557'002005$ JOE:
                       JMP
                                e.PLTS
               JTO GET A TTY CHARACTER
                       JSR
                                e.GETT
               JOUTPUT: CHARACTER IN ACO
00560.063610
               GET:
                       SKPDN
                                TTI
00561 000777
                       JMP
                                . ~ 1
00562'060510
                       DIAS
                                O.TTI
00563'101300
                       MOVS
                                0.0
00564'101120
                       MOVEL
                                0.0
00565'101220
                       MOVER
                                0.0
00566'101300
                       MOVS
                                0.0
00567 001 400
                       JMP
                                0.3
               JDECIMAL TO BINARY ROUTINE CALMOST
               JIDENTICAL TO DATA GENERAL'S)
                      JSR @.DBIN
               JOUTPUT:
                                # IN AC1
00570'054443
               DB0:
                       STA
                                3,DBSAV
00571 0000403
                       JMP
                                DBI
00572 054441
               DBIN:
                       STA
                                3.DBSAV
00573'006015-
                       JSR
                                e.GETT
00574126400
              DBI:
                       SUB
                                1 - 1
                                         JENTRY WITH FIRST
00575'044437
                                1,EC10 ; CHARACTER IN ACO
                       STA
00576'044437
                       STA
                                1.EC11
00577'024437
                                1.EC20
                       I DA
00600106405
                       รบธ
                                0.1.SNR
00601 '000405
                       JMP
                                EC96
00602'024435
                       LDA
                                1.EC21
00603'106404
                       SUB
                                0,1,SZR
00604'000404
                       JMP
                                EC98
00605'010427
                       152
                                EC10
00606'906003- EC96:
                       JSR
                                e.PRN2
00607 006015- EC97:
                       JSR
                                e.GETT
00610'006003- EC98:
                       JSR
                                e-PRN2
00611 006020-
                       JSR
                                @.CHEK
00612.000402
                       JMP
                                EC95
00613'024422
                       LDA
                                1.EC11
00614'004411
                       JSR
                                EC5Ø
006151044420
                       STA
                                1.EC11
00616'000771
                       JMP
                                EC97
00617'024416
              EC95:
                       LDA
                                1.EC11
006201125120
                       MOVEL
                                1.1
00621 914413
                       DSZ
                                EC10
006021125221
                       MOVER
                                1.1.SKP
00623'124640
                       NEGOR
                                1.1
```

```
00624'002407
                       JMP
                               ØDBSAV
                                                             C-73
ØØ625'13112Ø EC59:
                       MOVEL.
                               1.2
00626'151120
                       MOVZL
                               2.2
00627'147000
                       ADD
                               2,1
                       MOVEL
00630'125120
                               1 - 1
00631'107000
                       ADD
                               0.1
00632'001400
                       JMP
                               0.3
00633'000000 DBSAV:
                       Ø
              EC10:
00634'000000
                       Ø
00635'000000
              EC11:
                       Ø
00636'000053
                       **+
              EC20:
00637'0000055
              EC21:
              JTO CHECK IF ASCII BYTE IS A DIGIT
              ;& REDUCE IT TO BINARY IF IT IS
                       JSR @ . CHEK
                       -- RETURNS HERE IF NOT DIGIT --
              .
                                      " IS
              JINPUT: ACO
              JOUTPUT: ACØ
              JDESTROYED: ACI
00640'024412
                               1.MSK1
              CHEK:
                       L.DA
00641 123400
                       AND
                               1.0
                               1.89
00642'024412
                       LDA
00643'122032
                       ADCE#
                               1,0,SEC
00644'001400
                               0.3
                       JMP
00645'024406
                               1.00
                       LDA
00646'106032
                       ADC2#
                               0,1,SZC
00647 001400
                               0,3
                       JMP
                               1.0
00650'122400
                       SUB
00651'001401
                       JMP
                               1.3
00652'000177
              MSK1:
                       177
                       "Ø
00653'000060
              NØ:
                       "9
00654'000071
              N9:
              FROUTINE TO GET AN ALPHANUMERIC STRING FROM
              *KEYBOARD AND STORE IT IN BYTE FORMAT WITH
              JA TERMINATING ZERO BYTE
                       JSR @.WORD
                       ADDR (ADDRESS TO PUT STRING)
              3
              JINPUT: FIRST CHARACTER IN ACO
              JALL ACCUMULATORS ARE LOST
00655'031400
              WORD:
                       LDA
                               2,0,3
                                       ;ADDR TO PUT STRING
00656'175400
                       INC
                               3,3
00657'054446
                       STA
                               3,WOSAV
00660 151120
                       MOVEL
                               2,2
                                       BYTE POINTER
                               2,TWP
00661'050445
                       STA
00662'030445
                               2.MAXCS
                       LDA
00663'050445
                       STA
                               2,TRAP
                               2.TWP
00664'030442 MIKE:
                       LDA
00665'010441
                       ISZ
                               TWP
                               1.CR
00666'024436
                       LDA
00667'106415
                       SUB#
                               0,1,SNR
                               ENDI
00670'000416
                       JMP
                       MOVER
                               2,3
00671 155220
                               2,0,3
                                       JOLD WORD
00672'031400
                       LDA
```

```
00673'024436
                      LDA
                               1,MSKL
00674'151992
                      MOV
                               2,2,SEC ; WHICH BYTE?
00675151300
                      MOVS
                               5.2
886761133488
                      AND
                               1,2
00677*113000
                       ADD
                               0.2
                                       INEW BYTE
007001151002
                      MOV
                               2,2,520
00701 151300
                      MOVS
                                       SWAP BACK
                               2,2
00702 051400
                       STA
                               2,0,3
                                       JPUT BACK
00703'014425
                      DS₹
                               TRAP
                       JMP
00704'000415
                               MARK
00705'030421
                      LDA
                               2,TWP
00706'155220
              END1:
                                       PUT Ø IN LAST BYTE
                      MOVER
                               2,3
00707'031400
                      LDA
                               2,0,3
00710'151002
                      MOV
                               2,2,520
                       JMP
00711 000404
                               LEFT
007121152400
                       SUB
                               2,2
00713'051400
                      STA
                               2,0,3
00714'002411
                       JMP
                               ewosav
00715'024004S LEFT:
                       LDA
                               1. MSKR
00716'133400
                       AND
                               1.2
00717'051400
                       STA
                               2,0,3
00720 002405
                       JMP
                               ewosav
00721'006015- MARK:
                       JSR
                               0.GETT
00722.006003-
                       JSR
                               0.PRN2
00723'000741
                       JMP
                               MIKE
00724'000015
              CR:
                       15
00725'000000
              WOSAV:
                       Ø
00726'000000
              TWP:
                       Ø
00727 0000020
              MAXCS:
                      20
              TRAP:
00730'000000
                      Ø
00731 177400
              MSKL:
                       177400
                              JL.H. MASK
                       • END
```

```
·TITL
                                LOADS
                       · ENT
                                · HEAVY
                                .NUM..MI..GETT..DBIN..MESS
                       •EXID
                       .EXTD
                                .PRN2..PAGE
                                CONTR
                       .EXTN
                       . ZREL
00000-0000000 . HEAVY: LOADS
                       · NREL
                  ROUTINE TO MULTIPLY OR DIVIDE ALL BLOCK
                 WEIGHTS (AREAS) BY A CONSTANT
               1
                                3, RTRN | SAVE ALL AC'S
00000'054526
              LOADS:
                       STA
00001 040526
                       STA
                                0.ZER
00002'044526
                       STA
                                1.ONE
00003.050526
                       STA
                                2.TW0
00004'0060075
                       JSR
                                e.PAGE
                                0.MESS
00005.006005$
                       JSR
00006'000155'
                       MS02
00007'177324
                       -300.
00010'001130
                       600.
                       CHECK FOR MULT / DIV
00011 0060055
                       JSR
                                ● •MESS
00012'000172'
                       MSØ4
00013'000113
                       75.
00014'000702
                       450.
00015'006003$ OVR:
                                e.GETT
                       JSR
00016'040514
                       STA
                                Ø.DIG
                                        STORE M OR D
00017'024514
                       LDA
                                1.MM
                                0,1,SNR ;15 IT M ?
00020106415
                       SUB#
00021'000411
                       JMP.
                                OUT
00022'024512
                                1.DD
                                        ; IS IT D
                       LDA
00023'106415
                       SUB#
                                0.1.SNR
                       JMP
                                OUT
00024'000406
00025'006005$
                       JSR
                                e.MESS
00026'000227'
                       MS05
00027'000310
                       200.
00030'000651
                       425.
                                OVR
00031'000764
                       JMP
                                e.PRN2
00032'0060065 OUT:
                       JSR
00033'152400
                       SUB
                                2.2
                                2.WHER
00034'050504
                       STA
00035'024476
                                1.MM
                       LDA
00036'106415
                       SUB#
                                0,1,SNR
00037'000403
                       JMP
                                PAST
00040'152520
                       SUBZL
                                2,2
00041 050477
                       STA
                                2,WHER
                       GET CONSTANT
                                @⋅MESS
00042'0060055 PAST:
                       JSR
                       MSØ6
00043'000237'
00044'000226
                       150.
00045'000567
                       375.
                                e.DBIN
                       JSR
00046'006004$
                                        STORE CONSTANT
00047'044472
                       STA
                                1.CNST
                       HERE WE GO !
```

```
LDA
                                3. ·M1
                                         JGET IST BLOCK POINTER
Ø0050'034002$
00051 054464
                       STA
                                3.BLK
00052'024001S
                       LDA
                                1.NUM
                                        JGET NO. OF BLOCKS
                                1.CNT
00053'044463
                        STA
00054'031400
               ovR2:
                       LDA
                                2,0,3
                                2.TEMP
00055'950462
                       STA
                                         ISAVE FOR LATER
00056'021014
                       LDA
                                0,14,2
                                         GET AREA
00057'101005
                       MOV
                                0.0.SNR ;SKIP ERASED BLOCK
00060.002425
                        JMP
                                TRAP
00061 024457
                       LDA
                                1. WHER
                                1,1,SZR JIF NOT Ø DIVIDE
00062'125004
                       MOV
00063'000412
                        JMP
                                DIVD
00064'111000
               MULT:
                       MOV
                                0,2
000651102400
                       SUB
                                0.0
                                1.CNST
00066 924453
                       LDA
00067 073301
                       MUL
00070'030447
                       LDA
                                2. TEMP
00071'045014
                                1,14,2
                                        JSTORE NEW "AREA"
                       STA
00072'125132
                       MOVZL#
                                1,1,SEC ;TEST FOR >77777
00073'000426
                        JMP FAIL
00074'000411
                        JMP
                                TRAP
                                         JAREA IN ACI
00075'105000
                       MOV
                                0.1
               DIVD:
00076'102400
                       SUB
                                0.0
                                         JCLEAR HI PART
00077'030442
                       LDA
                                2,CNST
                       SUBZ#
                                1,2,SEC ; DIV TEST
00100'132432
                        JMP
                                FAIL
00101'000420
00102'073101
                       DIV
                                2,TEMP
00103'030434
                       LDA
00104'045014
                        STA
                                1,14,2
                                BLK
00105'010430
               TRAP:
                       ISE
                       LDA
                                3.BLK
00106'034427
00107'014427
                       DSZ
                                CNT
                                OVR2
                                         JOO NEXT BLOCK
00110'000744
                        JMP
00111'020416
                       LDA
                                Ø,ZER
                                I.ONE
00112'024416
                       LDA
                       LDA
                                2,TW0
00113'030416
                                e.MESS
00114'006005$
                        JSR
00115'000252'
                       MSØ9
00116'177160
                        -400.
                       250.
00117'000372
                        JMP
                                €CON
00120'002422
00121'006005S FAIL:
                                e.MESS
                        JSR
00122'000143'
                       MSØ8
00123'177470
                        -200.
00124'000310
                       200.
                        JMP
                                econ
00125 002415
00126.0000000
               RTRN:
                       Ø
00127 0000000
                       Ø
               ZER:
00130.0000000
                        Ø
               ONE:
00131'000000
                       Ø
               TWO:
00132'000000
               DIG:
                        Ø
                        "M
06133'000115
               MM:
00134'000104
                       "D
               nn:
00135°CC0000
               BLK:
                       Ø
00136 * 000000
               CNT:
                       Ø
                       Ø
00137'000000
               TEMP:
00140 0000000
               WHER:
                       Ø
00141 1000000
               CNST:
                       0
00142'177777
                       CONTR
               CON:
```

```
MSØ8:
                       .TXT
                                *FA
00143'040506
00144'046111
               IL
00145'042105
               , S
00146'051454
00147'040524
               TA
00150'052122
               RT
00151'040440
               Α
00152'020124
               Ţ
               P-
00153'026520
               1 *
00154'0000061
                                *BL
                        .TXT
               MS02:
00155'046102
00156'041517
               OC
00157'020113
               WE
00160'042527
               I G
00161'043511
00162'052110
               HT
00163'046440
00164'842117
               OD
               IF
00165'043111
00166'041511
               IC
               ΑT
00167'052101
00170'047511
               10
00171'000116
               N*
00172'047504
                                *DO
               MSØ4:
                        .TXT
00173'054440
                Y
00174'052517
               OU
00175'053440
00176'051511
               IS
00177'020110
               Н
               TO
00200'047524
00201 046440
00202'046125
               UL
               TI
00203'044524
00204'046120
               PL
00205'020131
               Υ
00206'046450
               (M
00207'020051
               )
               OR
00210'051117
00211'042040
                D
               I۷
00212'053111
00213'042111
               1 D
00214'020105
               E
00215'042050
               (D
00216'020051
00217'044124
               TH
00220'020105
                Ε
                WE
 00221 042527
 00222'043511
                I G
 00223'052110
               ΗT
 00224'020123
                5
 00225'020077
                ?
 00556,0000000
                                 *MU
                         •TXT
 00227 052515
               MSØ5:
 00230'052123
                ŞΤ
 00231 041040
                 В
 00232'020105
                Ε
 00233'020115
                M
                OR
 00234'051117
 00235'042040
                 D
```

```
00236'000040
00237'044127
               MS86:
                       •TXT
                                *WH
00240'052101
               AT
00241 044440
                I
00242'020123
               S
00243'044124
               TH
00244'020105
               Ε
00245 040506
               FA
00246'052103
               CT
00247'051117
               OR
00250'037440
                ?
00251 9000040
00252'047503
              MSØ9:
                       • TXT
                               *C0
00253'050115
              MP
00254'042514
              LE
00255'042524
              TE
00256'026104
              D,
00257 053440
               W
00260'044501
              ΑI
00261 044524
              TI
00262'043516
              NG
00263'040040
00264'041440
               С
00265'047117
              ON
00266'051124
              TR
00267'000000
```

.END

```
FORD
                       .TITL
               FORCE-DISPLACEMENT LAW FOR ALL
               CONTACT POINTS
                       •EXTD
                                .MI..M5..NUM..EMPT..MSKR
                                .VEC..SCAL..PLTS..SPRP..PRES
                       •EXTD
                       EXTD
                                .MESS, .GETT, . IPRN
                       •EXTD
                                .ROT, .UREP, .TREC
                                .NVEC, .PAGE, .ALPH, .HEAVY
                       EXTD
                       .EXTN
                                CONTR
                       • ENT
                                .FORD, .TIME, MU
                       .ZREL
00000-000000 NU:
                       000000
                                ;FRICTION COEF. (DEFAULT VALUE = .0)
                       FORD
00001-000033' .FORD:
                                INORMAL DAMPING FACTOR
00002-000001
              .KDN:
                       1
00003-000001
               .KDS:
                       1
                                SHEAR DAMPING FACTOR
00004-000000
              XCP:
                       0
              YCP:
00005-000000
00006-0000000
              DELS:
                       Ø
                       Ø
00007-000000
              DFLN:
00010-0000000
              FN:
                       Ø
              FDSAV:
000011-000000
                       Ø
00012-000000
              LOCPR:
00013-000000
              LOCBL:
              LOCBP:
                       0
00014-000000
              OLINK:
00015-000000
                       Ø
              COUNT:
00016-000000
                       Ø
00017-000000
              PRLNK:
00020-000000
              cos:
00021-000000
              SIN:
                       Ø
               COSF:
00022-000000
                       Ø
00023-000000
              SINF:
00024-000672' .TIME:
                       DYNFAC
                       . NREL
                       SUBO
                                0.0
00000'102440
              MULS:
                       STA
                                2,SV2
00001 050420
                                e1,0,3
                                        3 A
00002'027470
                       LDA
00003'033401
                       LDA
                                02,1,3 JB
00004'125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,SZC
00005'124460
                       NEGC
                                1.1
                       MOVL#
                                2,2,SZC
00006'151112
00007 150460
                       NEGC
                                2.2
00010'073301
                       MUL
00011'0300055
                       LDA
                                2. MSKR
                                         JTAKE MIDDLE 8 BITS
00012'143700
                       ANDS
                                2,0
                       MOVS
00013'125300
                                1.1
00014'147400
                       AND
                                2.1
00015'107002
                       ADD
                                0,1,52C
00016'124400
                       NEG
                                1.1
                                2,5V2
00017'030402
                       LDA
                       JMP
                                2,3
                                         JA*B IN ACI
00020'001402
000001.000000
               SV2:
                       Ø
000022'0000000
              XDL:
                       Ø
00003'000000
               YDL:
                       Ø
               XDP:
                       Ø
00024'000000
00025'000000
               YDP:
                       Ø
               DAP:
                       Ø
00026.0000000
00027 0000000
                       Ø
               DAL:
                       a
00030'000000
               DXL:
00001'000000
              DYL:
```

```
08 - 3
00032'000310' NEXTR:
                       NEXTB
00033'054011- FORD:
                                3.FDSAV
                       STA
00034'0340025
                       LDA
                                3..M5
                                        INITIAL PROD POINTER
00035.054012-
                       STA
                                3.1 OCPR
00036'054015-
                       STA
                                3.OLINK
00037 0200035
                       L.DA
                                B. NUM
00040'040016-
                       STA
                                0.COUNT
00041 10340015
                       LDA
                                3. M1
                                        FINITIAL BLOCK DAT. PNTR.
00042 054013-
                                3.LOCBL
                       STA
00043'036012- LOOP:
                       LDA
                                3. PLOCPR
                                                 JIST WORD
                                3,3,SEC ILIST TAIL FLAG?
00044'175112 ENTRY:
                       MOVL#
00045'002765
                       JMP
                                eNEXTR IYES, NEXT BLOCK
00046 054017-
                                3.PRLNK
                       STA
00047'021400
                       LDA
                                0.0.3
                                        : CONTROL WORD
00050'040023-
                                0.SINF
                                        ISIN FLAG IN BIT 0
                       STA
00051'101100
                       MOVL
                                0.0
00052 040022-
                       STA
                                Ø.COSF
                                        COS FLAG IN BIT Ø
00053'021410
                       LDA
                                0.10.3
                                        ISIN
00054'040021-
                       STA
                                0.SIN
00055'021411
                       LDA
                                0.11.3
                                        3 COS
00056'040020-
                       STA
                                Ø.COS
00057'021412
                       LDA
                                0,12,3
00060 '040004-
                                0.XCP
                                        X CONTACT POINT
                       STA
00061'021413
                       LDA
                                0.13.3
                                0.YCP
00062 040005-
                       STA
                                        JY CONTACT POINT
              JTO GET CONTRIBUTIONS FROM EDGE
00063'032013-
                       LDA
                                S'&FOCBF
00064'021001
                                        :XG. THIS BLOCK
                       LDA
                                0,1,2
00065'024004-
                       LDA
                                1.XCP
000661106400
                       SUB
                                0.1
00067 044733
                       STA
                                1.XDL
00070'021003
                                        JYG. THIS BLOCK
                       LDA
                                0.3.2
00071 024005-
                                1.YCP
                       LDA
00072'106400
                       SUB
                                0.1
00073'044730
                                1.YDL
                       STA
00074'021022
                       LDA
                                0,22,2
00075 040732
                       STA
                                0.DAL
00076'004702
                       JSR
                                MULS
00077'000027'
                       DAL
00100.000053.
                       YDL
00101,051050
                                0,20,2
                       LDA
                                        JDELTA-X, THIS BLOCK
00102 122400
                                        JSUSTRACT ROT. CONTRIB.
                       SUB
                                1.0
00103'040725
                                Ø,DXL
                       STA
00104'004674
                       JSR
                                MULS
00105'000027'
                       DAL
00106,000055.
                       XDL.
00107'021021
                       LDA
                                0,21,2 ;DELTA-Y
00110.153000
                       ADD
                                1.0
00111'040720
                                0.DYL
                       STA
00112 034017-
                       LDA
                                3.PRLNK
00113'021401
                       LDA
                                0.1.3
                                       (NP:NB)
00114'024005$
                                1. MSKR
                       LDA
00115'107400
                       AND
                                0.1
                                        JBLOCK # OF POINT
00116'0300015
                       LDA
                               2. MI
00117'133000
                       ADD
                               1.2
00120 050014-
                       STA
                               2, LOCBP ; DATA POINTER (POINT)
00121'031000
                       LDA
                               2,0,2
00122'021001
                       LDA
                               0.1.2
                                        IXG. OTHER BLOCK
```

_-

```
00123'024004-
                        LDA
                                1,XCP
00124'106400
                        SUB
                                0.1
00125'044677
                        STA
                                1.XDP
00126.021003
                        LDA
                                0,3,2
                                         ; YG, OTHER BLOCK
00127 024005-
                        LDA
                                1.YCP
00130'106400
                        SUB
                                0.1
00131'044674
                        STA
                                1.YDP
00132'021022
                                0,22,2
                        LDA
00133'040673
                        STA
                                Ø,DAP
                                         JDELTA-ALPHA
00134'004644
                        JSR
                                MULS
00135'000026'
                        DAP
00136'000025'
                        YDP
00137'021020
                        LDA
                                        JDELTA-X, NB(P)
                                0,20,2
00140'122400
                        SUB
                                1.0
00141'024667
                        LDA
                                1.DXL
00142'122400
                        SUB
                                         JDXP-DXL
                                1.0
00143'040570
                        STA
                                Ø, DELX
00144'004634
                        JSR
                                MULS
80145'000026'
                        DAP
00146'000024'
                        XDP
00147'021021
                                0,21,2
                       1.DA
                                        ;DYP
00150'123000
                       ADD
                                1.0
00151'024660
                       LDA
                                1.DYL
00152'122400
                        SUB
                                1.0
                                         JDYP-DYL
00153'040561
                        STA
                                0,DELY
00154'004562
                                         JTRANSFORMATION ROUTINE
                        JSR
                                TRANS
00155'030017-
                       LDA
                                2, PRLNK
00156'021005
                       LDA
                                0.5.2
                                         JOLD N (NORM. DISP.)
00157'163000
                       ADD
                                3.0
00160'041005
                        STA
                                0,5,2
                                         INEW N
00161'165000
                       MOV
                                3,1
00162'030553
                       LDA
                                2.KN
                                         INORMAL STIFFNESS
00163'102400
                       SUB
                                0.0
00164'125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,SZC
00165'124400
                       NEG
                                1.1
00166'073301
                       MUL
00167 175113
                       MOVL#
                                3,3,5NC
00170 124400
                       NEG
                                1.1
                                         JINVERT ORIG. SIGN
00171'030017-
                                2, PRLNK ; FOR +VE FN
                       LDA
00172'021006
                       LDA
                                0,6,2
                                        JOLD NORMAL FORCE, FN
00173'125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,52C
00174'000405
                       JMP
                                OK
00175'107000
                       ADD
                                0.1
00176'125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,SEC
00177'006506
                       JSR
                                PLM1
00200'000404
                       JMP
                                STOR
00201'107000
               OK:
                       ADD
                                0.1
                                         JADD IN INCREMENT
00202'125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,SEC ; ZERO ADHESION ASSUMED
00203'000520
                        JMP
                                DELET
                                         SET FORCES TO ZERO
00204'045006
               STOR:
                                         INEW NORMAL FORCE
                       STA
                                1,6,2
00205'044010-
                       STA
                                1.FN
00206'165000
                       MOV
                                3,1
00207 030002-
                       LDA
                                2. KDN JDAMPING FACTOR
002101102400
                       SUB
                                0.0
00211'125112
                                1,1,SEC
                       MOVL#
002121124400
                       NEG
                                1 . 1
00213'073301
                       MUL
                       MOVL#
00214'175113
                                3,3,5NC
00215'124400
                       NEG
                                1.1
00216'020010-
                       LDA
                                O.FN
```

```
C-82
002171123000
                        ADD
                                1.0
00220 125112
                        MOVL #
                                1.1.SEC
00221 0000403
                        JMP
                                NC
00255,101113
                        MOVL#
                                0,R,SEC
002231006463
                        JSR
                                BLMB
00224'040510
              NC:
                        STA
                                0.DELY
00225 930017-
                        LDA
                                2. PRLNK
00226 006501
                                        GET SHEAR FORCE
                        JSR
                                €SHR
00227 040584
                        STA
                                0.DFLX
00230 004506
                        JSR
                                TRANS
               JADD GLOBAL FORCES ARISING FROM
               :THIS CONTACT.
00231 006453
                        JSR
                                TMOMS
                                        IMOMENT, THIS BLOCK
00232'000007-
                       DELN
00233 0000006-
                       DELS
00234'0000922'
                       XDL
00235'000023'
                       YDL
00236'032013-
                       LDA
                                2.eLOCBL
                                                 ;THIS BLOCK
00237'021017
                       LDA
                                0.17,2
00240'122400
                       รบธ
                                1.0
00241 041017
                       STA
                                0.17.2
                                        INEW MSUM
00242'021007
                       LDA
                                0.7,2
                                        :OLD FXSUM
00243'024006-
                       LDA
                                1.DELS
00244'123000
                       ADD
                                1.0
00245.041007
                       STA
                                0.7.2
                                         INEW FXSUM
00246'021016
                                        JOLD FYSUM
                       LDA
                                0.16.2
00247 024007-
                       LDA
                                1.DELN
00250'122400
                       SUB
                                1.0
00251'041016
                       STA
                                0.16.2 INEW FYSUM
00252'006432
                       JSR
                                TMDM9
00253'0000007-
                       DELN
00254'0000006-
                       DELS
00255'000024'
                       XDP
00256'000025'
                       YDP
00257'032014-
                       LDA
                                2.eLOCBP
                                                 JOTHER BLOCK
00260'021017
                       LDA
                                0.17.2 ;OLD
                                                 MSUM
00261'123000
                       ADD
                                1.0
00262'041017
                       STA
                                0,17,2 ; NEW MSUM
00263'021007
                       LDA
                                        JAS ABOVE, BUT
                                0.7.2
00264'024006-
                       LDA
                                1.DELS ; WITH OPPOSITE SIGNS
00265'122400
                       SUB
                                1.0
00266'041007
                       STA
                                0.7.2
00267 021016
                       LDA
                                0,16,2
00270'024007-
                                1.DELN
                       LDA
00271'123000
                       ADD
                                1.0
00272'041016
                       STA
                                8,16,2
00273'0200065
                                        PLOT VECTORS IF FLAG SET
                       L.DA
                                Ø. . VEC
00274'101004
                       MOV
                                0,0,52R
00275'006412
                       JSR
                                QVDISP
00276'034017- CHAIN:
                                3. PRLNK
                       LDA
00277 171400
                       INC
                                3,2
00300 151400
                       INC
                               2.2
                                        #GE1 LINK ADDRESS
00301'050015-
                       STA
                                2. OLINK : REVERSE LINK
00302'835402
                       LDA
                                3,2,3
00303'002425
                       JMP
                                @ENTR
                                        JEET NEXT ENTRY
00304'000432' MOMT:
                       MOM
00305'001143' LM1:
                       LIMI
00306'001150' LM0:
                       LIMØ
```

```
00307'000503' VDISP:
                        VDIS
                JNEXT BLOCK
 00310'010012- NEXTB:
                                 LOCPR
                        157
                                         JINCR. PROD LOCATOR
00311'034012-
                        LDA
                                 3,LOCPR
 00312*054015-
                        STA
                                 3.OLINK
00313'010013-
                        ISE
                                 LOCBL
                                         JINCR. DATA LOCATOR
00314'014016-
                                         JEXIT IF ALL BLOCKS
                        DSE
                                 COUNT
 00315'002414
                        .IMP
                                 eLOOPR ;
                                              SCANNED
00316'0300125
                        LDA
                                 2. PRES
00317'151112
                        MOVL#
                                 2,2,SEC
00320'002011-
                        JMP
                                 eFDSAV
                                         INO PRESS. SEGMENTS
00321 002401
                        JMP
                                 @PRS
                                         JGET FORCES FROM PR. SEGS.
00322'000637' PRS:
                        PRESU
003231102400
               DELET:
                        SUB
                                 0.0
00324'041006
                        STA
                                 0,6,2
003251041007
                        STA
                                 0,7,2
00326'000750
                        JMP
                                 CHAIN
00327'000553' SHR:
                        SHEAR
00330'000044' ENTR:
                        ENTRY
00331'000043' LOOPR:
                        LOOP
000332'000000
               SAVE:
00333'000000
               DELX:
                        а
00334'000000
               DELY:
                        Ø
00335 0000003
               KN:
                        3
00336'054774
               TRANS:
                        STA
                                3.SAVE
00337'024774
                        LDA
                                1.DELX
00340'033020-
                        LDA
                                2,005
00341'102440
                        SUBO
                                0.0
                                         JCLEAR CARRY
00342'125112
                        MOVI #
                                1,1,SZC
003431124440
                        NEGO
                                1.1
                                         SET CARRY
00344'073301
                        MUL
                                         JDELX*COS
00345'125112
                        MOVL#
                                1,1,SEC ; ROUND UP IF NEC.
00346'101400
                        INC
                                0.0
00347'101002
                        MOV
                                0.0.SEC
00350'100400
                        NEG
                                0.0
                                         RESTORE SIGN
00351 1024022-
                                1, COSF
                        L.DA
00352'125102
                        MOVL
                                1,1,SEC
003531100400
                       NEG
                                0.0
00354'115000
                       MOV
                                0,3
                                         JPARTIAL SUM IN AC3
003551024757
                       LDA
                                1.DELY
00356'030021-
                       LDA
                                2.5IN
003571102440
                        SUBO
                                0.0
00360'125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,SZC
00361124440
                       NEGO
                                1.1
00362'073301
                       MIII
                                         JDELY*SIN
00363'125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,S2C ; ROUND UP IF NEC.
00364 101400
                       INC
                                0.0
00365'101002
                       MOV
                                0.0.SZC
00366'100400
                       NEG
                                0.0
00367 024023-
                       LDA
                                1.SINF
00370'125102
                       MOVL
                                1,1,S2C
00371 100400
                       NEG
                                0.0
003721117000
                       ADD
                                0.3
                                        JDELX*COS+DELY*SIN
00373'054006-
                       STA
                                3.DELS
00374'024740
                       LDA
                                1.DELY
00375'033020-
                       LDA
                                2.COS
00376'102440
                       SUBO
                                0.0
00377'125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,SZC
00490'124449
                       NEGO
                                1.1
00401 073301
                       MUL.
                                        JDELY*COS
```

```
00402'125112
                        MOVL#
                                 1,1,52C ! ROUND UP IF NEC.
 00403 101400
                        INC
                                 0.0
 00404'101002
                        MOV
                                 0,0,52C
 00405 100400
                        NEG
                                 0.0
 00406 924022-
                        LDA
                                 1.COSF
 00407'125102
                        MOVL
                                 1,1,52C
00410'100400
                        NEG
                                 0.0
00411'115000
                        MOV
                                 0,3
                                         PARTIAL SUM IN AC3
00412'024721
                        LDA
                                 1.DELX
00413'030021-
                        LDA
                                 2.SIN
00414'102440
                        SUBO
                                 0.0
00415'125112
                        MOVL#
                                 1,1,52C
00416'124440
                        NEGO
                                 1.1
00417 073301
                        MUL
                                         JDELX*SIN
00420 125112
                        MOVL#
                                 1.1.SEC : ROUND UP IF NEC.
00421'101400
                        INC
                                 0.0
00422101002
                        MOV
                                 0,0,52C
00423'100400
                        NEG
                                 0,0
00424 024023-
                        LDA
                                 1.SINF
00425'125102
                        MOVL
                                 1,1,SEC
00426100400
                        NEG
                                 0.0
00427'116400
                        SUB
                                 0.3
                                         JDELY*COS-DELX*SIN
00430'054007-
                        STA
                                 3.DELN
00431 002701
                        JMP
                                 esave
               COMPUTES A*XDIF+B*YDIF , AND TRUNCATES
               $TO MIDDLE 16 BITS OF 32 BIT NUMBER
                    OUTPUT: AC1
00432'054444
               MOM:
                        STA
                                 3.TEMP
00433'027400
                        LDA
                                e1.0.3
                                         JA
00434'033402
                        LDA
                                 02,2,3 ;XDIF
00435'176400
                        SUB
                                3.3
00436'125112
                        MOVL#
                                1,1,SZC
00437 157000
                        ADD
                                2,3
00440'151112
                        MOVL#
                                2,2,SEC
00441 137000
                        ADD
                                1.3
00442 102400
                        SUB
                                0.0
00443'073301
                        MUL
00444'162400
                        SUB
                                3,0
00445'040432
                        STA
                                IH.O
                                         JA+XDIF IN ACO:AC1
00446'044432
                        STA
                                1.L0
00447 034427
                        LDA
                                3.TEMP
00450'027401
                        LDA
                                01,1,3
                                         ; B
00451 033403
                       LDA
                                65,3,3
                                        JYDIF
00452 176400
                        SUB
                                3,3
00453'125112
                        MOVL#
                                1,1,52C
00454'157000
                        ADD
                                2.3
00455'151112
                       MOVL#
                                2,2,SEC
00456'137000
                       ADD
                                1.3
00457 102400
                        SUB
                                0.0
00460'073301
                       MUL
00461 162400
                       SUB
                                3.0
                                         JB*YDIF IN ACO:ACI
00462'030415
                       LDA
                                S'HI
00463'034415
                       LDA
                                3,L0
00464'167022
                       ADDZ
                                3,1,SEC JADD 2 D.P. NUMBERS
00465'151400
                       INC
                                2.2
00466 1 43000
                       ADD
                                2.0
                                         JD.P. ANSWER IN ACO: ACI
00467 0300055
                       LDA
                                2. MSKR INOW TAKE ONLY MIDDLE
00470'143700
                       ANDS
                                2.0
                                        $ 8 BITS
00471 125300
                       MOVS
                                1.1
00472 147400
                       AND
                                2.1
```

```
00473'107000
                                        IRESULT IN ACI
                       ADD
                                0.1
                                3.TEMP
00474'034402
                       LDA
00475'001404
                       JMP
                                4.3
                                        FRETURN TO CALL +5
00476'000000 TEMP:
                       Ø
00477'000000 HI:
                       0
00500 9000000
              LO:
                       Ø
00501 0000000
              XNUM:
                       0
00502'000000
              YNUM:
                       Ø
00503'054446
                                       ; VECTOR PLOTTING ROUTINE
              VDIS:
                       STA
                                3.VEC3
00504 920004-
                       LDA
                                0.XCP
                                        X CONTACT POINT
                                1.YCP
                                        3 Y
00505'024005-
                       I DA
00506'0060105
                       JSR
                                e · PLTS
                                        ;1ST END (BEAM OFF)
00507'000000
                       0
00510'024006-
                       LDA
                                1.DELS
00511'044770
                       STA
                                1 - XNUM
00512'006007$
                                @.SCAL
                                        ISCALE FORCE FOR PLOTTING
                       JSR
00513'020004-
                       LDA
                                Ø,XCP
005141123000
                       ADD
                                1.0
00515'040435
                                Ø, XVEC ; X VECTOR
                       STA
00516'024007-
                                1.DELN
                       LDA
00517'044763
                       STA
                                1.YNUM
00520'006007$
                       JSR
                                e-SCAL
00521 020005-
                       LDA
                                Ø.YCP
00522'122400
                                1.0
                       SUB
00523'105000
                       MOV
                                0.1
                                        JY VECTOR
00524'020426
                       LDA
                                0,XVEC
                                e.PLTS
                                        ;PLOT VECTOR
00525'006010$
                       JSR
                                        JBEAM ON
00526'0000001
                                €.ALPH
                       JSR
00527 0060235
                                2. NVEC ; TO PRINT VALUES
00530.0300212
                       LDA
00531 151005
                       MOV
                                2,2, SNR ; Ø=DONT PRINT
00532 002417
                       JMP
                                eVEC3
00533'020746
                       LDA
                                Ø,XNUM
00534'006015$
                       JSR
                                e.IPRN ;PRINT X
00535'0000005
                       5
00536'020744
                       LDA
                                Ø,YNUM
                                        JPRINT Y
00537'006015$
                       JSR
                                e.IPRN
00540'000005
                       5
                                2. NVEC JIF>1. HALT FOR CHECK
00541 0300215
                       LDA
00542'151224
                       MOVER
                                2,2,SER
00543'004402
                                        JWAIT FOR ANY KEY
                       JSR
                                WAIT
00544'002405
                       JMP
                                eVEC3
00545'063610 WAIT:
                       SKPDN
                                TTI
                       JMP
00546'000777
                                . -1
00547'060210
                       NIOC
                                TTI
00550'001400
                       JMP
                                0,3
00551 0000000
              VEC3:
                       Ø
00552'000000
              XVEC:
                       0
              JTHE FOLLOWING ROUTINE COMPUTES SHEAR FORCE
              FROM SHEAR DISP. AND NORMAL FORCE.
               FIT ALSO ADDS IN DAMPING TERM, IF CONTACT IS
              JNOT SLIDING.
00553'050455
              SHEAR: STA
                                2,SV$2
                                1,0,2
005541025000
                       LDA
                                Ø.FRMSK :TYPE # MASK
00555 020455
                       LDA
                                0,1,SER ; IF ZERO, USE DEFAULT
00556'107704
                       ANDS
                       JMP
                                GETFR
00557 0000454
                       LDA
                                2.MU
                                        FRICTION COEF (<1)
00560'030000-
```

```
00561'024819- SLIP:
                       LDA
                                1.FN
005621102400
                       SUB
                                0.0
00563 073301
                       MUL
                                        JEN*MU IN ACO
                                ØJESMAX JMAX POSS SHEAR FORCE
005641040443
                       STA
00565 030444
                       LDA
                                2,KS
                                        ; SHEAR STIFFNESS
00566 1024096-
                       LDA
                                1,DELS
                                        ; INCR. SHEAR DISP.
                                        JCLEAR CARRY
00567102440
                       SUB0
                                0.0
005701125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,SEC
                                        ;SET CARRY IF DELS -VE
005711124440
                       NEGO
                                1.1
00572 073301
                       MUL
                                        JDELS*KS (=DELTA(FS))
00573'125002
                       MOV
                                1,1,SZC
00574124400
                                        FRETURN SIGN
                       NEG
                                1.1
00575'030433
                       LDA
                                2.SVS2
00576 921007
                       LDA
                                0,7,2
                                        JFS(OLD)
00577'107000
                       ADD
                                0.1
                                        JRAW FS
00600 1044426
                       STA
                                1.FS
               ; THE FOLLOWING LINE WAS IN ERROR IN PAC'S
                                1,7,2
00601 045007
                       STA
                                        ;7/30/76 ERROR FOUND
00602.151105
                       MOVL
                                1.0.SEC
006031124400
                       NEG
                                1.1
00604'020423
                                Ø.F.SMAX
                       LDA
00605 122513
                       SUBL#
                                1,0,SNC ; EXCEEDED MAX?
00606'000405
                       .IMP
                                DAMP
                                        ;NO. ADD IN DAMPING
00607'125002
                       MOV
                                1.1.SZC ;SIGN?
00610'100400
                       NEG
                                0.0
00611 041007
                                        INEW FS IN ACO
                       STA
                                0,7,2
00612'001400
                       JMP
                                0,3
                                        SEXIT
00613'024006- DAMP:
                       LDA
                                1.DELS
00614'030003-
                       LDA
                                2. KDS
                                        JDAMPING FACTOR
00615'102440
                       SUBO
                                0.0
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,52C
00616'125112
00617'124440
                       NEGO
                                1.1
00620'073301
                       MUL
00621'125002
                       MOV
                               1,1,52C
006221124400
                       NEG
                                1.1
00623 920403
                       LDA
                                0.FS
00624123000
                                1.0
                                        JADD IN DAMPING FORCE
                       ADD
00625'001400
                       JMP
                                0.3
                                        JEXIT (OUTPUT: ACO)
00626.0000000
              FS:
                       Ø
00627'000000
              FSMAX:
                       Ø
00630'000000
              SVS2:
                       Ø
P0631 '000003
              KS:
                               ISHEAR STIFFNESS
                       3
006321017400
              FRMSK:
                       17400
                                *MASK FOR TYPE # PART OF CONT. WORD
60633'0300115 GETFR:
                       LDA
                               2. SPRP
006341133000
                       ADD
                                1,2
00635'031000
                       LDA
                               2.0.2
                                        JGET APPROPRIATE FRICTION
00636'000723
                               SLIP
                       JMP
               ITO ADD IN PRESSURE FORCES FROM LINKED
               JLIST OF PRESSURE SEGMENTS.
00637'021000 PRESU: LDA
                               0.0.2
00640'0240055
                       LDA
                                1. MSKR
00641 123400
                               1.0
                       AND
                                        INB
0064210340015
                       LDA
                               3. . MI
00643'117000
                       ADD
                               0.3
00644'035400
                       LDA
                               3.0.3
                                        JBLOCK POINTER
```

```
006451021003
                               0.3.2
                                       JM INCREMENT
                      LDA
00646'025417
                      LDA
                               1,17,3 ;OLD MSUM
00647 107000
                       ADD
                               0,1
00650'045417
                       STA
                               1,17,3
                                       JNEW MSUM
00651 021004
                                       JFX INCREMENT
                               0,4,2
                      LDA
006521025407
                      LDA
                               1,7,3
                                       JOLD FXSUM
00653'107000
                       ADD
                               0,1
00654'045407
                       STA
                               1,7,3
                                       INEW FXSUM
              ;----
                                       JFY INCREMENT
00655'021005
                               0,5,2
                      LDA
00656'025416
                               1,16,3 ;OLD FYSUM
                      LDA
00657 107000
                       ADD
                               0.1
00660'045416
                               1,16,3 ; NEW FYSUM
                       STA
00661'031002
                      LDA
                               2,2,2
                                       ;LINK
00662'151115
                      MOVL#
                               2,2,SNR
00663'000754
                       JMP
                               PRESU
00664'002011-
                      JMP
                               eFDSAV JEND OF CHAIN.
              3 ROUTINE TO CHANGE TREC, ETC.
00665'000040 DTREC:
                      40
00666'000001
              DKDN:
                       1
00667.000012
              DKDS:
                       12
00670'000140
              DROT:
                       140
00671'000023 DUREP: 23
00672'006022$ DYNFAC: JSR
                               e • PAGE
00673'006023$
                               e.ALPH
                       JSR
00674'0060135
                       JSR
                               e.MESS
00675'001212'
                      DMSØ
00676 177470
                       -200.
00677 001320
                       720 .
00700'006013$
                       JSR
                               e.MESS
00701'001234'
                       DMS1
00702'177665
                      -75.
00703'001236
                       670.
00704'006013$
                               P.MESS
                       JSR
00705 001244
                      DMS2
00706'000175
                       125.
00707 001200
                       640 .
00710'0200205
                               O. TREC ITIME STEP
                      LDA
                               e.IPRN
00711 006015$
                       JSR
00712'000004
                       4
00713'006013$
                       JSR
                               e.MESS
00714'001250'
                      DMS3
00715'000175
                      125.
00716'001130
                       600.
                               Ø. KDN
                                       JNORMAL DAMPING FAC
00717 320002-
                      LDA
                               e.IPRN
00720'006015$
                       JSR
00721'000004
                       4
00722'0060135
                       JSR
                               e.MESS
00723'001254'
                      DMS4
00724'000175
                       125.
00725'001060
                       560.
                               0 . . KDS
                                      ISHEAR DAMPING FAC
00726'020003-
                      LDA
00727'0060155
                      JSR
                               e.IPRN
00730.000004
00731'0060135
                       JSR
                               e.MESS
```

```
C-88
00732'001260'
                        DMS5
00733'000175
                        125.
00734'001010
                        520.
00735'0200165
                                Ø. ROT
                                         FROT. TIME FAC
                        LDA
00736'3060158
                        JSR
                                e - IPRN
00737.000005
                        5
00740'0060135
                        JSR
                                e-MESS
00741'001264'
                        DMS6
00742'000175
                        125.
00743'000740
                        480.
00744'020017$
                                Ø. UREP ; UPDATE COUNTER
                        LDA
00745 0060155
                        JSR
                                e. IPRN
00746'0000004
                        4
00747'0060135
                        JSR
                                e.MESS
00750'001270'
                       DMS7
99751'17747U
                        -200.
00752'000536
                        350.
00753'006013$
                        JSR
                                .MESS
00754'001306'
                        DMS8
00755'000454
                        300.
00756'000454
                        300 -
00757'006013$
                        JSR
                                e.MESS
00760'001325'
                       DMS9
00761 9000454
                        300.
00762 0000404
                       260.
00763 0060135
                        JSR
                                e.MESS
00764'001367'
                       DMIG
00765 0000454
                       300.
00766 0000334
                       220.
00767'0060135
                        JSR
                                e.MESS
00770'001344'
                       DMS10
00771'000454
                       300.
00772'000264
                       180.
               # GET CONTROL KEY
00773'006014$
                       JSR
                                e.GETT
00774'024414
                       LDA
                                1.WCHR
                                        JIS IT A W
00775'106415
                       SUB#
                                0.1.SNR
00776'0060245
                       JSR
                                P.HEAVY JYES
00777'024407
                                        JIS IT AN I?
                       LDA
                                1.ICHR
01000'106415
                       SUR#
                                0.1.SNR
01001'000410
                       JMP
                                UP
                                         JYES
01002'024405
                                1.DCHR ; IS IT A D ?
                       LDA
01003'106415
                       SU9#
                                0.1.SNR
01004'000434
                       JMP
                                DWN
                                         JYES
010051002535
                       JMP
                                econ
                                         INONE-GO TO CONTR
                       "I
01006.600111
               ICHR:
01007'000104
                       "D
              DCHR:
01010'000127
               WCHR:
                       •••
01011'820002- UP:
                       LDA
                                0. . KDN
01012 024654
                       LDA
                                1. DKDN
01013'106432
                       SUBZ#
                                0.1.52C ; IFKDN=DKDN ALREADY AT MAX
01014'000521
                       JMP
                                MAX
01015*122400
                       SUB
                                1.0
01016'040002-
                                0 . . KDN
                       STA
0101710200205
                       LDA
                                Ø. TREC
Ø1929°924645
                       LDA
                                1.DTREC
01021'122430
                       SUB
                                1.0
```

01022'040020\$		STA	0. TREC
01023'020003-		LDA	0 KDS
01024'024643		LDA	1.DKDS
01025'122400		SUB	1.0
01026'040003-		STA	
			ØKDS
01027'0200165		LDA	Ø. ROT
01030'024640		LDA	1.DROT
01031'122400		SUB	1.0
01032'0400165		STA	Ø. ROT
01033'0200175		LDA	0. UREP
01034'024635		LDA	1.DUREP
01035'122400		SUB	1.0
01036'0400175		STA	Ø. UREP
01037'000426		JMP	OUTPT
0.007 000420	3	0.11	
0104010000000	DWN:	1.04	A. TREC
01040'0200205	DWIN.	LDA	Ø.TREC
01041'024624		LDA	1.DTREC
01042'107000		ADD	0.1
01043'044020\$		STA	1. TREC
01044'020002-		LDA	0. KDN
01045'024621		LDA	1.DKDN
01046'107000		ADD	0.1
01047'044002-		STA	1 KDN
01050'020003-		LDA	Ø. KDS
01051'024616		LDA	1.DKDS
01052'107000		ADD	0.1
01053'044003-		STA	1. KDS
01054'020016\$		LDA	Ø. ROT
01055'024613			
		LDA	1.DROT
01056'107000		ADD	0 · t
01057'0440165		STA	1. ROT
01060'020017\$		LDA	Ø. UREP
01061 024610		LDA	1.DUREP
01 062 ' 107000		ADD	0.1
01063'044017\$		STA	1.UREP
01064'900401		JMP	OUTPT
	3		
01065'0060135	OUTPT:	JSR	e · MESS
01066'001361'		DMSII	
01067 176701		-575.	
01070'001236		670.	
01071 0060135		JSR	e.MESS
01072'001244'		DMS2	6.44522
01073'001161		625.	
01074'001200		640•	
01075'020020\$		LDA	Ø. TREC
01076'006015\$		JSR	e - I PRN
01 077 ' 000004		4	
01100'006013\$		JSR	e•MESS
01101'001250'		DMS3	
01102'001161		625.	
01103'001130		600.	
01104'020002-		LDA	Ø. KDN
01105'006015\$		JSR	e · IPRN
01106'000004		4	
01107 0060135		JSR	e.MESS
		DMS4	
01110'001254'		-	
Ø1111°001161		625•	
01112,601060		560.	- 1455
01113'020003-		LDA	0. KDS

```
01114 036015$
                         JSR
                                  0.IPRN
 01115'0000004
                         4
 01116'006013$
                         JSR
                                  @ . MESS
 01117'001260'
                         DMS5
 01150.001191
                         625.
 01121.001010
                         520.
 01122.0500192
                         LDA
                                  0. POT
 01123'006015$
                         JSR
                                  0.IPRN
 01124'0000005
 01125'006013$
                         JSR.
                                  @.MESS
 01126'001264'
                         DMS6
 01127'001161
                         625.
 01130'000740
                         480.
 01131'020017$
                         LDA
                                 0. UREP
 01132'0060155
                         JSR
                                  e - IPRN
 01133'000004
                         4
 01134'002406
                         JMP
                                 €CON
 01135'006013$ MAX:
                         JSR
                                 e . MESS
 01136'001172'
                         ERR
 01137 177470
                         -200.
 01140'000226
                         150.
 01141'002401
                         JMP
                                 €CON
                                         3 GO BACK TO CONTR
 01142'177777
                CON:
                        CONTR
01143'054411
               LIM1:
                        STA
                                 3. RETN
01144'004412
                        JSR
                                 WARN
01145'024410
                        LDA
                                 1.LIMIT
01146 034007-
                        LDA
                                 3.DELN
01147'002405
                        JMP
                                 eRETN
01150'054404
               LIMØ:
                        STA
                                 3, RETN
01151'004405
                        JSR
                                 WARN
01152'020403
                        LDA
                                 0,LIMIT
01153'002401
                        JMP
                                 ORETN
01154'0000000
               RETN:
01155'077777
               LIMIT:
                        77777
                                 MAX NORMAL FORCE
01156'054413
               WARN:
                        STA
                                 3, RETR
01157'006013$
                        JSR
                                 e.MESS
01160.001404.
                        MWI
01161'001522
                        850.
01162'001332
                        730.
01163'0060135
                        JSR
                                €⋅MESS
01164'001412'
                        MW2
01165'001522
                        850.
01166'001313
                        715.
01167'034402
                        LDA
                                3, RETR
01170'001400
                        JMP
                                0.3
01171'000000
              RETR:
                        a
01172'047523
              ERR:
                        • TXT
                                *SO
01173'051122
              RR
01174'026131
               Υ,
01175'046101
               AL
01176'042522
              RE
01177'042101
              AD
01200'020131
01201'052101
              AT
```

--.

```
01203'054101
                AX
 01204'046511
                IM
 012051046525
                UМ
 01206'053040
 01207 1046101
                AL
 01210'042525
                ΠÉ
 01211'000123
                S*
 012121027056
                D'150:
                         • TXT
 01213'027056
 01214'027056
 01215'020056
 01216'054504
                DY
 01217 040516
                NA
 01220'044515
                ΜĮ
 01221 920103
                С
 01222'040526
                PA
 01223'040522
                RA
 01224 042515
                ME
 01225'042524
01226'051522
                RS
01227 027056
                . .
01230'027056
01231'027056
                • •
01232'027056
01233'000000
01234'051120
                DMS1:
                                 *PR
                        • TXT
01235.051505
                ES
01236'047105
                EN
01237'020124
               Т
01240'049526
               VA
01241'052514
               LU
01242 051505
               ES
01243'000000
01244'052056
               DMS2:
                        ·TXT
                                 * • T
01245'042522
               RΕ
01246'020103
               С
01247'000075
               = *
01250'045456
               DMS3:
                        • TXT
                                 * • K
01251 047104
               DN
01252 036440
01253'0000000
01254'045456
               DMS4:
                        TXT
                                 * • K
01255'051504
               DS
01256'036440
                =
01257'0000000
01260'051056
               DMS5:
                        •TXT
                                 * • R
01261'052117
               OT
01262'036440
01263.0000000
01264'052456
               DMS6:
                        • TXT
                                 * • U
01265'042522
               RE
01266'020120
01267'009075
               = *
01270'047506
               DMS7:
                        TXT
                                *F0
01271'051125
               UR
01272'047440
                O
01273'052120
               PT
01274'047511
01275'051516
              NS
```

01202 046440

```
01276'040440
01277'040526
               VA
01300'046111
               1 L
01301'041101
              AB
01302'042514
              LE
01303'026440
01304'026455
01305'0000040
01306'054524
              DM58:
                        TXT.
                                *TY
01307'042520
              PE
01310'044440
                I
01311'052040
                T
01312'020117
               0
01313'047111
              ·IN
01314'051103
              CR
01315'040505
               EΑ
01316'042523
               SE
01317'052040
               т
01320'046511
               IM
01321'020105
               Ε
01322'052123
               ST
01323'050105
               EP
01324'000000
01325'054524
              DMS9:
                       •TXT
                                *TY
01326'042520
              PE
01327'042040
                D
01330'052040
                T
01331'020117
               0
01332'042504
              DE
01333'051103
              CR
01334'040505
              EΑ
01335'042523
               SE
01336'052040
               Т
01337'046511
               ΙM
01340'020105
              E
01341'052123
              ST
01342'050105
              EP
01343'000000
01344'047101
              DMS10:
                       •TXT
                                *AN
01345'020131
01346'052117
              OT
01347'042510
01350'020122
              R
01351'042513
              ΚE
01352'020131
01353'020055
01354'047516
              NO
01355'041440
               С
01356'040510
              HA
01357'043516
              NG
01360'00010:
              F *
01361'042516
              DMS11:
                       • TXT
                               *NE
01362 020127
              W
01363'040526
              VA
01364'052514
              L.U
01365'051505
              ES
01366'0000000
01367'054524
                               *TY
              DMIØ:
                       .TXT
01370'042520
              PE
```

01371'053440

The same of the sa

C-92

```
01372 052040
               Ţ
                                                              C-93
01373'020117
              0
01374'047515
01375'044504
              DΙ
01376'054506
01377'053440
01400'044505
              ΕI
01401'044107
               GH
01402'051524
              TS
01403'000000
01404'020040
              MW1:
                       •TXT
01405'047524
              TO
01406'020117
01407'042510
               0
              HΕ
01410'053101
              ΑV
01411'000131
01412'025040
              MW2:
                       •TXT
01413'025052
               **
01414'025052
               **
01415'025052
              **
01416'025052
               **
01417'025052
01420'0000000
                       • END
```

```
C-94
                        .TITL
                                UPDAT
                        • ENT
                                .ALLB..SING..CPNT
                        •FXID
                                •MI • M2 • M3 • M4 • M5 • M6 • M7 • MSKR
                        .EXTD
                                .PUN1,.PON2,.PRN1,.EMPT,.PSIE,.LENG
                        • EXID
                                .TYP
                        .EXTD
                                ·MEM
                        · ZREL
00000-000000 . ALLB:
                       ALLB
00001-000053' ·SING:
                        SING
00002-0005041
              .CPNT:
                                POINTER TO WORD THAT CAN BE MODIFIED
                       CHA
89993-000999
               XA:
00004-0000000
               YA:
                       Ø
00005-000000
               cos:
                       Ø
00006-000000
               SIN:
                        0
               COSF:
                       0
00007-000000
00010-0000000
               SINF:
                       Ø
00011-000000
               NB:
                       Ø
               NP:
00012-000000
                        0
00013-000000
               NPNB:
                       a
00014-000000
                        Ø
               L:
                        .NREL
               FROUTINE TO UPDATE ALL BLOCK CONTACTS
                       JSR @.ALLB
               3
00000.054416
               ALLB:
                       STA
                                3,ALL3
00001'034001$
                       LDA
                                3. .M1
000021102400
                       SUB
                                0.0
00003'040414
                       STA
                                0.NBB
               ; BLOCK SCAN
00004'054414
               BEGIN:
                                3.HOLD
                       STA
00005'031400
                       LDA
                                2,0,3
00006'151005
                       MOV
                                2,2,SNR
00007'002407
                       JMP
                                @ALL3
                                        INO MORE BLOCKS. EXIT!
00010'024407
                       LDA
                                1.NBB
00011'004442
                       JSR
                                SING
                                        JUPDATE SINGLE BLOCK CONTACTS
00012'010405
                       ISE
                                NBB
00013'034405
                       LDA
                                3, HOLD
00014'175400
                       INC
                                3,3
00015.000767
                       JMP
                                BEGIN
00016'000000
                       Ø
               ALL3:
00017'000000
               NRR:
                       a
00020.000000
               HOLD:
                       Ø
               JAFTER ALL SIDES HAVE BEEN SCANNED, THIS
               ROUTINE THROWS OUT ALL ENTRIES IN CONTACT
               ;LIST THAT HAVE NOT BEEN FLAGGED.
                                1, LBIT "PRESERVE" FLAG
00021 924506
              SCAN:
                       LDA
00022'034005$
                       LDA
                                3. M5
00023'020011-
                       LDA
                                Ø.NB
                                        LOCATOR OF CONTACT LIST
00024'117000
                       ADD
                                0.3
00025'054425
                       STA
                                3.OLINK ; BACK ARDS LINK
00026 035400
                       LDA
                                3.0.3
                                        JGET POINTER (OR -1)
00027'175112
               PHONE:
                       MOVL#
                                3,3,52C ; END?
00030.002500
                       JMP
                                esina
                                        #DONE. EXIT!
                       LDA
                                0.0.3
00031 021400
                                        SIST WORD
                                1,0, SNR ; IS PRESERVE FLAG SET
00032123415
                       AND#
00033'000410
                       JMP
                                DELET
                                        ;NO, DELETE ENTRY
00034'122400
                       SUB
                                1.0
                                        JKEEP ENTRY; REMOVE FLAG
00035'041400
                       STA
                                0.0.3
                                        PUT IT BACK
00036'171400
                       INC
                                3.2
```

--

```
00037151400
                       INC
                               2,2
                                       JGET ACTUAL LINK ADDRESS
000401050412
                               2, OLINK ; REMEMBER REVERSE LINK
                       STA
00041 035402
                       LDA
                               3,2,3
                                       JGET NEXT ENTRY
00042'000765
                       JMP
                               PHONE
              ITO DELETE AN ENTRY, AND PUT IT IN THE
              ;"EMPTY" LIST.
00043'0200145 DELET: LDA
                               0. EMPT ; GET LINK FROM LOCATOR
00044'0540148
                       STA
                               3. EMPT JPUT IN NEW LINK
00045'031402
                      LDA
                               2,2,3
                                       JOLD LINK FIELD OF ENTRY
00046'041402
                       STA
                               0.2.3
                                       STORE EMPT LINK IN IT
00047 052403
                               5.00LINK
                       STA
                                               ;BYPASS DELETED
000501155000
                      MOV
                               2,3
                                       SNEXT ENTRY
00051 000756
                       JMP
                               PHONE
                                               # ENTRY
00052'000000
              OLINK:
              ; ROUTINE TO UPDATE SINGLE BLOCK CONTACTS
                       JSR @.SING
              1
              JINPUT: AC1 - BLOCK #
                      AC2 - POINTER TO START OF DATA, BLOCK NB
00053'054455
              SING:
                      STA
                               3.SIN3
00054'044011-
                      STA
                               1.NB
00055'021014
                               0.14.2
                      LDA
00056'101005
                      MOV
                               0.0.SNR
00057 002451
                                       #ZERO AREA. EXIT!
                       JMP
                               esin3
00060.021000
                      LDA
                               0.0.2
                                       CONTROL WORD
00061 0240105
                      LDA
                               1. MSKR
00062'107400
                                       :NO. OF POINTS
                      AND
                               0.1
                               I, NPNTS ; NEGATIVE POINT COUNTER
00063'044446
                       STA
00064126400
                      SUB
                               1.1
00065 044012-
                       STA
                               1.NP
00066'0060165
                       JSR
                               e.LENG ; GET LENGTH L THIS SIDE
00067'040014-
                               Dol.
                       STA
00070'0060115
                       JSR
                               00071'040441
                       STA
                               0 × 0
00072 044441
                       STA
                               1,Y0
00073'040003-
                       STA
                               Ø,XA
00074'044004-
                       STA
                               1,YA
00075'024012-
                      LDA
                               1.NP
00076'000420
                      JMP
                               DOWN
00077'125400 BACK:
                      INC
                               1.1
00100'0060115
                       JSR
                               €.PON1
00101'040573
                      STA
                               Ø,XB
00102'044573
                      STA
                               1.YB
00103'050423
                      STA
                               2,AC2
00104'004433
                               RED
                                       SSEARCH FOR CONTACTS
                       JSR
                               2.AC2
00105'030421
                      LDA
                               NP
00106 010012-
                      ISZ
00107'024012-
                               1.NP
                      LDA
00110.0060168
                               e.LENG
                       JSR
00111'040014-
                      STA
                               ØoL
00112'020562
                               Ø.XB
                                       SNEW BECOMES OLD
                      LDA
00113'040003-
                      STA
                               Ø.XA
00114'020561
                      LDA
                               Ø.YB
                               Ø.YA
00115'040004-
                      STA
00116'014413 DOWN:
                      DS₹
                               NPNTS
                                       SUND OUT IF DONE
00117 0000760
                               BACK
                      .IMP
00120'020412
                      LDA
                               0.X0
                                       PLAST LINE
                               0.XB
                      STA
00121 040553
```

```
00122'020411
                        LDA
                                0,40
00123'040552
                        STA
                                Ø,YB
00124'004413
                        JSR
                                RED
                                         SEARCH FOR CONTACTS
                        JMP
                                SCAN
                                         ISCAN FOR FLAGS
00125'000674
00126'0000000
               AC2:
                        Ø
00127 020000
               LBIT:
                        20000
00130'000000
               SIN3:
                        Ø
00131'000000
               NPNTS:
                        Ø
00132'000000
               XO:
                        Ø
00133'0000000
               YO:
                        Ø
00134'0000000
               XLBOX:
                        B
00135'000000
               YLBOX:
               XUBOX:
00136'000000
                        0
               JFIND RANGE OF BOX SCAN (XRANG, YRANG)
               ;FOR LINE [(XA,YA),(XB,YB)]
00137'654543
               RED:
                        STA
                                3.SVR3
00140'102520
                        SUBZL
                                0.0
                                0.BYPAS ; INITIALIZE SKIP FLAG
00141'040552
                        STA
00142 030547
                        LDA
                                2,C100
00143'020004-
                       LDA
                                Ø.YA
00144'024531
                        LDA
                                1,YB
00145'122512
                        SUBL#
                                1,0,SZC ; IS YA>=YB?
00146'000404
                        JMP
                                REV
                                         # NO
00147'044533
                        STA
                                LIYL
                                         STORE YB AS LOWER
                                         JYA AS UPPER
00150'040531
                       STA
                                Ø,YU
00151 0000403
                        JMP
                                ON
00152'040525
               REV:
                        STA
                                0,YL
                                         ;THE REVERSE
00153'044526
                        STA
                                1.YU
00154'020003- ON:
                        LDA
                                Ø.XA
00155'024517
                                1.XB
                       LDA
00156'122512
                        SUBL#
                                1,0,SZC ; DO SAME FOR X
00157'000404
                        JMP
                                VER
                        STA
                                1.XL
00160'044516
00161 040517
                        STA
                                Ø, XU
00162'000403
                                ONN
                        JMP
00163'049513
               VER:
                        STA
                                Ø,XL
00164'044514
                       STA
                                1,XU
               FIND BOX ADDRESSES
00165'024511
               : NNO
                       LDA
                                1.XL
00166'102400
                        SUB
                                0.0
00167'073101
                       DIV
00170 101004
                       MOV
                                0.0.52R
00171'000405
                        JMP
                                •+5
001721125005
                       MOV
                                1,1,5NR
00173'000403
                        JMP
                                .+3
                       SUBZL
00174'102520
                                0.0
00175'106400
                        SUB
                                0.1
00176'044736
                                1, XLBOX ; NO. X BOXES FROM ORIG
                       STA
00177'024500
                       LDA
                                1.YL
002001102400
                                0.0
                       SUB
00201 073101
                       DIV
00202101004
                                0,0,SZR
                       MOV
00203'000405
                        JMP
                                •+5
002041125005
                       MOV
                                1,1,SNR
00205 000403
                        JMP
                                .+3
00206'102520
                       SUBZL
                                0.0
00207106400
                       $UB
                                0.1
00210.044725
                       STA
                                1.YLBOX INO. Y BOXES FROM
00211 024467
                       LDA
                                1.XU
602121102400
                        SUB
                                0.0
```

1

```
00213'073101
                       DIV
00214'044722
                                1, XUBOX ; NO. X BOXES FROM
                       STA
00215'024464
                       LDA
                                1.YU
                                        JORIGIN TO END
00216'102400
                        SUB
                                0.0
00217'073101
                       DIV
00220'020715
                       LDA
                                Ø,YLBOX ;NO. Y BOXES....
00221 106400
                                         INO. Y BOXES IN SCAN
                        SUR
                                0 - 1
00222124000
                        COM
                                1.1
                                1, YRANG JADD 1, MAKE -VE
00223'044463
                       STA
00224'0340035
                       LDA
                                3. ·M3
00225'103120
                                         IMULTIPLY YLBOX BY 20
                                0.0
                       ADDEL
00226 103120
                       ADDZL
                                0.0
00227'117000
                       ADD
                                0.3
                       LDA
                                1.XUBOX
00230'024706
00231'020703
                       LDA
                                0.XLBOX
00232'106400
                                         JNO.X BOXES IN SCAN
                        SUB
                                0.1
00233'124000
                       COM
                                1.1
00234'044451
                       STA
                                1.XRANG
00235'044452
                       STA
                                1.XCNT
                                        COPY FOR SCAN ROUTINE
00236'117000
                       ADD
                                0.3
                                         START BOX ADDR IN AC3
00237'054445
               LOOPO:
                                3.NLEFT ; LEFT-HAND POINTER
                       STA
00240'054443
                                        MOVING X POINTER
               LOOP:
                       STA
                                3.KEEP
00241 035400
                       LDA
                                3,0,3
00242'175112
                       MOVL#
                                3,3,SZC ; END MARK?
00243'000415
                        JMP
                                ENDM
                                         JYES
00244'021400
                                         JGET WORD IN LINKED LIST
               THERE:
                       LDA
                                0.0.3
                                2. MSKR
00245'0300105
                       LDA
                                        JUST NB IN AC2
00246'113400
                       AND
                                0.2
00247 024011-
                       LDA
                                1.NB
00250 132415
                       SUB#
                                1,2,5NR
00251 000404
                       JMP.
                                MOVE
                                        SAME BLOCK! DISCARD!
00252'054440
                       STA
                                3,SV3
                       JSR
                                PUSH
00253'004443
                                         ; (NP:NB) IN ACO; HOME NB IN ACI
00254'034436
                       LDA
                                3,SV3
00255'035401
               MOVE:
                       LDA
                                3,1,3
                                         32ND WORD (=LINK)
00256'175113
                                3,3,5NC JEND OF LINK CHAIN?
                       MOVL#
                       JMP
                                THERE
00257 000765
00260'034423
               ENDM:
                       LDA
                                3.KEEP
00261 175400
                                        JSTEP POINTER IN X DIREC.
                       INC
                                3.3
00262'010425
                       ISZ
                                XCNT
                                        JEND OF X SCAN?
00263'000755
                                LOOP
                                        3 NO
                       JMP
00264'020421
                       LDA
                                Ø, XRANG ; YES, GET OLD -VE X COUNT
00265 040422
                                0.XCNT
                       STA
00266'020422
                       LDA
                                Ø.SIXTN
00267'034415
                       LDA
                                3.NLEFT
00270 117000
                       ADD
                                0.3
                                        31 ROW UP, L.H. SIDE
00271 010415
                       ISZ
                                YRANG
                                        JEND OF Y SCAN?
00272'000745
                       JMP
                                LOOPO
                                        3 NO
00273 002407
                       JMP
                                eSVR3
                                        ;YES, EXIT!
00274'000000
              X8:
                       Ø
00275 1000000
               YR:
                       Ø
00276 9000000
              XL.:
                       Ø
00277'000000
               YL:
                       Ø
000000'000000
              XII:
                       0
00301 200000
               YU:
                       Ø
00302'000000
              SVR3:
                       Ø
00303'000000
              KEEP:
                       0
00304'000000
              NLEFT:
```

```
00305'000000 XRANG:
                       G
                                                           0-98
003061000000
              YRANG:
                       (ì
0030710000000
              XCNT:
                       0
0031010000220
              SIXIN:
                       20
00311'000100
              C100:
                       100
003121023500
              SV3:
                       O
00313'090090
              BYPAS:
                       Ω
00314'000525' SVP3R:
                       SVP3
00315'000630' YTGR:
                       YIGET
00316'056776 PUSH:
                               3,0SV23R
                       SIA
00317 040013-
                       STA
                               0.NPNB
00320 014773
                               BYPAS
                                        JONLY COMPUTE COS & SIN
                       DS∄
00321'000434
                       JMP
                                        ; FIRST TIME ROUND
                               JELLO.
              ;TO GET LOCAL COS AND SIN OF THIS EDGE
00322.020752
                       L.DA
                               Ø.XB
003231024003-
                       LDA
                               1.XA
00324'122400
                       SUR
                                        :XB-XA
                               1.0
00325'040007-
                       STA
                               0, COSF ; COS SICN FLAG
                               0,0,SEC ;-VE?
00326'101112
                       MOVL#
                                        ;YES, GET ABS(XB-XA)
00327'100400
                       NEG
                               0.0
00330'030014-
                       LDA
                               2,L
                                        $LENGTH OF EDGE
00331'126400
                       SUB
                               1.1
00332'142513
                               2,8,SNC ;XD>=L?
                       SUBL#
003331124001
                       COM
                               1,1,SKP ; SET AC1 TO 1111...
00334'073101
                       DIV
00335'101112
                       MOVL#
                               0,0,52C ; ROUND UP IF NECESSARY
00336'125400
                       INC
                               1.1
00337'044005-
                               1.COS
                       STA
00340'020735
                       LDA
                               Ø,YB
00341 024004-
                       LDA
                               1.YA
00342'122400
                       SUB
                               1,0
                                        FYB-YA
                               Ø.SINF :SIN SIGN FLAG
00343'040010-
                       STA
00344'101112
                       MOVL#
                               0,0,SEC :-VE?
00345'100400
                       NEG
                               0.0
00346'126400
                       SUB
                               1.1
00347'142513
                       SUBL#
                               2,0,SNC ;YD>=L?
00350'124001
                       COM
                               1,1,SKP ;YES
00351 073101
                       DIV
00352'101112
                       MOVL#
                               0,0,SEC
00353'125400
                                       FROUND UP
                       TNC
                               1.1
                               1.SIN
00354 044006-
                       STA
              JGET TRANSFORMED CO-ORDS OF X,Y
              JCOMPUTES: XT=XG*COS(A)+YG*SIN(A)
                          YT=YG*COS(A)-XG*SIN(A)
00355'020013- JELLO: LDA
                               0.NPNB ; (NP:NB)
                               1. MSKR
00356'024010$
                       LDA
00357 115300
                       MOVS
                               0.3
00360 123400
                       AND
                               1.0
                                        INB IN ACØ
00361 167400
                                        INP IN ACT
                       AND
                               3,1
003621044535
                               1.OTHER
                       STA
00363'0340015
                       LDA
                               3. M1
00364'117000
                       ADD
                               0.3
00365'031400
                       LDA
                               2,0,3
                                        JPOINTER TO NEW BLOCK
00366'0060115
                               @.PON1 #GET GLOBAL CO-ORDS
                       JSR
00367'040537
                               0.X
                       STA
00370'044537
                       STA
                               1 • Y
                                        JACTUAL CONTACT CO-ORDS
                               3,XA
00371 034003-
                      LDA
00372'162400
                       SUB
                               3,0
```

```
00373'040522
                       STA
                                0.XG
                                        FREL. TO EDGE START
00374'034094-
                       LDA
                                3.YA
003751166400
                       SUB
                                3.1
00376'044520
                       STA
                                1.YG
00377 006716
                       JSR
                                PYTGR
R0400'054524
                       STA
                                3,YT
                                        JLOCAL, TRANSFORMED Y
00401 126520
                       SUBEL
                                1.1
@0402'166512
                       SUBL #
                                3,1,5EC ; IS YT>1?
004031002522
                                 SVP3
                       JMP
                                        ;YES. NOT TOUCHING. EXIT!
004041024517
                       LDA
                                  TWO
00405 137112
                       ADDL#
                                1,3,SEC ; IS YT <=-3?
00406'002517
                       JMP
                                esv<sub>P3</sub>
                                        JYES. TOO DEEP. EXIT!
00407'030006-
                       LDA
                                2.5IN
                                        INOW FOR XT
004101924506
                       LDA
                                1.YG
00411'102440
                       SUBO
                                0.0
00412'125112
                       MOVL#
                                1.1.SZC ; SET CARRY IF NEG
00413'124440
                       NEGO
                                1.1
                                        JAND MAKE AC1 +VE
00414'073301
                       MUL
00415'125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,52C
00416'101400
                       INC
                                0.0
                                        FROUND UP
00417'101002
                       MOV
                                0.0.SEC ; CARRY?
004201100400
                       NEG
                                0.0
                                        RESTORE SIGN
00421'024010-
                       LDA
                                1.SINF
00422'125192
                       MOVL
                                1,1,SEC ;SIGN OF SIN
00423'100400
                       NEG
                                0.0
00424 115000
                       MOV
                                0.3
                                        SHUNT INTO AC3
004251024470
                       LDA
                                1.XG
00426 030005-
                       LDA
                                2,COS
00427 102440
                       SUBO
                                0.0
00430'125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,52C
00431 124440
                       NEGO
                                1,1
00432 973301
                       MUL
00433'125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,52C
00434'101400
                       INC
                                0.0
00435'101002
                       MOV
                                0.0.SZC
00436'100400
                       NEG
                                0.0
00437'024007-
                                1.COSF
                       LDA
00440'125102
                       MOVL
                                1,1,520
00441 100400
                               0.0
                       NEG
00442'117000
                       ADD
                               0,3
                                        JADD TO PREVIOUS RESULT
              ;LOCAL, TRANSFORMED X NOW IN AC3
00443 024014-
                       LDA
                                1.L
00444'166512
                       SUBL#
                                3,1,SEC # IS XT>L?
00445'002460
                       JMP
                                esvp3 >YES
00446'175112
                       MOVL#
                                3,3,52C : IS XT<0?
00447'002456
                       JMP
                                ₽SVP3
                                       FYES
              JTO FIND IF THIS CONTACT ALREADY EXISTS
00450 0340055
                       LDA
                                3. .M5
00451 020011-
                       LDA
                                0.NB
00452'117000
                       ADD
                               0.3
00453'054445
                       STA
                                3, PRODL ; REMEMBER CONTACT LOCATOR
00454'024012-
                       LDA
                                1.NP
00455'035400
                       LDA
                                3.0.3
                                        #GET POINTER (OR -1)
                                3,3,SZC
00456 175112
              SEA:
                       MOVL#
00457'000430
                       JMP
                               CLOUD
                                        #THIS CONTACT NOT STORED
00460'021400
                       LDA
                               0.0.3
                                        FIST WORD CONTACT LIST
                       LDA
                               2. MSKR
00461'0300105
```

```
00462 113400
                       AND
                                0,2
                                        JPOINT (EDGE) NUMBER
                                1,2,SER ; SAME EDGE?
                       SUB#
00463'132414
00464 900405
                       JMP
                                WAVES
                                        3 NO
00465'021401
                                        JGET POINT, BLOCK
                       L.DA
                                0.1.3
00466'030013-
                       LDA
                                2,NPNB ; COMPOSITE WORD
                                0,2,5NR ; SAME?
00467 112415
                       SUB#
               ; -- ALREADY TOUCHING---
00470'000403
                       JMP
                               REN
                                        JYES. UPDATE SIN, COS ETC.
                       LDA
00471 035402
               WAVES:
                                3,2,3
                                        ;NO. GET LINK FIELD
00472'000764
                       JMP
                                SEA
               JADD IN EXTRA NORMAL FORCE TO PREVENT PUNCH-THROUGH
               ; IF YT < -2
00473'024431
              REN:
                       LDA
                                1,YT
00474'125503
                       INCL
                                1,1,SNC
00475'000466
               CHANGE: JMP
                                        JTHIS WORD CAN BE REPLACED
                               RENEW
00476'020405
                       LDA
                                Ø, FORCE
00477'025406
                       LDA
                                        INORMAL FORCE, FN
                                1,6,3
00500'107000
                       ADD
                                        JADD IN INCREMENT
                                0.1
                                        JPUT FN BACK
00501 045406
                       STA
                                1,6,3
00502'000773
                       JMP
                                CHANGE
00503'010000
              FORCE:
                       10000
                                        PREVENTIVE FORCE
00504'000475' CHA:
                       CHANGE
00505'000466
                       JMP
                                RENEW-CHANGE, 1
00506'000454
                       JMP
                               HEAD-CHANGE, 1
               3--NOT ALREADY TOUCHING---
00507'024415
              CLOUD: LDA
                                LAYT
00510'125004
                       MOV
                                1,1,SZR ; THROW OUT IF
00511'125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,52C ; YT>0
00512'000554
                       JMP
                                WEED
00513'002412
                       JMP
                                esvp3
00514'020000
              FLAG:
                       20000
00515:000000
              XG:
                       Ø
00516'0000000
              YG:
                       Ø
00517'000000
              OTHER:
                                CONTACT POINT #
                       Ø
00520.000000
              PRODL:
                       Ø
00521 100000
              SFLAG:
                       100000
00522'040000
              CFLAG:
                       40000
00523'000002
              TWO:
00524'0000000
              YT:
                       Ø
00525'000000
              SVP3:
                       0
                               JACTUAL CONTACT CO-ORDS
00526.000000
              X:
                       Ø
00527'000000
              Y:
                       Ø
00530'000126' AC2R:
                       AC2
00531'000000
              AC35:
               JTO INSERT NEW ENTRY ....
00532'034014S ENTER:
                               3. EMPT JGET ADDR. IN EMPT. LOC.
                      LDA
00533'175112
                       MOVL#
                               3,3,SEC ; IS IT -1?
                                        JYES. MUST USE MORE CORE
00534'000460
                       JMP
                               FLOC
00535'031402
                       LDA
                               2,2,3
                                        JGET LINK IN FREE SPACE
                               2. EMPT ; UPDATE EMPTY LOCATOR
00536'0500145
                       STA
00537'030761
              FROG:
                               2, PRODL ; GET CONTACT LOCATOR
                       LDA
00540'021000
                       LDA
                               0.0.2
00541 055000
                                        STORE NEW ADDR. IN IT
                       STA
                               3,0,2
00542'041402
                                        JPUT IN NEW LINK FIELD
                       STA
                                0,2,3
               JNOW PUT IN REST OF DATA
00543'102400
                               0.0
                                        JSET ZERO IN FOLLOWING:
                       SUB
00544'041403
                       STA
                               0.3.3
                                        ) S (SHEAR DISP)
```

```
00545'041484
                        STA
                                         SDEL (INCR. S.D.)
                                 0.4.3
00546 1941 405
                        STA
                                 0,5,3
                                         INDEL (INCR. N.D.)
00547'041406
                        STA
                                 0.6.3
                                         J FN (NORMAL FORCE)
00550'041407
                        STA
                                 0,7,3
                                         ; FS (SHEAR FORCE)
00551'054760 HEAD:
                        STA
                                 3,AC35
00552'024012-
                        LDA
                                 LINP
00553'032755
                        LDA
                                2.PAC2R
00554'0060175
                        JSR
                                 e.TYP
00555'101300
                        MOVS
                                0.0
00556'107000
                        ADD
                                0.1
00557'034752
                                3.AC3S
                        LDA
00560'045400
                        STA
                                1.0.3
                                         JHEAD OF LIST
00561 020013-
                        LDA
                                Ø, NPNB
00562'041401
                        STA
                                0.1.3
                                         J2ND WORD
00563'020743
               RENEW:
                        LDA
                                0.X
00564'041412
                        STA
                                0,12,3 | GLOBAL X OF CONTACT
00565'020742
                        LDA
                                0 . Y
00566'041413
                        STA
                                0.13.3 | GLOBAL Y OF CONTACT
00567 020006-
                        LDA
                                Ø.SIN
00570'041410
                        STA
                                0,10,3
                                        ISIN
00571 020005-
                        LDA
                                Ø.COS
00572'041411
                        STA
                                0,11,3
                                        3 COS
00573'020721
                        LDA
                                Ø.FLAG
                                        J"PRESERVE" FLAG
00574'030010-
                        LDA
                                2.SINF
00575'151113
                        MOVL#
                                2,2,SNC
00576 0000403
                        JMP
                                .+3
00577'024722
                        LDA
                                1.SFLAG
00600123000
                        ADD
                                1.0
                                        JADD IN SIN FLAG IF -VE
00601 030007-
                       LDA
                                2.COSF
00602 151113
                       MOVL#
                                2,2,SNC
00603'000403
                        JMP
                                .+3
00604'024716
                       LDA
                                1.CFLAG
00605'123000
                        ADD
                                1.0
                                        ;ADD IN COS FLAG IF -VE
00606'025400
                       LDA
                                1,0,3
                                        JOLD HEAD
00607 030420
                       LDA
                                2.SCMSK
00610'147400
                        AND
                                2,1
00611'107000
                       ADD
                                0.1
00612'045400
                       STA
                                1,0,3
                                        INEW HEAD
00613'002712
                        .IMP
                                esvp3
00614'0340075 FLOC:
                       LDA
                                3, .M7
                                        INEXT FREE LOCATION
00615 020020$
                       LDA
                                0. MEM
                                        :MAX. ADDRESS POSSIBLE
                                1..PSIZ
00616'024015$
                       LDA
00617'167000
                       ADD
                                3,1
00620 122513
                       SUBL#
                                1.0.SNC :STORAGE OVERFLOW?
00621'000404
                       JMP
                                NOG
                                        3NO , OK
00622'0060135
                       JSR
                                e.PRN1
                                        YES. RING THE BELL
00623'000007
00624'002701
                       JMP
                                esvp3
                                        JEXIT WITHOUT STORING
00625'0440075 NOG:
                       STA
                                        JUPDATE FREE POINTER
                                1 . M7
P0626'000711
                       JMP
                                FROG
30627 · 017777
               SCMSK:
                       17777
                                JTO MASK OFF OLD S.C.P FLAGS
               JTO CALCULATE YT
               ; INPUT: YG IN AC1
00630'054435
              YTGET: STA
                                3,YTSAV
00631 030005-
                       LDA
                                2.005
006321102440
                       SUBO
                                0.0
00633'125112
                       MOVI.#
                                1.1.SEC
00634'124440
                       NEGO
                                1.1
00635'073301
                       MUL
```

```
MOVL#
00636125112
                                1,1,SZC
00637101400
                        INC
                                0.0
00640 101002
                        MOV
                                0.0.SZC
00641 1100420
                        NEG
                                0.0
00642 024007-
                        LDA
                                1.COSF
00643'125102
                       MOVL
                                1,1,SEC
00644'100400
                        NEG
                                0.0
00645'115000
                       MOV
                                         PARTIAL SUM IN AC3
                                0.3
00646 024647
                        LDA
                                1.XG
00647 030006-
                       LDA
                                2.SIN
00650 102440
                        SUBO
                                0.0
00651 125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,SEC
00652 124440
                       NEGO
                                1.1
00653'073301
                       MUL
00654'125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,SEC
00655'101400
                        INC
                                0.0
00656'101002
                       MOV
                                0,0,SEC
00657 100400
                       NEG
                                0.0
00660 024010-
                       LDA
                                1.SINF
00661 125102
                       MOVI.
                                1,1,SZC
00662 100400
                       NEG
                                0.0
00663116400
                        SUB
                                0,3
                                         SUBTRACT FROM PREVIOUS RESULT
00664'002401
                        JMP
                                QYTSAV
00665'0000000
               YTSAV:
                       Ø
00666'024631
                                1, OTHER ; CONTACT CANDIDATE
               WEED:
                       LDA
               ROUTINE TO WEED OUT IMPOSSIBLE CONTACTS
00667 044444
                       STA
                                1.SWIT
                                1,1,SNR ; ZERO?
00670 125005
                       MOV
00671 900404
                        JMP
                                TOAD
                                        :YES
00672 102520
                        SUBEL
                                0.0
00673'106400
                       SUB
                                0.1
                                        JTRY [POINT-1]
                        JMP
                                GETIT
00674'000402
               TOAD:
                        SUBZL
                                        STRY POINT #1
09675'126520
                                1.1
00676'0060125 GETIT:
                       JSR
                                e.PON2 ; (PONT ALREADY PRIMED)
00677'050435
                       STA
                                2,SV2
00700 034003-
                       LDA
                                3 , XA
00701'162400
                       SUB
                                3,0
00702'040613
                       STA
                                Ø,XG
                                        :REL X
00703'034004-
                       LDA
                                3,YA
00704'166400
                       SUB
                                3,1
                                        FREL Y
00705 004723
                        JSR
                                YTGET
00706'024615
                       LDA
                                1.TWO
                                3,1,52C :YT1<=-2?
00707'167112
                       ADDL#
00710 002615
                       JMP
                                eSVP3
                                        SYES. IMPOSSIBLE CONTACT
00711'020422
                       LDA
                                Ø.SWIT
00712'101112
                       MOVL#
                                0.0.SEC #2ND TIME ROUND
00713'000617
                       JMP
                                ENTER
                                        JYES. STORE THE CONTCT
00714 030420
                       LDA
                                2,SV2
                                        CONTROL WORD
00715'025000
                       LDA
                                1.0.2
00716'034010$
                       LDA
                                3. MSKR
00717 167400
                                        #NO. OF POINTS (PMAX)
                       AND
                                3,1
007201176000
                       ADC
                                3.3
                                        s - 1
00721 054412
                       STA
                                3,SWIT
                                        #SET FOR EXIT 2ND TIME
00722'101004
                       MOV
                                0.0.5ZR
00723'000403
                       JMP
                                NEWT
                                        #SWIT MUST BE >0
00724'167000
                       ADD
                                3,1
                                        TRY POINT (PMAX-1)
00725'000751
                       JMP
                                GETIT
00726'101400
               NEWT:
                       INC
                                0.0
                                        SOTHER +1
00727 106415
                       SUB#
                                0,1,5NR ##S IT EQUAL TO PMAX?
00730'102400
                       SUB
                                0.0
                                        #YES. USE POINT #0
```

00731'105000 MOV 0.1 00732'000744 JMP GETIT 00733'000000 SWIT: 0 00734'000000 SV2: 0 •END

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```
.TITL
                               REBOX
               ;TO RE-CLASSIFY (IF NECESSARY) ALL
               THE POINTS OF ONE BLOCK IN NEW
               JBOXES.
                       JSR @.REBX
                   (INPUT: AC2 - POINTER TO BLOCK DATA,
               1
                           ACI - POINTER TO LOCATOR )
               JAC2 IS PRESERVED.
                                PUP
                                        JIEMP TEST ENTRY
                       .ENT
                                .REBX..REBZ..MSKR
                       . ENT
                       .EXTD
                                .M1.M3.M4.PON1.PON2.PRES.LENG
                       .ZREL
00000-0000000 .REBX:
                       REBX
00001-000002' .REBZ:
                       REBE
                                JENTRY WITH NB IN ACI
00002-000377 .MSKR:
                       377
                       .NREL
00000'020001S REBX:
                       LDA
                                80.MI
00001 106400
                       SUB
                                0.1
000021044506
              REBZ:
                       STA
                                1.NB
                                        FREGENERATE NB
00003'054477
                       STA
                                3,SVRB3
00004'050475
                       STA
                                2,SV2
00005'021000
                       LDA
                                0.0.2
90006'024002-
                       LDA
                                1. MSKR
000071123400
                       AND
                                1.0
00010'040504
                       STA
                                Ø.PCNT
00011'126400
                       SUB
                                1.1
00012 044475
                       STA
                                1.NP
00013'0060045
                       JSR
                                e . PON I
00014'000403
                       JMP
                               PLACE
00015 024472
              COW:
                       LDA
                                1.NP
00016'0060055
                       JSR
                                @.PON2
00017'176520 PLACE:
                       SUBEL
                                        JCHECK IF ON SCREEN
                                3,3
00020.162515
                       SUBL#
                                3,0,52C ;X<=0?
00021'000523
                       JMP
                               FIX
                                       ;YES, FIX THE BLOCK
000221166512
                       SUBL#
                                3,1,SEC ;Y<=0?
00023'000521
                       JMP
                               FIX
00024 034466
                       LDA
                                3,C1777
000251162513
                                3,0,SNC ; X>=1023 (DECIMAL)?
                       SUBL#
00026'000516
                       JMP
                               FIX
00027 034464
                       LDA
                                3,C1414
00030'166513
                               3,1,SNC ;Y>=780 (DEC)?
                       SUBL#
                       JMP
00031'000513
                               FIX
00032'044453
                       STA
                                I.NY
00033'105000 CONT:
                       MOV
                               0.1
                                        JFIND NEW BOX
                               3. ·M3
00034'034002$
                       LDA
00035'030447
                       LDA
                               2,0100
00036'102400
                       SUB
                               0.0
00037'073101
                       DIV
000401137000
                       ADD
                               1.3
00041 102400
                       SUB
                               0.0
666421024443
                               1.NY
                       LDA
00043'073101
                       DIV
09044'127120
                       ADDEL
                               1.1
ØC045'127120
                       ADDZL
                               1.1
63946'137000
                       ADD
                               1,3
                                        JBOX ADDR. IN AC3
                               3,80X
00047 054442
                       STA
00050171000
                       MOV
                               3,2
00051'020437
                               0.NB
                       LDA
```

```
00052 024435
                       LDA
                                1.NP
000531125300
                       MOVS
                                1.1
00054'123000
                       ADD
                                1.0
                                        (NP:NB) IN ACO
00055 004502
                       JSR
                                FIND
                                        FIND OLD BOX
00056'000461
                                        SUCCESS! NO CHANGE
                       JMP
                                ITER
00057 034437
                       LDA
                                3.LIST
                                        FAILURE! MUST SEARCH AROUND
00060'054426
               WINE:
                       STA
                                3. POINT
00061 030430
                       LDA
                                2,B0X
00062 025400
                       LDA
                                1.0.3
00063'125005
                       MOV
                                1 . 1 . SNR
00064'000453
                       JMP
                                ITER
                                        SWHERE IS IT
00065'133000
                       ADD
                                1,2
00066'0243025
                                1. M3
                       1.DA
00067 132512
                       SUBL#
                                1,2,520
00070'000406
                       JMP
                                NEXT
                                        INON-EXISTENT BOX
00071 0240035
                       LDA
                                1 . M4
00072'132513
                       SUBL#
                                1.2.SNC
00073'000403
                       JMP
                                NEXT
                                           OTTIO
00074'004463
                       JSR
                                FIND
                                        JTRY THIS BOX
00075'000433
                       JMP
                                FOUND
                                        FOUND IT!
00076'034410
               NEXT:
                                3, POINT INO GOOD. TRY NEXT BOX
                       LDA
00077 175400
                       INC
                                3,3
00100.000760
                       JMP
                                WINE
00101.000000
               SV2:
                       а
00105,000000
               SVRB3:
00103'000000
               OLD:
                       Ø
00104'000100
               C100:
                       100
00105.000000
00106'000000
               POINT:
                       Ø
00107'0000000
               NP:
                       Ø
00110.000000
              NB:
                       Ø
00111'000000
               BOX:
00112'001777
               C1777:
                       1777
00113'001414
               C1414:
                       1414
00114'000000
               PCNT:
                       ø
00115'004000
               FBIT:
                       4000
                                IMASTER FIX BIT (OVERRIDES MAN. BIT)
00116'000117'
              LIST:
                       .+1
               ;LIST OF SURROUNDING BOXES. IN EXPECTED
               JORDER OF PROBABLE OCCURANCE
00117'000020
                       20
001201177777
                       - t
00121'000001
                       1
00122'177760
                       -20
00123'000017
                       17
00124'0000021
                       21
001251177757
                       -21
00126'177761
                       -17
00127'000000
                       а
00130'034753
              FOUND:
                       LDA
                               3,0LD
                                        JGET CALLING ADDR
00131'025001
                       LDA
                               1,1,2
                                        JEXISTING LINK
00132.045400
                       STA
                               1.0.3
                                        BRIDGE ACROSS ENTRY
00133'034756
                       LDA
                               3.BOX
                                        INEW BOX ADDRESS
00134'021400
                                        POINTER (OR -1)
                       LDA
                               0.0.3
00135'051400
                       STA
                               2,0,3
                                        PUT IN NEW ADDRESS
00136'041001
                       STA
                               0,1,2
                                        JCOMPLETE LINK
00137'010750
                               NP
                       ISE
              ITER:
                                        SNEXT POINT
00140'014754
                       DSZ
                               PENT
80141'000654
                       JMP
                               COL
                                        INEXT POINT IF NOT DONE
                               2,5V2
00142'030737
                       LDA
00143'000430
                       JMP
                               PUP
                                        JUPDATE ANY PRESS. SEGS
```

~-.

```
STA
                                1.NY
00144 044741
              FIX:
00145'025000
                                1,0,2
                       LDA
00146'034747
                                3.FBIT
                       LDA
00147 167415
                       AND#
                                3,1,SNR ; SKIP IF FLAG ALREADY SET
B0150'167000
                       ADD
                                3,1
                                        ; ADD IN MASTER FIX FLAG
                                        ; PUT CONTROL WORD BACK
                       STA
                                1,0,2
00151'045000
00152 176400
                       SUB
                                3.3
                                        ;ALLOW "INVISIBLE"
00153 955020
                       STA
                                3,20,2
                                        ; BLOCKS
00154'055021
                       STA
                                3,21,2
                                        3 TO
00155 055022
                       STA
                                3,22,2
                                        ; INTERACT
                       JMP
                                        JKEEP GOING
00156'000655
                                CONT
               ; ROUTINE TO FOLLOW CHAIN TO FIND (NP:NB)
                                2.0LD
00157'050724
                                        ; CALLING ADDR
               FIND:
                       STA
00160'031000
                       LDA
                                2,0,2
                                        ;ADDR OF 1ST WORD
00161'030407
                       JMP
                                MID
               ROUND:
                                1,0,2
00162 025000
                       LDA
                       SUB#
                                0.1.SNR ; COMPARE
00163'106415
00164'001400
                       JMP
                                0,3
                                        ;SUCCESS! ADDR. IN AC2
00165 145400
                       INC
                                2.1
00166'044715
                                1.OLD
                                        ;OLD LINK ADDR.
                       STA
00167'031001
                       LDA
                                2,1,2
                                        JGET LINK
00170'151112
                       MOVL#
                                2,2,SEC JEND OF CHAIN?
              MID:
00171'001401
                       JMP
                                1.3
                                        ; YES. FAILURE EXIT
                       JMP
                                ROUND
00172'000770
               ; ROUTINE TO UPDATE FX, FY IN ANY
               PRESSURE SEGMENT FOR BLOCK NB
00173'021000
               PUP:
                                0.0.2
                       LDA
00174'024506
                                1. PMSK
                       LDA
                                1,0,SNR ; GUICK CHECK FOR PRESS.
00175'123415
                       AND#
                                eSVRB3 ; NONE FOR THIS BLOCK
00176'002704
                       JMP
00177'0300065
                       LDA
                                2, PRES
00200'034710
               GRAPE:
                       LDA
                                3.NB
                                2,2,SNC
00201'151113
               PLUM:
                       MOVL#
00202'000403
                       JMP
                                •+3
00203'030676
                       LDA
                                2,SV2
00204'002676
                       JMP
                                @SVRB3
                                        ; END OF PR. SEG. LIST
                                        INPNB THIS SEG.
00205'025000
                       LDA
                                1,0,2
00206'020002-
                       LDA
                                Ø. MSKR
                                1.0
00207 123400
                       AND
                                        JNB1 (BLOCK #)
00210'116415
                       SUB#
                                Ø,3,SNR ; SAME BLOCK?
                                        ;YES; UPDATE FX,FY
00211'000403
                       JMP
                                PRUNE
00212.031005
                                        INO, GET NEXT LINK
                                2.2.2
                       LDA
00213'000766
                                PLUM
                       JMP
00214'106700
               PRUNE:
                       SUBS
                                        JNP1 (EDGE #)
                                0,1
                                2,PR2
                                        JCURRENT PR. LIST POINTER
00215'050466
                       STA
00216 035001
                       LDA
                                3,1,2
                                        JFORCE
00217'054465
                                3.FORCE
                       STA
00220'044465
                                1, NPREM ; REMEMBER 1ST CORNER
                       STA
00221 0340015
                       LDA
                                3, .M1
00222'117000
                       ADD
                                0,3
00223'031400
                       LDA
                                2,0,3
                                        JBLOCK POINTER
00224'006007$
                       JSR
                                0.LENG JGET LENGTH
00225 040461
                       STA
                                0.L
                                e . PON1
00226'0060045
                       JSR
00227 949460
                       STA
                                Ø,XA
00230.044460
                       STA
                                1.YA
00231 024454
                       LDA
                                1.NPREM
00232'125400
                       INC
                                1.1
```

```
00533,051699
                         LDA
                                 0.8.2
 002341034002-
                         LDA
                                 3. MSKR
 00235163499
                         AND
                                 3.0
                                          INC
 00236'106415
                         SUB#
                                 0.1.SNR ; CHECK FOR LAST CORNER
 00237 126400
                         SUR
                                 1 - 1
 0024010060055
                         JSR
                                 e.PON2
 00241 030446
                         LDA
                                 2.XA
 00242'112400
                         SUB
                                 0.2
                                          ; (XA-XB)
 00243'155000
                        MOV
                                 2.3
                                          SAVE FOR SIGN
 00244'044445
                         STA
                                 1.YB
 00245'024437
                        LDA
                                 1.FORCE
 00246'102440
                        SUBO
                                 0.0
 00247'151112
                        MOVL#
                                 2.2.SEC ; CHECK SIGN
 00250150400
                        NEG
                                 2.2
 00251 073381
                        MUL
 00252'030434
                        LDA
                                 2.L
 00253'073101
                        DIV
00254'175112
                                 3.3.SZC ; RESTORE SIGN
                        MOVL#
 00255'124400
                        NEG
                                 1.1
00256'044434
                        STA
                                 1.FY
00257 030432
                        LDA
                                 2.48
00260'020430
                        LDA
                                 Ø.YA
00261'112400
                        SUR
                                 0.2
                                         J(YB-YA)
00262'155000
                        MOV
                                2.3
00263'024421
                        LDA
                                 1.FORCE
00264'102440
                        SUB0
                                0.0
00265'151112
                        MOVL#
                                2,2,SEC
00266159400
                        NEG
                                5.2
00267 073301
                        MUL
00270'030416
                        LDA
                                2,1
00271 073101
                        DIV
                                         J(YB-YA)*F/L
00272'175112
                        MOVL#
                                3,3,SEC
00273124400
                        NEG
                                1.1
                                         3FX
00274'030407
                        LDA
                                2,PR2
00275'045004
                        STA
                                1.4.2
                                         ISTORE FX IN LIST
00276'024414
                        LDA
                                1.FY
00277 045005
                        STA
                                1,5,2
                                         JFY IN LIST
00300'031002
                       LDA
                                2,2,2
                                         ;LINK
00301'000677
                       JMP
                                GRAPE
00302'000400
               PMSK:
                        400
00303'000000
               PR2:
                       Ø
00304'003000
              FORCE:
                       Ø
00305'000000
              NPREM:
                       Ø
00306'000000
              L:
                       0
00307'000000
              XA:
                       Ø
00310'009000
              YA:
                       Ø
00311'000000
              YB:
                       0
00312'000000 FY:
                       0
                       • END
```

```
.TITL
                                MOTIO
               ROUTINE TO APPLY LAW OF MOTION TO ALL BLOCKS
                       . ENT
                                .MOT, .ROT, .TREC
                        .EXTD
                                .MI..DISB,.REBX,.PFLG
                       . ZREL
00000-000001' .MOT:
                       MOT
              .ROT:
00001-000149
                       140
               .TREC:
00002-000040
                       40
                                31/TDEL
                       .NREL
00000'000000
              SAVE:
                       Ø
00001 '054777
              MOT:
                       STA
                                3,SAVE
00002'0340015
                       LDA
                                3.M1
00003'054547
              MOT1:
                       STA
                                3.BLOCK
00004.031400
                       LDA
                                2,0,3
00005'151005
                       MOV
                                2,2,5NR
00006'002772
                       JMP
                                eSAVE
                                        FXIT!
00007'021014
                       LDA
                                0.14.2
                                        JAREA
00010'101005
                       MOV
                                0,0,SNR
00011'000524
                       JMP
                                SKIP
                                        JEERO AREA. SKIP!
00012 021000
                       LDA
                                0,0,2
00013'024540
                                1, FMSK ;TO DETECT "FIXED" FLAG
                       LDA
00014'107404
                       AND
                                0,1,52R
00015'000520
                       JMP
                                SKIP
00016'021007
                       LDA
                                0,7,2
                                        ; FXSUM
00017'025005
                       LDA
                                1,5,2
                                        JOLD X-VEL
00020'004535
                       JSR
                                ADDMX
00021 045005
                                        JNEW X-VEL
                       STA
                                1,5,2
00022'050532
                       STA
                                2,SV2
00023'030002-
                                2. TREC
                       LDA
00024'102400
                       SUB
                                0.0
00025135000
                                        KEEP FOR SIGN
                       MOV
                                1.3
00026'125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,52C
00027'124400
                       NEG
                                1.1
00030'146512
                                2,1,52C ; BYPASS IF ANSWER WILL BE Ø
                       SUBL#
00031 000516
                       JMP
                                FLIP
                                        ; INTEGER DIVIDE
00032'073101
                       DIV
00033'030521
                                2,SV2
                       LDA
00034'021002
                       LDA
                                0,2,2
                                        3 XC (LOW)
                                3,3,SEC
00035'175112
                       MOVL#
                       JMP
                                FLIT
                                        JAS NEGATIVE
00036'000405
00037'123023
                                1.0.SNC
                       ADDZ
00040'000417
                       JMP
                                0K
00041 011001
                       ISZ
                                1,2
                                        JINCREMENT XC(HIGH)
00042'000405
                       JMP
                                CHECK
00043'124400
              FLIT:
                       NEG
                                1.1
00044'123022
                       ADDZ
                                1,0,SEC
00045'000412
                       JMP
                                OK
00046 015001
                       DSZ
                                1.2
                                        JDECREMENT XC(HIGH)
00047 045020
                                1.20.2
              CHECK:
                       STA
00050.041002
                       STA
                                0,2,2
00051 024501
                       LDA
                                1.BLOCK
00052.0060038
                                e.REBX ; RE-CLASSIFY THIS BLOCK
                       JISR
                                3. PFLG
00053'034004$
                       LDA
000541175005
                       MOV
                                3,3,5NR
00055 0060025
                       JSR
                                e.DISB
00056'000403
                       JMP
                               NUT
00057 045020
              OK:
                       STA
                                1,20,2 ; DELTA-XC
00060'041002
                                        INEW XC(LOW)
                       STA
                                0,2,2
00061 021016
              NUT:
                       LDA
                               0,16,2 ; FYSUM
```

```
00062'025015
                       LDA
                                1,15,2 ;OLD Y-VEL
00063'004472
                       JSR
                                XMCCA
                                        INEW Y-VEL
                                1,15,2
00064'045015
                       STA
00065 030002-
                                2. TREC
                       LDA
00066'102400
                       SUB
                                0.0
                                        CLEAR HI PART
00067 135000
                                        JSAVE FOR SIGN
                       MOV
                                1.3
00070'125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,SEC
00071'124400
                       NEG
                                1 - 1
00072'146512
                       SUBL#
                                2,1,SEC ; BYPASS IF ANSWER WILL BE 0
00073 0000451
                       JMP
                                FLOP
00074'073101
                       DIV
                                ; INTEGER DIVIDE
00075'030457
                                2,SV2
                       LDA
00076'021004
                       LDA
                                0,4,2
                                        SYC(LOW)
00077'175112
                       MOVL#
                                3,3,SEC
00100.000405
                       JMP
                                FLITS
00101 123023
                       ADDZ
                                1.0.SNC
00102'000417
                       JMP
                                OKS
00103'011003
                       ISZ
                                3,2
                                        JINCREMENT YC (HIGH)
                                CHECS
00104'000405
                       JMP
00105'124400
              FLITS:
                       NEG
                                1 . 1
00106'123022
                       ADDZ
                                1,0,5ZC
00107 0000412
                       JMP
                                OKS
00110.012003
                       DSZ
                                3,2
                                        JDECREMENT YC (HIGH)
00111'045021
              CHECS:
                       STA
                                1,21,2
                                0,4,2
00112'041004
                       STA
                                1,BLOCK
00113'024437
                       LDA
00114'0060035
                                e.REBX ;RE-CLASSIFY
                       JSR
                                3. ·PFLG
00115'034004$
                       LDA
                                3,3,SNR
00116'175005
                       MOV
                                e.DISB ;PLOT JUST THIS BLOCK
00117'0060025
                       JSR
00120'000460
                       JMP
                                CLOT
00121'045021
                       STA
                                1,21,2
                                       JDELTA-YC
              OKS:
00122'041004
                                0.4.2
                                        JNEW YC(LOW)
                       STA
               3
00123'000455
                       JMP
                                CLOT
                                        :NOW FOR MOMENTS
                                0,23,2 ;X LOAD
              CLOT1:
00124'021023
                       LDA
00125 041007
                                        JINIT. XFSUM
                       STA
                                0,7,2
                                0,24,2
                                       Y LOAD
00126'021024
                       LDA
                                        GRAVITY FORCE
00127'025014
                       LDA
                                1,14,2
00130'122400
                       SUB
                                1.0
                                0,16,2 ; INIT. YFSUM
00131'041016
                       STA
00132'102400
                       SUB
                                0.0
                                0,17,2 | SET MSUM TO 0
00133 041017
                       STA
                       JMP
                                PAST
00134.000405
00135'102400
              SKIP:
                       SUB
                                0.0
                                0,7,2
00136'041007
                                        JXFSUM=0
                       STA
00137'041016
                                0,16,2 ;YFSUM=0
                       STA
                                        :45UM=0
00140'041017
                       STA
                                0,17,2
                                3.BLOCK
              PAST:
00141'034411
                       LDA
00142'175400
                       INC
                                3,3
                               MOTI
00143'000640
                       JMP
00144'030410
              FLOP:
                       LDA
                                2,5V2
00145'041021
                       STA
                                0,21,2 ;SET DELTA-YC TO 0
                       JMP
                                CLOT
00146'000432
                                2,5V2
00147 030405
              FLIP:
                       LDA
                       STA
                                0.20.2
00150'041020
00151 1000710
                       JMP
                                NUT
00152'0000000
              BLOCK:
                                J"FIXED" MASK
00153'014000
              FMSK:
                       14000
```

```
001541000000
               SV2:
                        0
               ;TO ADD ACO TO ACI, WITH AN UPPER
               JLIMIT SET TO THE ANSWER IN ACT
00155'125020
                       MOVZ
               *XKGGA
                                1.1
                                        JCLEAR CARRY
001561125112
                        MOVL#
                                 1,1,52C
001571000405
                        JMP
                                A 1
00160 101113
                        MOVL#
                                 0.0.SNC
00161 020407
                        JMP
                                POS
                                         JBOTH +VE
00162'107000
                        ADD
               DIF:
                                0,1
                                         JBOTH SIGNS DIFFERENT
00163'001400
                        JMP
                                0,3
                                         JEXIT
00164'101113
                        MOVL#
                                0,0,SNC
               A1:
00165'000775
                        JMP
                                DIF
                                         ;BOTH DIF
00166'124400
                        NE.G
                                         BOTH - VE
                                1,1
00167'100440
                        NEGO
                                0.0
                                         INEGATE BOTH. SET CARRY
00170 107000
               POS:
                        ADD
                                0,1
00171 020406
                        LDA
                                Ø.MAX
00172'106432
                        SUBZ#
                                0,1,SZC ;LIMIT MAX VELOCITY
00173'105000
                        MOV
                                0,1
00174'125002
                        MOV
                                1,1,52C 3FLAG?
00175 124400
                        NEG
                                1,1
                                         JYES, NEGATE!
00176'001400
                        JMP
                                         SEXIT
                                0,3
00177'037777
               MAX:
                        37777
                                         JCLEAR LOWER
00200'126400
               CLOT:
                        SUB
                                1,1
00201'021017
                        LDA
                                0.17.2
                                         3 MSUM
00202'031013
                        L.DA
                                2,13,2
                                        ; I
00203 115000
                        MOV
                                0,3
                                         JSAVE M FOR LATER
00204'101112
                       MOVL#
                                0,0,SEC
00205'100400
                        NEG
                                0.0
                                         ; ABS(MSUM)
00206 1 42432
                        SUBZ#
                                2,0,52C ; CHECK FOR OVERFLOW
00207124001
                        COM
                                1.1.SKP
00210 073101
                        DIV
00211'125220
                       MOVER
                                         J) .ROT ERR
                                1.1
00212'125220
                       MOVER
                                         ;)/8
                                1.1
00213'125220
                       MOVER
                                1,1
                                         3)
00214'175102
                       MOVL
                                3,3,52C
00215'124400
                       NEG
                                         FRESTORE SIGN
                                1.1
00216'121000
                       MOV
                                1.0
00217 030735
                                2,SV2
                       LDA
00220.025006
                       LDA
                                1,6,2
                                         JOLD ALPHA-DOT
00221'004734
                        JSR
                                XMDDA
00222'045006
                        STA
                                1,6.2
                                         INEW ALPHA-DOT
00223'030001-
                       LDA
                                2. . ROT
00224'102400
                        SUB
                                0.0
00225135000
                       MOV
                                1.3
00226'125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,SEC
00227124400
                       NEG
                                1.1
002301146513
                        SUBL #
                                2,1, SNC : CHECK FOR UNDERFLOW
00231'000410
                        JMP
                                TREE
00232 030702
                       LDA
                                2,SV2
00233'041022
                        STA
                                0,22,2 ; ZERO DELTA-ALPHA
00234'000670
                       .IMP
                                CLOTI
                                         INO MORE TO DO
002351024715
                       LDA
              CLOT2:
                                1.BLOCK
00236'006003$
                       JSR
                                P.REBX
00237'000665
                       JMP
                                CLOTI
00240 040000
              TEST:
                        40000
00241 073101
                       DIV
               TREE:
00242 030712
                       LDA
                                2.5V2
002431175102
                       MOVI
                                3,3,SEC
00244'124400
                       NEG
                                1.1
```

```
00245'021012
                       LDA
                                0,12,2 ;ALPHA(OLD)
00246 123000
                       ADD
                                        JADD IN D-ALPHA
                                1.0
00247 125120
                       MOVEL
                                        JMAKE UP TOTAL SHIFT
                                1.1
00250'125120
                       MOVEL
                                1.1
                                        ; TO B BITS
00251 125120
                       MOVEL
                                1.1
00252'045022
                       STA
                                1,22,2
                                        JDELTA-ALPHA
00253'040514
                                        JKEEP SIGN FOR LATER
                       STA
                                0.SIGN
00254'105102
                                0,1,SEC J-VE? (GARBAGE IN AC1)
                       MOVL
002551100400
                       NEG
                                0.0
                                        ;YES (C IS SET)
00256 024762
                       LDA
                                1.TFST
00257'122513
                       SUBL#
                                1.0.SNC ; IS ALPH>= 1/64?
00260'000405
                                        JYES. INCR. COS & SIN
                       JMP
                               CHAN
00261'101002
                       MOV
                                0,0,SEC ; WAS SIGN -VE?
00262'107400
                       NEG
                                        JYES. RESTORE IT
                               0.0
00263'041012
                       STA
                                0.12.2
                                       JALPHA (NEW)
00264'000640
                       JMP
                                CLOT1
                                        FINISHED!
00265'122462
                       SUBC
                                1.0.SEC ; SUBTRACT ALPH(MAX)
              CHAN:
00266'100400
                       NEG
                                0.0
00267'041012
                                        JALPHA (NEW)
                               0,12,2
                       STA
00270'024500
                       LDA
                                1.AMAX
00271 031011
                       LDA
                               2,11,2
                                        SIN
002721102400
                       SUB
                                0.0
90273'073301
                       MUL
                                        MULT. BY AMAX (1/64)
                                1,1,SZC
00274'125112
                       MOVL#
00275 101400
                       INC
                               0.0
                                        JROUND UP
00276'030656
                       LDA
                               2,SV2
                                        (SIN*AMAX NOW IN CAO)
00277 025000
                                        JSIN FLAG
                       LDA
                                1.0.2
00300'044471
                       STA
                                1.SFLAG
                                        JPUT FLAG IN CARRY
00301'125100
                       MOVL
                                1.1
00302 034465
                       LDA
                               3.SIGN
                                        JD(ALPHA) FLAG
00303'175112
                       MOVL#
                                3,3,52C
003041175060
                       MOVC
                               3.3
003051125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,52C ;1S COS FLAG SET?
00306'125060
                       MOVC
                                        ;YES. COMP. CARRY
                               1,1
00307 035010
                       LDA
                               3,10,2
                                        JOLD COS
                                1,1,5NC ;SAME SIGNS, C & D(C)?
003101125003
                       MOV
00311'000404
                       JMP
                                        :YES. SUBTRACT!
                               CARO
00312'117022
                       ADDZ
                               0,3,SEC ; COS+D(COS)
                                        SET TO MAX IF OVERFLOW
00313'176000
                       ADC
                               3,3
                       JMP
00314'000413
                               PRUNE
                               0,3,52C ; COS-D(COS)
              CARO:
00315'116422
                       SUBZ
00316'000411
                       JMP
                               PRUNE
00317 174400
                       NEG
                                3.3
00320 025000
                       LDA
                               1.0.2
00321'125100
                       MOVL
                                1.1
003221125100
                       MOVL
                                1.1
003231125060
                       MOVC
                               1.1
                                        JOOMPLEMENT COS FLAG
00324'125200
                       MOVR
                                1.1
003251125200
                       MOVR
                               1.1
00326 045000
                       STA
                                1.0.2
                                        JUPDATE CONTROL WORD
00327'025010
                               1,10,2
                                        JOLD COS
              PRUNE:
                       LDA
00330'055010
                                        ; NEW COS
                       STA
                               3,10,2
00331 930437
                       LDA
                               XAMA &
003321102400
                       SUB
                               0.0
00333'073301
                       MUL
00334'125112
                       MOVL#
                               1,1,52C
00335101400
                       INC
                               0.0
                                        JETUND UP
                               1, SFLAG ; SIN FLAG
00336'024433
                       LDA
                       MOVL
                                        : BECOMES COS FLAG
00337'125100
                               1.1
                                        JOUN IN CARY
00340 125100
                       MOVL
                               1.1
```

```
00341'034426
                       LDA
                               3,SIGN 3D(ALPHA) FLAG
00342'175112
                       MOVL#
                               3,3,52C
00343'175060
                       MOVC
                               3,3
00344'030610
                               2,572
                       LDA
00345 025000
                       LDA
                               1.0.2
                                       INEW CONTROL WORD
00346'125112
                       MOVL#
                               1.1.SEC : IS SIN FLAG SET?
00347'125060
                      MOVC
                               1.1
                                       SYES. COMPLEMENT C
00350'035011
                                       JOLD SIN
                       LDA
                               3,11,2
00351'125002
                               1,1,52C ; SAME SIGNS, S & D(S) ?
                       MOV
                                       INO. SUBTRACT!
00352'000404
                       JMP
                               SARO
00353'117022
                               0,3,SEC ;SIN+D(SIN)
                       ADDZ
00354'176000
                       ADC
                               3,3
                                       JOVERFLOW.
00355'000410
                               PLUM
                       JMP
00356'116422
              SARO:
                       SUB2
                               0.3.SZC :SIN - D(SIN)
00357 000406
                       JMP
                               PLUM
                                       JNO SIGN CHANGE
00360174400
                       NEG
                               3,3
00361 125100
                      MOVL
                               1 - 1
00362'125060
                      MOVC
                               1 - 1
                                       COMPLEMENT SIN FLAG
00363'125200
                       MOVR
                               1 - 1
00364'045009
                       STA
                               1,0,2
                                       SUPDATE CONTROL WORD
00365'055011
              PLUM:
                       STA
                               3,11,2
                                       INEW SIN
00366'000647
                       JMP
                                       ROTATION DONE
                               CLOT2
00367'000000
              SIGN:
                       Ø
00370'001000
                       1000
              AMAX:
                               31/128 (DEC)
00371'000000
              SFLAG:
                      Ø
                       .END
```

```
·TITL
                                 DISPL
               JTO DISPLAY ALL BLOCKS, CENTROIDS ON
               3 THE SCREEN, OR ON PAPER
                        JSR @.DISS ...
               3
                                          SCREEN ENTRY
               3
               3
                        JSR @.DISP
                                          PAPER ENTRY
                                     • • •
               3
               13
                        JSR e.DIS9
                                          PLOT SINGLE BLOCK
                                     . . .
                                          ON THE SCREEN
                                           (AC2: BLOCK POINTER)
               1
                        JSR @.LPLS ...
                                          TO PLOT LOAD VECTORS
                                          ON SCREEN
               1
                        .ENT
                                 .DISS..DISP..DISB..NVEC..LPLS
                        .EXTD
                                 .PLTS..RLNC,.PON1,.PON2,.M1,.PRN1
                        .EXTD
                                 .MSKR..NUM..SCAL..LFAF..LENG
                        .EXTD
                                 · IPRN, · MESS, · ALPH, · UD, · AXIS
                        .EXTD
                                 .PRES, . IPRN, .NVEC
                        .EXTN
                                 FEET
                        . ZREL
00000-000000
               .PLOT:
00001-000100' .DISS:
                        DISS
00002-000056' .DISP:
                        DISP
00003-000053' .DISB:
                                 SINGLE BLOCK ENTRY
                        DISB
00004-000271' .LPLS:
                        LPLS
00005-000000
               .NVEC:
                        0
                                 FLAG TO PRINT LOADS
                        .NREL
100000.000001
               DRIVE:
      000012
                        • RDX
                                 10
               JTO PLOT AXES ...
00001 054444
               AXES:
                        STA
                                 3.AXSAV
00002 920444
                        LDA
                                 Ø.A1
00003'024444
                        LDA
                                 1.A2
00004'0060015
                        JSR
                                 e.PLTS
00005.000000
                        а
00006'0060165
                        JSR
                                e - ALPH
00007 0200175
                        LDA
                                Ø..UD
00010'101005
                        MOV
                                0.0.SNR
00011'002434
                        JMP
                                 <u>@AXSAV</u>
00012'0060145
                        JSR
                                @.IPRN
00013'000004
                        4
00014.0060155
                        JSR
                                @ • MESS
00015'177777
                        FEET
00016'000073
                        59
00017'001356
                        750
00020'020430
                        LDA
                                0.A3
00021 024430
                        LDA
                                1.A4
00022'0060015
                                e.PLTS
                        JSR
000023'0000000
                        Ø
                        JSR
00024'0060165
                                e-ALPH
00025'0200175
                        LDA
                                0 . . UD
00026'0060145
                        JSR
                                e . I PRN
00027 000004
                        4
00030 0060155
                        JSR
                                e . MESS
00031'000015'
                        FEET
00032'001415
                        781
00033'000043
                        35
                        JSR
                                e.AXIS
```

00034'0060205

```
000351001412
                        778
00036'0000001
00037'000001
                        1
0004010060205
                        JSR
                                 e.AXIS
00041 176365
                        -778
000421000001
00043'000001
000441002401
                        JMP
                                 eaxsav
00045'000000
               AXSAV:
                        Ø
00046'0000003
               Al:
                        3
00047 001356
               A2:
                        750
00050.001265
               A3:
                        693
00051 0000043
               A4:
                        35
       000010
                        • RDX
                                 8
00052'000273' DIR:
                        DIREC
00053'0200015 DISB:
                        LDA
                                 0. PLTS
00054'040000-
                        STA
                                 Ø. PLOT
00055'000465
                        JMP
                                 SING
00056'054524
               DISP:
                        STA
                                 3.SV3
00057 020721
               TRY:
                        LDA
                                 Ø.DRIVE
00060 062074
                        DOB
                                 0.LINC
00061 020460
                        LDA
                                 0.BLK
00062 024455
                        LDA
                                 1.NBLK
00063'030455
                        LDA
                                 2,CORE
00064.050000-
                        STA
                                 2. PLOT
00065.0060025
                        JSR
                                e⋅RLNC
                                         JREAD IN PAPER PLOT ROUTINE
00066125005
                        MOV
                                 1,1,5NR
00067 0000403
                        JMP
                                 •+3
00070 063077
                        HALT
                                         FIAPE ERROR
00071 000766
                        JMP
                                TRY
00072'020444
                                0,FFP
                        LDA
00073'040441
                        STA
                                Ø,FFR
00074'0200125
                                Ø. LPAP | LOADS NEEDED?
                        LDA
00075'101004
                        MOV
                                0,0,52R
00076'006754
                        JSR
                                edir
                                         ; YES
00077'000407
                        JMP
                                SUN
00100'020001$ DISS:
                        LDA
                                0. PLTS
00101 040000-
                        STA
                                0. PLOT ; SCREEN-PLOT POINTER
00102'020433
                        LDA
                                Ø.FFS
00103'040431
                        STA
                                Ø,FFR
00104'054476
                        STA
                                3,SV3
00105'004674
                        JSR
                                AXES
                                         PLOT AXES ON SCREEN ONLY
00106'034005$ SUN:
                       LDA
                                3. . MI
00107 054472
               RAIN:
                        STA
                                3, RPNT
00110.031400
                                2.0.3
                       LDA
00111'151005
                       MOV
                                2,2,SNR
00112'000414
                       JMP
                                FINAL
                                         INO MORE BLOCKS
00113'021014
                       LDA
                                0.14.2
                                        JARFA
00114'101005
                       MOV
                                0.0.SNR ; ZERO?
00115'000406
                       JMP
                                WIND
                                         JYES, SKIP THIS BLOCK
00116'021000
                       LDA
                                0.0.2
00117'024505
                       LDA
                                I.FMSK
00120'123414
                                I.Ø.SER :FIXED BLOCK?
                       AND#
00121 006413
                       JSR
                                eFFR
                                         JYES, PRINT AN "F"
00122'004420
                       JSR
                                SING
                                         JPLOT THIS BLOCK
00123'034456
              WIND:
                       LDA
                                3.BPNT
00124'175400
                       INC
                                3,3
00125'000762
                       JMP
                                RAIN
```

```
00126'102400 FINAL:
                       SUB
                                0.0
001271126400
                       SUB
                                1 . 1
00130'006000-
                                e.PLOT
                                        TRESET BEAM/PEN TO LOWER
                       JSR
00131 0000000
                       Ø
                                         ; LEFT-HAND CORNER
00132 0060165
                       JSR
                                e . ALPH
00133'002447
                                         JEXIT
                       JMP
                                eSV3
00134'0000000 FFR:
                       Ø
00135'000207' FFS:
                       FF
00136'000225' FFP:
                       LETT
00137 000001
              NBLK:
                       1
00140'000440
              CORE:
                       440
00141'000555
              BLK:
                       555
00142 054435
              SING:
                                3,SB3
                                         FROUTINE TO PLOT A BLOCK
                       STA
00143'021001
                       LDA
                                0.1.2
00144'025003
                       LDA
                                1,3,2
00145 006000-
                       JSR
                                e.PLOT
00146'177777
                       -1
00147 021000
                       LDA
                                0.0.2
00150'0240075
                       LDA
                                1. MSKR
00151'107400
                       AND
                                0.1
                                        INUMBER OF POINTS
00152'044426
                                1, NPNTS
                       STA
001531126400
                       SUB
                                1,1
00154'044427
                       STA
                                1,NP
00155'006003$
                       JSR
                                e-PON1
                                        JGET X,Y FOR FIRST POINT
                                        FREMEMBER THEM FOR
00156'040426
                       STA
                                0,X0
00157 014426
                                1.YØ
                                        ; LAST LINE.
                       STA
00160'006000-
                                e.PLOT
                                       JPLOT A POINT
                       JSR
                                        JBEAM OFF/PEN UP
00161 0000000
                       Ø
00162'000404
                       JMP
                                HAIL
00163'096004$ FOG:
                       JSR
                                e.PON2
                                        ;2ND, QUICK ENTRY
                                e.PLOT
00164 006000-
                       JSR
00165'000001
                                        JBEAM ON / PEN DOWN
                       1
00166 010415
              HAIL:
                       ISZ
                                NP
00167'024414
                                1,NP
                       1.DA
00170'014410
                       DS₽
                                NPNTS
00171'000772
                                        SHAVEN'T REACHED LAST POINT YET
                                FOG
                       JMP
00172'020412
                       LDA
                                0.X0
                                        JGET FIRST POINT BACK
00173'024412
                       LDA
                                1.YØ
00174'006000-
                                e.PLOT
                                        ;PLOT IT
                       JSR
00175'000001
                       1
00176'002401
                       JMP
                                        ; EXIT
                                esa3
00177'000000
               SB3:
                       Ø
00200.000000
              NPNTS:
                       Ø
00201'000000
               BPNT:
                       Ø
000000.202000
               SV3:
                       Ø
00203'0000000
              NP:
                       Ø
00204'000000
               XØ:
                       Ø
00205'000000
                       a
              YØ:
                       Ø
00206'000000
               CSV3:
               JTO PRINT "F" ON FIXED BLICKS
00207'054777
                       STA
                                3,CSV3
06510,051001
                       LDA
                                0,1,2
                       LDA
                                1,3,2
00211 025003
                       LDA
                                3.FIVE
00212'034411
                                3.0
00213'163000
                       ADD
00214'167000
                       ADD
                                3,1
                                        JEET BEAM POSITIONED
00215'006000-
                       JSR
                                e . PLOT
00216'0000000
                       Ø
```

```
00217'0060165
                         JSR
                                 € • ALPH
                                         JALPHA
 0022010060065
                         JSR
                                 e.PRN1
                                          SPRINT "F"
 00221'000106
                         "F
 00222'002764
                         JMP
                                 €CSV3
 00223'000005
                FIVE:
 00224'014000
               FMSK:
                         14000
                TO PLOT A LETTER ON PAPER
 00225'054432
                LETT:
                        STA
                                 3.SNOT
 00226'050433
                         STA
                                 2.5V2
 00227'030433
                        LDA
                                 2.POINT
 00230'102400
                        SU9
                                 0.0
 00231 1040417
                        STA
                                 Ø.MODE
 00232'021000
               PLOOP:
                        LDA
                                 0.0.2
                                          3(X:Y)
 00233'105305
                        MOVS
                                 0.1.SNR
 00234'000421
                        JMP
                                 END
 00235'0340075
                        LDA
                                 3. MSKR
 00236'167400
                        AND
                                 3.1
                                          1 Y
 00237 163400
                        AND
                                 3.0
                                          JX
00240'151400
                        INC
                                 2.2
00241 050417
                        STA
                                 2.IT2
00242 930417
                        LDA
                                 2.5V2
00243'035001
                        LDA
                                 3,1,2
                                         JXG
00244'163000
                        ADD
                                 3.0
                                         JXP
00245'035003
                        LDA
                                 3,3,2
                                         JYG
00246'167000
                        ADD
                                 3.1
                                         JYP
00247 006000-
                        JSR
                                 e.PLOT
00250'000000
               MODE:
00251 102520
                        SUBZL
                                 0.0
00252'040776
                        STA
                                 0.MODE
00253'030405
                        LDA
                                 5,115
00254'000756
                        JMP
                                 PLOOP
00255'030404
               END:
                        LDA
                                 2,5V2
00256'002401
                        JMP
                                 esnot
00257'000000
               SNOT:
                        0
00260'000000
               IT2:
                        0
00000011000000
               SV2:
                        0
00262,000563,
               POINT:
                        .+1
00263'007012
                        7012
                                JLETTER "F"
00264'007005
                        7005
00265'002405
                        2405
00266'005005
                        5005
00267'005010
                        5010
00270'000000
                  TO PLOT LOAD VECTORS
00271'020001$ LPLS:
                       LDA
                                Ø. PLTS
00272'040000-
                        STA
                                0. PLOT
00273'054572 DIREC:
                       STA
                                3.RVEC
00274'034005$
                       LDA
                                3 . M1
00275'0200105
                       LDA
                                0. NUM
00276'040563
                        STA
                                0.KNT
00277 054563
                        STA
                                3.PNT
00300.031400
               REPT:
                       LDA
                                2,0,3
00301'021014
                       LDA
                                0.14.2
00302'101005
                       MOV
                                0.0.SNR
00303'000463
                       JMP
                                TRIP
                                         JSKIP ERASED BLOCK
00304'021001
                       LDA
                                0,1,2
                                         3XC
00305'025003
                       LDA
                                1,3,2
                                         3 YC
00306'006000-
                       JSR
                                * . PLOT
00307 '000000
                       0
00310'025014
                       LDA
                                1,14,2 JEIGHT
```

```
C-117
00311'044562
                       STA
                                1.44
003121050551
                        STA
                                2,AC2
00313'0060115
                        JSR
                                e.SCAL
00314'030547
                                2.AC2
                       LDA
00315'021001
                                0.1.2
                                         ; XC
                       LDA
00316'035003
                       LUA
                                3,3,2
                                         3 Y C
00317'136400
                       SUB
                                1.3
00320'165000
                       MOV
                                3,1
00321'006000-
                                e.PLOT
                        JSR
00322'000001
                        1
00323'006016$
                        JSR
                                e-ALPH
00324'020547
                       IDA
                                a.kk
00325'006014$
                        JSR
                                e-IPRN
00326'0000004
                        4
00327'030534
                       LDA
                                2,AC2
00330'021001
                       LDA
                                0,1,2
                                         CENTROID AGAIN
00331'025003
                       LDA
                                1,3,2
                                e.PLOT
00332'006000-
                        JSR
00333'000000
                        0
00334'025023
                                1,23,2
                                        JX LOAD
                       LDA
00335'044536
                       STA
                                1,66
                                e.SCAL
00336'006011$
                                        SCALE IT
                        JSR
00337'030524
                       LDA
                                2,AC2
00340'021001
                       LDA
                                0,1,2
                                         3 XC
00341 107000
                       ADD
                                0,1
00342'044522
                                1,XVEC
                       STA
00343'025024
                                1,24,2
                       LDA
                                        JY LOAD
                                1.VV
00344'044530
                       STA
00345'0060115
                       JSR
                                e.SCAL
00346'030515
                       LDA
                                2,AC2
00347'021003
                                         J YC
                       LDA
                                0.3.2
00350'107000
                       ADD
                                0.1
                                Ø,XVEC
                                        SVECTOR NOW IN ACOSACI
00351'020513
                       LDA
00352'006000-
                        JSR
                                e.PLOT
00353'000001
                        1
                                0. NVEC J. NVEC IS THE FLAG TO PLOT/NOT B
00354'020005-
                       LDA
00355'101005
                                0.0. SNR ; THE MAG. OF APPLIED LOADS
                       MOV
00356'000410
                                TRIP
                                         # 9 MEANS NO PLOT
                        JMP
00357'006016$
                       JSR
                                e.ALPH
00360'020513
                       LDA
                                0.WW
                                e.IPRN
00361'006014$
                        JSR
00362.000004
                        4
00363'020511
                       LDA
                                0,00
00364.006014$
                                e.IPRN
                       JSR
00365'000004
                        4
00366'010474
                       ISZ
               TRIP:
                                PNT
00367'034473
                                3.PNT
                       LDA
00370'014471
                       DSZ
                                KNT
00371 0000707
                                REPT
                       JMP
               JTO PRINT JOINT PRESSURES
00372'0300215
                       LDA
                                2. PRES
                       MOVL#
00373'151112
              PLUM:
                                2,2,SZC
00374'002471
                       JMP
                                eRVEC
                                         TIXBL
                                         JCONTROL WORD
00375'025000
                       LDA
                                1.0.2
                       LDA
                                Ø. . MSKR
00376'020007$
00377'050467
                       STA
                                2,PR2
```

```
00400'123403
                        AND
                                 1,0
                                          INB
                                                               C-118
00401'106700
                        SURS
                                 0,1
                                          INP
00402'044465
                        STA
                                 I.NPREM
0040310340055
                        LDA
                                 3. ·M1
00404'117203
                        ADD
                                 0.3
00405'031400
                        LDA
                                 2,0,3
                                          JBLOCK POINTER
004061006013S
                        JSR
                                 0.LENG
00407'040451
                        STA
                                 0.1.ENG
00410'021014
                        LDA
                                 0.14.2
00411'101005
                        MOV
                                 0.0.SNR
00412'000442
                        JMP
                                 FRED
                                          JSKIP ERASED BLOCK
00413'0060035
                        JSR
                                 €.PON1
20414'040454
                        STA
                                 Ø, XAA
00415'044454
                        STA
                                 I, YAA
00416'024451
                        LDA
                                 1.NPREM
00417'125400
                        INC
                                 1.1
00420.051000
                        LDA
                                 0.0.2
                                          JCONTROL WD
00421 0340075
                        LDA
                                 3. MSKR
00422'163400
                        AND
                                 3.0
00423'106415
                                 0,1,SNR ; CHECK FOR LAST CORNER
                        SUB#
00424126400
                        SUB
                                 1.1
00425'006004$
                        JSR
                                 0.PON2
00426 034442
                        LDA
                                 3,XAA
00427'163220
                        ADDER
                                 3.0
                                         $ (XA+XB)/2
00430'034441
                        LDA
                                 3.YAA
00431 167220
                        ADDZR
                                 3.1
                                         1(YA+YB)/2
00432'034440
                        LDA
                                 3.NN5
00433'162400
                        SUR
                                 3,0
                        SUB
00434166400
                                 3,1
00435'0060015
                        JSR
                                 e.PLTS
00436 9000000
                        Ø
00437 0060165
                        JSR
                                 e-ALPH
0044010060065
                        JSR
                                 e.PRN1
                        **
00441 900052
                                2,PR2
00442 030424
                        LDA
00443'025001
                        LDA
                                 1,1,2
                                         *FORCE
00444'102440
                        SUBO
                                 0.0
00445'030412
                                2.N125
                        LDA
00446'073301
                        MUL
00447 030411
                        LDA
                                2.LENG
00450'073101
                        DIV
00451'121000
                        MOV
                                 1.0
                                e.IPRN
00452 0060145
                        JSR
00453'000005
                        5
00454'030412
               FRED:
                        LDA
                                2.PR2
00455'031002
                                2,2,2
                        LDA
                                         JLINK
0045. 0000715
                        JMP
                                PLUM
                        RDX
      000012
                                 10
00457 000175
               N125:
                        125
      000010
                        • RDX
                                 8
00460'000000
               LENG:
                        Ø
00461 0000000
               KNT:
                        0
00462'000000
               PNT:
                        Ø
00463'0000000
               AC2:
                        0
00464'0000000
               XVEC:
                        Ø
00465'000000
               RVEC:
                        а
00466 0000000
               PR2:
                        Ø
00467'000000
               NPREM:
                        Ø
00470'000000
               XAA:
                        Ø
00471'000000
               YAA:
                        Ø
```

00472'000005 NN5: 5 00473'0000000 WW: 0 00474'0000000 VV: 0 •END

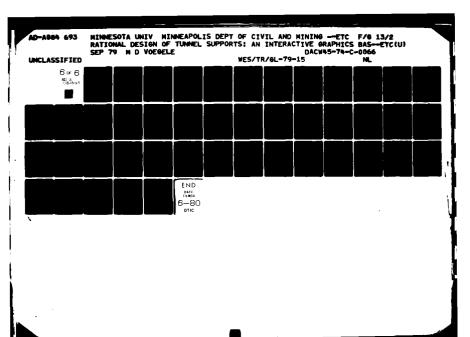
C-119

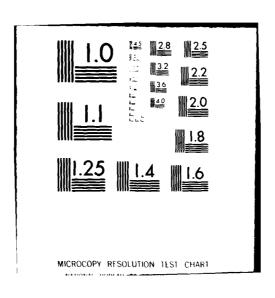
```
.TITL
                                CONTR
               IDYNAMIC ITERATION CONTROL ROUTINE
                                CONTR, . PFLG, . C100, . VEC, . LPAP, . UREP
                       - ENT
                        .EXID
                                .OVL, .GETT, .DISS, .MOT, .CURS, .PRN1, .HITC
                                .PLTS, .PAGE, .ALLB, .FORD, .MI . . NUM, .CPNI
                        .EXID
                        •EXTD
                                .DISP..SCAL,.LPLS..VFAC,MU..RLNC..UINP
                        .EXTD
                                .REBE, .EMPT, .PON1, .PON2, .ASKR, .M3, .M5
                                .INP. .HITS, .PRN2, .ALPH, .TYP, .LENG, .MESS
                        .EXTD
                                .PSEG, .DISB, .IPRN, . READ, .wRIT, .STEP, .TPN
                        .EXTD
                                .LODE . DCM . MOVE . . KSET . . KET . . TIME
                        .EXTD
                                NITGO
                        .EXTN
                        · ZREL
              .LPAP:
                                SHARD COPY LOAD-PLOT FLAG
00000-000000
                       ด
00001-000000
              .VEC:
                       Ø
                                ; VECTOR PLOT FLAG (1=PLOT, 0=DON'T)
066664-966899
              .PFLG:
                       0
00003-000100
               .C100:
                       100
00004-000023
               .UREP:
                       23
                                JUPDATE FREQUENCY
                        •NREL
00000'000000 UCNT:
                       Ø
               ; ---- MAIN CALCULATION CYCLE----
00001'020004- GRUNT:
                       LDA
                                Ø. . UREP
000021040776
                                Ø.UCNT
                       STA
0000310060045 DYN:
                                101.9
                                        JLAW OF MOTION
                       JSR
                       JSR
                                        *K.E.ROUTINE
0000410060578
                                P.KET
                                        ;FORCE/DISPLACEMENT LAW
00005'0060135
                       JSR
                                e.FORD
00006'006051$
                        JSR
                                e.STEP
                                        3 INCREMENT CYCLE COUNTER
0000710060545
                       JSR
                                P.DCM
                                         JDISP MACHINE
00010'063710
                       SKPDE
                                TTI
00011'004407
                                OUT
                                         KEY HAS BEEN HIT
                       JSR
00012'014766
                       DSZ
                                UCNT
000131000770
                       JMP
                                DYN
00014 0060125
                                e.ALLB ; UPDATE CONTACT LIST
                       JSR
00015 000764
                                GRUNT
                       JMP
00016'000257' KT3:
                       RET3
00017'100257' RTT3:
                       ORET3
00020°056776
                                3,0RT3
               OUT:
                       STA
00021 0060405
                       JSR
                                0.ALPH
000221060510
                       DIAS
                                O,TTI
                                        GET KEY CHARACTER
P00231030426
                                2. POINT ; POINTER TO KEY LIST
                       LDA
00024'000403
                       JMP
                                SEEK
ØØØ25'151400
              NEXT:
                       INC
                                2,2
690261151490
                       INC
                                2,2
Ø9927:025909
               SEEK:
                       LDA
                                1.0.2
00030 125015
                       MOV#
                                1,1,SNR ; CHECK FOR LIST END
R0031 '002766
                       JMP
                                eRTT3
                                        CHARACTER NOT FOUND
000321034413
                       LDA
                                        RIGHT 7 BITS
                                3.MSK
899331163499
                       AND
                                3.0
000341137400
                       AND
                                1.3
                                        JUST CHARACTER ALONE
000351162414
                       SUB#
                                3,0,SZR
00036'000767
                                NEXT
                       JMP
                                        ; NOT THIS ONE
090371166405
                       SUB
                                3,1, SNR ; FOUND IT! GET FLAG IN ACL
000401003001
                       JMP
                                61.5
                                        3GO TO APPROPRIATE ROUTINE
00041 1034407
                       LDA
                                3. STATU ; STATUS FLAG
000421166415
                                3.1. SNR : IS PERMISSION GRANTED?
                       SUR#
00043'003001
                       JMP
                                2.19
                                        JYES. GO TO ROUTINE
```

```
000441002753
                       JMP
                               eRTT3
                                       BACK FROM WHENCE YOU CAME
00045 000177
              MSK:
                       177
                       100000
00046'100000
              RFLAG:
000471040000
              SFLAG:
                       40000
000501000000
              STATU:
00051'000052' POINT:
                      .+1
              ; LIST OF POSSIBLE KEYS THAT CAN BE HIT ---
000521000104
                       "D
0005310001661
                               FRE-DRAW BLUCKS
                       USTLY
00054 040129
                       "P+40000
                               GO TO PHASE 1
00055'000135'
                       PEASE
                       "G+40000
00056 040107
00057'000132'
                               START DYNAMICS
                       GO
000601100123
                       "5+100000
02061 0000124
                       STOP
                               STOP DYNAMICS
                       " ž
00062 000132
00063'000172'
                       2ERO
                               ISET ALL VELOCITIES TO BENU
00064 100116
                       "N+100000
0006510001561
                       MOPLT
                               JERASE SCREEN & SUPPRESS PLOTTING
00066'100101
                       000001+A"
00067'000162'
                       ACTIV
                               JACTIVATE PLOTTING AGAIN
00070'043111
                       "1+40000
                       INPUT
                               ; INPUT DATA
00071'000210'
00072'000110
                       "H
00073'000252'
                       HARD
                               JMAKE HARD COPY
00074'000126
                       ••v
00075'000269'
                       VEC
                               JVECTOR DISPLAY
00076'000114
                       "L
                               ; TO PLOT LOADS ONLY
00077'000271'
                       LPLOT
                       "T
00100'000124
                       TYPEN
                               JTO PRINT PROP. TYPE #'S
00101'000275'
00102 049112
                       "J+40000
00103'000417'
                       PINP
                               :TO INPUT JOINT PRESSURE
                       "R+40000
00104'049122
00105'000425'
                       RP3
                               JTO READ A P-3 FILE
                       "W+40000
00106'040127
00107'000432'
                       WP3
                               JTO WRITE A P-3 FILE
00110'040103
                       "C+40000
                               PUT UP CURSOR AND WAIT
00111'000434'
                       CUR
00112'040130
                       "X+40000
00113'000151'
                       RESET
                               ; TO RESET CYCLE COUNTERS, ETC
00114'040121
                       "0+40090
00115'000150'
                       TIME
                               JTO CHANGE DYN FACS
00116'040115
                       "M+40000
00117'000145'
                       MOVM
                               TO SET DISP CONTROL
                       "B+40000
00120'040102
00121'000146'
                       BOLT
                               JTO SET UP FORCE BLOCKS
00155,000000
                               JEND OF LIST
                       Ø
00123'000401
              CONTR:
                      JMP
                               STOP
00124'020723
              STOP:
                       LDA
                               0.SFLAG
                               Ø, STATU F"STOP" STATUS
00125'040723
                       STA
                       SKPDN
                               111
                                       SWAIT FOR ITY
00126'063610
00127'000777
                       JMP
                               . - 1
00130'004670
                       J$R
                               OUT
00131'000773
                       JMP
                               STOP
```

```
00132'020714 60:
                     LDA
                            O. RFLAG
                             O.STATU ;"RUN" STATUS
00133'040715
                     STA
001341000645
                     JMP
                             GRUNT
00135'060477 PHASE: READS
                                   CANT LEAVE W/0-UP
                             Ω
00136'101122
                     MOVEL
                             0.8.820
001371030765
                     JMP
                             STOP
                     JS₽
00140'0067115
                             6.PACE
00141'102520
                     SUBEL
                             0.0
0014210060018
                     JSK
                             8.0VL
                                   JOVEPLAY #1
00143'063077
                     HALT
                                    :TAPE ERROR
00144 000775
                     JMP
                             •-3
00145'002055S MOVM: JMP
                             P.MOVE
              ;------
00146 063077
             BOLT: HALT
00147'000755
                     JMP
                             STOP
00150'006060S TIME: JSR
                            e.TIME
             ;-----
00151'006056S RESET: JSR
                             e.RSET
00152.0060118
                     JSR
                             0.PAGE
00153'0060525
                     JSR
                             @.TPRN
00154'0060035
                     JSR
                             0.DISS
00155'002502
                     JMP
                             eRET3
             :-----
00156'0060115 NOPLT: JSR
                             0.PAGE
00157'102520
                     SUBEL
                             Ø. PFLG ; SUPPRESS PLOTTING
00160 040002-
                     STA
00161'002476
                     JMP
                             ORET3
00162'102400 ACTIV: SUB
                             0.0
MM163'040002-
                     STA
                             O. PFLC ; RE-ACTIVATE PLOTTING
                             @.TPRN ; WRITE NO. OF ITERATIONS
00164'0060525
                     JSR
00165'002472
                     JMP
                             eRET3
             ;-----
                             00166'006011S DSPLY: JSR
00167'0060525
                     JSR
                             e.DISS : RE-DRAW SYSTEM
00170'0060035
                     JSR
00171'002466
                     JMP
                             erets
              1------
00172'0300145 ZERO:
                     LDA
                             2. MI
00173'0240155
                     LDA
                             1. NUM
00174'124400
                     NEG
                             1.1
00175'102400
                     SUB
                             0.0
00176'035000 ITER:
                     LDA
                             3,0,2
00177'041405
                     STA
                             0.5.3
                                    :X-VEL
00200'041406
                     STA
                             0.6.3
                                    JALPHA-DOT
                             0,15,3 ;Y-VEL
00201 041415
                     STA
002021151400
                     INC
                             2,2
00203125404
                     INC
                             1,1,5ER
00204'000772
                     JMP
                             ITER
P020510060065
                     JSR
                             0.PRN1
00206'000007
                                    #RING BELL
                     7
00207 002450
                     JMP
                             erets
             ; INPUT ROUTINE -- FRICTION, LOADS, UNITS & OPTIONS
00210'0060435 INPUT: JSR
                             @.MESS
00211'001617'
                     INMS
```

```
002121177324
                                                              C-123
                         ~340.
  00213'001212
                         650.
  0021410050035 DOVER:
                         JSK
                                  0.GETT :WAIT FOR CHAR
  PP2151024426
                         LDA
                                  L. C. C. C. T.
  C0216'106415
                         SUB#
                                  80125168
  00217 1702440
                         JMP
                                  @BET3
                                          CHANGED YOUR MIND
  002201024424
                         Low
                                  1.0HEF
  00551.1 (*14
                         SUH
                                  3010258
  00223.004793
                         JMP
                                  •+3
  90223100KJ355
                         JSR
                                 9.41.9
                                          ; GO TO INPUT FRICTION
  002241002433
                         JMP
                                 @RET3
  002251024420
                         LDA
                                 1.0880
  00226'105414
                         SUB#
                                 0.1,SER
  002271000403
                         JMP
                                 • +3
 80230'006025s
                         JSR
                                 e.UINP :60 TO INPUT UNITS
  00831.008459
                         JIE
                                 PrE13
 002321024414
                        LDa
                                 Lattick
 002331106414
                         SUFF
                                 0.1.5ER
 692341000403
                         JMP
                                 • +3
 00235:006414
                        JSR
                                 eLopo.
                                         GO TO INPUT LOADS
 00236'0C2421
                        JAP
                                 GREI3
 002371024410
                        LDA
                                 1.CHRO
 00240'106415
                        SU9#
                                 0.1.5NR
 00241 002407
                        JMP
                                 @OPTNN : GO TO SET OPTIONS
 002421000752
                        JMP
                                 DOVER
                                        ; DO IT OVER
 00243'000015
                CRGET:
                        15
 00244'000106
                        ••F
                CHRF:
 002451000125
                CHRU:
                        ''U
 002461030114
                        "L
                CHRL:
 88247 : 000117
                        "0
               CHEO:
 00250:177777
               : NATRO
                        OPTIN
 00251'001121' LODO:
                        ONLY
               ;------
               :HARD: READS
                                        CHECK FOR SW. 0
                       MGVZL
               ;
                                0.0.SEC ; OFF=4631.ON=PLOTTER
                        JMP
                                PLTR
Ø0252'006006$ HARD:
                        JSR
                                e.PRN1
002531000033
                        27.
                                        JASCII ESC
00254.0060065
                        JSR
                                @.PRN1
00255 0000027
                       23.
                                        JASCII ETB
00256 032401
                       JMP
                                eRET3
               ;PLTR:
                      JSR
                                0.DISP
               :
                       JAF
                                @RET3
               ; ------
00257 '000000
               kET3:
                       (\cdot)
00260'102590 VEC:
                       SUBEL
                                0.0
00261 1040001-
                       STA
                               O.. VEC ; SET VECTOR PLOT FLAG
002621006004s
                       JSR
                                0.MOT
0026310060575
                       JSR
                               e.KET
DD264'CD60135
                       JSR
                               A.FORD JONE SCAN FOR PLOTTING
00265'006051s
                       JSR
                               @.STEP FINCREMENT CYCLE COUNTER
00566,105400
                       SUR
00267:040091-
                       STA
                               B. - VEC SKNUCK DOWN FLAC
00270'002767
                       JYF
                               PRFT3
                                       FEXIT
00271'0060215 LPLOT: JSR
                                       ********
                               A . 1 . 1
002721102520
                       5194-1
                               , , ,
                                       .
002731040000-
                      5.74
                               3.00
00274 002763
                               ,
```





```
JTO PRINT TYPE #'S ON BLOCK EDGES
00275'0340145 TYPEN:
                        LDA
                                 3..M1
00276 054502
                         STA
                                 3.BLOCK
                ; SCAN BLOCKS---
00277 031 400
                BEGIN:
                        LDA
                                 2,0,3
00300'151005
                        MOV
                                 2,2,5NR
00301 002756
                         JMP
                                 @RET3
00302'021014
                        LDA
                                 0.14.2
00303'101005
                        MOV
                                 0.0.SNR
00304'000440
                        JMP
                                 NEXT1
                :SCAN SIDES ...
00305'021000
                        LDA
                                 0,0,2
00306 0240325
                        LDA
                                 1. MSKR
003071107400
                        AND
                                 0.1
00310'044471
                        STA
                                 1.NPNTS
00311'126490
                        SUB
                                 1.1
00312'044470
                        STA
                                 1.NPP
M0313'006030S
                        JSR
                                 e - PONI
00314'040467
                        STA
                                 0.X0
00315'040470
                        STA
                                 Ø,XA
00316'044466
                        STA
                                 1.Y0
00317 044470
                        STA
                                 1.YA
00320'024462
                        LDA
                                 1.NPP
00321 000414
                        JMP
                                 DOWN.
003221125400
               BACK:
                        INC
                                 1.1
00323'0060315
                        JSR
                                 @ . PON2
00324 040462
                        STA
                                 BX.0
00325'044463
                        STA
                                 1.YB
00326'004421
                        JSR
                                 TPRNT
00327 010453
                                 NPP
                        ISZ
00330'024452
                        LDA
                                 1.NPP
00331 020455
                        1.DA
                                 Ø,XB
00332'040453
                        STA
                                 Ø,XA
00333'020455
                        LDA
                                 0.YB
00334'040453
                        STA
                                 O.YA
00335'014444
               DOWN:
                        DS≊
                                 NPNTS
00336'000764
                        JMP
                                 BACK
00337 820444
                        LDA
                                 0.X0
00340 040446
                        STA
                                 0.XB
00341 020443
                        LDA
                                 0.40
00342 040446
                        STA
                                 0.YB
00343'004404
                        JSR
                                 TPRNT
               ; END OF SIDE SCAN
00344'010434
               NEXT1:
                        ISZ
                                 BLOCK
00345'034433
                        LDA
                                 3.BLOCK
00346'000731
                        JMP
                                 BEGIN
               ; END OF BLOCK SCAN
00347 954430
               TPRNT:
                        STA
                                 3,TPSAV
00350 024432
                        LDA
                                1.NPP
00351 0060415
                        JSR
                                 0.TYP
                                         GET TYPE #, THIS EDGE
00352'101005
                        MOV
                                 0.0.SNR ; DEFAULT
003531002424
                        JMP
                                 QTPSAV
00354'040435
                        STA
                                0, TYPE
00355 020430
                        LDA
                                Ø,XA
00356 034430
                        LDA
                                3,XB
00357'163220
                                3.9
                        ADDER
                                         $ (XA+XB) /S
PR369'034432
                        LDA
                                3.MOVE1
00361 162400
                        SUB
                                3.0
```

```
003621024425
                       LDA
                                1.YA
003631034425
                       LDA
                                3,YB
003641167220
                        ADDER
                                3,1
                                         ; (YA+YB)/2
003651034425
                       LDA
                                3.MOVEL
003661166400
                        SUB
                                3,1
 136710060108
                       Jok
                                0.FLTS
003701000000
                        0
00371 10060408
                        JSR
                                @.ALPH
003721020417
                        LDA
                                CITYPE
00373'034420
                        LDA
                                3.NNO
00374'163000
                                         JASCII CHAR
                        ADD
                                3.8
00375 0060378
                        JSR
                                0.FAN2
00376'002401
                        JMP
                                QTPSAV
00377'000000
               TPSAV:
                        Ø
004001000000
               BLUCK:
614011000000
               NPNTS:
                       Ø
89402 * 0000000
               14:3:4
make3 * 6-90000
               XO:
                       Ø
664641060000
               YO:
004051000000
               XA:
                       0
00436 1030000
               XB:
                       0
0040710000000
               YA:
                       0
09410'000000
               YB:
                       Ø
00411'0000000
               TYPE:
00412'000006
               MOVEI:
                       "ø
00413'000060
               NNO:
00414'001100' FLG:
                       FLAG
00415'006025S UINP:
                                e.UINP
                       JSR
00416'002641
                                eRET3
                       JMP
00417'0060435 PINP:
                       JSR
                                e.MESS
      000015
                        . RDX
                                10
00420'001461'
                       PMESS
00421 177324
                        -300
00422'001274
                       700
      000010
                        · RDX
00423'0060445
                       JSR
                                e.PSEG
00424 002633
                       JMP
                                @RET3
00425'0060475 RP3:
                       JSR
                                P.READ
00426'0060115
                       JSR
                                e.PAGE
00427 0060525
                                e.TPRN
                       JSR
00430 006003$
                       JSR
                                e.DISS
M0431'002626
                       JMP
                                eRET3
00432'0060505 WP3:
                       JSR
                                e.WRIT
004331002624
                       JMP
                                eret3
004341102400
               CUR:
                       SUB
00435 042757
                                0.0FLG ; RESET PROP. CHNG. INDIC.
                       STA
00436'006005s CURS:
                       JSR
                                e.CURS
00437'000522'
                       CHAR
0044010006411
                       Х
00441'002642'
09442 0060405
                                e.ALPH
                       JSR
00443'020457
                       LDA
                                0,CHAR
00444'024462
                       LDA
                                1,C1
00445'106415
                       SUB#
                                C. I. SNR :"1" BEEN HIT?
00446'002456
                       JMP
                                @LOADR
```

```
004471004464
                        LDA
                                 1.0
 004501106415
                        SUR#
                                 0,1,5NR ;HAS "O" BEEN HIT ?
 00451 1002454
                        JMP
                                 BONE
 BB452 1024456
                        LDA
                                 1.0
 00453'106415
                        SUR#
                                 0.1.SNR ; HAS "U" BEEN HIT?
 004541000575
                        JMP
                                 UNFIX
                                         ; YES
 004551024455
                        LDA
                                 1.E
 00456'106415
                        SUR#
                                 0,1,5NR ;HAS "E" BEEN HIT?
 00457 '000455
                        J:MP
                                 ERASE
                                         :YFS
 00460 024451
                        LDA
                                 1.F
 00461 106414
                        SUB#
                                 0,1,SER THAS "F" BEEN HIT?
 004621002441
                        JMP
                                 esurfr
                                         JTRY PROPERTY KEYS
 0046310060075
                        JSR
                                 P.HITC
 09464'008641'
 00465'000642'
                        Υ
 00466'000750
                        JMP
                                 CURS
 00467 021000
                        LDA
                                 0.0.2
                                         CONTROL WORD
 00470'024427
                        LDA
                                 1,FBIT
                                         ;"FIXED" FLAG (BIT 3)
 00471 107414
                        AND#
                                 0.1.SER ; ALREADY FIXED?
 00472 0003744
                        JMP
                                 CURS
00473'123000
                        ADD
                                1.0
                                         JADD IN FLAG
00474 041000
                                         PUT WORD BACK
                        STA
                                 9.0.2
004751102400
                        SUB
                                 0.0
                                         SUPPRESS VELOCITIES
00476'941905
                        STA
                                 0.5.2
                                         X-VEL
00477 941096
                        STA
                                0.6.2
                                         JALPHA-DOT
00500 041015
                        STA
                                0.15.2
                                         3Y-VEL
00501'041020
                        STA
                                0.20.2
                                         ; DELTA-X
00502 041021
                        STA
                                0,21,2
                                         JDELTA-Y
00503'041022
                        STA
                                0,22,2
                                         ; DELTA-ALPHA
00504'034415
                        LDA
                                3,FIVE
00505 021001
                        LDA
                                0.1.2
                                         3 XC
00506'163000
                        ADD
                                3,0
                                         3XC+5
00507 025003
                        LDA
                                1,3,2
                                         3 YC
00510 167000
                        ADD
                                3,1
                                         :YC+5
00511'0060105
                        JSR
                                e.PLTS
00512.000000
                                         PUT BEAM TO RIGHT PLACE
00513'0060405
                        JSR
                                @.ALPH
00514'0060065
                        JSR
                                e-PRN1
00515'000106
                        "F
00516'000720
                        JMP
                                CURS
00517 10000
               FBIT:
                        10000
                                MANUAL FIX BIT
00520.004000
               MBIT:
                        4000
                                MASTER FIX BIT
00521 000005
               FIVE:
00522 0000000
               CHAR:
                        a
00523'001020' SURFR:
                       SURF
00524'000672' LOADR:
                       LOAD
00525'001121' ONE:
                       ONI Y
00526'000261
               C1:
                       "1+200
00527.000262
                       "2+200
               C2:
00530.000325
               U:
                       "U+200
00531 000306
                       "F+200
              F:
                       "E+200
00532'000305
              ε:
00533'000317
                       ..0+500
              0:
00534'006007S ERASE:
                       JSR
                                e.HITC
00535 000641 •
P0536'000642'
                       Y
00537 000677
                       JMP
                                CURS
                                        INO HIT
00540'044503
                       STA
                                1.NB
                                        3 BLOCK #
00541 0060115
                       JSR
                                @ . PAGE
00542'0060265
                       JSR
                                e.REB2
                                        PUT IN CORRECT BOXES
```

```
005431102400
                        SUB
                                0.0
66244,041014
                        STA
                                0.14.2 | SET AREA TO BERU
005451021000
                        LDA
                                0,0,2
0054610240325
                        LDA
                                1. . MSKR
PD547 123400
                        AND
                                1.0
B85501040477
                        STA
                                0.FCNT
@0551*12640D
                        SUB
                                1.1
005521044472
                        STA
                                LINP
               INEXT PART REMOVES ALL FOINT ENTRIES FOR ALL
               JBOX AKRAY
@#553*G6603G5
                        JSR
                                e.PON1
005541000403
                                PLACE
                        JMP
005551024467
               COW:
                        LDA
                                LINP
00556'0060315
                        JSR
                                6.50v5
00557'0340338 PLACE:
                       LDA
                                3..43
00560 030003-
                                2..0100
                       LDA
00561 040465
                        STA
                                Ø.NX
ØØ562'102400
                        SUB
                                0.0
005631073101
                        DIV
@0564*12712d
                       ADDZL
                                1.1
( 9565 1271 )
                       ADDEL
                                1 - 1
005661137690
                        ADD
                                1.3
00567 024457
                                1.NX
                       LDA
005701102400
                        SUB
                                0.0
00571 073101
                       DIV
005721137000
                       ADD
                                1.3
00573'054452
                                3,0LD
                        STA
005741020447
                       LDA
                                0,NB
005751024447
                                1,NP
                       LDA
00576 125300
                       MOVS
                                1,1
00577'123000
                       ADD
                                1.0
                                         ; (NP:NB)
006001035400
                       LDA
                                3,0,3
                                         ; (NO CHECK FOR END)
006011025400
               ROUND:
                       LDA
                                1,0,3
00602'106415
                        SUR#
                                0.1.SNR
006031000405
                        JMP
                                TOO
                                         FOUND IT
00604'165400
                        INC
                                3,1
00605'044440
                                1,OLD
                        STA
00606'035401
                                3,1,3
                                         JLINK
                       LDA
006071000772
                                ROUND
                        JMP
00610.025401
               00T:
                       LDA
                                1,1,3
                                         ;THIS LINK
00611'046434
                       STA
                                1,00LD
00612'010432
                                NP
                       152
00613'014434
                       DSZ
                                PCNT
00614'000741
                        JMP
                                COW
               TO RETURN DEAD CONTACT ENTRIES TO EMPTY LIST
00615'0340345
                       LDA
                                3.45
                                Ø,NB
00616'020425
                       LDA
006171117000
                       ADD
                                0,3
00620 054425
                       STA
                                3,0LD
                       LDA
                                3,0,3
00621 035490
00622'165000
                       MOV
                                3,1
                                         *KEEP FIRST ENTRY
                                3,3,5EC
00623'175112
                       MOVL#
00624 000411
                       JMP
                                EXIT
                                         INO CONTCTS
00625 171000
               NIT:
                       MOV
                                3,2
                                         ; SAVE PREV. ADDR. (LAST?)
                                3,2,3
                                         INEXT ENTRY
                       LDA
006261035402
                       MOVL#
                                3,3,SNC
00627 175113
                                         JKEEP GOING DOWN CHAIN
                        JMP
                                NIT
00630 000775
                       STA
                                3,60LD
                                         PLUG INITIAL POINTER
RR631'056414
00632 0200275
                       LDA
                                0. EMPT
                                         STORE OLD EMPT POINTER
                                0.2.2
00633'041002
                       STA
```

```
0063410440275
                      STA
                              1. EMPT
00635'006012S EXIT:
                      JSR
                              e.ALLB
                                      SUPDATE REMAINING CONTACTS
006361006052S
                      JSR
                              0.TPRN
0063710060038
                      JSR
                              e.DISS
                                      3 RE-DRAW
00640'002410
                      JMP
                              ecursR
006411000000 X:
                      0
006421000000
             Υ:
                      (3
006431000000
             NB:
                      Ø
006441000000
              NP:
                      Ø
00645'000000 OLD:
                      Ø
00646'0000000 NX:
02647'000000 PCNT:
                      Ø
00650'000436' CURSR:
                      CURS
00651'006007S UNFIX:
                      JSR
                              0.HITC
0065210006411
00653'000642'
                      Y
206541002774
                      JMP
                              ecursr
00655'021000
                              0.0.2
                                      JTO RELEASE A BLOCK
                      LDA
00656'024642
                      LDA
                              1,MBIT
                                      ; IS MASTER BIT SET?
00657 107414
                      AND#
                              0,1,5ER
00660'002770
                      JMP
                              ecursr ; YES, HARD LUCK!
00661 024636
                      LDA
                              1.FBIT
00662'107415
                              0.1.SNR ;FIXED ALREADY?
                      AND#
00663'002765
                      JMP
                              1.0
00664122400
                      SUB
                                      JREMOVE BIT
00665.041000
                              0.0.2
                                      PUT CONTROL WORD BACK
                      STA
00666'0060115
                      JSR
                              e . PAGE
00667'0060525
                      JSR
                              0.TPRN
00670'0060035
                      JSR
                              P.DISS
                                      JRE-DRAW
                              PCURSR JCARRY ON
00671 002757
                      JMP
              FROUTINE TO INPUT LOAD VECTORS FROM SCREEN
00672'006007S LOAD:
                      JSR
                              e.HITC
00673'000641'
                      Х
00674'000642'
                      Y
006751000521
                                      INO HIT; TRY SURFACE
                      JMP
                              SURF 1
00676 050501
                      STA
                              2.PNT1
00677 0060065
                      JSR
                              e-PRNI
                                      FRING BELL FOR HIT
00700 0000007
                      7
00701'0060055
                      JSR
                              e.curs
00702'000522'
                      CHAR
00703'001000'
                      XX
00704'001001'
                      YY
00705'006940S
                      JSR
                              @.ALPH
00706'020614
                      LDA
                              Ø.CHAR
00707'024520
                      LDA
                              1.CS
                              0,1,SER ;IS IT "2" FOR 2ND POINT?
00710'106414
                      SUB#
00711'002737
                      JMP
                              @CURSK ; NO. SOMETHING ELSE
00712 0060075
                      JSR
                              e.HITC
00713 001000 1
                      XX
00714'001001'
                      ΥY
007151000422
                      JMP
                                      JHAVEN'T HIT A BLOCK
                              ROG
00716'034461
                      LDA
                              3, PNT1 JFIRST POINT BACK
00717'156414
                      SUB#
                              2,3,SER ; COMPARE
007201000417
                      JMP
                              BOG
                                      JANOTHER BLOCK (COINCIDENCE)
007211021023
                      LDA
                              0.23.2
                                     JHIT ON SAME BLOCK
007221025024
                              1,24,2 3YY LOAD
                      LDA
007231123005
                      ADD
                              1.0.St.R
007241002724
                      JMP
                              ecurs ; zero. keturn!
```

```
007251102400
                       Sinis
                                ٠,٠٠
007261041023
                       STA
                                0,23,2 ;SET LOADS TO EERO
00727:041024
                       STA
                                0.24.2
00730'0060115 REDR:
                       JSR
                                P.PAGE
00731 10060525
                       JSR.
                                e.TPKN
007321046003$
                       JSR
                                9.DISS
0073310060215
                       JSR
                                0.LPLS
007341102520
                       SUBEL
                                0.0
0973510400000-
                                D. LFAP
                       STA
007361802712
                                COLSE
                       J 15
007371034449
              BOE:
                       Lija
                                327511
007431921401
                       LDA
                                0.1.3
                                        JAKC
00741 024437
                       LDA
                                LAXX
                                        S GN3:
007421106400
                       SUB
                                0.1
                                        FRELATIVE VECTOR
00743'0300225
                       LDA
                                2. VFAC ; SCALING FACTOR
00744'102400
                       SUB
                                0.0
00745 073301
                       MUL
                                0,23,3 :OLD XX LOAD
00746'021423
                       LDA
90747 040427
                                0.OLDX
                       STA
007501045423
                       STA
                                1,23,3
                                        INE XX LOAD
                                0,3,3
                                        SYYC
00751'021403
                       LDA
007521024427
                       LDA
                                1.YY
00753'106400
                       SUB
                                0.1
00754'102400
                       SUB
                                0,0
00755'073301
                       MUL
                                0,24,3 ;OLD YY LOAD
00756 921424
                       LDA
007571045424
                                1,24,3 INEW YY LOAD
                       STA
00760 024416
                                1.OLDX
                       LDA
00761 107004
                       ADD
                                0,1,SER ;SKIP IF BOTH ZERO
00762'000746
                                REDR
                                        JRE-DRAW ALL
                       JMP
00763'021401
                       LDA
                                0,1,3
                                        *XXC
00764'025403
                                1,3,3
                       LDA
                                        3YYC
00765'006010S
                       JSR
                                e.PLTS
00766'002000
                       Ø
00767 920411
                       LDA
                                0.XX
00770 024411
                                1, YY
                       LDA
00771 0060103
                                e-PLTS ; PLOT SINGLE NEW VECTOR
                       JSR
00772 0000001
                       SUBZL
00773'102520
                                0.0
                                0. LPAP
00774'040000-
                       STA
00775 002653
                                ecursR
                       JMP
00776'0000000
              OLDX:
                       0
00777 000000
                       Ø
              PNT1:
01000'000000
              XX:
                       0
01001.000000
              YY:
               ; ROUTINE FOR INPUT OF SURFACE PROPERTY TYPES
01002'100257' RET3S:
                       ORET3
01003'000436' CURSS:
                       CURS
01004'000000
              ZIMM:
01005:000000
              DIGIT:
                       0
01006'000000
              DIGAS:
01907'020000
              LBIT:
                       SOUCO
01010,060560
                       "0+200
              NO:
01011'000271
                       "9+200
              N9:
@1015.000000e
              MOVE:
      000025
              START=25
01013'0000326
                       START+1
              SS:
Ø1014'000927
               SL:
                       START+2
01015'007777
                       7777
              TMSK:
01016'020772 SURFI: LDA
                                0.10
```

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^

```
01017'131400
                        17.0
                                0.9
                                0,DIGAS ; SAVE ASCII FORM OF DIGIT
               SURF:
@1920 040766
                        STA
01021:024767
                       LDA
                                1.03
010221030767
                       LDA
                                2.N9
                                2,0,5NC ; CHECK FOR DIGIT 0 TO 9
01023'142033
                       ADC##
010241106032
                       ADC±#
                                O. L. SEC
01025 000454
                        JMP
                                UTRY
                                         ;NOT DIGIT. EXIT!
010261122400
                                         JBINARY VALUE
                        SUB
                                1.0
01027 040756
                       STA
                                ODIGIT
Ø1030°006036$
                        JSR
                                0.HITS
                                        FIND WHICH EDGES
              XRR:
01031 1000641
                       х
01032'000642'
              YRR:
                        Y
                        JMP
                                        JPUT UP CURSOR AGAIN
01033'002750
                                ecukss
010341054750
                        STA
                                3, EIMM
01035'010443
                        ISE
                                FLAG
                                         JRECORD TYPE CHANGES
               ISTORE TYPE # IN APPROPRIATE WORD
01036'021000
                       LDA
                                0.0.2
                                        CONTROL WORD
01037'034759
                       LDA
                                3,LBIT
01040'117414
                                0.3.SER ; LONG BLOCK?
                       AND#
01041'000406
                        JMP
                                LONG
01042*135120
                       MOVEL
                                1.3
01043'157090
                       ADD
                                2.3
01044'020747
                       LDA
                                0,55
01045'117000
                       ADD
                                0.3
01046'000406
                        JMP
                                NOSE
01047'135120
               LONG:
                       MOVEL
                                1.3
010501137000
                       ADD
                                1.3
01051 157000
                       ADD
                                2,3
01052'020742
                       LDA
                                0.SL
01053'117000
                       ADD
                                0.3
01054'021400
               NOSE:
                                0.0.3
                       LDA
01055'024740
                       L.DA
                                1.TMSK
01056'107400
                       AND
                                0.1
                                        MASK OFF OLD TYPE #
01057 020726
                       LDA
                                C.DIGIT
01060'103120
                       ADDZL
                                0.0
01061 103120
                       ADDEL
                                0.0
01062'101300
                                        IN LEFT 4 BITS
                       MOVS
                                0.0
01063'107000
                       ADD
                                        JADD IN NEW TYPE #
                                0.1
01064'045400
                       STA
                                1,0,3
                                        PUT COMPOSITE BACK
               PRINT DIGIT AT CENTRE OF EDGE
01065 030725
                       LDA
                                2.MOVE
01066'022743
                       LDA
                                0.eXRR
01067 142400
                       SUB
                                2.0
                                1.0YKK
01070 026742
                       LDA
01071 146400
                       SUB
                                2.1
0107210060105
                                0.PLTS
                       JSR
01073'0000000
01074'0060405
                       JSR
                                @.ALPH
01075'020711
                       LDA
                                O.DIGAS
01076'0060375
                       JSR
                                e . PRN2
01077'002705
                                MMI59
                                        FRE-ENTER FOR FURTHER HITS
                       JMP
01100'000000
               FLAG:
                       Ø
               UTRY:
01101'020777
                       LDA
                                0.FLAG
01102 101005
                       MOV
                                0.0.5NR
01103'P02677
                        JMP
                                PRETOS SEXIT, NO CHANGES
               *TO REQUEST UPDATE CYCLE* STORING
               INEW TYPE #S IN CONTACT LISTS
01104'030016$
                       LUA
                                2. . CFN1
01105 Pt (-3
                       LDA
                                8.2.0
                                        INEK KORD
01106 043000
                       STA
                                0.00.2
```

```
0110710060125
                       JSR
                                @.ALLB ; DO AN UPDATE
£1110'6320165
                       LDA
                                2. CHNT
811111 021001
                       LDA
                                S.1.8
                                        :OLD WORD
011121043000
                       STA
                                0,00,2
01113'072667
                        JMP
                                TIXE: SETEND
                       ROUTINE TO PLUT SINCLE BLUCK
01115 1 1677' FFIC:
01115'10'16'72' FET3f:
                       FRAC
                       GAL 135
01116'C01457' ACRIS:
                       AC2SV
01117'001436' VET:
                       VETO
01120'001443' PD:
                       P05
91121'0069435 ONLY:
                       JSR
                                P. MESS
C1122'CB1474'
                       OMESS
011231177242
                        -350 -
01124'001274
                       700.
01125'006005$ OCUR:
                                e.CURS ; SELECT SINGLE BLOCK
                       JSR
01126'001452'
                       OCHAR
0112710014531
                       OX
01130'001454'
                       OY
01131'0060078
                       J$R
                                e-HITC ; IS IT A BLOCK
01132'001453'
                       ОХ
01133'001454'
                       OY
01134'000771
                       JMP
                                OCUR
                                        JNO HIT RETURN
01135'052761
                                2.0AC2TS
                       STA
                                                 GOOD HIT RETURN
01136'0060118
                       JSR
                                e.PAGE
01137'0060525
                                e.TPRN
                       JSR
01140'032756
                                2>8AC2TS
                       LDA
01141'0060458
                                e.DISB ;DISPLAY IT
                       JSR
01142 9769435
                       JSR
                                €.MESS
01143'001506'
                       CTMES
01144'177634
                        -100.
01145'001274
                       700.
01146'006043$
                       JSR
                                e.MESS
01147'001521'
                       XC:1ES
011501000175
                       125.
01151'001236
                       670 .
01152'032744
                       LDA
                                2, @AC2TS
01153'021001
                       LDA
                                0,1,2
                                       JX CENT
                                H9JA.9
01154'0060405
                       JSR .
                       JSR
                                9.IPRN :PRINT IT
01155'0060465
01156'000005
                       5
01157'032737
                       LDA
                                2.0AC2T3
M1160.051005
                                        #XC LO PRECIS
                       LDA
                                0.2.2
01161 006733
                       JSR
                                OFRIC
R1162'0060435
                       JSR
                                ₽.MESS
01163'001527'
                       YCMES
01164'900175
                       125.
01165'001212
                       650 .
01166'632730
                       LDA
                                2. PAC2TS
01167'021903
                                0.3.2
                                        SYCENT
                       LDA
01170'0060495
                       JSR
                                8.ALPH
01171'0060465
                                e-IPAN PRINT IT
                       JSR
01172'0000005
                       LDA
                                2. eAC2TS
01173'032723
01174'021004
                       LDA
                                0.4.2
                                        SYC LO PREC
01175'006717
                       JSR.
                                OFRIC
                                2. BAC2TS
                                                 JBLOCK POINTER
01176 932720
                       LDA
```

```
01177'021001
                         LDA
                                  0,1,2
                                          3 XC
 012001025003
                         LDA
                                  1,3,2
 91201 9060105
                         JSR
                                  @.PLTS
 01202,0000000
                         O
 01203'021014
                         LDA
                                  3,14,2
                                          SWEIGHT
 0120410060405
                         JSR
                                  9.ALFH
 01205'0060465
                         JSR
                                  0.IPHN
                                          JPRINT IT
 01206.000004
                         4
 01207 0060435
                         JSR
                                  0.MESS
 01210'001547'
                         LDMES
 01211'176504
                         -700.
 012121001274
                         700.
 01213'0060435
                         JSR
                                 @.MESS
 01214'001556'
                         XLMES
 01215 001325
                         725.
 01216'001236
                         670.
 01217'032677
                         LDA
                                 2. QAC2TS
                                                  GET BLOCK POINTER
 01220'021023
                         LDA
                                 0.23.2 ;X LOAD
 01221'101132
                         MOVEL#
                                 0.0.SEC ; GET SIGN OF LOAD
 012221006675
                         JSR
                                 TEVS
                                          JPRINT "-"
 012231006675
                         JSR
                                 eP0
                                          JPRINT "+"
 01224 0060405
                         JSR
                                 e.ALPH
 01225'0060465
                         JSR
                                 0.1PRN
                                         JPRINT IT
 01226'0000005
                         5
 01227 0060435
                         JSR
                                 @.MESS
 01230'001612'
                        YLMES
 01231 001325
                        725.
 01232'001212
                        650.
 01233'032663
                        I.DA
                                 2. @AC2TS
 01234 021024
                                 0,24,2 ; Y LOAD
                        LDA
01235'101132
                        MOVZL#
                                 0.0.SEC ; GET SIGN OF LOAD
01236'006661
                        JSR
                                 evet
01237 006661
                        JSR
                                 e PO
                                         JPRINT +
01240.0060405
                        JSR
                                 @.ALPH
01241 0060465
                        JSR
                                 e · IPRN
                                         PRINT IT
01242'000005
                        5
01243'060477
                        READS
                                 Ø
                                         31 VEL, FSUMS, ETC
01244'101123
                        MOVEL
                                 0.0. SNC
01245'000552
                        JMP
                                 TIMO
01246 0060435
                        JSR
                                 0.MESS
01247'001632'
                        XFSM
01250'001325
                        725.
01251'000702
                        450.
01252'032644
                        LDA
                                2. QAC2TS
                                                  JGET BLOCK POINTER
P1253'021007
                                        XFORCE SUM
                        LDA
                                 0,7,2
01254'101132
                        MOVZL#
                                0.0.SEC ; GET SIGN
01255 004561
                        JSR
                                VETO
012561004565
                        JSR
                                POS
01257 0060405
                        JSR
                                8.ALPH
01260.0960465
                        JSR
                                0.IPRN
01261 1000006
                        6
0126210060435
                        JSR
                                @ . MESS
01263'001641'
                        YFSM
01264'001325
                        725.
01265 900644
                        420.
01266'032630
                       LDA.
                                2.0ACSTS
01267 021016
                       LDA
                                0.16.2 ;Y FORCE SUM
01270'101132
                       MOVEL#
                                O.O. SEC JUET SIGN
01271 1 0505
                       J5R
                                VETO
012721004551
                       JSR
                                PO$
```

```
01273 9066408
                         JSR
                                  F. GLPH
  91274'0060465
                         JSR
                                  0. IPAN
 0127510000006
                         6
 0127610069435
                         JSR
                                  0.MESS
 01277'001650'
                         MSUM
 013001001325
                         725.
 01301'000606
                         390.
 913021030555
                         LDA
                                  2.AC25V
 @1303'821017
                         LDA
                                 C. 17.2 : 10 YENT SU1
 0139411 1139
                                 4.0.SEC :GET SIGN
                         可いケードを
 01305 0004531
                         JSR
                                  VETO
 013061004535
                         JSR
                                 POS
 0139710060405
                         JSR
                                 @.ALPH
 0131010660465
                         JSR
                                 6 . IPKN
 P1311'000007
                         7
 01312 0060435
                         JSR
                                 @ • MESS
 01313'031655'
                         XVLM
 01314'001325
                         725.
 01315'000512
                         330.
 913161939541
                         LDA
                                 2.AC25V
 01317'021005
                        LDA
                                 0.5.2
                                         X VELOCITY
 01320'101132
                        MOVEL#
                                 0.0.5EC
 01321'004515
                        JSR
                                 VETO
 01322'004521
                        JSR
                                 POS
 01323'0060405
                        JSR
                                 8.ALPH
 @1324'006046S
                        JSR
                                 0.IPRN
 Ø1325'ØG00006
                        6
 0132610060438
                        JSR
                                 0.MESS
 01327'001663'
                        YVLM
 01330'001325
                        725.
 01331'000454
                        300.
01332'039525
                        LDA
                                 2.AC2SV
01333'021015
                        LDA
                                 0,15,2 ;Y VELOCITY
01334'101132
                        MOVZL#
                                 0.0.SEC
01335'004501
                        JSR
                                 VETO
01336'004505
                        JSR
                                 POS
01337'0060405
                        JSR
                                 @.ALPH
01340 0060465
                        JSR
                                 e · I PRN
01341 0000006
                        6
01342'0060435
                        JSR
                                 € • MESS
@1343'601671'
                        RVLM
013441001325
                        725.
01345 000416
                        270.
01346'030511
                        LDA
                                2,AC2SV
01347.021006
                        LDA
                                0,6,2
                                         FROT VEL
01350'101132
                        MOVEL#
                                0.0.SEC
01351 094465
                        JSR
                                VETO
01352 004471
                        JSR
                                POS
01353'0060405
                        JSR
                                @.ALPH
01354'0060465
                        JSR
                                e . I PRN
01355 0000006
                        6
01356'0060439
                        JSR
                                @.MESS
Ø1357'001535'
                        SINE
@1360'001325
                       725.
01361'000310
                       200.
013621030475
                       LDA
                                2.ACSSV : GET BLOCK POINTER
01363'021000
                       LDA
                                0.0.2
                                       ISIGN OF THE SINE
Ø1364'101132
                       MOVEL#
                                9.00 SEC 3+=0,-=1
013651034451
                       JSR
                                VETO
013661004455
                       JSR
                                P0$
```

```
0,11,2 GET THE SINE
01367 1021011
                       LUA
0137010060465
                       JSR
                                e.IPBN
01371'177772
                        -6
P1372 * 0050435
                                @.MESS
                       JSE
0137310015421
                       DALF
013741001325
                       725.
013751000252
                       170.
013761030461
                       LDA
                                2.AC2SV
                                0,22,2 | GET DEL THETA
013771021022
                       LDA
01400 040416
                       STA
                                0.DELF
                                        SAVE II
01401 101133
                       MOVEL#
                                0,0,5NC ;- OR +
                       JMP
014021000407
                                LUS
                                         JWAS FOS
                       JSR
01403 004433
                                VETO
                                         JPRINT-
014041000431
                        JMP
                                .+1
                                         3NO UP
014051020411
                                0.DELF
                       LDA
0140610060465
                       JSR
                                e.IPRN
                                        JPRINT IT
01407'177772
                        -6
014101000407
                        JYP
                                .+7
01411 004432
               LU5:
                        JSR
                                POS
                                         JPRINT +
014121020404
                       LDA
                                0.DELF
0141310062465
                       JSR
                                e.IPRN
01414'17777?
                        -6
01415'000402
                        JMP
                                .+2
01416'0000000
                        0
               DELF:
01417'0060430 OMIT:
                        JSR
                                C.MESS
0142010015631
                       OUES
01421 000144
                        100.
014221000144
                       100.
01423'050110
              DOVR:
                       NIOS
                                TTI
01424 0060025
                       JSR
                                0.GETT
01425 0060375
                       JSR
                                0.PRN2
01426 024427
                                1.YCHAR
                       LDA
01427 106405
                       SUB
                                0.1.5NR
01430'000420
                       JMP
                                LODE
01431 024425
                       LDA
                                1.NCHAR
014321106404
                       SUB
                                O.I.SER
01433'000770
                       JMP
                                DOVR
                                         SEXIT
01434'002401
                       JMP
                                PRT3T
01435'101115' RT3T:
                       ORETST
01436'054422
               VETO:
                       STA
                                3.AC3SV
01437 0060065
                                e . PRN1
                       JSR
01440'0000055
                       **-
01441 034417
                       LDA
                                3.AC3SV
014421001401
                        JMP
                                1,3
014431.54415
               POS:
                       STA
                                3.AC3SV
01444'0060065
                                0 . PRN1
                       JSR
01445'000053
                        ٠.,
01446'034412
                       L.DA
                                3.AC3SV
01447 001400
                        J 18
                                0.3
014501030407
               LODE:
                       LDA
                                2.AC2SV ; GET BLOCK POINTER
01451 0060538
                                e.LODE ; GO TO INPUT ROUTINE
                       JSK
               OCHAR:
0145210000000
                       3
0145. 1000000
               ox:
                       e
01454'0000000
                       Ø
               OY:
01455'000131
               YCHAR:
                       **Y
014561000116
                       "N
               NCHAR:
01457 0000000
               AC2SV:
                       0
014631000000
               AC35V:
                       Ø
01461 047111
               PMESS:
                       .TXT
                                *IN
```

```
014621052520
               PU
 P14631020124
                T
 81464'847512
                JO
 014651047111
                IN
 014561020124
 014671051120
               PR
 014701051505
                ES
 01471 050523
                SIJ
 01472 042522
               RE
 01473'000123
                S×
 014741842523
               OMESS: .TXT
                                *SE
 01475 042514
               LE
 014761-521-3
               CT
 01477105144
 015001047111
                IN
 015011046107
               GL
 01502:020105
 01503'046102
               BL
 01504'041517
               00
01505'000113
               K*
01506 042503
               CTMES:
                        -TXT
                                *CE
01507'052116
               NT
01510.047522
               RO
01511'042111
               ID
01512'041440
01513'047517
               00
01514'042122
               RD
01515'047111
               IN
015161052101
               AT
01517:051505
               ES
C1520'000000
81521'82413A
               XCMES: .IXI
                                *X
015221042563
               CE
015231-52114
               6. 1
 1587 1647582
               КO
01525'042111
               ID
015261060 :09
01527'020131
               YCMES: .TXT
                                * Y
01530 042503
               CE
01531 052116
               NT
01532'047522
               RO
01533'042111
               ID
01534'0000000
01535'044523
              SINE:
                       •TXT
                                *SI
01536'929116
01537 1044124
              TH
01540.052105
              EΤ
01541 000101
              Δ*
01542 042504
              DALF:
                       -TXT
                               *DE
01543'020114
01544 944124
              TH
015451052105
              ΕŢ
01546'090101
              Δ*
01547 050101
              LDMES:
                       • TXT
                               *AP
01550'046120
              PL
01551'042511
              ΙE
01552 020104
              D
01553'047514
              LO
01554'042101
              ΑD
@1555'000123
```

```
•TXT
01556'020130
              XLMES:
                                * X
01557 047514
               LO
015601042101
               AD
01561 020040
01562'000000
01563'047504
               QUES:
                       .TXT
                                *D0
01564'054440
01565 052517
               ΟU
01566'053440
                W
01567 051511
               15
01570 020110
               Н
01571 047524
               TO
01572'041440
                С
01573'040510
               HA
01574 043516
01575'020105
               Ε
01576'044124
               TH
01577'020105
               E
01600'047514
               LO
01601'042101
               AD
01602'020123
               S
01603'020050
               (
01604'020131
01605'051117
               OR
016061047040
N1607'024440
                )
01610'037440
                ?
01611'000040
01612,050131
               YLMES:
                       .TXT
                                *Y
016131047514
              LO
01614'042101
               AD
016151020040
01616'000000
01617'044440
               INMS:
                       -TXT
                                * I
01620'050116
              NP
01621'052125
              UT
01622'043040
                F
01623'052454
               ٠Ü
01624'046954
               . L
01625'047440
                0
&1650.0S0155
              R
01627 020117
               0
01630'020077
01631.000000
016321020130
                       •TXT
                                * X
              XFSM:
01633'047506
              FO
01634'041522
              RC
01635 020105
               E
01636'052523
              SU
016371020115
              M
01640'0000000
016411020131
              YFSM:
                       TXT.
                                *Y
016421047506
              FO
P1643'041522
              RC
016441020105
N16451052523
P1646'P20115
              М
01647'000000
01650 047515
                                *M0
              MSUM:
                       •TXT
016511027115
              M .
```

_ _ ..

```
C-137
01652 051440
01653'046525 UM
01654'000040
01655 020130
              XVLM:
                      -TXT
                               *X
016561042526
              VΕ
01657'047514 LO
01660'044503
              CI
01661 054524
              ΤY
016621000940
01663'020131
              YVLM:
                      ·TXT
                               *Y
Ø1664'042526
              VΕ
01665 047514
              LO
Ø1666°C445Ø3
              CI
Ø1667'054524
01670 0000040
01671 947522
              RVLY:
                      .TXT
                               *R0
01672'027124
016731053040
01674'046105
              EL
01675'020056
01676'0000000
              ITO PRINT FRACTION (WITH N DECIMAL
              PLACES) FOLLOWING HI PREC COORD
      000004
              N=4
                      # NO. OF DIGITS
01677'054413
              FRAC:
                      STA
                              3.FSAV
01700*040413
                              Ø.FR
                      STA
01701'0060065
                               e.PRN1
                      JSR
01702'000056
01703'024410
                      LDA
                               1.FR
01704'030410
                      LDA
                              2.01000
01705'102400
                      SUB
                              0.0
01706.073301
                      MUL
01707'0060465
                      JSR
                               e - I PRN
01710 177774
                      - N
01711'002401
                      JMP
                               @FSAV
01712'000000
             FSAV:
                      0
01713'000000 FR:
                      Ø
01714'023420 C1000:
                      10000. ;SET AT 10**N
                      . END
```

--

```
.TITL
                                 CYCLE
               ISEVERAL ADDITIONAL UTILITY PROGRAMS
                                 OPTIN. . STEP, . TPRN
                        . ENT
                        • ENT
                                 .KET. . KSET
                        .EXTD
                                 .IPRN..PRN1..MESS
                                 .NVEC..VFAC..DISS..PAGE
                        .EXID
                        .EXTD
                                 .PRN2..GETT..DBIN.MU
                        .EXID
                                 .MI. . VEC. . PFLG. . NUM
                        .EXTD
                                 .MOT. .FORD
                        .EXTN
                                 CONTR
                        .ZREL
00000-000123' .RSET:
                        CHNGIT
00001-000314' .STEP:
                        STEP
00002-000333' .TPRN:
                        TPRN
               ·ITLO:
00003-000000
88884-888888
               · ITHI:
00005-000000
               .OPTN:
                        Ø
00006-000000
               . COPY:
00007-000000
               .STOP:
00010-000001
               .COPCT:
               .KEFL:
                                JØ=NO KE CALC
000011-000000
                        0
00012-000011'
               .KET:
                        KET
00013-000005
               .C10:5
                        .NREL
               PROUTINE TO SET VELOCITIES TO ZERO
               JAT A KINETIC ENERGY PEAK
00000,000000
               KRET:
00001.000000
               POINT:
                        Ø
000002.0000000
               COUNT:
600003 • 600000
               KHI:
                        Ø
00004.0000000
               KLO:
                        Ø
00005'000000
               KOHI:
                        0
000006.0000000
               KOLO:
                        0
0000010000
               FLAG:
                        Ø
00010.0000000
               HYS:
                        0
00011'020011- KET:
                        LDA
                                0. . KEFL
00012'101005
                        MOV
                                0.0.SNR
00013'001400
                        JMP
                                0,3
00014'054764
                                3.KRET
                        STA
00015'0340145
                        LDA
                                3. . MI
00016'054763
                        STA
                                3. POINT
00017 024764
                       LDA
                                1.KHI
00020'044765
                        STA
                                1,KOHI
00021 024763
                       LDA
                                1,KLO
00022'044764
                        STA
                                1,KOLO
00023 0240175
                        LDA
                                1. NUM
00024'044756
                        STA
                                1.COUNT
00025 102400
                        SUB
                                0.0
00026.040755
                        STA
                                Ø,KHI
00027 040755
                        STA
                                8.KLO
               ; TO FIND KINETIC ENERGY
00030 036751
               ITER:
                       LDA
                                3, @POINT
00031 102520
                        SUBEL
                                0.0
00032'040755
                       STA
                                0.FLAG
               J X VELOCITY
00033'031405
                       LDA
                                2,5,3
00034151112
                       MOVL#
                                2,2,520
              BACK:
```

__

```
000351150400
                        NEG
                                2,2
000361145000
                        MOV
                                2.1
00037 102400
                        SUB
                                0.0
00040'F73301
                        MUL
00041 030742
                                2,KHI
                        LDA
00042 034742
                        LDA
                                 3.KLO
00043'167922
                        ADD2
                                3,1,S2C ; DOUBLE PREC ADD
00044'151400
                        INC
                                2.2
00045 143000
                        ADD
                                2.0
00046 049735
                        STA
                                Ø.KHI
00047 044735
                        STA
                                 1.KLO
00050 014737
                                FLAG
                        DSE
00051 0000404
                        JMP
                                NEXT
               ; Y VELOCITY
00052 936727
                                3.0FOINT
                        LDA
00053'031415
                        LDA
                                2,15,3
00054'000760
                        JMP
                                BACK
00055 010724
                                POINT
               NEXT:
                        ISZ
00056'014724
                        DS₹
                                COUNT
00057 000751
                        JMP
                                ITER
               ; CHECK ON HYSTERESIS COUNT
00060 010730
                        ISZ
                                HYS
00061 024723
                        LDA
                                1.KL0
00062 020721
                        LDA
                                Ø,KHI
00063'030722
                        LDA
                                2.KOHI
00064'034722
                        LDA
                                3.KOLO
00065 166422
                        SUBZ
                                3,1,SEC ; DOUBLE PREC SUB
00066'142401
                        SUB
                                2.0.SKP
00067 1 42000
                        ADC
                                2.0
00070'101123
                        MOVEL.
                                0.0.SNC
00071'000431
                        JMP
                                NOPK
00072 024013-
                        LDA
                                1..C10
00073'020715
                                0.HYS
                       1.DA
000741106032
                        ADCZ#
                                0.1.52C
00075 0000425
                        JMP
                                NOPK
               ; ZERO VELOCITIES
00076'0300145
                       LDA
                                2. . MI
00077'0240175
                                1. NUM
                       LDA
00100'124400
                       NF.G
                                1 - 1
00101'102400
                       SUB
                                0.0
00102'035000
               ITRE:
                       LDA
                                3.0.2
00103'041405
                        STA
                                0,5,3
00104'041406
                                0,6,3
                        STA
00105'041415
                        STA
                                0,15,3
00106'151400
                        INC
                                2,2
00107125404
                        INC
                                1,1,52R
00110'000772
                        JMP
                                ITRE
00111'176400
                        SUB
                                3,3
00112.054676
                        STA
                                3,HYS
00113'0340165
                                3, PFLG JINHIBIT PRINTING IN NOPLT
                       LDA
00114'175004
                       MOV
                                3,3,52R
00115 000405
                                NOPK
                        JMP
00116'0060035
                        JSR
                                e-MESS
00117'000641'
                       KM5
00120'001522
                       850 .
00121'000062
                       50.
00122'002656
               NOPK:
                       JMP
                                eKRET
                    -----RESET ROUTINE ----
               1 .
```

```
00123'054407 CHNGIT: STA
                                3,SAV3
00124'176400
                       SUB
                                3,3
00125.054004-
                       STA
                                3,.ITHI
00126 054003-
                       STA
                                3..ITL0
00127'176520
                       SUBEL
                                3,3
00130'054010-
                       STA
                                3. COPCT
00131 002401
                       JMP
                                eSAV3
00132.000000
               SAV3:
                       Ø
               ;----- OPTION INPUT ROUTINE ----
00133'0060075 OPTIN:
                       JSR
                                e.PAGE
00134'0060035
                       JSR
                                e.MESS
00135'000455'
                       OPTMS
00136'177242
                       -350.
00137'001274
                       700.
00140'0060035
                       JSR
                                @.MESS
00141'000467'
                       CRMS
00142'000062
                       50.
00143'001236
                       670.
00144'0060115 OUT:
                       JSR
                                e.GETT
00145 024546
                       LDA
                                1,CRGRT
00146'106415
                       SUB#
                                Ø,1,SNR ; MUST EXIT
00147 000535
                       JMP
                                HOME
00150'006003$
                        JSR
                                e.MESS
00151'000523'
                       NI
00152'000310
                       200.
00153'001212
                       650.
00154'006003$
                       JSR
                                e.MESS
00155'000555'
                       Qı
00156'000113
                       75.
00157'001130
                       600.
00160'006011$ OV1:
                                Q.GETT
                       JSR
00161'024531
                       LDA
                                1.YCHR
                       SUR#
                                0,1,SZR
00162'106414
00163'000405
                       JMP
                                .+5
00164'0060105
                       JSR
                                e.PRN2 JPRINT Y
00165'126520
                       SUBEL
                                1.1
                                1. NVEC ; SET FLAG TO PRINT
00166'0440045
                       STA
00167'000407
                       JMP
                                        INEXT
                                CNT 1
                       LDA
                                1.NCHR ; CHK FOR NO
00170'024521
00171'106414
                       SUB#
                                0,1,52R
00172'000766
                       JMP
                                0V1
00173'006010S
                       JSR
                                e.PRN2 ;PRINT IT
00174126440
                       SU80
                                1,1
00175'0440045
                                1. NVEC SINHIBIT PRINTING
                       STA
00176'0060035 CNT1:
                       JSR
                                e.MESS
00177'000605'
                       02
00200'000113
                       75.
00201 001046
                       550.
00202'0060125
                       JSR
                                e.DBIN
00203'044005$
                       STA
                                1. VFAC SET SCALE FACT
00204'006003$
                       JSR
                                e.MESS
00205'001051'
                       Q6
00206'000113
                       75.
00207'000764
                       500.
00210'0060115 OVR6:
                       JSR
                                ₽ • GETT
00211'024501
                       LDA
                                1.YCHR
00212'106414
                       SUB#
                                0,1,52R
00213'000405
                       JMP
                                .+5
```

```
00214'0060105
                        JSR
                                e.PRN2 ;PRINT Y
00215'126520
                        SUBZL
                                1,1
00216.044011-
                        STA
                                1. KEFL ; SET FLG TO K.E. ZERO
                                CTNU
00217 000407
                        JMP
                                         INEXT
00220 024471
                        LDA
                                1.NCHR
00221 106414
                        SUB#
                                0.1.SZR
00222'000766
                        JMP
                                OVR6
                                e.PRN2
00223.0060108
                        JSR
00224'126440
                        SUBO
                                1.1
00225'044011-
                        STA
                                1. KEFL ; INHIB K.E.ZERO
00226'0060035 CTNU:
                        JSR
                                e.MESS
00227'000646'
                        63
00230'000113
                        75.
00231'000702
                        450.
00232'0060115 OV2:
                                e.GETT
                        JSR.
00233'024456
                        LDA
                                1.NCHR
00234 106414
                        SUB#
                                0,1,5ER
00235'000405
                        JMP
                                • +5
00236'006010$
                        JSR
                                @.PRN2 ;PRINT N
00237'126440
                        SUBO
                                1.1
00240'044005-
                                1. OPTN INO OPTIONS
                        STA
00241'000433
                        JMP
                                LAST
00242'024450
                       LDA
                                1.YCHR
00243'106414
                                0,1,52R
                        SUB#
00244'000766
                        JMP
                                0V2
00245 0060105
                        JSR
                                e.PRN2 ;PRINT Y
00246 126520
                        SUBZL
00247'044005-
                        STA
                                1.. OPIN :SET OPTION FLAG
00250'006003$
                        J$R
                                @⋅MESS
00251'000756'
                       N2
00252'000144
                        100.
00253'000620
                        400.
00254'006003$
                        JSR
                                e.MESS
00255'001010'
                       N3
00256'000175
                       125.
00257'000567
                        375.
00260'006003$
                        JSR
                                @.MESS
00261'000676'
                        Q4
00262 000113
                       75.
00263'000505
                        325.
00264'006012$
                        JSR
                                @.DBIN
00265'044006-
                       STA
                                1. COPY
00266'0060035
                        JSR
                                e-MESS
00267'000727'
                       95
00270'000113
                       75.
00271'000423
                       275.
00272'0060125
                        JSR
                                e.DBIN
00273'044007-
                       STA
                                1..STOP
00274'006003$ LAST:
                       JSR
                                e.MESS
00275'001033'
                       N4
00276'000310
                       200.
00277 000257
                       175.
00300'006011$ OV3:
                       JSR
                                e.GETT
00301'024412
                       LDA
                                1.CRGRT
00302106414
                                0,1,52R
                       SUB#
00303'000775
                       JMP
                                073
                       JSR
                                € • PAGE
00304'006007$ HOME:
00305'006002-
                       JSR
                                @.TPRN
00306'006006$
                                €.DISS
                       JSR
00307 '002401
                       JMP
                                PBAKK
```

```
00310'177777
              BAKK:
                       CONTR
00311'000116
              NCHR:
                       "N
                       "Y
00312'000131
              YCHR:
00313'000015 CRGRT:
                       15
               :-----ROUTINE TO STEP CYCLE COUNTER ---
                          JSR @.STEP
00314'054523 STEP:
                       STA
                               3.SAV3P
00315'020003-
                       LDA
                               Ø. . ITLO
00316'024514
                       LDA
                               1.ITMAX
00317'101400
                       INC
                               0.0
00320'106415
                       SUB#
                               0.1.5NR
00321.000404
                       JMP
                               NOTCH
00322'040003-
                       STA
                               Ø. ITLO
00323'034514
                               3.SAV3P
                       LDA
00324'001400
                       JMP
                               0.3
                                       SEXIT
00325'102400 NOTCH: SUB
                               0.0
00326'040003-
                       STA
                               Ø. . ITLO ; RESET LO WORD
00327'010004-
                                       JINCREMENT HI WORD
                       ISZ
                               .ITHI
00330'004434
                       JSR
                               OPTON
                                       CHECK OPTIONS
00331'034506
                               3.SAV3P
                       LDA
00332'001400
                       JMP
                               0.3
                                       BEXIT
                 ------ROUTINE TO PRINT CYCLES-----
                               e.TPRN
                         JSR
00333'054501
              TPRN:
                       STA
                               3, TERMITE
00334'060477
                       READS
                               Ø
00335'101222
                       MOVER
                               0,0,SZC
00336'000425
                       JMP
                               OOT
00337'006003$
                       JSR
                               e.MESS
00340'000454'
                       MAT
00341'000702
                       450 .
00342'001402
                       770.
00343'020004-
                      LDA
                               0..ITHI
00344'0060015
                       JSR
                               e.IPRN 3HI PART
00345 0000005
                       5
00346'020003-
                      LDA
                               0..ITLO
00347'0060015
                       JSR
                               e-IPRN JLO PART
00350'177774
                       -4
                               JWITH LEADING ZEROS
                       JSR
                               e.MESS
00351 0060035
00352'000440'
                       CYC
00353'001116
                       590.
00354'001402
                       770.
00355 0240135
                      LDA
                               1.MU
                               2,01000
00356'030453
                      LDA
00357 102400
                       SUB
                               0.0
00360'073301
                      MUL.
00361 0060015
                       JSR
                               e.IPRN ; PRINT DEFAULT MU
003621177775
                       -3
00363'002451
              00T:
                       JMP
                               <u>etermite</u>
                 OPTION CHECKER
```

```
00364 054452 OPTON: STA
                                3.SAVE3
00365'020005-
                        LDA
                                Ø. OPTN ; ACTIVATE OPTIONS ?
003661101085
                        MOV
                                0.0.5NR
00367 001400
                        JMP
                                0.3
00370 020006-
                                C. . COPY
                        LDA
00371*101994
                        MOV
                                0.0.SER
00372 004413
                        JSR
                                COPI
00373'0200007-
                        LDA
                                0. STOP
00374'101004
                        MOV
                                0.0.52R
00375'000403
                        JMP
                                BON
00376'034440
                        LDA
                                3. SAVE3
00377'001400
                        JMP
                                0.3
00400'024004- BON:
                        LDA
                                1. ITHI
00401 106405
                        SUB
                                0.1.5NR
00402'002431
                        JMP
                                <u>QCONTIN</u>
00403'034433
                       1 DA
                                3. SAVE3
00404'001400
                        JMP
                                0.3
00405 054430
               COPI:
                        STA
                                3,SAV3A
00406'020004-
                       LDA
                                0. ITHI
00407 024010-
                                1. COPCT
                       LDA
00410'106414
                        SUB#
                                0.1.5ZR
00411 001400
                        JMP
                                0.3
00412'0060025
                                e.PRN1
                        JSR
00413'000007
                                         FRING BELL
00414'004717
                                TPRN
                        JSR
00415 0060065
                       JSR
                                e.DISS
00416'0060025
                        JSR
                                P.PRN1
00417'000033
                       27.
                                         JASCII ESC
00420 0060025
                                P.PRNI
                       JSR.
00421 000027
                       23.
                                         JASCII ETB
00422'0060075
                        JSR
                                P.PAGE
00423 024010-
                       LDA
                                1. COPCT
00424 939996-
                                2. . COPY
                       LDA
00425'147000
                       ADD
                                2,1
00426'044010-
                       STA
                                1. COPCT
00427'034406
                       LDA
                                3,SAV3A
00430'001400
                       JMP
                                0,3
00431'001750
               C1000:
                       1000.
00432'023420
               ITMAX:
                       10000.
00433'000310' CONTIN: CONTR
00434'000000
               TERMITE:0
00435'000000
               SAV3A:
00436'0000000
               SAVE3:
00437'000000
               SAV3P:
                       Ø
00440'041440
               CYC:
                       • TXT
00441 '041531
               YC
00442'042514
               LE
00443'020123
00444'020040
00445'042504
               DE
00446'040506
               FA
00447'046125
               UL
00450'020124
00451 052515
               MU
00452'030075
               = 0
004531000056
00454'000040
              MAT:
                       ·TXT
00455'040440
              OPTMS:
                       •TXT
```

```
004561040526
                VA
 00457 1046111
                IL
 00460'041101
                AB
 00461 042514
                LE
 00462'047440
                 0
 00463'052120
                PŢ
 00464'847511
                10
 00465 051516
                NS
 00466'0000040
 00467 020050
                CRMS:
                         .TXT
                                 *(
 00470'044510
                HI
 00471'020124
                T
 00472'027103
                C.
 00473'027122
                R.
 00474'052040
                 T
 00475'020117
                O
 00476'047507
                GO
 00477'041040
                 R
 00500 041501
                AC
 00501'020113
 00502'047516
               NO
 00503'020127
 00504'020055
 00505'047101
               ΔN
 00506'020131
 00507'052117
               TO
 00510.042510
               HE
00511'020122
00512'042513
               ΚE
00513'020131
00514'047524
               TO
00515'041440
                C
00516'047117
               ON
00517'044524
               TI
00520'052516
               NU
00521'020105
00522 000051
               )*
00523'040450
               N1:
                        .TXT
                                *(A
00524'051516
               NS
00525'042527
00526.020122
               R
00527'046101
               AL
00530'020114
00531'052521
               QU
00532'051505
               ES
00533'044524
               TI
00534'047117
               ON
00535'026523
               S-
00536 052123
               ST
00537'047101
               AN
00540 040504
               DA
00541'042122
               RD
00542 040440
00543'051516
               NS
00544 042527
               WE
00545 051522
00546'047072
               : N
00547'031454
               , 3
00550'041450
               (C
00551'024522
              R)
```

•

```
00552'047054
               .N
00553'047054
               •N
               ) *
00554'000051
                                *D0
00555'047504
               91:
                       •TXT
00556'054440
                Υ
00557'052517
               OU
00560'053440
                w
00561'051511
               IS
00562'020110
               TO
00563'047524
005641050040
00565 044522
               RI
00566'052116
               NT
00567 040440
00570'050120
               PP
00571 044514
               1.1
00572'042105
               ED
00573'046040
                L
00574'040517
               OA
00575'020104
               Ð
00576'040526
               VA
00577'052514
               LU
00600'051505
00601 024040
                (
00602 027531
               Y/
00603'024516
               N)
00604'000077
               ?*
                       •TXT
                                *WH
00605'044127
               02:
00606'052101
               AT
00607 053440
00610'052517
               งบ
00611'042114
               LD
00612.054440
00613'052517
               ΟU
00614'046040
                L
00615'045511
               ΙK
00616'020105
               E
00617'051501
               AS
00620.052040
                Т
00621 042510
               HE
00622 053040
00623'041505
               EC
00624'047524
               ΤO
00625'020122
               R
00626 041523
               SC
00627 046101
00630'020105
               F
00631 040506
               FA
00632 052103
               CT
00633'051117
               OR
00634'024040
                (
00635'026116
00636.051103
               CR
00637 037451
00640.000000
                        •TXT
                                *K.
00641'027113
               KMS:
996421927195
               Ε.
00643'042520
               PΕ
00644 045501
               AK
00645'0000000
```

and the second second

```
006461047504
                03:
                         TXT.
                                 *D0
 09647 1054449
 006501052517
                υo
 00651 053440
                 W
 006521051511
                IS
 00653'020110
 00654*047524
                TO
 00655'052440
                 U
00656'042523
                SE
00657 040449
00660'052125
                UT
00661 041517
                OC.
00662'050117
                90
00663'020131
00664'051117
               OR
00665 940440
                Α
00666'052125
               UT
00667 051517
               0.5
00670'047524
               TO
00671 020120
006721054450
               (Y
00673'047057
               /N
00674 937451
               )?
00675 000000
00676'044127
               04:
                        .TXT
                                 *WH
00677 052101
               AT
00700'053440
                W
00701'052517
               Oυ
00702'042114
               LD
00703'054440
007041052517
               ΟU
00705'046040
                L
00706'045511
               ΙK
00707 020105
00710'051501
               AS
00711'052040
                T
00712'042510
               HE
00713'041440
                C
00714'050117
00715'020131
00716'047111
               IN
06.17.051103
               CR
9720'046505
00721'047105
               EN
00722'020124
               T
00723'047050
               (N
20724'041454
               • C
00725'024522
               R)
00726 900077
               ?*
00727'052101
               95:
                        .TXT
                                *AT
00730.053440
00731'040510
               HA
00732'020124
00733'047520
               PO
00734'047111
               IN
00735'020124
00736'047527
               WO
00737'046125
               UL
00740'020104
               D
00741 '047531
               YO
```

```
00742'020125 U
00743'044514
               LI
00744'042513
               ΚE
00745 052040
                T
00745'020117
               0
00747 052123
               ST
00750'050117
               OP
00751 024040
                (
00752'026116
               N,
00753'051103
               CR
00754'037451
               )?
00755'003000
00756'047516
               N2:
                       ·TXT
                                *N0
00757'042524
00760'020072
00761 044124
               ŢΗ
00762'020105
               F
00763'047506
               FO
00764'046114
               LL
00765'053517
               OW
00766'047111
               IN
00767 020107
               G
00770 052516
               NU
00771'041115
               MB
00772'051105
               ER
00773'020123
00774'051101
               AR
00775'020105
00776'052515
               MU
00777'052114
               LT
01000 050111
               IP
01001'042514
               LE
01002 020123
01003'043117
               OF
01004'030440
01005'030060
               00
01006'030060
               90
01007'000000
01010'044450
              N3:
                       .TXT
                               *(I
01011'026105
              E,
01012'044124
               TH
01013'020105
01014'047503
              CO
01015.050115
              MP
01016'020056
01017'047111
               IN
01020'042524
               TE
01021.050122
              RP
01022'042522
01023'051524
              TS
01024'031040
               2
01025'040440
01026'020123
              S
01027'039962
              50
01030'033960
              00
01031'024460
              Ø)
01032'000000
01033'044510
              N4:
                       .TXT
                               *HI
01034'020124
              T
```

Ø1035'040503 CA

```
01036'051122
                  RR
01037'040511
                   IA
01040'042507
                  GΕ
01041'051040
01042'052105
                   R
                  ET
01043'051125
01044'020116
                  Ν
01045'047524
01046'042440
01047'044530
                  TO
                   Ε
                  ΧI
01050'000124
                  Ţ*
01051'047504
                  06:
                             · TXT
                                        *D0
01052'054440
                   Y
01053'052517
01054'053440
                   W
01055'051511
                   IS
01056'020110
01057'047524
                  TO
01060.052440
                   υ
01061'042523
01062'045440
                   SE
                   K
01063'042456
                   • E
01064'055056
                   • 2
01065'051105
01066'024117
01067'027531
                  ER
                  0(
                  Y/
01070'024516
                  N)
01071'000077
                             . END
```

```
.TITL
                                INPUT
               SEVERAL INPUT ROUTINES
                        · ENT
                                 .SPRP, .INP, .UINP, .UD, .UK, .PSEG
                        .ENI
                                FEET, POUND, MOVFL, . PEMI, . PKES
                        .ENT
                                 .LODE .. MOVE . . XCGD . . YCGD
                        · ENI
                                 .SYCL, .MFLG, .DMBN, .DMBP
                        · EXTD
                                 .PRN1,.FLIS,.PAGE,.MESS,.IPAN
                        · EXID
                                 MU, .DISS, .CURS, .ALPH, .PHN2
                        .EXID
                                 .AXIS. .DBIN . GEII . PRN2
                                 .TPRN, .HIIC
                        OTK3.
                        .EXID
                                 .CHEK . . WORD . HITS . DBO . MT . . MEM
                                 . MSKR. LENG. . PON1 . . PON2 . . REBE
                        . FXID
                        ·EXTN
                                CONIR
                        . ZREL
00000-000277 . SPRP:
                        PROP
00001-0000000 .INP:
                        INPUT
00005-001003. . FODE:
                        LODE
99993-901157' .SIGN:
                        SGN
00004-001174°
               .BRNG:
                        RRNG
00005-001202' -NGAT:
                        NEAT
00006-001043*
               .MOVE:
                        MOVE
89097-999999
               .xcep:
                        0
                                IX DISP
                                 1Y DISP
99919-999999
               ·YCGD:
                        0
                                JOCH CYCLES
00011-0000000
               ·SYCL:
                       0
                                JDCM FLAG - Ø=OFF
00012-000000
               .MFLG:
                       Ø
00013-009000
               .DYBN:
                        0
                                J " BLOCK NO.
                                " BLOCK POINTER
00014-0000000
               .DMBP:
                        Ø
00015-000000
               ·UD:
                        0
                                JUNIT OF DISPLACEMENT
00016-0000000
               ·Uh:
                        a
                                JUNIT WEIGHT
00017-0003121
               .UINP:
                        UINP
                                JENTRY FOR UNITS INPUT ROUTINE
                        177777
                                PRESS. SEGMENT EMPTY HEAD
               .PEMT:
00020-177777
00021-177777
               .PRES:
                        177777
                                PRESS. SEGMENT LIST FEAD
00022-000413' .PSEG:
                       EGGI
                        · NREL
                        .RDX
                                10
      000012
               JDISPLAY PROPERTY TABLE AND WAIT FOR
               JUSER TO TYPE IN NEW FRICTION COEFFICIENTS.
20000° 054467
               INPUT:
                        STA
                                3.SPSAV
00001'0060035 IN2:
                                P.PAGE
                        JSR
0000210060045
                        JSR
                                 P.MESS
@@@@3'@@1222'
                        TFXTI
000041177634
                        -100
00005'001130
                        600
0000610060045
                        JSR
                                e.MESS
00007 10012341
                        TEXT2
000101177634
                        -100
00011 001034
                        540
0001210060045
                        JSR
                                @.MESS
00013'001237'
                        TEXT3
00014-177160
                        -400
00015'001034
                        540
00016 00600045
                        JSR
                                 8.MESS
PRR17'001244'
                        TFX14
PRP221888144
                        100
00021 000776
                        510
                                0.40
0002210200065
                        LDA
```

. - .

```
000231034456
                        JSR
                                FRAC
PPC24'80062P
                        400
000251000776
                        510
               JINITIALISE LOOP VARIABLES
02026'030000-
                        LDA
                                2. SPRP
00027 151400
                        INC
                                2,2
                                2.POINT
000301050440
                        STA
00031'020440
                        LDA
                                0.N16
00032:040434
                        SIA
                                0.CNI
00033'014433
                        DSZ
                                CNI
                                         START @ 1 NOT 0
00034'102520
                        SUBEL
                                0.0
00035'040435
                        STA
                                B.NUM
00036'020436
                        LDA
                                Ø.YI
00037 1040405
                        STA
                                Ø,YY
00040'040413
                        STA
                                0, 111
               ; SCAN THROUGH PROPERTY TYPES,
               PRINTING FRICTION FOR EACH
00041'0060045 TOP:
                        JSR
                                e.MESS
00042'001256'
                        TEXT5
00043'000144
                        100
00044 900000
00045 020425
                        LDA
                                Ø. NUM
0004610060055
                        JSR
                                 e . I PRN
00047'000002
                        2
09050'022420
                        LDA
                                0.ePOINT
                                                  JPROPERTY #
00051 0004430
                        JSR
                                FRAC
000521000620
                        400
00053'600000
               YYY:
                        0
                        .RDX
      000010
                                POINT
00054'010414
                        ISE
00055 010415
                                MUM
                        152
000561020415
                        LDA
                                 Ø, YINC
                                1.YYY
00057 1024774
                        L.DA
000601106400
                        SUB
                                0.1
                                         INEW Y
000611044772
                        STA
                                1.YYY
PAR62'R44762
                        STA
                                 1.YY
00063 1014403
                        DSZ
                                CNT
P0064'000755
                        JMP
                                TOP
00065 900446
                        JMP
                                GET
00066'000000
               CNT:
                        a
00067 '000000
               SPSAV:
                        0
00070'000000
               POINT:
                        Ø
                                SIZE OF PROPERTY TABLE
00071'000012
                        12
               N16:
000000 900000
               NUM:
                        -RDX
      000012
                                10
               YROW = 22
      000026
               YIOP=488
      000750
      000414
               YROT = - 10 * YROW + YTOP
                                IDISTANCE BETWEEN LINES
00073'000026
               YINC:
                        YROW
                        YTOP-YROW
000741000722
               Y1:
000751000764
               X1:
                        500
00076 0000414
                        YBOT
               YI.:
      000010
                        Rbx
                                8
00077 0000215
                        15+200
               CR:
                        ..+500
00100.060226
               DOT:
               STO PRINT FRACTION (WITH N DECIMAL
               JPLACES) AT (X,Y) ON SCREEN
                        JSR FRAC
               1
                        X
```

ż

```
FRACTION IN ACC
       ดยตอดว
               N=3
00101 954424
                FRAC:
                        STA
                                 3.FSAV
00102 940424
                        STA
                                 0.FR
001031921490
                        LDA
                                 0.0.3
PP1P4'0254P1
                        LDA
                                 1,1,3
P0105'0060025
                        JSR
                                 e.PLTS
0010610000000
                        Ø
00107 '0060015
                        JSR
                                 e-PRN1
00110.000037
                        37
00111'0060015
                        JSR
                                 e.PRN1
00112.000000
                        "0
00113'0060015
                        JSR
                                 e.PRN1
00114'000056
001151024411
                        LDA
                                 1.FR
00116'030414
                        LDA
                                 5,01000
001171102400
                        SUR
                                 0.0
00120'073301
                        MUL
00121 0060055
                        JSR
                                 0.IPRN
001221177775
                        -N
00123'034402
                        LDA
                                 3,FSAV
00124'001402
                        JMP
                                 2.3
00125'000000
               FSAV:
                        Ø
00126'0000000
               FR:
                        0
00127 000000
               CHAR:
                        0
00130'000000
               X:
                        a
00131 '000000
               Y:
                        Ø
      999912
                        . RDX
00132'001750
               C1000:
                        1000
                                ; SET AT 10**N
       000010
                        • RDX
               JPUT UP CURSOR AND WALL
00133'0060105 GET:
                        JSR
                                e.CURS
00134'000127'
                        CHAR
00135'000130'
                        Х
00136'000131'
                        JSR
                                e.ALPH
00140'020767
                                Ø.CHAR
                       LDA
00141'024736
                       LDA
                                1.CR
001421106414
                        SUB#
                                0,1,SER ; CHECK FOR "RETURN"
00143'000405
                        JMP
                                NEXT
00144 9060035
                        JSR
                                @.PAGE INO CHANGE; RETURN.
00145'0060165
                        JSR
                                e . TPRN
00146'0060075
                        JSR
                                e.DISS
                                        JAND EXIT
90147 902720
                        JMP
                                ESPSAV
00150'024730
              NEXT:
                       LDA
                                1.DOT
00151 106414
                       SUB#
                                0,1,SER ; CHECK FOR DEC. POINT
99152'999761
                       JMF
                                GET
                                         INO GOOD; KEEP WALLING
00153'924756
                       LDA
                                1 . Y
99124,050155
                       LDA
                                9.YL
001551106423
                       SURZ
                                0.1. SNC ; CHECK FOR LOWER LIMIT
00156'000755
                       JMP
                                GET
99157'192400
                       SUB
                                0.0
88168'838713
                       LDA
                                2,YINC
00161 073101
                       DIV
00162 020707
                       LDA
                                9,N16
00163'122423
                       SUBE
                                1.0. SNC ICHECK FOR UPPER LIMIT
```

- -

```
C-152
00164 000424
                        JMP
                                TRYMU
00165 030000-
                        LDA
                                2.SPRP
001661113000
                        ADD
                                0.2
                                         JPOINTER TO PROP TABLE
00167 050437
                        STA
                                2.PPNT
               SET UP LOCATION TO PRINT NEW NUMBER
00170'102400
                        SUR
                                0.0
00171'030702
                        LDA
                                SAINC
00172 073301
                        MLII
00173'020703
                        LDA
                                0.YL
00174'107000
                        ADD
                                0.1
00175'020700
                        LDA
                                0.X1
00176 0060025
                        JSR
                                e.PLTS
00177'0000000
                        а
06500,0660112
                        JSR
                                @.ALPH
00201'020726
                        LDA
                                Ø, CHAR
98295,0999152
                        JSR
                                e.PRN2
002031004430
                        JSR
                                KEYB
002041020425
                        LDA
                                0.SUM
00205'030421
                        LDA
                                2,PPNT
00206'041000
                        STA
                                0.0.2
                                         ISTORE NEW FRICTION
90207'000724
                        JMP
                                GET
002101101404
               TRYMU:
                       INC
                                0.0.SER ; CHECK FOR DEFAULT VALUE
00211'000722
                        JMP
                                GET
002121024413
                       LDA
                                1.YMU
00213 020662
                       LDA
                                0.X1
00214'0060025
                        JSR
                                e.PLTS
00215'000000
                       Ø
00216'0060115
                        JSR
                                8.ALPH
00217'020710
                       LDA
                                0.CHAR
                                        SEND OUT DEC. POINT
99550,0990152
                        JSR
                                @.FRN2
00221'004412
                       JSR
                                KEYB
008221020407
                       LDA
                                0.SUM
P0223'0400065
                       STA
                                O,MU
00224'000707
                       JMP
                                GET
002251000775
              YMU:
                       13*YROW+YBOT
00226'CCGP00
              PPNT:
                       0
00227 * 000000
              NN:
                       Ø
00230°P00005
               NTIM:
                       5
00231 '000000
              SUM:
                       0
002321000000
              KSAV:
                       Ø
00233'054777
              KEYB:
                       STA
                                3.KSAV
00234'034434
                       LDA
                                3,TBL
99235 954432
                       STA
                                3. TBLSV
00236'102400
                       SUB
                                0.0
P0237'040772
                       STA
                                0.SUM
00240'020770
                       LDA
                                0.NTIM
00241 040766
                       STA
                                Ø.NN
00242'0060155 GIT:
                       JSR
                                e.GETT
0024310060125
                       JSR
                                P.PRN2
```

00244'0060205

00245'000415

BR246'185888

00247 034420

00250'031400

80251 102400

P0252 1073301

002531020756

992541123000

00255 04075a

00256'010411

JSR

JMP

MOV

LDA

LDA

SUB

MUL

LDA

ADD

STA

ISZ

e.CHEK

3. TRLSV

JGET MULTIPLIER

JADD IN NEW DIGIT

ERROR

2,0,3

0.SUM

9.5UY

TBLSV

1.0

0.1

0.9

```
00257 014750
                        DSE
                                20
00260 0000762
                        JMP
                                GIT
00261 '002751
                                         JEXIT FOR TOO MANY DIGITS
                        JMP
                                eKSAV
992621024414
               ERROR:
                       LDA
                                1. CRNP
PP263'122415
                        SUB#
                                1.0.5NR
00264'002746
                        JMP
                                eKSAV
                                         GOOD EXIT
PP26519024P1
                        JMP
                                PINP
                                         JBAD EXIT
00266.0000011.
               INP:
                        IN2
99267 '900099
               TBLSV:
                       Ø
      014631
               A1=77777/5
      000012
                        .RDX
                                10
               D1/1A=SA
      001217
      000101
               A3=A2/10
               A4=A3/10
      000006
      000000
               A5=A4/10
      000010
                        • RDX
                                8
00270'000271'
              TBL:
                        . + 1
00271 014631
                       AI
00272'001217
                       A2
00273'000101
                       A3
00274'000006
                       A4
00275'800000
                       A5
00276'000015
                                CARRIAGE RET. NO PAR.
               CRNP:
                        15
      000000
               PROP:
               STABLE FOR FRICTION COEFFICIENTS
      000012
                        .BLK
                                12
               3
               PROUTINE TO ACCEPT INPUT OF UNITS FROM SCREEN
      000012
                        • RDX
                                10
00311'000000
               USAV:
                       Ø
00312'054777
               UINP:
                       STA
                                3.USAV
00313'0060035
                                e.PAGE
                       JSR
00314'0060045
                        JSR
                                e.MESS
00315'001264'
                       TEXT8
00316'177634
                       -100
00317 001130
                       600
00320'0360045
                       .ISR
                                e.MESS
00321'001305'
                       TEXT9
00322'177634
                       -100
00323'001065
                       565
00324'0060045
                                e.MESS
                       JSR
00325'001312'
                       TEX10
00326'000342
                       226
00327 001065
                       565
00330'0060135
                       JSR
                                e.AXIS
00331'001412
                       778
003321000144
                       100
003331000550
                       360
00334'0060045
                       JSR
                                e.MESS
00335'001337'
                       TEX11
00336'000144
                       100
00337.000620
                       400
P9340'9969145
                       JSR
                                P.DSIN
                                        JGET DISTANCE UNIT
00341 044015-
                       STA
                                1..00
00342 0060215
                       JSR
                                e.kord
                                        JGET STRING
00343'000361'
                                        STORAGE LOCATION
                       FEET
                       JSR
                                e.MESS
0034410060045
00345'001365'
                       TEX12
```

```
00346 900144
                        100
003471000310
                        200
      000010
                        . RDX
8835818868145
                        JSR
                                 e.DBIN
                                        JGET UNIT WEIGHT
003511044016-
                        STA
                                 1 . . UW
00352 00060215
                        JSR
                                 e-WORD
                                         FORCE DESCRIPTOR
00353'000372'
                        POUND
00354'0060155
                        JSR
                                 e.GETT
0035510060035
                        JSR
                                 e . PAGE
                                 e . TPRN
00356'0060165
                        JSR
00357 0060075
                        JSR
                                 e.DISS
00360'002731
                        JMP
                                 eUSAV
      000011
               FEET:
                        .BLK
                                 11
                                         JBYTE STRING FOR DISPL.
      000011
               POUND:
                        •BLK
                                 11
                                         IBYTE STRING FOR FORCE
               JINPUT OF PRESSURE SEGMENTS
00403'0060045 ERR:
                        JSR
                                 e . MESS
      999912
                        . RDX
                                 10
00404'001417'
                        TOBIG
00405'000310
                        200
00406'000764
                        500
      000010
                        • RDX
                                 8
00407 900405
                        JMP
                                 EGGS
00410.0000000
               EGG3:
                        0
00411'0000000
               FORIN:
                        Ø
                        .RDX
                                 10
      000012
00412'000175
               N125:
                        125
                        . RDX
      000010
                                 8
00413.054775
                                 3,EGG3
               EGG1:
                        ATZ
00414'0060105 EGGS:
                        JSR
                                 e • CURS
00415'000604'
                        CHAR1
                        ХP
00416'000605'
00417'000606'
                        YP
00420'020564
                        LDA
                                 Ø, CHARI
00421 0060205
                        JSR
                                 e . CHEK
00422'002766
                        JMP
                                 eEGG3
                                         SEXIT
00423'0060115
                        JSR
                                 8.ALPH
00424'0969225
                        JISR
                                 e.HITS
00425'000605'
                        ΧP
00426'000606'
                        YP
00427'000765
                        JMP
                                EGGS
                                         JNO HIT
00430.050557
                        STA
                                2,AC2B
                                         JBLOCK POINTER
00431 044557
                        STA
                                 1.NP
                                         ;EDGE #
004321040557
                        STA
                                Ø,NB
                                         BLOCK #
                                         FRE-ENTRY ADDRESS
00433'054557
                        STA
                                 3,ZIMM
                        LDA
                                 0.XP
00434'020551
00435'024551
                                1.YP
                        LDA
004361030555
                        LDA
                                2,C5
                                         ; OFFSET
00437 1 42400
                        SUB
                                2.0
00440 146400
                        SUB
                                 2.1
00441 '0069925
                        JSR
                                 e.PLTS
00442'000000
                        0
                        JSR
                                 P.ALPH
00443 0060115
00444 0060015
                        JSR
                                 e.PRN1
                                         JPRINT * ON SELECTED
                        ***
00445'000052
                                         JEDGE
                        LDA
                                O.CHARI JGET INITIAL CHARACTER BACK
00446 020536
00447 0060235
                        JSR
                                 ● . DBØ
                                         JNOW GET THE REST
88458'838572
                        LDA
                                2.CRR
00451 142414
                        SUB#
                                2.0.SER JCHECK FOR CR
```

```
004521002736
                        JMP
                                €EGG3
                                        TIX3:
004531044736
                        STA
                                1.FORIN
P04541030533
                        1 DA
                                2.AC2B
P9455'094533
                        LDA
                                1.NP
00456 9060275
                        JSR
                                e.LENG
00457 1 105000
                        MOV
                                2.1
00460'030731
                        LDA
                                2,FORIN
00461 102400
                        SUB
                                0.0
00462 073301
                       MUL
00463 030727
                        LDA
                                2.N125
00464 142513
                        SUBL#
                                2,8,5NC JCHECK BEFORE DIVIDING
00465 000716
                        JMP
00466 073101
                        DIV
00467 944554
                        STA
                                1.FORCE
00470 000572
                        JMP
                                COMPY
                                         COMPUTE MOMENT
00471 1004440
               TWIT:
                        JSR
                                EXIST
                                         ISEE IF SEGMENT EXISTS
00472 000463
                        JMP
                                NEWEN
                                        INO, MAKE A NEW ONE
P0473 'C20550
                       LDA
                                Ø.FORCE
08474'101084
                       MOV
                                0.0.SER ; CHECK FOR ZERO FORCE
00475'000524
                        JMP
                                RESTI
                                        JENIER NEW FORCE IN OLD SEG.
               THE FOLLOWING DELETES A DEAD PRESSURE SECMENT
00476 021002
                       LDA
                                6.2.2
                                        JLINK FIELD IN DEAD SEG.
00477'041400
                       STA
                                0.0.3
                                        ISTORE IN PREVIOUS ONE
00500'020020-
                       IDA
                                0..PEMT JEMPTY LIST HEAD
00501 050020-
                            " " 2. PEMT JADDR. OF DEAD SEG.
                        STA.
00502'041002
                       STA
                                0.2.2
                                        JLINK UP WITH OTHERS
               INOW SEE IF THERE ARE ANY MURE HITS
00503'034507
               AGAIN: LDA
                                3,21MM
00504 005401
                       JSR
                                        JRE-ENTER "HITS" WITH
                                1.3
00505 000605
                       XP
                                        FRETURN TO HERE
00506'000606'
                       ΥP
00507 000705
                       JMP
                                EGGS
                                        INO MORE HITS
00510'054502
                                3.ZIMM
                       STA
00511'050476
                       STA
                                2 AC2B
00512 944476
                       STA
                                1.NP
00513'040476
                       STA
                                Ø.NB
00514'0060275
                       JSR
                                P.LENG
00515'105000
                       MOV
                                0.1
00516'030673
                       LDA
                                2.FORIN
005171102400
                       SUB
                                0.0
00520 073301
                       MUL
00521'030671
                       LDA
                                2.N125
905221142513
                       SUBL#
                                2.0. SNC ; CHECK BEFORE DIVIDING
00523'000660
                       JMP
                                ERR
00524'073101
                       DIV
00525'044516
                                1.FORCE
                       STA
00526'900534
                       JMP
                                COMPM
                                        JAROUND WE GO AGAIN
               THE FOLLOWING CHECKS IF A PRESSURE SEG. ALREADY EXISTS
00527.000000
              EX3:
00530'000021- PRADD:
                       .PRES
00531'030021- EXIST:
                       LDA
                                2. PRES ; LIST HEAD
00532'151112
                       MOVL#
                               2,2,SEC
00533 901 400
                       JMP
                                0.3
                                        INO SEGMENTS
00534'054773
                       STA
                                3,EX3
00535'024454
                       LDA
                                I NB
005361020452
                       LDA
                                0.NP
00537'101300
                       MOVS
                                0.0
00540'107000
                       ADD
                                0.1
                                        INPNB
00541 034767
                       LDA
                                3, PRADD ; PREVIOUS HEAD IN AC3
99542'921999 ANCHOR: LDA
                                        JIST WORD
                               0.0.2
```

```
PR543'106414
                       SUB#
                                0,1,SER ISAME NPNB?
005441000403
                        JMP
                                CHAIN
                                         INO; KEEP GOING
005451010762
                       ISZ
                                EX3
00546 002761
                                EX39
                                         JGOOD EXIT
                       JMP
P0547'155400
               CHAIN:
                       INC
                                2,3
005501175400
                       INC
                                3,3
80551 '631602
                       LDA
                                5,5,5
                                         INEW SEG.
005521151112
                       MOVL#
                                2,2,52C
PP5531002754
                       JMP
                                         JEND OF CHAIN; EXIT!
                                eEX3
00554'000766
                       JMP
                                ANCHOR
               ITHE FOLLOWING CREATES A NEW PRESSURE SEG. ENTRY
00555'020466
                                Ø,FORCE
               NEWEN:
                       LDA
00556'101005
                       MOV
                                0.0.5NR
00557'000724
                       JMP
                                AGAIN
00560'030020-
                       LDA
                                2. PEMT : TRY EMPTY P. LIST
00561'151112
                       MOVL#
                                2,2,520
005621000407
                        JMP
                                FRMEM
                                         IMUST USE VIRGIN MEMORY
00563'021002
                       LDA
                                0.2.2
                                         JOLD LINK
PP564'04P020-
                       STA
                                Ø. PEMT FREVISE EMPT POINTER
00565'034021-
                       LDA
                                3. PRES ; CURRENT PEAD OF P. LIST
005661055002
                       STA
                                3,2,2
                                         INEW LINK
00567 050021-
                       STA
                                2. PRES : INSERT NEW P. SEG.
00570'000430
                       JMP
                                REST
                                         JNOW PUT IN DATA
00571'0300245 FRMEM:
                       LDA
                                2. M7
                                         INEXT FREE LOCATION .
00572'0200255
                       LDA
                                0. MEM
                                        JHIGHEST MEMORY
                                1.SIZPR ; WORDS NEEDED
00573'024452
                       LDA
00574'147000
                       ADD
                                2.1
005751122513
                       SUBL#
                                1,0,SNC 3OVERFLOW?
00576'000416
                       JMP
                                ALLOK
                                         ; NO
                       . RDX
      000012
                                10
00577'006004$
                       JSR
                                e.MESS
                                        PUT OUT MESSAGE
00600'001406'
                       MOVFL
00601 000310
                       200
00602'000574
                       380
      000010
                        . RDX
00603'000700
                                AGAIN
                       JMP
00604.000000
               CHARL:
00605 '000000
               XP:
                       a
00606'000000
                       Ø
               YP:
00607 000000
               AC2B:
                       0
00610'000000
               NP:
                       Ø
00611 '000000
               NR:
                       a
00612.000000
               ZIMM:
                       0
00613'000000
              C5:
                       0
00614'0440245 ALLOK:
                       STA
                                1..M7
                                        REVISE FREE POINTER
00615'020021-
                       LDA
                                0. . PRES
00616'041002
                       STA
                                0.2.2
00617 1050021-
                                2. PRES
                       STA
006201020423
              REST:
                                Ø.FORCE : NORMAL FORCE
                       LDA
00621 '041001
               REST1:
                       STA
                                0.1.2
00622'020422
                       LDA
                                0.MOMNT :MOMENT
00623'041003
                       STA
                                0,3,2
006241624765
                       L.DA
                                1.NR
00625 020763
                                0.NP
                       LDA
00626'101300
                       MOVS
                                0.0
00627 123000
                       ADD
                                1.0
                                        INPNB
                                        THEAD OF GROUP
00630'041000
                       STA
                                0.0.2
00631 1030756
                       LDA
                                2.AC2B
                                        JBLOCK POINTER
00635,051000
                       LDA
                                0.0.2
                                        ICONTROL WORD
00633'100000
                       COM
                                0.0
```

```
00634'034412
                                  3. PFL46
                         L.DA
 00635163400
                         AND
                                  3.0
 00636'199999
                         COM
                                  0.0
 00637 941900
                         STA
                                  0.0.2
                                          SET PRESSURE FLAG
 00640.0060325
                         JSR
                                  e.REBZ ;REBOX; UPDATE FX,FY
 00641 000642
                         JMP
                                  AGAIN
 00642 000015
                CRR:
                         15
 00643'0000000
                FORCE:
                         Ø
 00644 0000000
                : INMOM
                         0
 00645'000006
                SIZPR:
 00646 177377
                         177377
                PFLAG:
 00647 000000
                XA:
                         0
 00650.000000
                XB:
                         Ø
 00651 000000
                YA:
                         G,
 00652 000000
                YB:
                         8
 00653'000000
                LNG:
                         9
 00654.000000
                XD:
                         Ø
 00655 0000000
                YD:
                         0
 00656 000000
                XCC:
                         Ø
 00657 0000000
                YCC:
                         a
 00660 0000000
                HI:
                        Ø
 00661'000200
                LO:
 006621030725
                COMPM:
                        LDA
                                 S.AC2B
 00663'024725
                        LDA
                                 1.NP
00664'0060305
                        JSR
                                 e.PONI
00665'040762
                        STA
                                 Ø.XA
00666'044763
                        STA
                                 1.YA
00667'024721
                        LDA
                                 LINP
00670 0060275
                        JSR
                                 e.LENG
00671'040762
                        STA
                                 Ø.LNG
00672'021000
                        LDA
                                 0.0.2
0067319349265
                        LDA
                                 3. MSKR
00674'163400
                        AND
                                 3.0
00675 125400
                        INC
                                 1.1
00676'122415
                        SUR#
                                 1.0.SNR
00677 126400
                        SUB
                                 1.1
                                         IMUST BE FIRST CORNER
00700.0060312
                        JSR
                                 e.PON2
00701'034746
                        LDA
                                 3,XA
007021162400
                        SUB
                                 3.0
                                         #XB-XA
00703'034746
                        LDA
                                 3.YA
00704'156400
                        SUB
                                 3.1
                                         SYB-YA
00705 040747
                        STA
                                 Ø.XD
00706'044747
                        STA
                                 1.YD
00707 021001
                        LDA
                                 0.1.2
00710'024675
                        LDA
                                 I.XP
                                         SMID-POINT
00711'122400
                        SUR
                                 1.0
00712 940744
                        STA
                                 Ø.XCC
00713'021003
                        LDA
                                         37C
                                0.3.2
00714'024672
                        LDA
                                1.YP
007151122400
                        SUB
                                1.0
00716'040741
                                0.YCC
                        STA
00717'004446
                        JSR
                                SMUL
                                         SSIGNED MULTIPLY
00720'000655'
                        YD
00721'000657'
                        YCC
00722 040736
                       STA
                                D.HI
00723'044736
                       STA
                                1.LO
00724'004441
                        JSR
                                SMUL
00725 000654
                       XD
00726'000656'
                       XCC
```

```
00727 030731
                        LDA
                                2,HI
00730 034731
                        LDA
                                3,L0
00731'167022
                                3,1,520 JADD 2 DP NUMBERS
                        ADDE
007321151400
                        INC
                                2,2
007331143700
                        ADD
                                2.0
00734'176400
                        SUR
                                3.3
00735101113
                                0.0.SNC ; NEGATIVE?
                       MOVL#
00736'000405
                        JMP
                                NONEG
00737 124405
                       NEG
                                1,1,5NR
007401109401
                                0.0.5KP
                        NEG
00741 100000
                        COM
                                0.0
007421176520
                        SUBEL
                                3.3
00743'030710
               NONEG:
                       LDA
                                2.LNG
00744'073101
                        DIV
                                2.FORCE
00745'030676
                        LDA
00746'102400
                        SUB
                                0.0
00747'073301
                        MUL
00750 175005
                                3,3,5NR
                       MOV
00751 000404
                        JMP
                                BIT8
007521124405
                        NEG
                                1.1.SNR
00753'100401
                                0.0.SKP
                        NEG
99754'109999
                        COM
                                0.0
00755'030026$ BIT8:
                                2. MSKR ; TAKE MIDDLE 8 BITS
                       LDA
00756'143700
                        ANDS
                                2.0
00757125300
                       MOVS
                                1 - 1
00760'147400
                        AND
                                2,1
00761 107000
                        ADD
                                0.1
                                         FRESULT IN ACT
00762'044662
                                1.MOMNT
                        STA
00763'002417
                        JMP
                                etwt
00764'0000000
               SMUL3:
                        Ø
00765'054777
               SMUL:
                        STA
                                3,SMUL3
00766'027400
                        LDA
                                1,00,3
00767'023401
                       LDA
                                2,01,3
00770'176400
                        SUB
                                3,3
00771'125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,SZC
00772'157000
                       ADD
                                2,3
00773151112
                       MOVL#
                                2,2,52C
00774'137000
                       ADD
                                1,3
00775'102400
                        SUB
                                0.0
00776 073301
                       MUL
00777'162400
                        SUB
                                3,0
01000'034764
                       LDA
                                3.SMUL3
                        JMP
01001'001402
                                2,3
01002'000471' TWT:
                       TWIT
               ; APPLIED LOAD INPUT ( NUM. )
                                2.BLKPT
01003'050437
              LODE:
                       STA
01004'0060045
                       JSR
                                @.MESS
01005'001431'
                       NEWX
01006'000175
                        125.
01007'000113
                       75.
01010'006003- XLOD:
                                e.SIGN
                                         JGET SIGN OF LOAD
                       JSR
01011'006004-
                       JSR
                                e . BRNG
                                         JGET LOAD
01012 9060945
                                @ • MESS
                       JSR
01013'001445'
                       SMES
01014'000416
                       270.
01015 999113
                       75.
01016 900772
                                XLOD
                       JMP
01017'006005-
                                e .NGAT
                       JSR
```

```
01020'030422
                        LDA
                                2.BLKPT
01021 045023
                                1,23,2 ; PUT IT IN LIST
                        STA
01022'0060045
                        JSR
                                e.MESS
01023'001437'
                       NEWY
01024'000175
                        125.
01025 0000067
                        55.
01026'006003- YLOD:
                        JSR
                                e.SIGN
01027 1006004-
                        JSR
                                e.BRNG
01030'0360045
                        JSR
                                e.MESS
01031'001445'
                        SMES
01032 000416
                       270.
01033'000067
                       55.
01034'009772
                        JMP
                                YLOD
01035 006005-
                        JSR
                                e.NGAT
01036 030404
                       LDA
                                2.BLKPT
01037 045024
                       STA
                                1,24,2
01040'002401
                       JMP
                                econt
C1041'177777
               CONT:
                       CONTR
01042'000000
              BLKPT:
                       0
               J DISPLACEMENT CONTROL ROUTINE
01043'0060045 MOVE:
                       JSR
                                e.MESS
01044'001577'
                       BMES
01045 000144
                       100.
01046'000144
                       100.
01047'0060105
                       JSR
                                e.CURS ; SELECT BLOCK
@1050'901154'
                       CHRC
01051'001155'
                       XDM
01052'001156'
                       YDM
01053'0060175
                       JSR
                                e.HITC
01054'001155'
                       XDM
01055'001156'
                       YDM
01056'000765
                       JMP
                                MOVE
                                         JTRY AGAIN
                                0, CHRC ; IS IT AN "E"
3, ESKP ; IF SO EXIT AND
01057 020475
                       LDA
01060.034473
                       LDA
01061*116415
                                0.3.SNR ; UNHOOK DCM
                       SUB#
01062'000531
                                FNSH
                       JMP
                                2,.DMBF ;BLOCK POINTER
01063'050014-
                       STA
                       STA
                                1,.DMBN ;AND NUMBER
01064'044013-
01065'176520
                                        JGEN A 1
                       SURZL.
                                3,3
01066'054012-
                                3, MFLG ; ALERT DCM
                       STA
               3---- ACCEPT DISPLACEMENTS
01067'0060035
                                @.PAGE
                       JSR
01070'0060045
                       JSR
                                e.MESS
01071'001457'
                       DMSI
01072'177470
                       -200.
01073'000764
                       500.
01074'0060045
                       JSR
                                e.MESS
01075'001477'
                       DMS2
                       225.
01076'000341
01077'000733
                       475.
01100'0060045
                       JSR
                                e.MESS
01101'001515'
                       DMS3
01105,000559
                       150.
```

```
01103'000620
                        400.
01104'006003- CGX:
                        JSR
                                ₽.SIGN
01105'006004-
                        JSR
                                e . BRNG
                                e.MESS
                        JSR
01106'0060045
01107'001445'
                        SMES
01110'000764
                        500.
01111'000620
                        400.
01112'000772
                        JMP
                                CGX
01113'006005-
                        JSR
                                e • NGAT
01114'044007-
                        STA
                                1. XCGD
01115'0060045
                        JSR
                                e.MESS
01116'001531'
                       DMS4
01117'000226
                        150.
01120'000536
                        350.
01121 006003- CGY:
                        JSR
                                e.SIGN
01122'006004-
                        JSR
                                ● • BRNG
01123'0060045
                        JSR
                                e.MESS
01124'001445'
                        SMES
01125'000764
                        500.
01126'000536
                        350.
01127'000772
                        JMP
                                CGY
01130'006005-
                        JSR
                                @.NGAT
                                1..YCGD
01131'044010-
                        STA
01132'0060045
                        JSR
                                e.MESS
01133'001614'
                       DMS7
01134'000226
                        150 .
01135'000454
                        300.
01136'020451
                                0,PLUS
                       LDA
01137'006004-
                        JSR
                                e . BRNG
                                         ; NEED 5 SPACES TO USE .BRNG
      000005
                        . BLK
                                5
01145'044011-
                                1. SYCL
                        STA
01146'0060045
                        JSR
                                e ⋅MESS
01147'001545'
                       DMS5
01150'000310
                       200.
01151'000372
                        250.
                        JMP
01152'002667
                                e CONT
                        "E+200
                                         JADD PARITY BIT
01153'000305
               ESKP:
01154'0000000
               CHRC:
                       Ø
01155'000000
               XDM:
                        0
                        Ø
01156'000000
               YDM:
               : -
01157'054432
               SGN:
                        STA
                                3.GOBK
                                        # OR - FIRST
01160'006015$
                        JSR
                                e · GETT
01161'049431
                        STA
                                Ø.SIGN
01162'024425
                        LDA
                                1.PLUS
01163'106415
                        SUB#
                                0,1,5NR ; MUST BE +
01164.000406
                        JMP
                                OK1
                                         J OUT IF +
                                1.MNUS
01165'024423
                       LDA
01166'106415
                                0,1,SNR :MUST BE -
                        SUB#
01167'000403
                        JMP
                                OKI
                                         # OUT IF -
01170'034421
                       LDA
                                3,GOBK
01171'001401
                        JMP
                                1.3
01172'034417
               OK1:
                       LDA
                                3,GOBK
01173'001400
                        JMP
                                0.3
```

```
1
  01174'054415
                BRNG:
                         STA
                                  3.608K
  01175'020415 .
                         LDA
                                  Ø, SIGN
  01176'0060125
                         JSR
                                  € • PRN2
                                          PRINT SIGN
  01177'0060145
                         JSR
                                  P.DBIN
                                          ; X LOAD IS IN ACI
  01200'034411
                         LDA
                                  3.G05K
  01201 001405
                         JMP
                                  5,3
 01202'020410
                NGAT:
                         LDA
                                 0.SIGN ISIGN OF NEW LOAD
 01203'030405
                         LDA
                                 2,MNUS ;ASCII -
 01204'112415
                         SUB#
                                 0,2,5NR
 01205'124400
                         NEG
                                 1.1
 01206 '001400
                         JMP
                                 0,3
 01207 0000053
                PLUS:
                         **+
 01210'000055
                MNUS:
                         ••-
 01211'000000
                GOBK:
                         Ø
 01212.0000000
                SIGN:
                         Ø
 01213'126400
                FNSH:
                        SUB
 01214.044012-
                        STA
                                 1. MFLG ; TURN OFF FLAG
 01215'0060045
                        JSR
                                 @.MESS
 01216'001562'
                        DMS6
 01217'177324
                        -300.
 01220'001130
                        600.
 01221 002620
                        JMP
                                 econt
 01222*052523
                TEXT1:
                        .TXT
                                 *SU
 01223'043122
               RF
 01224'041501
                AC
01225.050102
               Ε
 01226 051120
               PR
01227'050117
               OP
01230'051105
               ER
01231 044524
               TI
01232.051505
               E$
01233 0000000
01234'054524
               TEXT2:
                        ·TXT
                                *TY
01235'042520
               PE
01236'000000
01237.051106
               TEXT3:
                        •TXT
                                *FR
01240'041511
               IC
01241 044524
               TI
01242'047117
               ON
01243.000000
01244'042504
               TEXT4:
                       ·TXT
                                *DE
01245'040506
               FA
01246'846125
               UL,
01247'020124
               Т
01250'052050
               (T
01251'050131
               YP
01252'020105
               E
01253'020043
01254'024460
               Ø)
01255'000000
01256'051120 TEXT5:
                       •TXT
                                *PR
```

```
01257 050117
              OP
012601051105
              ER
01261 054524
              TY
01262 021440
01263'003040
                               *IN
              TEXTS: •TXT
01264'047111
01265 052520
              ΡU
01266'020124
              OF
01267'043117
01270 642040
               D
               IS
01271'051511
01272 040524
               TA
01273'041516
               NC
01274'020105
               Ε
01275'047101
               AN
01276 020104
               D
               FO
01277'047506
01300'041522
               RC
               F
01301'020105
01302 047125
               UN
               IT
01303'052111
01304'000123
               S*
               TEXT9: .TXT
                                *CA
01305 040503
               UT
01306'052125
01307'047511
               10
               N:
01310'035116
01311.000000
                                *0N
               TEX10: .TXT
 01312 047117
               LΥ
 01313'054514
 01314 047040
               UM
 01315'046525
 01316'042502
               BE
 01317 051522
               RS
 01320'043040
 01321 047522
               RO
 01322'020115
               Μ
 01323'020061
 01324'044124
               TH
                R0
 01325'047522
 01326'043525
                UG
 01327'020110
                Н
                50
 01330'030065
 01331'030060
                00
                Α
 01332'040440
 01333'046114
                LL
                OW
 01334'053517
 01335'042105
                ED
 01336'000000
                                 *WH
                TEXII: .TXT
 01337'044127
 01340'052101
                AT
                 D
 01341 042040
 01342'020117
                0
 01343 047531
                YO
  01344'020125
                U
  01345 040527
                WA
                NT
  01346'052116
  01347'052040
                 Т
  01350'044518
                ΗI
  01351'020123
```

01352'042514

```
01353'043516
               NG
01354'044124
               TH
01355'052047
                T
01356'020117
               0
01357'042522
               RE
01360 051120
               PR
01361 051505
               ES
01362 947105
               EΝ
01363'037524
               TЭ
01364'002049
01365'044127
               TEX12:
                       .TXT
                                * % H
01366'052101
               AT
01367 044440
                I
01370'020123
01371'044124
               TH
01372'020105
               Ε
01373'047125
               UN
01374'052111
               ΙŢ
01375'053440
                W
01376'044505
               ΕI
01377'044107
               GH
01400'020124
01401'043117
               OF
01402'051040
                R
01403'041517
               OC.
01404'037513
               K?
01405'000040
01406 046407
               MOVFL:
                       •TXT
                                * < 7 > M
01407'046505
01410'051117
               OR
01411'020131
01412'053117
               nν
01413'051105
               ĒΚ
01414'046106
               FL.
01415'053517
01416'0000000
01417'050007
               TOBIG:
                        .TXT
                                *<7>P
01420'042522
               RE
01421'051523
01422'051125
               UR
01423'020105
01424 047524
               TO
01425'020117
               0
01426'040514
               LA
01427'043522
               RG
01430'000105
               E*
               NEWX:
01431'042516
                        .TXT
                                *NE
01432'020127
01433'020130
01434'047514
               LO
01435'042101
               AD
01436'000040
01437'042516
              NEWY:
                        •TXT
                                *NE
01440'020127
01441'020131
01442'047514
               LO
01443'042101
               ΑD
01444'000040
01445'051440
               SMES:
                        .TXT
                                * S
01446'043511
```

```
01447 020116
01450'044506
              FI
01451'051522
              RS
01452'020124
01453'046120
              PL
01454'040505
01455'042523
              SE
01456'0000040
01457'047111
              DMS1:
                       .TXT
                               *1N
01460'052520
              PU
01461'020124
01462'044506
              FΙ
01463'042530
              XE
01464 020104
01465'046102
              BL
01466'041517
              OC
01467'020113
01470'044504
01471'050123
              SP
01472'040514
              LA
01473'042503
              CE
01474'042515
01475'052116
              NT
01476'000123
              S*
01477'031050
              DMS2:
                               *(2
                       .TXT
01500'054105
01501'030520
              P1
01502'020066
01503'051511
              IS
01504'047440
               0
01505'042516
              NE
01506'051440
               S
01507'051103
              CR
01510'042505
              EΕ
01511'020116
              N
01512'047125
              UN
01513'052111
              IT
01514'000051
01515'020130
              DMS3:
                       .TXT
                               *X
01516'042503
              CE
01517'052116
              NT
01520'047522
              RO
01521'042111
              ID
01522'042040
01523'051511
              IS
01524'046120
01525'041501
              AC
01526'046505
              EM
01527'047105
              EN
01530'000124
              T*
01531'020131
              DMS4:
                       .TXT
                               *Y
01532'042503
              CE
01533'052116
              NT
01534'047522
01535'042111
              ID
01536'042040
               D
01537'051511
              15
01540'046120
              PL
01541'041501
              AC
01542'046505
```

```
01543 947105
                ΕN
 01544'000124
                T *
 01545 044506
                DMS5:
                         TXT.
                                  *FI
 01546 044516
                NI
 01547 044123
                SH
 01550'042105
                ED
 01551'053454
                .W
 01552 044501
                ΑI
 01553'044524
 01554'043516
                NG
 01555'040440
 01556'020124
                T
 01557 047503
                CO
 01560'052116
                NT
 01561'000122
                8*
 01562'047125
                DMS6:
                         •TXT
                                 *UN
 01563'047510
                HO
 01564'045517
                0K
 01565'042105
                ED
 01566'842040
                 D
 01567 046503
                CM
 01570'026440
 01571 020055
 01572'052101
                AT
 01573'041440
                C
01574'047117
               ON
01575'051124
               TR
01576'000000
 01577'042523
               BMES:
                        ·TXT
                                 *SE
01600'042514
               LE
01601'052103
               CT
01602'041040
                В
01603'047514
               LO
01604'045503
               CK
01605'044054
               • H
01606'052111
01607'040440
                Α
01610'054516
               NY
016111045440
                K
016121054505
               ΕY
01613'000000
01614'041440
               DMS7:
                        · TXT
                                * C
01615'041531
               YC
01616'042514
01617'020123
               LE
01620'042502
               BE
01621'053524
016221842505
              EE
01623.050119
01624'047515
              MO
01625 042526
01626'020123
              S
01627'000000
```

. END

14

14

.....

```
·IIIL
                                 MOVII
                FROUTINE TO EXTERNALLY MOVE A FIXED BLOCK
                         · FNT
                                 .DCM
                         • EXTD
                                 .DISB, .MESS, . REBX, .PFLG
                         •EXID
                                 .MOI, .FORD, .ALLB, .XCCD, .YCGD
                         .FXTD
                                 .SYGL, .MFLG, .STEP, .DMBN, .DMBP
                         · ZREL
 00000-000002' .DCM:
                        MOVE
                         • NREL
 00000 0000000
                REI3:
                        Ø
 000001 1000001
                DMCT:
00002:054776
                MOVE:
                        STA
                                 3.kFI3
 0000310240135
                        LDA
                                 1. MFLG ; CHECK IF DCM
00004'125005
                        MOV
                                 1,1,5NK
00005 1002773
                        JMP
                                 e kEI3
                                         JGO BACK NO DCM
000061014773
                        DSZ
                                 DMCT
                                          JONLY EVERY . SYCL CY
00007 '002771
                        JMP
                                 e RET3
                                         JGO BACK NOT RIGHT
00010'0340125
                        LDA
                                 3. SYCL
00011'054770
                        STA
                                 3.DMCI : RESET COUNTER
0001210240105
                        LDA
                                 1. XCGD ; APPLIED X DISP
00013'135000
                        MOV
                                 1.3
000141125112
                        MOVL#
                                 1,1,52C ; CHECK FOR SIGN
00015124400
                        NEG
                                 1,1
P0016'0300165 DCMX:
                        LDA
                                 2. . DMBP
00017 021002
                        LDA
                                 0,2,2
                                          ;XC(LOW)
MOC20:175112
                        MOVI.#
                                 3,3,520
00021 000405
                        JMP
                                 FLIT
                                         JWAS NEGATIVE
00022 123023
                        ADDE
                                 I, A, SNC
00023 0000417
                        JMP
                                 OΚ
00024'011001
                        152
                                 1.2
                                         ; INCREMENT XC(HIGH)
00025 000405
                        JMP
                                 CHECK
20026 124400
               FLIT:
                        NEG
                                 1.1
000271123022
                        ADD 2
                                 1,0,52C
690301000412
                        JMP
                                Oκ
00031 1015901
                                1,2
                        DSZ
                                         JDECREMENT XC(HIGH)
020321045020
               CHECK:
                        STA
                                 1,20,2
                                         JDEL XC
636331041902
                        STA
                                0.2.2
00034 0240155
                        LDA
                                I. DMBN
20035 * 0060035
                        JSR
                                @.REBX
                                         JKE-CLASSIFY THIS BLOCK
2333610349045
                        LDA
                                3. PFLG
200371175005
                        MOV
                                3,3,5NR
0004010060015
                        JSR
                                e.DISB
00141 000403
                        JMP
                                NUT
000421045020
               OK:
                        STA
                                1,20,2 ; DEL XC
200431041002
                        STA
                                0,2,2
                                         INEW XC(LOW)
00344'0240115 NUT:
                       LDA
                                1. YCGD JAPPLIED Y DISP
000451135000
                       MOV
                                1,3
032451125112
                       MOVL#
                                1,1,SEC JAS ABOVE
PC947 124499
                       NEG
                                1.1
coesaidadales DCMY:
                       LDA
                                2. DMBP
203511021004
                       LDA
                                0,4,2
                                         JYC(LOW)
000521175112
                       MOVL#
                                3,3,52C
696531677465
                       JMP
                                FLITS
PHR541123023
                       ADDZ
                                1.0.SNC
000551000417
                       JMP
                                OKS
```

```
880561011803
                         152
                                 3,2
                                          INCREMENT YOCHIGH)
  00057 1030405
                         JMP
                                 CHECS
  00260124400
                FLIIS:
                        NEG
                                 1.1
 00061 123222
                         ADDE
                                 1,8,560
 000621000412
                         JMP
                                 045
 99063 915993
                        DS₹
                                 3.2
                                         DECREMENT YC(HIGH)
 00064'045021 CHECS:
                        STA
                                 1.21.2
                                         DELYC
 00065'041004
                        STA
                                 0.4.2
 88866 0240155
                        LDA
                                 1. DYAN
 99967 '0959935
                        JSR
                                 E.RERX : RE-CLASSIFY
 99979 9349945
                        LDA
                                 3. . PFLG
 99971 175995
                        MOV
 00072 0060015
                                 3,3,5NA
                        JSR
                                @.DISB :PLOI JUSI THIS BLOCK
 99973 9999493
                        JMP
                                CELT
 00074'045021
                DKS:
                        STA
                                 1.51.5
                                         ; DELYC
 00075 041004
                        STA
                                0,4,2
                                         INEW YC(LOW)
 00076'050477
               CLIT:
                        READS
                                         ICHECK FOR SH Ø
 90077'101122
                        MOVEL
                                9.0.52C : OFF = MESS
 00100 0000405
                        JMP DUDE
 90101.036005
                        JSR
                                P.MESS
 00102 0001171
                        MOMS
00103'000144
                        100.
20104'800144
                        100.
00105'0060055 DUDE:
                       JSR
                                0.MOT
90106'0060065
                       JSR
                                e.FORD
P0107 9060145
                       JSR
                                0.STEP
00110.0300165
                       LDA
                                2. DMBP #GET BLOCK POINTER
00111'102400
                       SUB
                                0.0
                                        SET ALL TO 0
00112 041020
                       STA
                                6,20,2
80113'841821
                                       JDEL X
                       STA
                                8.21.2
                                       3DEL Y
00114'841022
                       STA
                                        JDEL AL
                                0.55.5
00115'0060075
                       JSR
                                e.ALLB
                                       SUPDATE CONTACTS
00116.005665
                       JMP
                               erei3
                                        # GO BACK
00117'047515
              MOMS:
                       ·TXI
                               *M0
P0120'042526
              ٧E
00121 020104
140000.22100
              f *
              3
                       .END
```

In accordance with letter from DAEN-RDC, DAEN-ASI dated 22 July 1977, Subject: Facsimile Catalog Cards for Laboratory Technical Publications, a facsimile catalog card in Library of Congress MARC format is reproduced below.

Voegele, Michael D

Rational design of tunnel supports: an interactive graphics based analysis of the support requirements of excavations in jointed rock masses / by Michael D. Voegele, Department of Civil and Mineral Engineering, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minn. Vicksburg, Miss.: U. S. Waterways Experiment Station; Springfield, Va.: available from National Technical Information Service, 1979.

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TA7.W34 no.GL-79-15